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## FAUST

Volume I



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fiv Francis A. Niccoitis \& Co.

## TO J. ANTHONY FROUDE

Dear friend of many years, accept This book, which into life has crept In hours that have been shatched from those
Were due to dearly earned repree.
Well do I know how deel and strong
Your reverence is for Goethe's song,
And how the problems, thickly sown
Throughout this book of his, have grown Familiar to your thonght and tongue
As the rare words in which they're sung. You know - who better? - all that gives
This book its charm, the grace that lives
And breathes throughout its perfect verse,
The saws sarcastic, vivil, terse,
The wild wit flashing to and fro,
The varied lore, the smmy glow
Of fancy and of passion, fit
To glorify the exquisite
Conception of a Helen meet
To make Finst's drean of hiss complete, -
The tender beauty of the thought
That his deliverance should be wrought
By her who could in death forget
The wrong he did her - Margaret,
And twined his soul with hers hy love
Eternal, pure, in realms alove.
You, too, ean measure well how great
His perils are, who would translate
The thoughts on aptest language strung,
And wed them to another tomoue.
But you, like all trie Maters, will
Look gently on my lack of skill,
And with a large allowance take
My effort for our friemd hips sake.

## Introduction

Whether Goethe should or should not have left his "Faust" a fragment, closing with the death of Margaret, is a question which has oceasioned much controversy among his admirers. But there will always be many - and their mumber is more likely to increase than diminish - who will think that Guethe was himself the best judge of what was right, aml that if he considered it essential, as unquestionably he did, to the fulfilment of the scheme on which the First Part of his great dramatic poem was based, that he should give in his own way the solution of the problem how Faust was to he extricated from the toils of the Evil One, into which he had plunged himself in a mood of weariness and despair, it cannot be otherwise than worth the while of literary students to make themselves familiar with what he had to say, whether they are satisfied or not with the way in which the Faust legend is illustrated, and the redemption of its hero is worked out.

It has been too much the hahit of English readers to accept the eulogies of the Second Part of the "Faust" at second hand, and to decline to go through the fatigue of reading it with the care which it demands, and so following the destinies of Faust to the close. Nor, perhaps, is this greatly to be wondered at. The scheme of the book, teeming as it does with allusions to science, mythology, history, and art, unfits it for any but a highly educated aml patient elass of readers. It was arowedly for readers of this elass
only that it was written ; and even for them it presents many passages difficult to interpret, many allusions hard to understand, and intricate problems which are not to be resolved withont some effort of brain. Commentaries have sprung up, almost as voluminous as those under which the texts of Dante and of Shakespeare have long groaned. These, not a few of them at least, have had the usual result of aggravating the obscurity which they profess to clear away, so that we are thrown back upon the poem itself to gather such meanings and suggestions as our own reason or imagination can help us to. And, after all, these are quite sufficient for the enjoyment of what is really valualle in the poem. Such parts of it as demand the exposition of elaborate commentary, most lovers of poetry will agree, can scarcely deserve one. The moment poetry begins to deal in mysticism or philosophical problems, and to demand elaborate exposition, it ceases to be poetry. A natural instinct impels us to give all such rhymed obscmities the go-by, and to settle upon the flowers about whose fragrance and beauty there can be no mistake.

Of these this work presents an abundance sufficient to satisfy the most exacting taste. But to enjoy it thoroughly, the reader must bring both cultivated intelligence, and sympathy with the poetic faculty in its higher development. Those who want strong human interest must go elsewhere. They will not find it here. The whole action lies within "the limits of the sphere of dream." Even Faust and Mephistopheles are but as phantasms moving, among phantasms. The pulses of the fatal passion, which resulted in the tragic ending of poor Margaret, are but poorly compensated by the fine frenzy of Faust for the Helen of antiquity. It is his imagination, not his heart, that is on fire. Ours also kindles before the exquisite painting of the poet, which sets every figure
in his drama before us as vividly as momh have been done by the chisel of Philias or the pernil of 'Titian. We are grateful for the rich serixes of piotures which he has passed before our eves, but they loave in innpression on our heart like the inembiable pang of one such stroke of pathos as Margaret's

> "Bin ich doch noch so jung, so jung!
> Und soll sehon sterben!"

Again, for those who seek in the "Fanst" a solution of the great problem of life, the result at which finethe seems to arrive is, we venture to think, neither very startling nor very novel. It is no more than the truth, which wise men of all ages have preached, that by those who aspire beyond the cujoment of sultish tates, intellectual or semand hampmess is only to he reached through active beneticence, through the applation of knowledge and power th the welfare of mankind. While Fanst pored in his study over musty volumes of medicine, juripprilence, and thentw, the anmmlation of such knowlelge as they tanght brought only bitterness of heart, and a feeling that it satisfied none of the higher aspiations of his mature. When Fomst, in his old age, takes to reclaming lam from the sea, to buikling harhours, and making hombets of his fellow creatures happy, then the cravies of his heart are for the first time satisfied. With the prospect before him of the good to follow from his philathtropic schemes, he sees the monent at hand, which in his study he had not believed could ever come, when he should say to it -

> "Yerweile doch! du hist so schën!"
and be content to die. It is ant Mophistopheles, but Faust's own intemal development, that has womght
this result; and thus the condition is never fulfilled which entitled Mephistopheles to claim his soul.

Another important but by no means novel truth Goethe may also have meant to enforce. It is one which is tolerably sure to have been reached by every man who has learned to place his happiness in helping toward the happiness of others - namely, that it is not here on earth that the soul can look for satisfaction. In a higher sense than was present to the mind of Ulysses in Tennyson's poem,
> " All experience is an arch, wherethrough Gleams that untravelled world, whose margin fades For ever and for ever, as we move."

Problems thicken upon us the more we see, the more we think, the more we feel, of which the solution is not to be found within "this visible diurnal sphere." It is, in truth, only by the hope that these will be solved in that immortal life of which this of earth is but an initial stage, that existence is made endurable to those who suffer, and to those who think. This hope it was which, in the case of Socrates, for example, while it reconciled him to life, robbed death of its terrors, in the assurance that with death came the dawn of a brighter and nobler existence, of which the happiest experiences of this world were but feeble symbols, and in which he should see realised the things for which his soul had yearned on earth in vain. Almost the last words of the present poem point to the same faith, the Chorus Mysticus singing, as Faust is borne into the heavenly sphere -

> "Alles Vergängliche Ist nur ein Gleichniss; Das Unzulängliche Hier wird Ereigniss!"

These lines, and the lines that follow, which tell of a God who cares for the cratures of his hamb, and who has prepared for them better things than all that they can ask or think, may, in our opinion, be fairly regarded as indieating the main drift of what (inethe had in view in concluting his version of the fanst legend in the way he did.

If this be so, then it is no doult satisfactory ${ }^{\prime}$. have his assent to this view of homan life, and of human destiny; but it is no new discovery, and it has been enforced more clearly and emphatically from many familiar quarters.

Looking upon the poem in this light, we quite understand, although we do not share, the feeliug expressed by Stieglitz, Lewes, and others, that it would have been better had the ultimate destiny of Fanst been left in the uncertainty in which Goethe left it at the end of the First Part with Margaret's

## "Iteinrich! Mir graut's vor dir,"

and the cry of piteous pathos, "Heiurich! Heinrich!" from

> "The roice from within, dying away."
with which the poem closes. This, however, would have been the mere statement of the problem, not the solution of it ; and to have left his concention in this unfinished state would have been wholly inconsistent with the poet's purpose as indicated in the Prologue in Heaven, which gives the key-note to the whole composition.

As an artist Goethe conld never have been content to leave his work incomplete. Haprily, thercfore, for those to whom poetry is somethins more than a mere amusement of the fancy or stimulus of the emotions, he determined to graphle with every detail of the
legend, as it grew through successive stages into a development, which enabled him to call into play all the resources of his imagination and of his consummate literary skill. Thus he gave us in this book some of his finest conceptions, and, beyond all doubt, his most exquisite workmanship. One can bear much that is tedious and obscure, sometines perhaps even trivial, for the sake of such seenes as that in which Helen and Paris are evoked before the Emperor's Court, the whole of the Classical Walpurgis Night, and the Intermezzo of Helena. The dream of ideal beauty which since Homer's time has been associated with the name of Helen, has given rise to many a fine passage in poetry, of which none perhaps is more vividly remembered than the splendid apostrophe of Marlowe's Faust to

> "The face that launched a thousand ships, And burned the topless towers of Ilium."

But Goethe was too deeply penetrated by the idea of that "danghter of the gods, divinely tall, and most divinely fair," to be content with disposing so lightly as Marlowe did of her relation to Faust as he found it indicated in the old legend. Helen is to the Second Part of "Fanst" what Margaret was to the First, the centre upon which its interest turns; and upon this creation Goethe put forth all his powers. The passionate worship of beauty in and for itself kindles the verse wherever Helen appears or is referred to, even as the passion of Pygmalion gave life to the marble he had chiselled into form. The conception of the Helena, as wrought out here, was manifestly in Goethe's mind when he wrote the First Part; for it is clearly a rision of her supreme beanty, and not of Margaret, as the ordinary stage misrepresentations of the "Faust "would have us believe, that is presented
to Fanst in the magic mirror of the Witwhes Kitchen, when he exclaims:
"What form divine is this, that seems to live
Within this magio glass before mine pyes? Oh, love, to me thy swiftest pinion give, And waft me to the region where she lies!

A woman's form, beyond expession fair! Can woman be so fair? Or mast I deem In this recmmbent form I see reveated The quintessence of all the hearens can yield? On earth can anght be found of heanty so supreme?"

All may not agree in admiration of the machinery by which this vision is made a reality, and Helema is brought back from the shades to become the bride of Faustus for a time. bint no one can question the admirable skill with which Gocthe, by a series of subtle touches, fills the imagination with the full rich beauty, the stately grace, and the resistloss charm of her who "brought calanity whereer she came." Whatever the shortconings of the poem in other respects may be, in all that bears upon this part of it the matured strength of a great artist is everywhere apparent, combined with a freshness and force which, considering the time of life at which it was written, are little less than womlerful.

Who, again, would be content to miss from literature the noble last act of the poem, - the scene, for example, in which Faust is smitten by hlinduess; or still more, the hymus which aceompany his transport to heaven, and the vision of (iretchen, whose own bliss conld not be perfected unt she saw him, purified from the dross of earth, and acepted as not mworthy of the forgiveness which had heen vourhafed wherself? Only those to whom the uriginal Gemman has become a second language can know how perfect in
feeling and in rhythmical expression these hymns are ; but those who have not this advantage may catch some glimpses of their beauty through a translation, although all translation of such work as this must of necessity be more or less a failure.

More than twenty years ago the present translator printed for private circulation a version of the Classical Walpurgis Night, and the Intermezzo of The Helena. Having subsequently translated the First Part of the drama, he naturally wished to complete his self-imposed task. Not till recently has he been able to resume this labour of love. None but an enthusiast for Goethe would, he frankly admits, undertake such a task; and even he, however great his qualifications, must be often tempted to throw down his pen in despair. To reproduce satisfactorily even a few pages of this work would be a crucial effort to the most accomplished translator. In none of Goethe's works are the marvellous beauty and finish of his style carried to a higher point. In many parts the charm lies almost exclusively in the execution; and a translator may well despair of making his readers tolerant of the matter by rivalling the exquisite manner of the original, with all the odds so heavily against him in the much less plastic character of our language as compared with the German. And when Goethe is at his best, he is simply untranslatable. Such as it is, the present version is offered, in the hope that it may assist English readers in the study of what Goethe regarded as the master-work of his life.

## List of Illustrations

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## Faust

## DEDICATION

Ye come, dim forms, as in ruth's early lay
Ye blessed these eves, whinh now moly grieve:
Still, still, to hold ye fast wall I exay,
Still let my heart to that delurinn cleave :
Ye throng me round: Well: lond it how ge may,
As from the mists ye rise, that rom me weave:
Ye waft a magic air, that shakes my heast
With youth's tumultuons, yet divine, unrest.
Visions ye bring with you of happy days,
And many a dear, lear, shade ascend- to view;
Like some faint haunting chime of ancient lays.
Come love, first love, and friendhip thack with son.
The heart runs back o'er life's hewilderet maze,
And pangs, long laid to sleet, awake anew,
And name the loved ones lost, - befone their day
Swept, whilst life yet was beautiful, away.
Alas, alas: These strains they cannot hear,
The souls to whom my earliet lays I sang;
Gone is that loving band of friemts sh dear,
The echoes hushed, that meve re-pmonive rang;
My numbers fall upon the stramers and
Whose very praise is to my heart a pang,
And all, who in my lays ink prito of yore,
Are lost in other lands, or ele no more.

And yearnings fill my soul, unwonted long, To yonder still, sad, spirit-world to go ; Now, like Eolian hary, my faltering song

Rises and falls in fitful cadence low;
A shudder thrills me, as old memories throng,
The strong heart melts, tears fast on tear-drops flow, What still is mine seems far, far off to be, And what has vanished lives anew for me.

Prelude at the Theatre

## Prelude at the Theatre

Manager.<br>Poet of the Theatre. Merryman.<br>MANAGER.

Old friends and true, my proved allies
In times of trouble and of need, Say how you think our enterprise
Will here on German soil succeet.
My aim and chief delight would be
To please the crowd, especially
As "Live and let live" is their creed.
Our booth is up, both wind and water tight,
And all are looking forward to a treat:
Even now they sit, with eyebrows raised, and quite For marvels primed, to lift them off their feet.
Well know I how to hit the public taste, Yet ne'er felt so perplexed as now I feel; 'Tis true, they're not accustomed to the best, But then the rogues have read an awful deal. How to contrive, then, something fresh and new, To set them thinking, yet amuse them too? For, sooth, it glads my heart the crowd to view, When, setting toward our booth with streamlike rush, They pour along, wave coursing wave, and through The narrow doorway elbow, squceze, and crush: When in broad day, by three, or even before, They make a dash at the pay-taker's wicket, Like starving men, that storm a baker's thor For bread, their ribs imperilling for a ticket.

This miracle on men so various may
The poet only work. Work thou it, friend, to-day!
POET.
Oh, tell me not of yonder motley crew, Which scares our spirit with its aspect coarse, Yon surging crowd, oh, veil it from my view, Which in its eddies drags us down perforce!
No, lead me to some heaven-calm nook, where true Delight hath for the bard alone its source, Where love and friendship wake, refine, expand Our heart's blest blessings with celestial hand.

What there has touched the spirit's inward ear, And on the lips a trembling echo found, Uncertain now, now full, perchance, and clear, Is in the wild world's dizzying tumult drowned. Oft only after throes of year on year With perfect form our spirit's dream is crowned; The showy lives its little hour ; the true To after-times bears rapture ever new.

## MERRYMAN.

Truce to this prate of after-times! Were I
Of after-times to babble thus, why, who
With fun would these our present times supply?
Yet fun they will have, and with reason, too.
A jovial presence, readiness, address,
Go far, believe me, to command success.
He that can put what he has got to say
Into the compass of a pleasant piece,
And send his points home well, he, come what may,
Will ne'er be soured by popular caprice.
He wants a large wide public for his sphere;
There burns his genius with a tenfold ardour,
For there, he knows, he's sure to catch their ear,

To move them deeper, and to hit them harder.
Coragio, then, - to work! and let them see
The very type of what a piece should be.
Fancy with all her ministering train, -
Thought, Reason, Feeling, l'assion, Melancholy, -
Make these to speak, each in her proper strain,
And last, not least, forget nut, mark me, Folly!

## MANAGER.

But put, be sure, whatever else you may, Enough of incident into your play,
Plenty to look at, - that's what people like,
'Tis what they come for' dazzle, then, their eyes
With bustle, plot, spectacle, - things that strike
The multitude with open-mouthed surprise.
"Superb! sublime!" they ery, "what breadth! what power!"
And you become the lion of the hour.
Only by mass can you subdue the masses,
A sop for every taste, for every bent;
He that brings much brings something for all classes, And everybody quits the house content.
If you're to give a piece, in pieces give it !
With a ragout like that sncceed you must.
To serve it up so is quite easy - just
As easy anyhow as to invent it.
In one organic whole though you present it, Harmonious and compact, it little matters;
The public's sure to tear it into tatters, Blur every tint, and every joint unrivet.

## POET.

You do not feel how all unworthy is
Such vulgar handicraftsman's work as this;
How little consonaut with every aim
That spurs the genuine artist on to fame.

Mere paltry patchwork, gaudy, and unreal, Rum up at randon by your bungling fool, Alas! too well, I see, is your ideal. Approved by choice and justified by rule.

## manager.

Rail on ! I care not how you thrust.
Whoe'er would work to purpose must Choose tools that best his purpose fit.
Think what soft wood you have to split, And only look for whom you write. One comes to seek a brief respite From ennui, if he can, and vapours; Another, stupid from a heary meal, And, what is worse than all a deal, Scores fresh from reading magazines and papers.
They rush to us as to a masquerade, Quite in the cue for dissipation,
And the mere prospect of a new sensation
Wings all their footsteps, man and maid.
The ladies, in their best arrayed,
Think only how to catch the eye, And with our own performers vie,
Themselves performers, though unpaid. Your poet-dreams, your soarings high,
Oh, they were there appropriate, rery!
Zounds, do you fancy these will ever draw
A bumper house, or make it merry?
Regard your patrons closely. Why,
They're one half cold, the other raw.
One's longing for the play to end,
That he may have his game of cards in quiet,
Another's eager to be off, to spend
The night upon a wench's lap in riot.
Why then, ye simpletons, for such a pack
Put the sweet, gracions Muses on the rack?

I tell you, only give enngh to har and see, No matter what the quality maty lwe:
And you can never miss your mark. Contrive To keep folks' curiosity alive, Their senses stun, and mystify their hains; To satisfy them's more than man can do. How: What's aniss? Are these porti: pains, Or stomach-qualms, that have got hold of you?

## POET.

Begone, and seek elsewhere srome other man, Lackey in sonl, to work on such a plan!
What! shall the poet fool, at thy behest,
The right away? 'Twere sin if he forsook
His human-heartedness, the nohlest, leest,
Endowment, which from Natures hands he took.
By what stirs he all hearts as by a spell,
And makes them quail, or at his will be strong?
By what does he each clement compel
To lend some fresh enchantment to his song ?
Oh, is it not the harmony that rings
From his full soul with unconstrained art,
And, circling round creation's ontit, hrings
The whole world back in musie to his heart?
When Nature winds her endless threads along
The spindles, heedless how they cross or tangle, When all ereated things, a jarring throng,
In chaos intermingling, clash and jangle, Who parts them, till each living filme takes
Its ordered place, and moves in rhythmic time,
Who in the general consecration makes
Each unit swell the symphony shlime?
Who links our passions with the tempest's glooms,
Our solemm thoughts with twilight's meate red,
Who seatters all the springtite's loweliest blooms
Along the path the loved one dejgns to tread?
Who of some chance green leares doth chaplets twine

Of glory for desert in every field, Assures Olympus, gives the stamp divine?
Man's power immortal in the bard revealed!

## merriman.

To work, then, with these powers so rare, And ply your task of bard and singer, As people push a love-affair !
They meet by accident, are smitten, linger, And get themselves somehow into a tangle ; All's love and bliss, - then comes a tiff, a wrangle, In heaven one hour, the next, despair, distraction,
And, presto, lo! a whole romance in action!
After this fashion let us, too,
Construct our piece. But see that you
Go straight at all the stir and strife
That agitate our human life;
All have it, but not many know it.
Get hold of it where'er you will,
In all its motley mixture show it,
And it is interesting still.
A medley give of personages, wheeling
'Neath impulses half seen, half hid from view,
With much that's false to nature and to feeling
Mix here and there a spice of something true:
So you a famous beverage compound,
To rouse and edify the house all round.
Then to your play throngs youth's prime flower, intent
To see its future there made clear and plain,
Then tender souls from it seek nourishment,
To feed withal their melancholy vein.
Call up now this, now that, love, hate, mirth, rage, despair,
And all will then behold what in their heart they bear.
They still are of that happy age, when they
Are equally prepared to langh or weep;

They still can find a pleasure in display, Still reverence bohl imagination's sweep.
He that is past his growth, hame, formal, set,
There's no contenting him, howe'er you sing:
The young, with all their growth before them yet,
Will thank you heartily for all you bring.

## poet.

Then give, give me back too the days
When I myself, like them, was growing, When forth gushed thronging lays on lays, As from a fountain ever tlowing ;
When to my wondering eyes the world, As in a veil of mist, was set, And every bud gave promise yet Of marvels in its leaves upcurled;
When swiftly sped the happy hours, As, roaming like a summer gale, I plucked at will the thonsand flowers That blossomed thick through every vale. Nought had I then, yet had in sooth Such wealth as nothing could enhance, The thirst unquenchable for truth, The blest delusions of romance. Give each bold impulse back to me, The deep witd joy that thrilled like pain, The might of hate, love's eestasy, Give me my youth again!

## MERRYMAN.

Of youth, good friend, you would have need, no doubt, If foes on battle-plain were ronm you pressing, If some fond wench had thmer her arms about Your neck, and plied yon harl with her caressing; If from a far-off goal, nich out of sight, The wreath, for him that wins the prize, were blinking,

If, after dancing madly half the night, You settled down to spend the rest in drinking;
But on the lyre's familiar strings to lay
Your grasp with masterful, yet sweet control,
And, there meandering gracefully, to stray
On to your shining self-appointed goal, -
This the rocation is of you old fellows,
Nor do we therefore prize you less, my friend.
Age does not make men childish, as folks tell us,
It only finds them children to the end.

## manager.

Enough of talk! At all events,
I fain would see you up and doing :
While you are turning compliments,
Something to purpose might be brewing.
Why speak of waiting for the mood?
Wait, and 'twill never come at all!
You set up for a poet, - good!
Then hold your poetry at call.
You know the article we want, -
A drink strong, sharp, and stimulant, -
So get to work, and brew away!
Full well we wot, and to our sorrow,
That what's not set about to-day
Is never finished on the morrow.
No man of sense will waste in such
Delays one day, one single hour;
No, he will by the forelock cluteh
Whatever lies within his power;
Stick fast to it, and neither shirk,
Nor from his enterprise be thrust,
But, having once begun to work,
Go working on, because he must.
On German stages one expects,
You know, vagaries wild and daring,
So of mechanical effeets,

And gorgeous scenery le not sparing! Turn on heaven's greater light and less, Be lavish of the stars withal, Fire, forest, sea, crag, waterfall, Birds, beasts into your service press. So in this narrow booth sweep romed Creation to its farthest bound, And, with such speed as hest will tell, From heaven post through the world to hell!

# Prologue in Heaven 

## Prologue in Heaven

The Lord. Time Heavendi Hosts. Afteruerd Mermistorneles. Tue Three Archasioels come forward.

## RAPIAEL.

The sun in chorus, as of old, With brother spheres is somuding still, And, on its thumderous orbit rolled, Doth its appointed course fulfil.
The angels, as they gaze, grow strong, Thongh fathom it they never may;
These works sublime, untouched by wrong, Are bright as on the primal day:
(C.ABRIEL.

And swift, beyond conceiving swift, The earth is wheeling onward: mark!
From dark to light its surface shift, From brightest light to deepest dark !
In foam the sea's broad billows leap,
And lash the rocks with giant force,
And rock and billow onward sweep,
With sun and stars in endless course.

## MICHAEL.

And battling storms are raging high
From shore to sea, from sea to shore,

And radiate currents, as they fly, That quicken earth through every pore. There blasting lightuings scatter fear, And thunders peal; but here they lay Their terrors down, and, Lord, revere The gentle going of Thy day.

## TIIE THREE.

The angels, as they gaze, grow strong, Yet fathom Thee they never may; And all Thy works, untonched by wrong, Are bright as on the primal day.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Since Thou, O Lord, amongst us com'st once more, To ask how things are getting forward here, And Thou hast commonly been kind before, I at thy levee with the rest appear.
I can't talk grandly, not though these fine folks Should all upon my homeliness cry scorn; My pathos surely would Thy mirth provoke, If Thou hadst not all merriment forsworn.
Of sun and worlds I nothing have to say;
I ouly see how mortals fume and fret.
The world's small god retains his old stamp yet, And is as queer as on the primal day.
He had been better off, hadst Thou not some Faint gleam of heavenly light into him put; Reason he calls it, and doth yet become More brutish through it than the veriest brute. He seems to me, if I my thought may state, One of those grasshoppers, with legs ell-long, That flies and leaps, and flies again, and straight Down in the grass is piping its old song! If to the grass he kept, his grief were less, But he will thrust his nose in every dirty mess!

## THE LORD.

Hast thou, then, nothing else to say but this? Comest thou ever, only to complain!
Art thou with nothing upon earth content?

MEPHSSTOPHELES.
No, Lord! I find things there, as ever, much amiss. Men and their trombles cause me gemme pain; Not even I would the poor sonls torment.

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THE LORD.
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Dost thou know Faust?

MEIHISTOPHELES.
What! Doctor Faust?

THE LORD.
My servant.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Thy servant? Well, his service may be fervent, But it is surely of the strangest kind.
Not upon earth, the fool! is he Content his food or drink to find ; Craving for what can never be, Yet searce to his own madness blind, He would be soaring far and free, In hopes to eluteh Immensity.
From heaven he asks its fairest star, From earth its every chief delight, Yet all that's near, and all that's far, Although they lay within his might, Would never yield the lookedfin zest, Nor still the torturing tumult of his breast.

THE LORD.
Though now he serve me stumblingly, the hour Is nigh when I shall lead him into light. When the tree buds, the gardener knows that flower Aud fruit will make the coming seasons bright.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

What will you wager? If you only let Me lead him without hindrance my own way, I'll answer for it, you shall lose him yet!

THE LORD.
So long as on the earth he lives, you may Your snares for him and fascinations set: Man, while his struggle lasts, is prone to stray.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

For this you have my thanks ; for I protest That with dead men I never cared to deal; Plump, rosy cheeks are what I like the best. When corpses call, I'm out; for, sooth, I feel, Like cats with mice, 'tis life that gives the zest.

## THE LORD.

Enough, 'tis granted! From the source where he His being had, this spirit turn aside, And lead him, if thou'rt able, down with thee, Along thy way, that pleasant is and wide; And stand abashed, when thou art forced to own, A gool man, in the darkness and dismay Of powers that fail, and purposes o'erthrown, May still be conscions of the proper way.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Good! But at rest the point will soon be set; I'm not at all alarmed about my let.

If I should win, and crow lum loudly, you Will not amiss my little trimph take? Dust shall he eat, ay, and with relish, tore, Like that old cousin of mine, the fanous snake.

## THE LORI.

As to this, also, thou art wholly free ;
Hate have I never felt for such as thee!
Among the spirit. that deny,
The scoffer doth offem me least of all.
Who may on man's activity rely ?
Into indulgent ease 'tis apt to fall.
Whatever his begimings, soom he grows
To yearn for unconditional repose :
And therefore an I always glad to yoke In fellowship with hinn a comrade who Is ever ready to incite, prowke, And must, as devil, be stiring, such as you.

But, ye true sons of heaven, rejoice to share
The wealth exuberant of all that's fair, Which lives, and has its heing everywhere: And the creative essence which survounds, And lives all-wheres, and worketh evermore, Encompass you within love's gracions bounds; And all the work of things which thit hefore The gaze, in seeming fitful and ohscure, Do ye in lasting thoughts emboly and secure!
[Hernern clowes; the Archaygels disperse. MEPIILSTOPIELEE ("lome).
The Old One now and then I like to see, And not to break with him take plecial heed.
'Tis very good of such a great grandee
To be so civil to me, 'tis indeed.

Faust
A Tragedy

## Faust: A Tragedy

## ACT I.

Scexe I. - Night.
A lofty, ceulted, nurrour, Guthic rhmber - Faust seated at his desk:
FACST.

All that philosophy can teach,
The craft of lawyer and of leech, I've mastered, ah: and sweated hrough Theology's dreary deserts, too ; Yet here, poor fool: for all my lore, I stand no wiser than lofore.
They call me magister, save the mark:
Doctur, withal! and these ten years I
Have been leading my pupils a dance in the dark, Up hill, down dale, through wet and through dry And yet, that nothing can ever be
By mortals known, too well I ree :
This is burning the heart clean ont of me.
More brains have I than all the trite
Of doctor, magister, parson, and seribe.
From doubts and scruples my soml is free;
Nor hell nor devil has terrors for me:
But just for this 1 am dispunsonsed
Of all that gives pleasure ti life and zest.
I can't even juggle mysulf th own

There is any one thing to be truly known, Or aught to be taught in science or arts, To better mankind and to turn their hearts. Besides, I have neither land nor pence, Nor worldly honour nor influence.
A dog in my case would scom to live! So myself to magic I've vowed to give, And see, if through spirit's might and tongue The heart from some mysteries cannot be wrung ; If I cannot escape from the bitter woe Of babbling of things that I do not know, And get to the root of those secret powers Which hold together this world of ours, The sources and centres of force explore, And chaffer and dabble in words no more.

Oh, broad bright moon, if this might be The last of the nights of agony, The countless miduights, these weary eyes Have from this desk here watched thee rise ! Then, sad-eyed friend, thy wistful looks Shone in upon me o'er paper and books ; But oh ! might I wander, in thy dear light, O'er the trackless slopes of some mountain height, Round mountain caverns with spirits sail, Or float o'er the meads in thy hazes pale; And, freed from the fumes of a fruitless lore, Bathe in thy dews, and be whole once more!

Ah me! am I penned in this dungeon still? Accursèd doghole, clammy and chill!
Where heaven's own blessèd light must pass, Shorn of its rays, through the painted glass, Narrowed and cumbered by piles of books, That are gnawed by worms and grimed with dust, And which, with its smoke-stained paper, looks Swathed to the roof in a dingy rust ;

Stuck round with phials, and chests untold, With instrments littered, and lumbered with old, Crazy, ancestral household ware This is your world! A word most rare:

And yet can you wonder why your soul
Is numbed within your breast, and why A dead, dull anguish makes your whole Life's pulses falter, and ebb, and die?
How should it be but sn! Instead
Of the living nature, whereinto
God has created man, things dead
And drear alone encompass you-
Smoke, litter, dust, the skeletons.
Of birds and beasts, and dead men's bones !
Up, up! Away to the champaign free:
And this mysterious volume, writ By Nostradamus' self, is it
Not guide and counsel enough for thee?
Then wilt thou learn by what control
The stars within their orlits roll,
And if thou wilt let boon Nature be
The guide and monitress to thee,
Thy soul shall expand with tenfold force,
As spirit with spirit holds discourse.
Dull poring, think not, that can here
Expound these holy signs to thee:
Ye spirits, ye are hovering near,
If ye can hear me, answer me:
[Throuss open the book, ame discovers the sign of the Mactorosim.
Ha ! as it meets my gaze, what rapture, gushing
Through all my senses, mounts into my brain:
Youth's ecstasy divine, I feel it rushing,
Like quickening fire, through every nerve and vein!
Was it a grod who chronicled these signs,

Which all the war within me still, The aching heart with sweetness fill, And to mine eyes, in clearest lines, Unveil all Nature's powers as with a mystic thrill?
Am I a god? All grows so hright.
In these pure outlines I behold
Nature at work before my soul murolled.
Now can I read the sage's saw aright :
" Not barred to man the world of spirits is;
Thy sense is shot, thy heart is dead!
Up, student, lave, - nor dread the bliss, -
Thy earthly breast in the morning-red!"
[Gazes intently at the sign.
Into one whole how all things blend,
One in the other working, living!
What powers celestial, lo! ascend, descend, Each unto each the golden pitchers giving!
And, wafting blessings from their wings,
From heaven throngh farthest earth career,
While through the universal sphere
One universal concord rings!
Oh, what a show! yet but a show! Ah me!
Where, boundless Nature, shall I clutch at thee?
Ye breasts, where are ye? Ye peremial springs
Of life, whereon hang heaven and earth,
Whereto the blighted bosom clings,
Ye gush, ye slake all thirst, yet I pine on in dearth !
[Turns the leates of the book anyrily, and sees the sign of the Earth Spirit.
How differently I feel before this sign !
Earth Spirit, thou to me art nearer;
My faculties grow loftier, clearer, Even now I glow as with new wine. Courage I feel, into the world to roam, To bil earth's joys and sorrows hail, 'Mid storm and struggle to make my home,

And in the crash of shipwreek not tw quail.
Clouds gather reer my head;
The moon conceals lier light,
The lamp's gene ont. The air
Grows thick and close! Rime flashes play
Around me. From the vanlted roof
A shuddering horror creeps
And on me lays its gripe:
Spirit by me invoked, l feed
Thon'rt hovering near, - thon art, thou art!
Unveil thyself:
Ha! What a tugging at my heart:
Stirred through their depthe, my senses reel
With passions new and strange: I feel
My heart is thine, thine wholly: Hear:
Thou must : ay, though it cost my life, thom must appear!
[Seizes the book, and uttors the sign of the Spirit mysteriously. A reel light fleshes, in which the Spirit "ppecers.

## SPIRIT.

Who calls on me?

FACST (turning away).

> Dread vision gaunt!

SPIRIT.
By potent art thou'st dragged me here;
Thou'st long been sucking at my sphere, And now -
FAI'ST.

I loathe thee Iteme avaunt:

## SPIRIT.

To view me were thy prayer and choice, To see my face, to hear my voice. Well! by thy potent prayer won o'er, I come. And thou, that wouldst be more Than mortal, having thy behest, Art with a craven fear possessed! Where is thy pride of soul? Where now the breast Which in itself a universe created, Sustained and fostered, - which dilated With giant throes of rapture, in the hope As peer with spirits such as me to cope? Where art thou, Fanst, whose summons rang so wide, Who stormed my haunts, and would not be denied? Is this thing thou? This, my mere breath doth make Through every nerve and fibre quake? A crawling, cowering, timorous worm?

## FAUST.

Thou film of flame, art thou a thing to fear?
I am, I am that Faust! I am thy peer!

SPIRIT.
In the currents of Life, in Action's storm,
I wander and I wave;
Everywhere I be!
Birth and the grave, An infinite sea, A web ever growing, A life ever glowing;
Thus at Time's whizzing loom I spin, And weave the living vesture that God is mantled in!

## FAUST.

Thou busy Spirit, who dost sweep
From sphere to sphere, from deep to deep.

Ranging the world from eml to end, How near akin I feel to thee!

## SPIRIT.

Thou'rt like the Spirit, thou dost comprehend, But not like me'
[Vanishes.

## FAUST.

But not like thee!
Whom, then? What! I,
The image of the Deity!
Yet not to be compared to thee? [A inock.
O death! My Famulus! At time like this
To drag me from the top of bliss:
That such a soulless driveller should
Disturb this vision's full beatitude!
Enter Wagner, in his dressing-gorn and nighteap, with a lamp in his hand. Fals's turns autay impationtly.
wagner.

I heard you, did I not, declaim?
From one, no doubt, of the old (ireek plays?
So in the art to take a hint I came;
For it is much in farour nowadays.
Many a time I've heard it said, at least,
An actor might give lessons to a priest.

## Falst.

Yes, if the priest an actor be, As now and then will happen, certainly.

## WAGNER.

Ah! when one's in his study pent, like me, And sees the world but on a rare occasion,

And then far off, on some chance holiday, And through a telescope, as one may say,
How can one ever hope to sway,
Or goveru it by eloquent persuasion?

## FAUST.

That is a power, which is not to be taught. It must be felt, must gush forth from within, And, rising to the lips in words unsought, The hearts of all to deep emotion win. Sit on for ever! Till you ache, Your patchwork and mosaics make; With scraps at others' banquets found A ragout of your own compound, And, blowing at your ash-heap, fan What miserable flame you can! Children and apes may praise your art A noble triumph, you must own But you will never make heart throb with heart, Unless your own heart first has struck the tone.

## WAGNER.

Delivery makes the orator's success.
In that I'm far behind, I must confess.

## FAUST.

Scorn such success! Play thou an honest game! Be no mere empty tinkling fool!
True sense and reason reach their aim With little help from art or rule. Be earnest! Then what need to seek The words that best your meaning speak? Oh, your orations, garnished, trimmed, refined, Tickling men's fancies where they're chiefly weak, Are unrefreshing as the drizzling wind, That through the autumn's sere leaves whistles bleak.

## W゙.IINFR.

Ah me! art is so lomp, and life so brief:
Oft in my labums ritimal, a loand
Seems weighing on my hrain and hemt, like lead.
How hard it is, almot heome helief.
To get at knowledge in its fruntamhead:
And ere a man is half-way wh the mand, He's very sure, pour devil, to the dead.

## fac'st.

Is parchment, then, the sacred fount can give
The stream that shall allay thy thirst for ever?
Man never quaffed a draught re-torative,
That from his own soul welled mot - never, never!

## wagere.

Excuse me, surely 'tis a jus sublime,
To realise the spirit of a tinte.
To see how sages long ago have thought,
And the high pass to which things nowadays are brought.

## facst.

High pass! Oh, yes: As the welkin high : My friend, to us they are, these time gone by, A book with seven seals, and what you call The spirit of the times, I've long surbected, Is but the spirit of the men - that: all In which the times they prate of are reflected. And that's a sight, God wor, wlums. sumean, We run away from it, as swm ace sem: Mere scraps of odds and ents, nd mazy lumber, In dust-bins only fit to rot and -humber: At best a play on stilts, all stme anm ylare, Gewgaws and gliter, fustian amb intence,

With maxims strewn of sage pragmatic air, That, mouthed by puppets, pass with fools for sense.

WAGNER.
Ay, but the world! The heart and soul of man, Something of these may, sure, be learned by all.

## FAUST.

As men call learning, yes, no doubt, it can!
But who the child by its right name will call?
The few, who something of that knowledge learned, And were not wise enough a guard to keep On their full hearts, but to the people showed The reaches of their soaring thoughts, the deep Emotions that within them glowed, Men at all times have crucified and burned. ${ }^{1}$ I prithee, friend, 'tis far into the night, And for the present we must say adieu !

WAGNER.
I'd gladly watch till dawn, for the delight Of such most edifying talk with you.
To-morrow, being Easter-day, Good sir, if I so far might task you, Some things there are, which I should like to say, Some further questions I should like to ask you; My zeal has in my studies not been small; Much, it is true, I know, but I would fain know all.
[Exit.
FAUST.
Strange, that all hope has not long since been blighted In one content on such mere chaff to feed,

[^0]Who digs for treasure with a miser's greed, Aml, if he finds a muck-worm, is delighted:

Dare such a thing as this to bablle now, When all around with spirit-life is teeming? Yet ah, I thank thee, though the sorriest thm Of all that tread the earth in mortal seming. Thou rescuedst me from the despair that fast Was widdering my brain with mad surmise. Ah, yonder vision was so giant-vast, I shrank before it to a pigmy's size.

I, God's own image, I, who deemed I stood With truth eternal full within my gaze, And, of this earthly hask divested, viewed In deep contentment heaven's effulgent blaze ; I, more than cheruh, whose free powers, methought, Did all the veins of nature permeate, I, who - so potently my fancy wrought Conceived that, like a gool, I could create, And in creating taste a bliss supreme, How must I expiate my frenzied dream? One word, that smote like thunder on my brain, Swept me away to nothingness again.

I dared not deem myself for thee a peer; Though to evoke thee I the power possessed, Yet was I impotent to keep thee here. Oh, in the rapture of that moment blest I felt myself so little, yet so great' But thou didst thrust me back, with cruel scorn, Upon the sad uncertainties fortorn Of man's mere mortal state.
Who is to teach me? What shall I
Recoil from? What go widely ly ?
Yon impulse, passionate, profound, Shall I obey it, or forswear?

Alas ! our way of life is cramped and bound
By what we do, no less than what we're doomed to bear!

Around our spirit's dreams, our noblest, best, Some base alloy for ever clings and grows; Once of the good things of this world possessed, We call a better wealth but lying shows.
The glorious feelings, those that most we prized, That made indeed our very life of life, In the world's turmoil and ignoble strife Are seared and paralysed.

If fancy, for a season flushed with hope, Through boundless ether soars with wing unchecked, A little space for her is ample scope.
When in Time's quicksands joy on joy lies wrecked, Anon creeps care into our nether heart, And there of secret sorrows breeds great store; Uneasily she sits, and mopes apart, Marring our joy and peace; and evermore Fresh masks she dons, to work us bitter dole. Turn where we will, she haunts our life, As house and land, as child and wife, As fire and flood, as knife and poisoned bowl.

I am not like the gods, too well I feel!
No! Like the worm, that writhes in dust, am I, Which, as it feeds on dust, the passer-by Stamps into nothingness beneath his heel.

For what but dust, mere dust, is all, Which, piled in endless shelf and press, From floor to roof, contracts this lofty wall?
The trash, all frippery and emptiness, Which here, in this moth-swarming hole, Cramps, cabins, and confines my soul?

How shall I e'er dismorer here
The light and lore for which I yearn?
Is all my poring, year bear.
On books by thousands, but to leam
That mortals have been wretehed everywhere,
And only one been hatwy here and there?
What, hollow skull, what means that grim of thine,
But that thy brain was muce, like mine, distraught,
Did after truth with rapturnu passon pime,
And, while the radiance of the day it sought,
Grew at each step less certain of its way,
And in the twilight went disastronsly astray?
Ye instruments, at me ye surely mock,
With cog and wheel, and coil and eylinder:
I at the door of knowledge stoma, ye were
The key which should that dow for me unlock;
Your wards, I ween, have many a cuming maze,
But yet the bolts ye canmot, cannot raise.
Inscrutable in noonday's haze.
Nature lets no one tear the wil away,
And what herself she does not choose
Unasked before your soul to lay,
lou shall not wrest from her levers or by screws.
Old lumber, that hast ne'er been used by me, The reason, and the only, thou art here, Is that my father worked of yore with thee:
And thou, old roll, hast roted here and monaldered, Smeared with the fumes of smoke year after year, Since first upon this desk the dull lamp smouldered. Oh, better far, hat I with hant profuse
Squandered the little I cau call my own,
Than with that little here to sweat and groan!
Would you possess, enjey and turn to use
What from your sires you have inherited.
What a man owns, but know nut to employ,

A burden is, that weighs on him like lead; Nought can avail him, nought can he enjoy, Save what is by the passing moment bred.

Why is my gaze on yonder corner glued ? Yon flask, is it a magnet to my sight? Why, why is all at once as lovely, bright, As sudden moonshine in a midnight wood?

All hail, thou priceless phial, which I here Take from thy shelf with reverential hand! In thee man's skill and wisdom I revere. Thou quintessence of all the juices bland, That drowse the brain with slumber, - abstract thou Of all most subtle deadly agencies, Bestow thy grace upon thy master now ! I see thee, and my anguish finds a balm, I touch thee, and the turmoil turns to calm; My soul's flood-tide is ebbing by degrees. A viewless finger beckons me to fleet To shoreless seas, where never tempest roars, The glassy flood is shining at my feet, Another day invites to other shores.

A car of fire, by airy pinions driven, Flits o'er me: and I stand prepared to flee, By tracts untrodden, through the wastes of heaven, Up to new spheres of pure activity. This life sublime, this godlike rapturous thrill, Can these by thee, a worm but now, be won? Yes, so thon turn with a resolvèd will Thy back on earth, and on its kindly sun ! The gates, most men would slink like cravens by, Dare thou to burst asunder! Lo, the hour Is here at hand by deeds to testify
Man's worth can front the gods in all their power ;

To gaze unblenching on that murky pit
Where fancy weaves herself an coulless dorm,
To stom that pass whese narmew gerge is lit
By hell-fires flickering through the ghatly glome ;
Serene, although the risk hefore thee lay,
Into blank nothingness to melt away!

Then come thou down, pure goblet crystalline, Out from that time-stained covering of thine, Where I ummarked for years have let thee rest.
Thou sparkled'st when my grandsire's feasts were crowned,
Lit'st up the smiles of many a sal-browed guest, As each man to his neighbour passed thee round. Thy figures, marvels of the artist's craft, The drinker's task, to tell their tale in rhyme, And drain thy huge eireumference at a draught, Bring many a night back of my youthful prime. I shall not pass thee now to comrate boon, Nor torture my invention to explain
The quaint devices of thy graver's brain.
Here is a juice intoxicates full soon;
Its current brown brims up thy ample bowl.
Now do I pledge this dranght, my last best care, In festive greeting, and with all my soul, To the day-dawn, shall hail me otherwhere:
[Raises the goblet to his lips. Pealing of bells, and choral song.

## Chorus of avgels.

Christ is ascended!
Hail the glad token, True was it spoken, Sin's fetters are broken, Man's boudage is ended!

## FAUST.

What deepening hum is this, what silver chime Drags from my lips perforce the cup away? Ye booming bells, do you proclaim the time Once more begun of Easter's festal day? And you, ye pealing choirs, do you the songs Of consolation and glad tidings chant, Hymned round the sepulchre by angel throngs, Pledge of a new and nobler covenant?

Chorts of women.
With myrrh and with aloes We balmed and we bathed Him, Loyally, lovingly, Tenderly swathed Him ; With cerecloth and band For the grave we arrayed Him ; But oh, He is gone From the place where we laid Him!

> chorus of angels.

Christ is ascended! The love that possessed Him, The pangs that oppressed Him, To prove and to test Him, In trimmph have ended!

## FAUST.

Ye heavenly strains, potent yet soothing, why Seek ye out me, a crawler in the dust? Ring out for men more pliant-sonled than I! The message though I hear, I lack the faith robust. Faith's darling child is miracle. I must, I dare not strive to mount to youder spheres Whence peal these tilings of great joy to men ;

Yet does the strain, faniliar to mine ears
From childhond, call me back even now to life again.
Ah, then I felt the kiss of heavenly lwe
On me in sablath's holy cahm descending,
The bells rang luystic meaning from abme, A prayer was eestany, that seemed mumbing;
A longing sweet, that would not be controlled,
Drove me through fieh and wond : and from my eves
Whilst tears, whose nource 1 could not fathom, mollen, I felt a great glad world for me arise.
This anthem heraldel youth's merriest time, The gambols of blithe sping : now memmies sweet, Fraught with the feelings of my childhod's prime, From the last step decisive stay my feet.
Oh, peal, sweet heavenly anthems, feal as then:
Tears flood mine eyes, earth has her child again.
CHORES OF NHCIPLES.
He that was buried On high has ascemled; There lives in glory, Sublimely attended. In heaven whilst He reigneth, For us Who was slain here, On earth we, His chosen, To suffer remain here, To suffer and languish Midst pain and annoy ; Lord, in our anguish, We envy Thy joy.

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CHORL'S OF NNMELS.
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From the lap of compution, Lo: Christ has asemeded!
Rejoice, for the fetters
That bound you are rended!

> Praise Him unceasingly, Love one another, Break bread together, like Sister and brother ! Preach the glad tidings To all who will hear you, So will the Master be Evermore near you!

Scene II. - Before the Town Gate.
Promenaders of all kinds pass out.

## A PARTY OF MECHANICS.

But why are you turning up the hill?
ANOTHER PARTY.
We for the Jägerhaus are bound.
FIRST PARTY.
We think of sauntering toward the mill.

A MECIIANIC.
Best by the Wasserhof go round.

> SECOND MECHANIC.

The road there is none of the prettiest.

THE OTHERS.
And where are you for ?

> THIRD MECHANIC.

I go with the rest.

## FOCRTII MEAHANIC.

Come up to the Burgdorf: That's the place Where one is sure to timd the hest of cheer, The prettiest wenches, and the strongest beer, And a good jolly row in any case.

## FIFTH MECHANIC.

You pestilent scapegrace, A third time do you want to be well whacked? I don't half fancy going there; in fact, I have a perfect horror of the place.

## SERVANT GIRL.

I will go back to town, I will, that's flat!

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SECONI) SERVANT GIRL.
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We're sure to find him at the poplars yonder.

> FIRST SERVANT GIRL.

And much the better I shall be for that: By whose side will he walk, I wonder? Why, yours! And dance with you, and you alone; So, while you have your frolic, I may moan.

## SECOND SERYKNT GIRL.

He's sure to have a friend! Ah, come now, do !
He said that Curlylocks was coming, too.

## STEDEST.

Zounds, how these strapping girls step out!
Come, brother, come, let's join them for a bout.
A beer that stuns, a pipe that hites,
And a wench in her braws, are my delights.

## CITIZEN'S DAUGHTER.

These fine young fellows, look where they go ! "Tis a downight shame, when they might know The best of company, if they please, To be running after such drabs as these!

## second student (to the first).

Not quite so fast! Behind us, yonder, see, A brace of wenches rigged out smart and neat! One lives almost next door to me, And on the girl I'm very sweet. For all their looking so demure, They'll take us with them presently, I'm sure.

FIPST STUDENT.
No, mo! all prudes are bores. Quick, come away, Or we shall let the game slip! 'Tis confessed, The hand that twirls the mop on Saturday Foudles on Sunday with peculiar zest.

## CITIZEN.

What, our new burgomaster? Nay, He is a man I cannot bear.
He grows more overbearing every day, Since he was called into the chair.
And what, pray, does he for the town?
Are things not daily growing worse?
Are we not more and more kept down, And pullerl at more and more in purse ?

## BEGGAR (sings).

Kind sirs, and larlies fair and sweet, With rosy checks and handsome dresses,

Look down upon me，I entreat， Observe，and lighten my distresses． In pity listen to my voice！ Free hands make mery hearts and gay ； So make this day，when all rejoiee， To me a very harrest－tay．

## ぶしいごい CITT\％Fぶ。

There＇s nothing more my heart on sumays cheers， Or holhlays，than a gossip about war Ant warlike rumours，when the peoples far Away in Turkey all are hy the ars．
We by the window staml，toss off inm olase， And down the river watch the painted vessels ghiding； Then home at evening merrily we pass， And bless the eomforts of a peace abiding．

## THIRI）（＇ITIZEN．

Ay，neighbour，nor care I what lengths they go． Zounds，they may cleave each other＇s pates，they may， Aud turn the whole worl topsy－tury，so They leave things here at home to jog on the ohd way．

> old woman (to the C'ition's Dungheters).

Heyday！How smart！The pretty dears：Whod not Be fairly smitten，now，that met you？ You needn＇t be so hanghty，though，（iond wot！ What you desire I know the way to get you．

## CITIZEN＇S DALGGITER．

Come，Agatha！I＇d rather mot be seen to greet A witeh like this upon the pmblie street； But on Saint Ambrew＇s Bee she let me see In flesh and blowd my lower that＇s to be．

## THE OTHER.

Mine, too, she showed me in the glass, A soldier, one of a dare-devil set;
Here, there, all wheres I seek him, but, alas! I have not come across him yet.

## SOLDIERS (sing).

Towns, with loud defiance sent Down from tower and battlement; Maidens, rosy as the morn, Flashing round them looks of scorn, These alike for us have charms, Sound alike the cry, "To arms!" When such glorious prizes call us, Death nor danger can appal us.

When we hear the trumpets blow, On to death or bliss we go! What is like the soldier's trade? What can match such escalade? Forted towns and maidens tender Must alike to us surrender. When such glorious prizes call us, Death nor danger can appal us.
chorus.
Maids or widows may be sighing, On we march with colours flying!

## FAUST.

Freed from the ice are river and rill
By the quickening glance of the gracious Spring;
Green with promise are valley and hill. Old winter, palsied and shivering, Back has crept to his mountains bleak, And sends from them, as he flies appalled,

Showers of impotent hail, to streak
The fields that are green as emerald.
But the sun no shimmer of whiteness brooks;
The earth is through all her ]"res alive,
Budding and bursting, and all things strive
To enliven with colours their winterly looks;
And the landscape, though hare of flowers, makes cheer
With people dressed out in their holiday gear.
Turn round, and from this height look down
Over the vineyards upon the town!
A motley medley is making its way
Out from the murky wide-mouthed gate.
Blithely they bask in the sum to-day.
The Saviour's rising they celebrate, For they have risen themselves, I ween; From the close, damp rooms of their hovels mean, From the bonds of business, and labour, and care, From the gables and roofs that oppress them there, From the stitling closencss of street and lane, From the churches' gloom-inspiring night, They all have emerged into the light.
But, see, how they are spreading amain Across the gardens and fields, and how The river, as far as the cye can note, Is all alive with shallop and boat! And look! the last departing now, Laden so deeply it scarce can float. Far up on the hills as the pathways run, Gay dresses are glistering in the sun.
Hark now the din of the village! Here Is the people's true heaven. With hearty glee, Little and great, how they shout and cheer! Here I am man, here such dare be.

## WAGNER.

To walk about with you, sir doctor, so
Is honour, yea, and profit. Still, were I alone,

I would not here be loitering thins, I own, Seeing of all that's course I am the foe. Your fiddling, shouting, skittle-playing, all Are noises which I loathe and quite resent. These creatures rave, as if the devil drove, and call Their riot song, forsooth, and merriment.

## PEASANTS UNIER THE LINDEN TREE.

Dance und Song.
The shepherd for the dance was dressed;
All tricked out in his Sunday best,
With ribbons gay and sightly.
Thronged round the linden lass and lad,
And all were dancing there like mad, Huzza! huzza! Hip! hip! hazza! The fiddle-bow went sprightly.

Into the thick of them he paced, And clipped a damsel round the waist, His arms about her bending;
The buxom wench turned round and said, "You stupid oaf, where were yon bred ?"

Huzza! huzza!
Hip! hip! huzza!
" Your manners, sir, want mending!"

But faster grew the fun, and right And left they wheeled; it was a sight

To see the kirtles flying!
And they grew red, and they grew warm, And then they restech, arm in arm,

Huzza! huzza!
Hip! hip! huzza!
Such panting, and snch sighing!
"Holel off your salley hamds: Yon men Are all deevit anm falsehombl when

You fimb a girl malomhting." But he coased hor, anl -he strymed aside, While from the limelen whoed wide, Huzza! ! hmaza! Hip: hij!: hazza : The fiddling and the shouting.

## OLI) PEASANT.

Sir doctor, this is kinel of you, To think no scorn of us to-day: And you such a grant scholar two, To mix with simple folks this way Here, take this jug, 'tis handsome ware. Nor is the liquon of the worst, I pledge you in it, with the praver, It may not only quench rour thirst, But that each drop within it may Add to your life another day ?

## FALST.

Right gladly I obey your call, And drink, with thanks, good health to all!
[The people guthri round him in a circle

## OLD PEASANT.

Indeed this is most kindly done, To mingle in our mirth torday.
Ah, sir, you stool our frieml in times
When we were anything but way
There's many a hale man stamting here,
Your father reseded from the elateh
Of ragiug fever, when he stised
The plague that wasted us so mueh.

Though but a lad, from house to house You sought the sick and dying too: They bore out many stark and stiff, But nothing ever ailed with you. Your trials many were and sore, You bore them with a spirit brave, And the great Saviour of us all Saved him that lent a hand to save.

## ALL.

Health to the trusty friend, and may He live to help us many a day

## FAUST.

To Him above be homage paid, Who only counsel can, or aid!
[Walks on with Wagner.

## WAGNER.

What must you feel, to think, illustrious man, This crowd reveres you with a love so deep? Oh, happy, who from his endowments can So fair a harvest of advantage reap! The father points you to his son, The people whisper, crowd, and run, The fiddle stops, and lad and lass Break up the dance midway to stare; They stand in rows for you to pass, Their eaps fly up into the air ; Upon their knees they dropperd, almost As though it were the passing of the Host.

## FAUST.

Some few steps farther, up to yonder stone!
Here will we rest, and taste the evening air :

Ofttimes I sat here, wrapt in thonght, alone, And racked myself with fasting and with prayer.
Brimmed full with hope, in faith muwavering, By tears and sighs and heatings of the breast
From the great Lurd of Heaven I suught to wring
Cessation of that devastating pest.
Like mockery now rings yonder crowd's applause.
Oh, could you look into my soul, and read
How little worthy son or father was
Of such repute as they to us decreed:
My father was a good man, not too bright,
Who, by strange notions of his own deluded,
In all good faith, with patience infinite,
On Nature and her sacred circles brooded;
Who shut himself with his adepts away
In a laboratory, black, grim, and mystic,
And fused and fused, by rule and recipe,
Things that by nature are antagonistic.
The Lion Red, bold wooer, bolder mate,
In tepid bath was to the Lily married,
And both were then by open fire-flame straight
From one bride-chamber to another harried.
Thus in due time the Youthful Queen, inside
The glass retort, in motley colours hovered:
This was the medicine; the patients died,
And no one thought of asking who recovered.
So 'mongst these hills and vales our hell-broths wrought
More havoc, brought more victims to the grave,
By many, than the pestilence had brought.
To thousands I myself the poison gave:
They pined and perished; I live on, to hear
Their reckless murderers' praises far and near.

## WAGNER.

But why let this distress you, - why?
Can any honest man do more

Than conscientiously to ply
His craft as by its masters plied before?
If you, as youth, revere your father, you
Of course accept from him what he can teach;
If you, as man, see farther, wider too, Your son in turn a higher mark may reach.

FAUST.
O happy he who still can hope Out of this sea of error to arise!
We long to use what lies beyoud our scope,
Yet camot use even what within it lies.
But let us not, by saddening thoughts like these,
The blessing of this happy hour o'errun.
See, how they gleam, the green-girt cottages,
Fired by the radiance of the evening sun!
It slopes, it sets. Day wanes. On with a bound
It speeds, and lo! a new world is alive!
O God, for wings to lift me from the ground, Onward, still onward, after it to strive! Beneath me, I should see, as on I pressed, The hushed world ever bathed in evening's beams, Each mountain-top on fire, each vale at rest, The silver brook flow into golden streams. Nor peak nor momntain-chasm should then defeat My onward course, so godlike and so free. Lo, with its bays all winking in the heat, Bursts on my wonder-smitten eyes the sea! But now the god appears about to sink! Fresh impulse stirs me, not to be confined. I hurry on, his deathless light to drink, The day before me, and the night behind, The heavens above me, and the waves below. A lovely dream! Meanwhile, the sun his face Has hid. Ah, with the spirit's wings will no Corporeal wings so readily keep pace!

Yet is the yearning with us all inborn, Upwards and onwards to he strusgling still, When over us we hear the lark, at morn, Lost in the sky, her quivering carol trill; When o'er the monntains' pine-clad smmmits drear The eagle wheels afir on outstretched wing, When over flat and wer mere
The crane is homewards labouring.

## W゙AGNER.

I too have often had my whims and moods, But never was by such an impulse stirred. A man soon looks his fill at fields and woods; The wings I ne'er shall envy of a bird.
How differently the spirit's pure delights:
Waft us from book to book, from page to page!
They give a beauty to the winter's night:,
A cheerful glow that can its chill assuage. And some fine manuscript when you umroll, Ah, then all heaven descends into your soull

## FAUST.

One only aspiration thou hast known, Oh, never seek to know the other, never! Two souls, alas! within my bosom throne, That each from other fiercely longs to sever. One, with a passionate love that never tires, Cleaves as with cramps of steel to things of earth, The other upwards through earth's mists aspires To kindred regions of a loftier worth.
Oh, in the air if spirits be,
That float 'twixt earth and heaven, and lord it there,
Then from your golden haze descend, and me
Far hence to fields of new existence bear:
Yes, if a magic mantle were but mine,
To stranger lauds to waft me at my call,

I'd prize it more than robes of costliest shine, I would not change it for a monarch's pall.

> WAGNER.

The too familiar throng invoke not, who, In trailing vapours spread upon the wind, Come trooping from all quarters, where they brew Unumubered plagues and perils for mankind. The sharp-fanged spirits of the North, lo, they Come rushing down on you with arrowy tongues; Those of the East, they parel you dry as hay, And suck a slow nutrition from your lungs. If from the desert sands the South sends out Those that heap fire on fire around your brain, The West brings those that first refresh, no doubt, But end with drowning you, and field, and plain. They watch our every word, on mischief bent, Obey each wish, yet turn them all awry, They look as if from heaven expressly sent, And lisp like very angels when they lie. But let us go! the earth is wrapt in gray; The air grows chill, the mists are falling.
'Tis evening makes us prize our homes. But, hey! Why stare you thus, as at some sight appalling?
What in the dusk there fills you with such trouble?

FAUST.
Seest thou yon black dog coursing through the stubble ?

WAGNER.
I saw him long ago, but heeded not the least.

FAUST.
Observe him well! For what tak'st thou the beast?

WAGNER.
Why, for a poodle, trying to hark back, In doglike wise, upon his master's track.

## FAUST.

See how he doth in spiral circles make
A circuit round us, wheeling nigh and nigher!
And after him - it can be $n o$ mistake There follows, as he runs, a trail of fire.

> WAGNER.

Nought but a coal-black poorlle can I see; It must some optical illusion be.

## fAUST.

To me it seems, that round onr feet he draws Fine magic toils to snare us, fast and faster.

## WAGNER.

Round us he runs perplexed and shy, because He sees two strangers here, and not his master.
FAUST.

The circle narrows. He touches us almost.
WAGNER.
'Tis a mere dog, you see, and not a ghost. He growls, hangs back, lies down, begins to whine, Waggles his tail - all practices canine.
FAl'st.

Here, go along with us: Come hither, come!

WAGNER.
A merry beast it is, and frolicsome. Stand still, and he sits up and begs, Speak to him, and he jumps upon your legs; Lose anything, he'll find it for you quick, And leap into the water for your stick.

## FAUST.

Thou'rt right! I find not of a spirit here One single trace: 'tis training all, that's clear.

## WAGNER.

The dog, if well brought up, may be Even for the sage good company : Your favour, possibly your thanks, He certainly deserves to earn ; The students, sir, have taught him all these pranks, Which he has shown much aptitude to learn.
[They pass in at the gate of the town.

## Scene III. - Faust's Study.

faust (entering with the poodle). Meadow I've left, and dale and hill, In uight's deep gloom arrayed, that wakes Within us, with a solemn thrill, The mood which most of heaven partakes: Each wild desire is lulled to rest, That rent the heart, or racked the brow; The love of man now fires the breast, The love of God is lindling now.

Peace, dog, be quiet! Your restlessness wearies ! Why snift you so at the threshold there?

Down, sir, behind the stove: See, here is The hest of my cushions, to make you a lair. We did not object to your comsing and leaping, It served to amuse ns up there on the hill, But if you are to remain in my keeping, You must learn, like a well-namered guest, to be still

> Ah! when within our narow room The friendy lamp asdin is lit, Then from our spirit thes the gloom That dulled and overshatuwed it.
> Reason begins once more to speak, And Hope again to phme her wings;
> After life's streams we pant, yea, seek The very fountan whence it springs.

Cease, dog, to growl: The brutish sound
Jars with the hallowed tones that all
My soul at this sweet hour enthral!
We think it not strange, when men around
Deride the things they comprehend not,
And all that is fairest and best contemn,
For how should such things their vile natures offend not?
Would the hound be snarling at these, like them ?

But ah! I feel, strive as I may, that peace
Will well forth from my hosom nevermore.
Yet, wherefore should its streams so quickly cease,
And we lie parched and panting as before?
So oft have I been doomed thas low to fall.
Yet for this want we may have compensation;
We learn to prize the supernatmal,
And cry with yearning hearts for hevelation,
Which nowhere burns mome wothily am clear,
Than all through the New Trestamem. So here

I turn me to the primal text, elate With a wild longing, line for line, The great original divine Into my own dear German to translate. [Opens the volume, and prepares to write. "In the Beginning was the Word!" 'Tis writ. Here on the threshold I must pause, perforce; And who will help me onwards in my course? No, by no possibility is't fit I should the naked Word so highly rate. Some other way must I the words translate, If by the Spirit rightly I be tanght. "In the Beginning was the Sense!" 'Tis writ.' The first line ponder well. Is it
The Sense, which is of each created thing
The primal cause, and regulating spring?
It should stand thus: " In the Beginning was
The Force!" Yet even as I write, I pause.
A something warns me, this will not content me.
Lo! help is from the Spirit sent me:
I see my way; with lightning speed
The meaning flashes on my sight,
And with assured conviction thus I write:
"In the Beginning was the Deed!"
My chamber if you wish to share, This howling, poodle, straight forbear, This barking, and this riot!
To brook a comrade so unquiet
Is more than I am able.
Here both of us cannot remain, And, though it goes against my grain To be inhospitable, There is the door, and you are free To go! But what is this I see? How can such transformation be ?
Is it a real thing, or throws

Some glamour over me its spells?
How long and broad my poodle grows!
It rises, it dilates and swells.
This is no dog: what can it be,
This fiend I have brought home with me?
Now with his fiery eyes, ind rows
On rows of horrid teeth, he shows
Like any hippopotamus:
Ha! Now I know you! Is it thus?
For such half-hell-begotten brood
The seal of Sulomon is good.

SPIRITS (in the passage outside).
One we know well Is caught fast within there. Mind what you're doing, No one go in there ! An old lynx of hell, Like a fox in a gin, there Is quaking and stewing. Have a care! Have a care! Unseen, through the air, Flit ye and hover, To and fro, round about, Now under, now over, And he will get out!

Aid him all, if aid ye may. He has done us ere to-day Pleasures manifold and rare! Help him, then, in his despair!

## FAUST.

To grapple with the monster, I
The Spell of the Four at first will try.

Salamander, he shall glow, Into streams Undine flow, Vanish Sylph, and, Kobold, double Shall his turmoil be and trouble!

If a man know not the lore Of the Elemental Four, The power of each and property, Of the world of spirits he Never will the master be.

Hence, as ye came, in flash and flame, Salamander!
Flow out and be seen a rushing stream Undine!
Blaze on the air a meteor fair, Sylph!
Us with timely help befriend, Incubus! Incubus!
Come forth, come forth, and make an end!
No one of the Four is lodged in the beast. "Tis plain, I have not touched the case. Quite still he lies, and grins in my face, His withers I have not wrung in the least. Now shall ye hear me, whatever ye are, Conjure with a spell more potent by far.

Com'st thou here, from hell's confine
A fugitive, behold this sign,
Holy emblem, 'neath whose power
All the fiends of darkness cower!
Its bristles rise! Behold it now to monstrous size dilate!

Thou thing accursed and reprobate!
Caust thou read the holy token, Him that never was create,

Him that never may be spoken, All from sky to sky pervaling, Vilely done to death degrating?

Spellbound behind the stove it stands, And like an elephant expands !
It fills the alcove up complete:
Into a mist 'twill melt away.
Ascend not to the ceiling! Lay
Thyself down at the master's feet.
Thou seest, I threaten not in vain.
I'll seorch thee up with holy fire:
For that dread light best not remain, Which burns with threefold glow: Retire, Nor wait till I, thou spawn of hell, Let loose on thee my mightiest spell:
mephistopheles (comes foruarl, as the mist subsides, in the dress of a tracelling scholar, from betind the store).
What is the use of all this mighty stir?
Can I in anything oblige you, sir?

## FACST.

So this, then, was the kernel of the brute !
A travelling scholar? Here's a pleasant jest!

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Your learned worship humbly I salute. You gave me a fine sweating, I protest.

## FAUST.

What is thy name?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Methinks the question's mean, For one who holds the Word so very cheap, Who, scorning all mere semblances, has been Brooding on things in their quintessence deep!

FAUS'T.
Of gentlemen like you one may
The nature mostly from the names surmise,
Where what ye are they all too plainly say.
When they " Destroyer" style you, "Flygod, Prince of Lies!"
Speak, then! Who art thou?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Part of the power that still
Produces Good, while still devising ill.

FAUST.
A rare enigma! Say what it implies.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

The spirit I that evermore denies.
And rightly am I thus employed, For surely nought was e'er begot
But it deserved to be destroyed;
So were it better, things should not
Be into being brought at all.
Thus all these matters, which you call
Sin, Mischief, - Evil in a word,
Are my congenial element.

## FAUST.

I heard
You call yourself a part, yet see
You stand there whole as whole can be.

## MEPIISTOPHELES.

Truth, truth, I vow, all truth and modesty !
Though man, that Mierocusm of Fully, seem
A perfect whole to his uwn self-esteem, Myself I, being less pretentious, call
Part of the part, which at the first was all; Part of the darkness, from whose womb sprang light, Proud light, which now doth with its dam contest Her ancient rank, the space she filled of right; And yet it can't succeed, for, strive its best, It cleaves to bodies, fettered to them fast:
It streams from bodies, makes them fair and bright;
A body intercepts its passage, so
I hope, when bodies come to grief at last, It will with them to sheer perdition go.

## FACST.

Your high vocation now I unlerstand. You find you can't annihilate wholesale, So on a smaller scale you try your hand.

## MEPIISTOPHELES.

And let me own, to very small avail.
That which is nothing's opposite,
This something, this great lumbering world, although
I've launched at it, with all my might,
Storm, deluge, earthquake, levin-brand,
I can't effect its overthrow ;
It hangs together still, good sea and land.
And then these misbegots accurst,

This spawn of brutes and men, alas!
Defy me, let me try my worst.
How many have I sent to grass!
Yet young fresh blood, do what I will,
Keeps ever circulating still.
In water, in the earth, in air, In wet, dry, warm, cold, everywhere, Cerms withont number are unfurled. And but for fire and fire alone, There would be nothing in the world, That I could truly call my own.

## FAUST.

So, that cold devil's fist of thine
Thou dost not scruple to oppose To the unsleeping power benign, Beneath whose breath all lives and grows; It laughs to scorn your threats malign. Strange son of chaos, hadst thou not Best start upon another tack?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

It certainly is worth a thought !
More about this when I come back,
But for the present have I leave,
Your leave, to take myself away?

FAUST.
Why you should ask, I can't conceive.
We're strangers from this hour no more;
So visit me in future, pray,
Just when and how the fancy strikes you.
Here is the window, here the door,
And there a chimney, if it likes you.

## MEPUISTOPHELES.

I'd very quickly make my exit, But that a triffing himdrance ehecks it; The wizard's foot, - alas! 'tis true Upon your threshold -

## faus't.

Ha, 'tis well!
The Pentagram perplexes you. But answer me, thou son of hell, If that can thrust you hackward, how Contrived you to get in but now?
How came a spirit so astute
To tumble into such a snare?

MEPHISTOPIELES.
You'll find, if you look closely to 't, It is not drawn with proper care. The outer angle's incomplete. You may discover at a glance, The lines converge, but do not meet.

## FAUST.

That was indeed a lucky chance! So you should be my prisoner, then?
Most rare good fortune, truly !

MEPIIISTOPHELES.
When
The poodle bounded in, he took
No heed of what he was about. Now things wear quite another look; The devil's in, and tan't get out.

FAUST.
Why through the window not withdraw?

## MEPIIISTOPHELES.

Of fiends and goblins 'tis a law, Get in howe'er they please, but so As they came in, out they must go. Free in the first choice, in the last We're very slaves!

FAUST.
So even hell
Has got its legal code. 'Tis well. Then with you gentlemen a fast And binding contract may be made?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Ay, and implicitly obeyed. Whate'er is promised you by us You to the letter shall enjoy, Without abatement or alloy. A theme too grave this to discuss So hurriedly; when next we meet, We'll talk it fully out ; but now I beg, nay, earnestly entreat, This once you'll let me make my bow.

## FAUST.

One moment, by your leave! I burn For such rare news as yours must be.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Let me go now, I'll soon return, And then ask what you like of me.

FAUST.
Of choice, and mot by my device, You ran yourself into this plight. Once catch the devil, hold him tight! He'll scarcely let you catch him twice.

MEPHISTOHELES.
Well, if you wish it, here I stay, On one condition, that the while I with my sleights familiar may Your moments worthily beguile.

FAUST.
Agreed: you have my leave, - but mind Your sleights are of the pleasing kind!

## MEPHISTOPIELES.

Within this hour, my friend, be sure, You for your senses shall procure More than you heretofore have found Within the year's unvaried romul. The songs my dainty sirits sing, The lovely visions whish they bring, Are no mere empty wlamur, no! Your very smell entrancel shall be, Your palate lapped in ecstasy, Your every nerve with rapture glow. No preparation here we need. We're in our places, so proceed!

## SPIRITs.

Disappear, disappear, Yedark arches drear: Let the blue sky of heaven Look down ou us here,

The beautiful blue sky, With friendliest cheer!
Hence, clonds, begone, That gloomily darkle!
Lo now, anon, Little stars sparkle, Mellower suns Shine in on us here!
Heaven's sons, bright
In the spirit's arraying,
In hovering flight
Are bending and swaying.
Souls with a passionate
Upward aspiring, View them, pursue them, Soaring untiring! And ribbons gay
Are flashing and gleaming,
Where lovers stray,
Musing and dreaming,
Stray on by grove
And meadow, requiting Love with return of love, Life for life plighting! Bower on bower shining! Tendrils entwining! Grapes in huge clusters Piled up profuse, Under the wine-press Spurting their juice. Seething and foaming, Wines gush into rills, O'er the enamelled stones
Rush from the hills, Broaden to lakes, that Reflect from their sheen Mountains and brakes, that

Are mantled in green. And birds of all feather, Pure rapture inhaling, Sunwards are sailing, Sailing together, On to the isles
That lie smiling and dreaming,
Where the bright billows
Are rippling and gleaning;
Where we see jocind bands
Dance on before as,
Over the meadow-lands
Shouting in chorns,
All in the free air
Every way rambling;
Some up the monntains
Climbing and serambling;
Some o'er the lakes and seas
Floating and swimming,
Others upon the breeze
Flying and skimming;
All to the sources
Of life pressing onward, Flushed by the forces
That carry them sunward;
On to the measureless
Spaces above them, On where the stars bless
The spirits that love them.

## MEPHISTOPIIELES.

He sleeps! Well done, ye little airy sprites! You've fairly lullabied his wits to sleep: I'm in your delt for these melodions sleights. Thou'rt not the man, at least not yet, to keep The devil in thy clutch. Aromid him play
With soothing visious from the realm of dream:

Across his brain let wild illusions stray, And fool his fancy with their meteor gleam! Ha! tooth of rat, methinks, would serve me well, To break me up this threshold's spell. No need of lengthened conjuration. Hark! There rustles one my voice will quickly mark!

The master of the rats and mice, Of flies, and frogs, and bugs, and lice, Commands you straightway to appear, And nibble at this threshold here, Where now he smears it o'er with oil. Ha! Here you are! Now, to your toil! The point that kept me back lies there Just in the front, beside the stair. One nibble more, your task's complete! Now, Faustus, now dream on till next we meet.

## FAUST (awaking).

AmI again befooled? Vanish they so, The throng of spirits that my fancy shaped?
Was then the fiend a dream, a lying show, And that a poodle which but now escaped?

## ACT II.

> Scene I. - Faust's Study.

> Faust, Mephistopheles.

FAUST.
A knock? Come in! Again my quiet broken?
MEPHISTOPHELES.

## 'Tis I.

FAUST.

## Come in!

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Thrice must the words be spoken.

## FAUST.

Come in, then !

> MEPHSTOPHELES (entering).
> So! That jok's discussed.

We shall be firmer frients, I trust; For, to dispel your fancies grim, Behold me here, a springall trim, In jerkin red, and laced with gold, A cape of stiffest silk, a bold Cock-feather in my cap; and see!
A long sharp rapier to boot!
Now, prithee, be alvised by me, And get just such another suit; So, casting every trammel loose, You'll learn what life is, and its use.

## FAUST.

In every dress I'm sure to feel the dire Constraints of earthly life severely: I am too old to trifle merely, Too young to be without desire. What from the world have I to gain? "Thou shalt refrain! Thon shalt refrain!" This is the everlasting song That's hummed and troned in every ear, Which every hour, wur whole life long, Is croaked to us in catence drear. I wake each moming in despair, And bitter tears could weep, to see the sun

Dawn on the day, that in its round will ne'er Accomplish one poor wish of mine, not one; Yea, that with froward captiousness impairs Each joy, of which I've dreamt, of half its zest, And with life's thousand mean and paltry cares Clogs the creations of my busy breast. And when at evening's weary close I lay me down in anguish on my bed, There, even there, for me is no repose, Scared as I am by visions wild and dread. The god, who in my breast abides, Through all its depths can stir my soul, My every faculty he sways and guides, Yet can he not what lies without control. And thus by life, as by a load, oppressed, I long for death, existence I detest.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

And yet death never is a wholly welcome guest!

## FAUST.

Oh, happy he around whose brows he winds In victory's glorious hour the blood-stained bays, Whom on the bosom of his girl he finds, Warm from the dance's wild and maddening maze! Oh, had it been, 'neath that high spirit's might, My fate, while tranced in bliss, in death to sink !

## MEPIISTOPHELES.

Yet was there one, who on a certain night A certain dark-brown mixture feared to drink.

## FAUST.

You have a taste, it seems, for playing spy.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Omniscient, no! Still few things 'scape my eye.

## FACsT.

If, when my brain was racked and reeling,
A sweet and old familiar clime
Beguiled my all of childish feeling
With memories of a happier time,
Now do I curse whate'er duth pen
With wizard coil these souls of ours,
And chains them to this dreary den
With cozening and deceitful powers.
And chief be curst the proud conceit,
Which girds our minds as with a fence;
Curst be the semblances that cheat,
And play and palter with our sense!
Curst be the false and flattering dream
Of fame - a name leyond the grave,
Curst all that ours we fondly deem,
As wife and child, as plough and slave!
Be Mammon curst, when he with pelf
Inspires to deeds were else renown,
When he, to sot and pamper self,
Makes silken smooth our couch of down!
On wine's balsamic juice a curse,
A curse on love's cestatic thrall,
A curse on hope, on faith, and worse
On patience be my eurse than all!
Chorus of Invisible Spirits.
Woe, woe!
Thus hast laid it low, The beautiful world, With merciless blow: It totters, it crumblos, it tumbles abroad, Shattered and crushed by a demigod.

We trail<br>The ruins to chaos away, And wail<br>The beauty that's lost, well-a-day!<br>Of the children of clay,<br>Thou mighty one, thou, Fairer, more glorious, now Build it once more, Within thine own bosom build it up! Here A new life-career With quickened sense Commence! And songs, unheard before, Shall chime upon thine ear!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

These my tiny spirits be. Hark, with what sagacity They advise thee to pursue Action, pleasure ever new! Out into the world so fair They would Iure and lead thee hence, From this lonely chamber, where Stagnate life and soul and sense.

No longer trifle with the wretchedness, That, like a vulture, gnaws your life away!
The worst society will teach you this, You are a man 'mongst men, and feel as they. Yet 'tis not meant, I pray you, see, To thrust you 'mong the rabble rout; I'm none of your great folks, no doubt, But if, in fellowship with me, To range through life you are content, I will most cheerfully consent

To be your own upon the spot.
I am your chmm. Yon'l rather not? Well! If your scruples it will save, I am your servant, yea, your slave!

FALST.
And in return what must I do for you?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Oh, time enough to talk of that!

FAUST.

## Nay, nay!

The devil's selfish - is and was alway And is not like for mere God's sake to do
A liberal turn to any child of clay.
Out with the terms, and plainly! Such as thou
Are dangerous servants in a house, I trow.

## MEPIISTOPHELES.

I bind myself to serve you here, - to do Your bidding promptly, whatsoe'er it be, And, when we come together yonder, you Are then to do the same for me.

## FAUST.

I prize that youder at a rush !
Only this world to atoms crush,
And then that other may arise!
From earth my every pleasure flows,
Yon Sun looks down mpon my woes;
Let me but part myself from those, Then come what may, in any suise!
To idle prate I'll close mine ears,
If we hereafter hate or lowe,

Or if there be in yonder spheres, As here, an Under and Above!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

You're in the proper mood to venture! Bind Yourself, and pleasure in my sleights you'll find, While this life lasts. I'll give you more Than eye of man hath ever seen before.

FAUST.
What wilt thou give, thou sorry devil? When Were the aspiring souls of men Fathomed by such a thing as thee? Oh, thou hast food that satisfieth never, Gold, ruddy gold thou hast, that restlessly Slips, like quicksilver, through the hand for ever; A game, where we must losers be; A girl, that, on my very breast, My neighbour woos with smile and wink; Fame's rapturous flash of godlike zest, That, meteor-like, is doomed to sink.
Show me the fruit that, ere 'tis plucked, doth rot, And trees that every day grow green anew !

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Such task as this affrights me not.
I have such treasures at command for you. But, my good friend, the time draws nigh When we may banquet on the best in peace!

## FAUST.

If e'er at peace on sluggard's couch I lie, Then may my life upon the instant cease ! Cheat thou me ever by thy glozing wile, So that I cease to scorn myself, or e'er

My senses with a perfect joy begnile, Then be that day my last! I offer fair, How say'st thou?

MEPHISTOPHFLES.
Done:

FAUST.
My hand upon it! There!
If to the passing moment e'er I say, "Oh, linger yet, thon art so fair!' Then cast me into chains you may, Then will I die without a care! Then may the death-bell sound its call, Then art thou from thy service free, The clock may stand, the index fall, And time and tide may cease for me!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Think well ; we sha'n't forget the terms you name.

## FAUST.

Your perfect right I must allow.
Not rashly to the pact I came.
I am a slave as 1 am now;
Yours or another's, 'tis to me the same!

## MEPMISTOPIIELES.

Then at the Doctors' feast this very day Will I my post, as your attemdant, take. Just one thing more! To ghard against mistake, Oblige me with a line or two, 1 pray.

## FAUST.

Pedant, must thou have writing, too ?
Hast thou no true man, or man's promise, known?
Is not my word of mouth enough for you,
To pledge my days for all eternity?
Does not the universe go raving on, In all its ever-eddying currents, free To pass from change to change, and I alone, Shall a mere promise curb or fetter me?
Yet doth man's heart so hug the dear deceit, Who would its hold without a pang undo?
Blest he, whose soul is with pure truth replete, No sacrifice shall ever make him rue.
But, oh, your stamped and scribbled parchment sheet A spectre is, which all men shrink to view.
The word dies ere it quits the pen, And wax and sheepskin lord it then. What would you have, spirit of ill!
Brass, marble, parchment, paper? - Say, Am I to write with pen, or style, or graver? I care not - choose whiche'er you will.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Why throw your eloquence away, Or give it such a very pungent savour ? Pshaw! Any scrap will do - 'tis quite the same With the least drop of blood just sign your name.

FAUST.
If that will make you happy, why, a claim So very whimsical I'll freely favour.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Blood is a juice of quite peculiar kind.

## faUst.

Fear not that I the compact will evade : My life's whole struggle, heart and mind, Chimes with the promise I have made. Too high I've soared - too proudly dreamt, I'm only peer for such as thee; The Mighty Spirit spurns me with contempt, And Nature veils her face from me.
Thought's chain is suapt ; - for many a day I've loathed all knowledge every way.
So quench we now our passion's fires
In sense and sensual delights,
Unveil all hidden magic sleights,
To minister to our desires !
Let us plunge in the torrent of time, and range Through the weltering chaos of chance and change,
Then pleasure and pain, disaster and gain, May course one another adown my brain. Change and excitement may work as they can, Rest there is none for the spirit of man.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

To you is set nor goal nor stint.
If you'd sip the sweetest of everything, And hawk at pleasure upon the wing, Much joy, I'm sure, I wish you in't. Only fall to, and don't be coy.

## FAUST.

Again I say, my thoughts are not of joy. I devote myself to the whirl and roar, To the bliss that throbs with a pulse like pain, To the hate that we dote on and fondle o'er, The defeat that inspirits both nerves and brain. Of its passion for knowledge cured, my soul

Henceforth shall expand to all forms of woe. And all that is all human nature's dole In my heart of hearts I shall feel and know;
With highest, lowest, in spirit I shall cope;
Pile on my breast their joys, their griefs, their cares,
So all men's souls shall come within my scope,
And mine at last go down a wreck like theirs.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Oh, trust to me, who have through many a year
On this tough morsel chewed the cud,
That from the cradle to the bier
No man of mortal flesh and blood
Hath e'er cligested the old leaven.
Trust one of us, this whole so vast
Is only for the God of Heaven!
In everlasting radiance He is glassed, Us hath He into outer darkness cast, And you, you mortals, ouly may
See day succeed to night, and night to day.

## FAUST.

Nay, but I will.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

That's well enough to say;
Only I don't quite see my way.
Art's long, time short. You'd best permit
Yourself to be advised a bit.
Club with a poet; soaring free, Let him the realm of fancy sweep, And every noble quality Upon your honoured forehead heap;
The lion's magnanimity,
The fleetness of the hind,

The fiery blood of Italy,
The Northern's constant mind.
Let him for yom the art divine, High ains with coming tw combine, And, with young hlowit at fever full, To love on system and he rule. A gentleman of such a kind I should myself be glat to tind, And, 'sooth, by me so rare a wight Should be Sir Microcosmus light.

## Facost.

What am I, then, if never by no art The crown of mortal nature may be gained, For which our every energy is strained?

## MEAMISTOPHELES.

Thou art, when all's done, what thou art. A periwig with countless ringlets buy, Array thy feet in socks a culit high, Still, still thou wilt remain just what thou art.

## FAUST.

'Tis true, I feel! In vain have I amassed Within me all the treasnres of man's mind, And when I pause, and sit me down at last, No new power welling inwardly l find; A hairbreadth is not added to my height. I am no nearer to the Infinite.

## MEPHISTOPHELER

Good sir, you view these matters just As any common mortal would; But take a higher strain we must, Nor let life's joys our wrasp elude.

Why, what the deuce: Sure, foot and hand, And blood and brain are yours! And what I can enjoy, control, command, Is it the less my own for that? If I for horses six can pay, Their powers are added to my store; A proper man I dash away, As though I had legs twenty-four. Up, then, no more a dreamer be, But forth into the world with me! I tell you what, your speculating wretch Is like a beast upon a barren waste, Round, ever round, by an ill spirit chased, Whilst all about him fair green pastures stretch.

## FAUST.

But how begin?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

We start at once.
Ugh! what a place of torture dire! Call you this life - yourself to tire, And some few youngsters, each a dunce? Leave that to neighbour Paunch to do. Why plague yourself with threshing straw? What's best of all that's known to you, You dare not tell these striplings raw. I hear one now upon the stair.

## FAUST.

I cannot see him.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Long and late, Poor boy, he's waited. In despair

We must not seml him from the gate. Give me your (ap) and gown: the mask, You'll see, will tit me to a hair.
[Chunges his dress.
Now leave all to my wit. I ask
But fifteen minutes. (in now! There:
And for our pleasimt trip prepare. [Enit Faust.

## mephistorfieles ( pitting on Falst's gown).

Only scom reason, knowledge, all that can
Give strength, or might, or dignity to man,
And let thyself be only more and more
Besotted by the spirit of lies
With faith in necromantic lore, Its shams, delusious, sorceries, And thou art mine beyond recall!Fate to this man a soml has given
That brooks not to be held in thrall, But onward evermore is driven, And, on its own mad fancies bent, In earth's delights finds no content. Him will I drag through all the fires Of passions, appetites, desires, Through all the dull ummeaning round Of man and woman, sight and sound. Oh, he shall sprawl, be stumned, stick fast
In sheer bewihderment at last.
His longings infinite to whet,
Dainties and drink shall dance before
His fevered lips; nor shall he get
The peace he'll pray for evermore.
Here aud hereafter such as he
Are marked for doom; and even although
He had not sold himself to me,
He must perforce have come to woe.

## Enter a Student.

## STUDENT.

To town quite recently I came, And make it, sir, my earliest care To see and talk with one whose name Is named with reverence everywhere.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

You're too polite! A man you see, Like scores of other men, in me. Elsewhere have you not found your way?

## STUDENT.

Take me in hand, oh, do, sir, pray ! I've every wish, nay, have, in truth, A very passion, to be taught, Some money, too, and health and youth; My mother scarcely could be brought To part with me; but come I would, To learn whate'er 'tis best I should.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
If such be really the case, You've come to just the proper place.

STUDENT.
Yet I, the honest truth to say, Already wish myself away!
These walls and lecture-rooms I find By no means of a pleasant kind. All is so close, so cramped, so mean, No trees, nor anything that's greeu, Mewed up in them, my spirits sink; I neither hear, nor see, nor think.

## MEPHASTOPHELES.

Habit alone cures that. Just so
The child at first will not, you know, Take kindly to its mother's breast, But soon it suckles there with zest. Even thas at wisdom's heast will you Each day find pleasure ever new.

## STUDENT.

Upon her neck I'll hang with joy; the way To clamber there, do you, sir, only say.

## MEPHISTOPIELES.

Ere you go further, say, on which Of all the faculties your fancies pitch.

## STUDENT.

Sir, my ambition is to be
A scholar widely read and sound, All things on earth, in heaven, or sea, To grasp with comprehensive view, In short, to master all the romed Of science and of nature too.

## MEPIISTOIIIELES.

You're on the right track; only don't Get scatter-brained in the pursuit.

## STUDENT.

Oh, never fear, sir ; - that I won't. Body and soul I'll buckle tw't. Yet should I like unon oceasion
Some freelom, some small relaxation,

When skies are bright, and fields are gay, Upon a summer's holiday.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Use well your time, - so fast it flies; Yet Method teaches, in what wise Of time itself you may make prize. And, first and foremost to that end, I counsel you, my dear young friend, A course of Logic to attend. Your mind will then be so well braced, In Spanish boots so tightly laced, That henceforth, by discretion taught, 'Twill creep along the path of thought, And not, with all the winds that blow, Go Will-o'-Wisping to and fro.
Then many a good day will be spent
In teaching that the things you used
To knock off at a stroke, with just
As little thought or pains as went To eating or to drinking, must
Be by First! Second! Third! produced.
The web of thought, we may assume,
Is like some triumph of the loom,
Where one small simple treddle starts
A thousand threads to motion, - where
The flying shuttle shoots and darts, Now over here, now under there.
We look, but see not how, so fast
Thread blends with thread, and twines, and mixes,
When lo: one single stroke at last
The thousand combinations fixes;
In steps me then Philosophy, and proves
That, being set in certain grooves, Things which have passed before your eyes
Could by no chance be otherwise.

The First was so, the Second so, Ergo the Third and Fourth ensued; But given no First nor second, no Third, yea, nor Fourth had been or could. Scholars in matters of this kind Are everywhere profound believers, Yet none of them, that I can find, Have sigualised themselves as weavers.
He that would study and portray
A living creature, thinks it fit
To start with finding out the way To drive the spirit out of it. This done, he holds within his hand The pieces to be named and stated, But, ah! the spinit-tie, that spanned And knit them, has evaporated. This process chemic science pleases To call Nature Encheiresis, And, in the very doing so, it
Makes of itself a mock, and does not know it.

## STUDENT.

I don't entirely comprehend.

MEPHISTOPIIELES.
In that respect you'll quickly mend, When once you learn with true insight To classify all things aright.

## STUDENT.

I'm so perplexed with what you've said, That just for all the world I feel As if some clattering mill-wheel Were turning, turning in my head.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Before all other studies you Must Metaphysics next pursue. There see that you profoundly scan What ne'er was meant for brain of man; Be thought or no thought in your head, Fine phrases there will do instead: And mind, that this half-year in all You do you're most methodical. Five hours of lecture daily ; so Be in your seat right to the minute! Prepare the subject ere you go, Be thoroughly well read up in it. Thus see that the professor's stating No more than all the text-books show; Yet still write down each word, as though He were the Holy Ghost dictating.

STUDENT.
No need to say that to me twice. I see 'tis excellent advice; For we take home, and study, quite At ease, what's down in black and white.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

But choose some Faculty.

## STUDENT.

At the mere name
Of Jurisprudence I rebel.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
In that, I own, you're not so much to blame, For what that science is, I know full well.

Laws are transmitterl, as whe sees,
Just like inherited disease.
They're handed down from race to race,
And noiseless glide from plue w place.
Reason they turn to monsense; worse,
They make bencticence a curse !
Ah me: That you're a gramelson you,
As long as you're alive, shall rue.
The law which is within us placed
At birth, unhappily about
Thut law there's never any doubt.

## student.

Your words have heightened my distaste.
Oh, the fortunate man whom you Vouchsafe to give instruction to !
I almost think Theology
Would be the study best for me.

MEPIISTOPHELES.
I should not wish, friend, to mislead you;
Yet in that branch of lore, indeed, you
Will find it hard to keep away
From paths that carry far astray.
In it so much hid poison lies
Which you may fail to recoguise,
Nay, will most prohably confound
With the true medicine around.
But here again one rule is clear ;
To one, and but one guide, give ear, Take all his words as grepel in, And swear by them through thick and thin.
As a broad principle, hwld on
By words, words, words: So you, anon,
Through their unfailing doors the fane
Of perfect certainty will gain.

## STUDENT.

But surely, sir, a meaning should
In words be always understood?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

No doubt, no doubt! Yet 'twere absurd Upon that point to feel too much concern ;
Since just where meaning fails, a word
Comes patly in to serve your turn.
Words, my young friend, - why, nothing suits
So well as matter for disputes;
With words your systems you can weave in,
Words are such fine things to believe in,
And from a word no jot or tittle
Can be abstracted, much or little.

## STUDENT.

I fear my numerous questions tease you;
Yet once more I must trouble you.
On Medicine I would fain, so please you, Receive a pregnant word or two.
Three years, they slip away so fast, And, heavens! the field is quite too vast.
Still with a hint a man may hope
His way with more success to grope.

## MEPhistopheles (aside).

This prosing bores me. I must play
The devil now in my own way.
(Aloud) Well, any simpleton may seize
The soul of Medicine with ease -
You simply study through and through
The world of man and nature too,
To end with leaving things to God,
To make or mar them. 'Tis in vain

That you go mooning all abroad, Pieking up science grain by grain : Each man learns unly what he can. But he that has the gift and power To profit by the passing hour, He is your proper man :
You're not ill built, - will, I conceive, Show mettle on oceasion due; If you but in yourself believe, Others will then believe in you. Especially be sure to find The way to manage the womenkind. Their everlasting Ohs! and Ahs! Of this be sure, Whate'er their fashion or their cause, All from one point admit of cure. With air respectful and demure Approach as they advance, and, mum! You have them all beneath your thumb. But a degree must first instil Conviction in them, that your skill Surpasses other people's; then At once they make you free of all Those tête-î-tête endearments small, Years searce secure for other men: The little pulse adroitly squceze, With looks on fire with passion seize And boldly elasp the tapering waist, To see if it be tightly laced.

## STUDENT.

Oh, that is much more in my way!
One sees at least the where and how.

## MEPHISTOPIIELES.

Dear friend, all theory is gray, Aud green life's golden tree.

# I vow, <br> I'm like one in a dream. Might I <br> Intrude on you some other time, to hear Your wisdom make the grounds of all this clear? 

## MEPIIISTOPHELES.

So far as I can serve you, I will try.

STUDENT.
I cannot tear myself away, Let me before you, sir, my album lay; Some small memorial of your favour, pray?
mephistopieles.
With all my heart. [Writes and returns the book.
STUDENT (reads).
Eritis sieut Deus, seientes bonum et malum.
[Closes it reverentially, and retires.
MEPHISTOPHELES.
Take for your law the ancient saw, and that cousin of mine, the snake.
And, with that likeness of yours to God, your heart is like to break.

> FAUST (entering).

And now where shall we go ?

## MEPHISTOPIIELES.

You've but to name
What place you choose, - to me 'tis quite the same.

Suppose we see the small folk first, And then upon the great ones hurst.
With what delight, what portit, too, You'll revel the pleasant circuit through !
FAC'sT.

But with my long beard can I face
Society? I want the grace.
The easy, smooth, and ${ }^{\text {mlinhed air, }}$ That of a man's expected there. Nor could I learn it, if I would. Adapt myself I never could To what the world demands of all. And in a crowd I feel sus small, 'Tis certain I shall always be Embarrassed when in company.

## MEPMISTOPIIELES.

All that will come in time. Be self-possessed! In that one word is life's whole art expressed.

## FALST.

But how are we to travel? Where Are horses, servants, carriage, pray?

MEPHINTOPHFLES.
This cloak out so we've but to lay, And 'twill transport us through the air. In this bold trip no need to cumber Yourself with luggage and such lumber. A little gas, which I've at hancl, Will waft us straight o'er sea and land, And, as we travel lighty, low, On at a rattling pace well spin.

I wish you joy, friend, of the new Career of life you now begin.

Scene II. - Auerbach's Cellar at Leipzig.
A Drinking Party of Boon Companions.
FROSCH.
Will nobody drink? Is there never a joke Among you, or bit of fun to poke? At other times you can blaze away; But egad! you're all like damp straw to-day. BRANDER.
Your fault! You do nothing to make us jolly, No beastliness, no stupid folly.

FROSCH (flings a glass of wine at his head). There's both for you!

> BRANDER.

## Brute! Beast!

FROSCH.
You sought it,
My lad of wax, and now you've caught it!

## SIEBEL.

Any fellow that quarrels, kick him out! Come, clear your throats, boys, swill and shout. Hip, hip, huzza!

## ALTMAYER.

I'm lost! Oh dear!
Some cotton! This rowdy splits my ear!

## SIEBEL.

Until the vaults with the echo reel, The strength of the bass you never feel.

## Froscif.

Right! Those that don't like it needn't stay ! Ah, tara, lara, da!

ALTMAYER.
Ah, tara, lara, da !

## Froscif.

Our throats are tuned up, so fire away !
(Sinys.)

The dear old Roman Empire, how Does it mauage to hang tugether?

## BRANDER.

A filthy song! A political song! Fie, fie!
A most offensive song, say I.
Thank God each morning you have not
To care for that same Roman Empire got.
I hold it a thing to be grateful for,
That I'm neither Kaiser nor Chancellor.
Still, we should have a chief, and may, I hope.
We will, we shall, we must elect a Pope !
I need not tell you, for you're all aware, What qualities weigh heaviest there, And lift a man into the chair.

$$
\text { Frosch }(\operatorname{sing}) \text {. }
$$

Fly away, fly away, Lady Nightingale, Over the mountain, and over the dale:

Fly to my sweetheart out over the sea, And greet her a thousand times from me.

## SIEBEL.

No greetings, ho, to sweetings ! 'Tis exceedingly improper !

FROSCH.
I will greet her, kiss her, treat her! You sha'n't put on me a stopper.

## (Sinys.)

Undo the bolts at dead of night, And let the lad that loves you in, But in the gray of the morning light Bar him without, and yourself within!

## SIEBEL.

Sing on! Our ears with her perfections din! My time will come to langh, when you look blue. She led me a fool's dance, and so she will lead you. I'd give her for a lover a hobgoblin, To toy with her on crossroads in the dark; An old buck-goat, back from the Blocksberg hobbling, Might tickle her up in passing for a lark!
The blood and bone of any stout young blade Are much too grood for such an arrant jade. No, no, the only greeting I will hear of Is smashing all the gipsy's windows clear off.

## BRANDER (striking the table).

Silence! Silence! To me give ear! You'll admit that I know what's what. We have some love-sick spoonies here, And I must treat them to something pat.

And like to enliven their dolefnl cheer. Of the very last fashion is my strain. Full chorus, mind, for the sefrain!
(Sinys.)

Once in a cellar there lived a rat, His paunch it grew a thmmper, For he lived on mothing but butter and fat, Not Luther's self was plumper.
The cook laid poison for him one day, And he fell into a terrible way,

As if love's tortures twinged him!

CIIORUS.
As if love's tortures twinged him!
And he ran out, and romid about,
And he could not think what ailer him,
And he scratched, and clawed, and nibhed, and gnawed,
But his fury nought availed him;
He felt the pain shoot from head to foot, 'Twas soon all up with him, peor hrute,

As if love's tortures twinged him!

## CHORUS.

As if love's tortures twinged him!
In pain, in dismay, in broad noonday,
He dashed into the kitchen, Fell down on the hearth, and there he lay,

Convulsed with a woful twitching;
But the eook she laughent, when his pain she spied, "Ha! ha! He's at his last gatp!" she cried, As if love's tortures twinged him!

## CHORUS.

As if love's tortures twinged him!

## SIEBEL

How easy it is to tickle flats !
To lay down poison for poor rats
Is wit of such a spicy flavour!

BRANDER.
No doubt they stand high in your favour.

## ALTMAYER.

Fatguts is down in his luck, - 'tis that Makes him soft-hearted and dejected; Poor devil, he sees in the bloated rat The image of himself reflected.

> Enter Faust and Mephistopheles.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Before all things I must bring you to A circle of jolly dogs, that you May see how lightly life can sit. Every day is a feast with such Hard-drinking fellows as these. With much Self-satisfaction and little wit, Day after day, they may all be found, Spinning along the same narrow round, Like a young kitten pursuing its tail. So long as their heads don't ache or ail, And with mine host they can score their way, No care or misgiving at all have they.

## BRANDER.

Strangers, and just arrivel, that's clear, Their cut and deportment are so queer:
Not been an hour in town, I'll swear.

## Froscll.

For once you're right, whl fellow, there. Leipzig for ever! 'Tis Paris in small! It gives us a style, sir, a style to us all.

SIEBEL.
For what do you these strangers take?

## FROSCH.

Just leave them to me. In a brace of shakes Out of these fellows I'll worm the truth, As easy as draw you a young child's tooth. Noblemen I should say they were, They've such a haughty dissatisfied air.

## BRANDER.

Mountebanks! That's about their level!

## ALTMAYER.

## Perhaps:

FROSCH.
I'll trot them. Pray you, note!
MEPIIISTOPHELES (to FACST).

These scum would never surmise the devil, Although he had them by the throat:

## FAUST.

Your servant, sirs !
SIEBEL.
The same to you!
[Aside, lookiny askance at Mephistopheles. Limps on one foot? So queerly, too!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Beside you have we leave our chairs to set?
Instead of good drink, then, which here we cannot get, We shall have your good company for cheer.

## ALTMAYER.

You're mighty hard to please, it would appear !

FROSCH.
Just fresh from Rippach, ain't you? I daresay, You supped, now, with Squire Hans, upon the way?

MEPHISTOPHELES.
To-day we galloped past his door ;
But had much talk with him, the time before, About his cousins here ; and he presents To each of you through us his special compliments.
[Bowing toward Frosch.

ALTMAYER (aside).
That's home! A knowing dog!

SIEBEL.
A biting wit!

FROSCLI.
I'll serve him out, you'll see. Just wait a bit!

MEPHISTOPMELES.
Did we not hear - I can't be wrong -Well-practised voices chanting chorus? No doubt the vaulted eciling v'er us
Must echo rarely to a sung.

Froscir.
You are a comnoisseur of some pretence?

MEPHISTOPHFLES.
Oh, no! My powers are weak, my love immense

## ALTMAYER.

Tip us a stave !
MEPHISTOPHELES.
A score, if you incline.

SIEBEL.
Brand new, then, let it be, some jolly strain!

## MEPHISTOPIIELES.

We have quite recently returned from Spain, That beauteous land of song and wine.
(Sings.)
A king there was, be't noted, Who had a lusty thea.

FROSCH.
Mark him, a flea! You take the jest?
Now, by my faith, a royal guest!

## MEPHISTOPHELES (sings).

A king there was, be't noted, Who had a lusty flea, And on this flea he doted, And loved him tenderly. A message to the tailor goes, Swift came the man of stitches, "Ho, measure the youngster here for clothes, And measure him for breeches!"

## BRANDER.

Mind you impress on Snip to take Especial care about the fit, And, as he loves his head, to make The breeches without wrinkles sit.

MEPHISTOPHELES (resumes his song).
In silk and satin of the best
Soon was the flea arrayed there, Ribbons had he upon his breast,

Likewise a star displayed there;
Prime minister anon he grew,
With star of huge dimensions, And his kindred, male and female too, Got titles, rank, and pensions.

And lords and ladies, high and fair, Were grievously tormented;
Sore bitten the queen and her maidens were, But they did not dare resent it.

They even were afraid to scratch, Howe'er our fricuds might rack them,
But we without a scruple catch, And when we catch we crack them.

## chorus.

But we without a scruple catch, And when we catch, we crack them.

FROSCH.

## Bravo! First-rate!

SIEBEL.
So perish all
The race of fleas, both great and small.

BRANDER.
Catch me them daintily on the hip
Between the nail and the finger-tip!

## ALTMAYER.

Huzza for freedom! Huzza for wine!

MEPHISTOPHELES.
To pledge a bumper glass to freedom, I'd be glad, Were not this wine of yours so execrably bad.

Siebel.
Let's hear no more of that, Sir Superfine !

## MEPIISTOPHELES.

But that our host were apt to be offended, I'd give these worthy fellows here From our own cellar something splendid!

SIEBEL.
I'll make that square, so never fear.

FROSCH.
Make good your words, and you're a trump. The sample
I charge you, though, to make it ample, For, if I have to judge of tipple, I Must have a good mouthful to judge it by.

ALTMAYER (aside).
Soho! They're from the Rhine, I see.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

A gimlet here?

BRANDER.
For what, now, can that be?
You can't have got the hogsheads at the door?

ALTMAYER.
The landlord's tool-chest's youder on the floor.

MEPHISTOPHELES (taking the gimlet, to FROSCH).
Now say for which you have a mind.

FROSCH.
What! Have you them of every kind?

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Name each his choice, strong, sparkling, old, or heady

ALTMAYER (to FROSCH).
Aha! your lips are watering already.

## frosich.

Let it be Phenish, if I may command. For best of cheer I'll back old Fatherland.
mephistopheles (boring a hole in the cdge of the tuble where FROSCH is sitting).
A little wax to stop the hole! Quick, quick!

## altmayer (to Frosch).

Pshaw, this is palpably a juggler's trick!

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    mephistorheles (to branuer).
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And you?

## BRANDER.

Champagne, champagne for me, Creaming and sparkling cheerily:
[Mephistopheles bores; meanwhile one of the party has made stoppers of wax, and stopped the holes.

> BRANDER.

One can't always put foreign gear aside ; For grood things we have often far to go. French men no real German can abide, He drinks their wines without a scruple, though.
siebel (as mephistorheles approaehes him).
The sour, I own, I can't away with. Pure sweet, I'd like a glass of that.

MEPHISTOPIIELES (bores).
You shall, sir, have Tokay to play with.

ALTMAYER.
No, no, sir, no! I tell you what:
You're making game, you are, of us.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
That were somewhat too venturous With men of mark like you. You doubt it ? Quick! Tell me without more ado What wine I am to serve for you ?

## ALTMAYER.

Any! So that you don't stand haggling long about it! [After all the holes have been bored, and stoppers put into them.

MEPHISTOPHELES (with strange gestures).
Wine-grapes of the vine are born, Frout of he-goat sprouts with horn, Wine is juice, and vine-stocks wood, Wooden board yields wine as good! Here is truth for him that sees Into nature's mysteries ; Miracles when you receive, You have ouly to believe !

Now draw your stoppers, and fall to!
all (as they draw the stoppers, and the wine eaeh has selected runs into his glass).

Oh, fountain, beautiful to view !

## MEPIIISTOPHELES.

Be very careful. Drink your fill, But see that not a drop you spill!
[They drink repeatedly.
AlL ( $\operatorname{sing}$ ).
As savagely jolly are we, As any five hundred porkers!

MEPIIISTOPIIELES.
These sots from all restraint are freed, And so are blest, and blest indeed.

## FACST.

I'm sick of this, and would be gone.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Only a little moment stay ; You'll see a glorious display Of what mere beasts they are, anon.

SIEbEL (drinks carelessly ; wine is spilt on the ground and turns into tlame).
Help! Hell's broke loose ! We all are shent!
mephistopheles (adjuring the flame).
Be quiet, kindly element:
[To the topers.
This time 'twas nothing but a tiny spark Of purgatorial fire, not worth remark!

SIEBEL.
Just wait, and your cock's comb I'll mar. You do not know, it strikes me, who we are.

FROSCH.
His tricks a second time just let him try.

ALTMAYER.
Let's send him to the right-about, say I.

SIEBEL.
Confound you, coming to provoke us With playing off your hocus-pocus!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Silence, old vat !

SIEBEL.
You broomstick, you!
And so you'd fain be saucy, too?

BRANDER.
Wait, and I'll thrash you black and blue.
althayer (draws a stopper from the table; fire shoots out toward him).
I burn! I'm all on fire !

SIEBEL.
The wizard!
Down with him! Stick him through the gizzard!
[They draw their knices, and make a rush at Mephistopheles.
mephistopheles (with solcmn gesticulations).
Voices that delude the ear, Forms that mock the eye, appear !

Let the distant seem the near, Be ye there and be ye here:
['hey stand amazed und stare at euch other.

## ALTMAYER.

Where am I? What a lovely land!

## FROSCH.

Vineyards! How strange!

## SIEBEL.

And grapes that court the hand!

## BRANIDER.

Here, under these green leaves by me, See, what a stem! What branches, see!
[Seizes Siebel by the nose. The rest do the same with cach other, and brandish their linives.
mephistopheles (us liffore).
Phantoms of delusion, rise, Lift the bandage from their eyes! And take note, ye swinish soaks, In what wise the devil jukes:
[He disuppears with Faust. The topers recuil from one another.
SIEBEL.

What's this?

## ALTMAYER.

How's this?

FROSCH.
Was that your nose?
BRANDER (to SIEBEL).
On yours, too, see, my fingers close!

ALTMAYER.
It sent a shock through all my limbs! A chair! I'm falling! My head swims!

## FROSCH.

What ails you all?

SIEBEL.
Where is he? Where?
Let me but catch the knave, he dies, I swear.

## ALTMAYER.

Out of the cellar-door, astride A huge wine-tun, I saw him ride. I feel like lead about the feet.
[Turning toward the table.
Zounds! Should the wine be running yet!

SIEBEL.
'Twas all a sham, a trick, a cheat!

FROSCH.
Yet, that it was wine, I would bet.
brander.
But how about the grapes?

ALTMAYER.
Well, after that, Doubt miracles who may, I won't, that's flat.

Scene III. - Witehes' Kitchen.
A large caldron suspended above the fire upon a low hearth. Through the fumes that ascend from it various figures are visible. A femule ape sits beside the caldron slimminy it, and uratrhing that it does not boil over. The male "pe with the young ones sits near her, and warms himself. Walls and eeiling are decorated with witches' furniture of the most funtastic kind.

Faust, Mepinstopheles.

## FACDST.

I loathe this wizard rubbish. You maintain
That in this chaos of a crazy brain
I shall my wasted strength repair?
Take counsel of an aged hag? Oh, shame!
Can the foul mess that simmers there
Strike thirty winters from my frame?
If you know nothing better, I despair!
Already do I feel, to hope were vain.
Hath nature, hath some soul of noble strain,
Discovered no elixir anywhere?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Now with your old sagacity you speak! There is a natural recipe for youth; but you For that must in another volume seek, And there it makes a striking chapter, too!

FAUST.
What is its nature? Tell me, what?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Look you! A remedy, to be got
Sans sorcery, gold, or medicine.
Hence to the fields at once: Begin
To hack and delve with might and main, Yourself and your clesires confine Within the very narrowest line ; On simple food yourself sustain, With beasts live as a beast, and think it not a bore Yourself to dung the field you are to reap. This, trust me, is the best of ways to keep The fire of youth within you to fourscore.

## FAUST.

I am not used to toil, and 'tis too late to force Myself to wield the spade. A life so bare, So cramped, would drive me to despair.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Then is the witch our sole resource.

## FAUST.

But why this beldam? Cannot you Without her aid the potion brew?

MEPHISTOPHELES.
That were fine waste of time. Go to ! Rather would I a thousand bridges build, Within the time 'twould take to brew it. No matter how you may be skilled,

You must give tireless patience to it.
A quiet spirit works at it for years ;
Time, only time, the fermentation clears, And concentrates its subtle force.
All the ingredients of the stew
Are wondrous in their kind and source.
The devil taught the witeh, 'tis true, But, make it, that he cannot du.
[Turning to the Apes.
A handsome brood as ever was:
This is the lad, and this the lass. [To the Apes.
The dame is not at home, it seems?

> THE AI'ES.

She takes her 'rouse
Outside the house,
Up by the chimney among the beams.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

And how long is she apt to stay,
When she is out for such a cause?

APES.
We just have time to warm our paws, And nothing more, while she's away.
mephistopheles (to far'st).
How like you them, the dainty brutes?
FAUST.

Such loathsome creatures have I never seen.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Nay, nay! A chat like this, I ween, Is just the thing that best my fancy suits! [To the Apes.
Tell me, ye whelps accurst, what you Are stirring there at such a rate?

APES.
Coarse beggar's broth we boil and stew.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Your custom for it will be great.

THE HE-APE (approaching and fawning upon MEPHISTOPHELES).
Tarry not, but in a trice Shake the box, and fling the dice! I am poor, so let me win; Poverty is such a sin ; But, if money once I had, Who would say that I was mad?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

How happy, now, it would the monkey make, If in the lottery he might only stake!
[The young Apes, who have meanwhile been playing with a large globe, roll it forwards.

THE HE-APE.
This is the world, Evermore twirled Round about, round about, Destined to bound about!

Mounting and sinking, Like crystal clinking; Smashing like winking Certain to follow:
All within hollow. Here tis all o'er bright, Here even more bright!
So jolly am I :
Out of the way, Old boy: Tuach it not: You're booked, you must die!
'Tis nothing but clay, And that goes to pot:

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

For what is the sieve here?
HE-APE (takes it down).

Came you to thieve here, Straight 'twould show me why you came.
[Runs to the She-Ape, and makes her look through it.
Through the sieve look, look: Dost thou
Recognise the thief, and now
Art afraid to name his name?

> mephistopheles (approaches the fire).

And this pot?
the apes (male and female).
The crack-brained sot, He knows not the pot.
He knows not the kettle:

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Unmannerly brute:

> THE HE-APE.

Look ye now, put
This whisk in your hand, and sit down on the settle. [Fotces Mepiistopieles to sit down.
faUst (who has, meanwhile, been standing before a mirror, now advancing toward, and now retiring from, it).
What form divine is this, that seems to live
Within the magic glass before mine eyes!
Oh, love, to me thy swiftest pinion give,
And waft me to the region where she lies!
Oh, if I stir beyond this spot, and dare
Advance to scan it with a nearer gaze, The vision fades and dies as in a haze.
A woman's form beyond expression fair!
Can woman be so fair? Or must I deem
In this recumbent form I see revealed
The quintessence of all that heaven can yield ?
On earth can aught be found of beanty so supreme?

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Why, when a God works hard for six whole days, And when his task is over, says, "Bravo!" That he should turn out something to amaze, Is nothing more than natural, you know. Gaze on your fill! As choice a treasure My power for you can soon provide; And happy he beyond all measure,
Who has the luck to bear home such a bride!
[Faust contimues to gaze into the mirror. Mephistopheles, lounging on the settle, and playing with the whisk, continues.

Here like a king upon my throne I sit, My sceptre here! My erown, though, where is it?
the apes (who up to this time lowe bren indulging in all sorts of funtustic: gembuls, hring mernistophELES a crown with lond ucdlamations).

O, deign, with a flood Of sweat and of hood, The erown to belime:
[They hemalle the crown aukwormly, and breaki it into two pieces, with which they dance round and round.
'Tis done! He! He!
We speak and we see, We hear and we rhyme.

FAUST (before the mirror).
Woe's me! As though I should go mad, I feel!
mephistopifles (pointing to the Apes).
Why, even my liead, too, begins to reel.
the apes.
And if we make a lucky hit, And if the words fall in and fit, Thought's begot, and with the jingle Seems to interweave and mingle.
FAUST (as biffore).

My breast is all on fire! Let us away! Even now 'tis for my peace two late.
mephistopheles (still in the same position).
Well, every one must own that they
Are candid poeis, at any rate.
[The culdron, which the She-Ape has neglected in the interim, begins to boil over; a great flame shoots out and rushes up the chimney. The Witch comes shooting down the chimney with a horrible shiek.

## THE WITCH.

Au! Au! Au! Au!
Confounded beast! Accursèd sow!
Neglecting the caldron and singeing your dame, you
Beast accursèd, I'll brain you, I'll lame you!
[Espying Faust and Mephistopheles.
What do I see here?
Who may you be here?
What do you seek here?
How did you sueak here?
May fire-pangs fierce Your marrow pierce!
[She dips the skimming ladle into the caldron, and sprinkles ftames on Faust, Mephistopheles, and the Apes. The Apes whimper.
mephistopirles (inverting the whisk, which he holds in his hand, and laying about with it among the glasses and pots).

To smash! To smash, With all your trash!
There goes your stew, There goes your glass ! You see, we too Our jest can pass! You carrion, we Can match your feat ${ }^{\prime}$

Good time, you see, To your tune we beat!
[As the Witcu recoils full of rage and amazement.
Dost thou recognise me now?
Scarecrow! Atomy! Dost thou
Recognise thy lord and master?
What holds my hand, that I should not blast her?
Her and her monkey-sprites together?
Is all respect within thee dead
For me and for my dumblet red?
Dost recognise not the cock's feather?
Have I so masked my face? My name
Must I on the house-tops proclaim?

## THE WITCH.

Master, forgive my rough salute !
But yet I see no cluven foot:
And where may your two ravens be?

## MEPIISTOPIIELES.

For this time that apology
May pass; for 'tis, I can't forget,
A loug while now since last we met.
Besides, the march of intellect, Which into shape, as time rums on, Is licking all the world, upon The devil's self has had effect.
The northern goblin no more shocks the sense;
Horns, tails, and claws are things yon never see:
As for the foot, with which I can't dispense,
That with society might injure me;
And thereiore I for many years
Have, like young buckish cavaliers, Among the upper circles giadded, With calves most curiously padded.

THE WITCH (dancing).
I feel as if I were mad with sheer
Delight to see once more Dan Satan here!

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Woman, that name offends my ear!

## THE WITCH.

Wherefore? What wrong has it done you?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

## Tut!

It has been written down, for many a day, With other things that men call fables; but No whit the better off for that are they. The Wicked One they certainly ignore, But Wicked Ones are numerous as before. If name I must have, call me Baron! That Will do, although the title's somewhat flat. A squire of quite as high degree Am I, as any squire can be. My gentle blood you doubt not ; there Is the escutcheon that I bear.
[Makes an obscene gesture.

THE WITCH (laughs immoderately).
Ha! ha! That's just like you! So clever! Always the same mad wag as ever.

## MEPHISTOPHELES (to FAUST).

Mark this, my friend! Whate'er the hitch is, This is the way to deal with witches.

## THE WITCH.

Now, gentlemen, what ist you seek?

## MEPIISTOHIHELES.

A bumper of your famous brew.
Your oldest, though, I must bespeak;
Years doubly efficacious make it.

THE WITCH.
Right gladly! Here's a flask! I take it Myself at times in little sips;
All trace of stiuk has left it, too.
I'll give it cheerfully to you.
[Aside to Mepmistopheles.
But him there, if it touch his lips, Unless he's seasoned 'gainst its power, You know, he cannot live an hour.

## mepuistorieles.

Oh, he is an especial friend, 'Tis just the thing to serve his end.
The best your kitchen can produce I do not grudge him for his use.
So draw your circle, and unroll
Your spells, and hand him ont a brimming bowl! [The Witch, with ueird gestrores, draves a cirele. and places marrollous things within it: meanwhile the glasses begin to ring, the caldron to sound and make musir. Last of all she fetches a great hook, places the Apes within the eirele, where she mulies them siroer "s " reuding-desk, wnd hold the torches. She berkons Facst to approach.

FAUST (to MEPHISTOPHELES).
What is all this to end in, say ?
These mad paraphernalia, These gestures and distortions frantic, This mess of juggle and of antic, I know them all too well of old, And in profound aversion hold.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

All humbug! stuff to laugh at merely!
But do not take things too severely!
Being a doctor in her way, She must some hocus-pocus play, In order that on you her juice May the desired effect produce. [He forces Faust to enter the cirele.

THE WITCH (with great emphasis declaims from her book).
This must ye ken!
From one make ten, Drop two, and then Make three square, which Will make you rich; Skip o'er the four! From five and six, In that the trick's, Make seven and eight, And all is straight; And nine is one, And ten is none. This is the witch's One Time's One! FAUST.
The beldam's babble scems as it Were ravings of a fever fit.

## MEPHISTOFHELES.

Oh, there's a deal more yet to follow, And just as solid, and as hollow; The whole look elimks the self-sime chime. I know it well ; and much good time Have I lost v'er it, good and serious. For downright contradiction pulls As hard on wise men's brans, as fools': And monto both remains alike mysterious. The trick's both old and new. The way At all times was, as 'tis lu-day, By three and one, and one and three, To preach up lies as simple sooth, And sow broadeast by land and sea Delusions in the place of truth. So men talk on the nonsense they Have gromnd into them in the schools; And no one cares to say then nay, For who'd perplex himself with fools? Men, for the most part, when they hear Words smite with vigour on their ear, Believe that thought an entrance finds Into the things they eall their minds.

## THE WITCH (contimues).

Science is light! But from the sight Of all the world 'tis hidden. Who seeks it not, To him 'tis hrought, Unnoticed and unbidden.

## FAUST.

What is this nonsense she is spouting? My head will split anon. I seem to hear

A hundred thousand maniacs shouting
Their lunacies' full chorus in mine ear.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Enough! Enough! most admirable Sybil!
Dispense thy drink, and, mind, no paltry dribble!
Fill up the cup, ay, fill it to the brim!
My friend is safe, 'twill do no harm to him.
He's taken honours 'mongst us, ay, and quaffed
Full many a deep and most potential draught.
the witch (with many ceremonies pours the drink into " goblet. As faust raises it to his lips, a film of flame shoots out from it).
Off with it: Leave no drop above!
'Twill warm the cockles of your heart!
What! with the devil hand and glove, And yet at flame recoil and start?
[The Witch dissolces the cirele. Faust steps out.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Now, forth at once! To rest would mar all quite!

## THE WITCH.

Your little drop will do you good, I trust.
mephistopheles (to the witch).
And, if in aught I can oblige you, just Remind me of it on Walpurgis Night.

THE WITCH.
Here is a song! If you at times
Will sing it, you will find the rhymes

Produce upon you an effect
More singular than you expect.

## MEPIHSTOPHELES (to FAUST).

Come! Come: Be guided for your good!
'Tis indispensable you should
Perspire, that so its influence may
Through all your vitals find its way.
Hereafter I will teach you how to prize
That prime distinetion of noblesse,
Sheer lounging, listless illeness;
And soon you'll feel, with sweet surprise, How Cupid gambols in the breast, And flits and flutters there with exquisite unrest.

## FAUST.

One glance into the mirror there !
That woman's form was all too fair!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Nay, nay! Thou shalt ere long behold
The paragon of womankind,
In feature perfect, and in mould
Warm, living, ay, and loving to your mind. [Aside.
With this draught in his body, he
In every wench a Helena will see.

Scene IV. - Street.
Faust, Margaret (passing along).
FAUST.
My pretty lady, permit me, do,
My escort and arm to offer you!

## MARGAFET.

I'm neither a lady, nor pretty, and so
Can home without an escort go.
[Breaks away from him and exit.
FAUST.
By heaven, this girl is lovely! Ne'er Have I seen anything so fair. She is so pure, so void of guile, Yet something snappish, too, the while. Her lips' rich red, her cheeks' soft bloom, Will hannt me to the day of doom! The pretty way she droops her eyes Has thrilled my heart in wondrous wise; Her short sharp manner, half in fright, 'Twas charming, fascinating quite !
(To Mephistopheles, who enters.)
Hark, you must get that girl for me!

MEPHISTOPIIELES.
Get you that girl? Which do you mean ?

FAUST.
She that went by but now.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
What! She?
She has to her confessor been, Who gave her - he could scarce do less Full absolution; I was there, Lying ensconced behind his chair. Though she had nothing to confess, Nothing whatever, to him she went, Poor thing, she is so imnocent. Over that girl I have no power.

## facst.

Yet is she fourteen, every hour.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Spoken like Sir Rake, who would make prize Of every danty flower he spees, And thinks all honours, favours, may
Be had for taking any day:
But this won't do in every case.

## FAUST.

Ho, Master Graveairs, is it so ? Your sermonising's ont of phace. And, in a word, l'd have you know, Unless this very might shall see This sweet young thing in my embrace, All's at an end 'twist you and me !

## MEPIISTOIILELES.

Think of the obstacles! I should
Require at least a fortnight good,
To bring about a meeting merely.

## FALST.

In half the time I'll mindertake, Without the devil's aid, to make A chit like that adore me dearly.

## MEPHISTOPHELF.S.

Why, by your talk, now, me might swear, That you almost a Frenehman were:
But, pray, don't lose your temper so: For where's the goond, lid like to know Of rushing to enjoyment straight?

The pleasure's not by much so great, As when you've first by every kind Of foolish fondling to your mind The doll contrived to knead and mould, As many Italian tales have told.

FAUST.
My appetite, I tell you, wants No such fantastic stimulants.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
That may be ; - but, apart all jest, Or slight upon you, I protest, With this young thing you'll ne'er succeed, By pushing on at race-horse speed.
We cannot storm the town, in short, So must to stratagem resort.

## FAUST.

Fetch me some thing she's used to wear! Her bedroom, introduce me there ! A kerchief from her bosom bring, The darling's garter, anything!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

That you may see I mean to spare No pains to bring your suit to bear, We shall not lose one moment, - nay, We'll bring you to her room this very day.

FAUST.
And shall I see, - possess her ?

## MEPIIsTOPIIELES.

She will be with a neighbour. So You may, quite undisturbed the while, Within her atmosphere leguile The time by dreaming, fancy free, Of pleasures afterward to be.

## FACST.

Can we go there at once?

## MEPHISTORIIFLES.

Oh, no.
'Tis much too early yet to go.

## FAUST.

Provide me with some present straight, Which may her fancy captivate!
merihistopheles.
Presents? Oh, rare ! He's sure to make a hit. Full many a famous place I know, And treasures buried long ago. Well! I must look them up a bit.

## ACT III.

Scene I. - Erening. A tirlity "ppointerl little room.
margaret (braiding and linding up her hair).
Who was that gentleman? Heigho!
I would give something, now, to know.

He looked so frank and handsome, he Of noble blood must surely be.
That much, at least, his forehead told ;
He ne'er had ventured else to be so bold. [Exit.
Mephistopieles and Faust enter.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Come in as softly as you may!
faust (after a pause).
Leave me alone - alone, I pray !
mephistopheles (peering about the room).
It is not every girl keeps things so neat. [Exit.

FAUST (easting his eyes around).
Welcome, thon twilight glimmer sweet, Throughout this sanctuary shed!
Oh, love's delicious pain, that art
By dews of hope sustained and fed,
Take absolute possession of my heart!
How, all around, there breathes a sense
Of calm, of order, and content!
What plenty in this indigence :
In this low cell what ravishment!
[Casts himself down upon a leathern armehair by the bedside.
Receive me, thou, that hast with open arm
Held generations past in joy and moan!
Ah me! how often has a rosy swarm
Of children clung to this paternal throne !
Here did my love, perhaps, with grateful breast
For gifts the holy Christ-child brought her, stand,

Her chubby childish cheeks devoutly presed Against her aged grandsire's withered hand. 1 feel thy spirit, maiden sweret, Of order and contentmont rumbl me play, That like a mother shombs ihee day by day, Upon the table hids thee lay The cover fohled fresh and meat, And strew the sand that rackles 'neath the fect. Dear hand, that dow all things with beaty leaven, Thou makest, like a wol, this lowly home a heaven. And here: [Remises one of the rentrins of the bed. What rapiturous tremer shakes me now? Here could I linger hours mitold. Here the incarnate angel thou, O Nature, didst in airy visime mould; Here lay the chikl, its gentle breast Filled with warm life; and, hour by hour, The bud, by hands divine caressed, Expanded to the perfect flower:

And thou! What brings thee hither? I
Am stirred with strange emotion. Why ?
What wouldst thon here? What weight so sore
Is this that presses on thy heart?
O hapless Faust, so changel thou art, I know thee now no more, no more:

Is't some enchanted atmosphere
Encompasses, and charms me here?
Upon possession's bliss supreme
My soul till now was mally hent,
And now in a delicious dream
Of love I melt away combint.
Is man, with all his powirs so rare,
The sport of every gust of air?

And if she were to enter now, How would your guilty soul her glances meet? The mighty braggart, ah, how small! would bow, Dissolved in abject terror, at her feet.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Despatch! She's coming to the door.

FAUST.
Hence! Hence! Here I return no more.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Here is a casket, laden well ; I got it, where? no need to tell. If you will only place it there Within the press - quick, quick! - I swear She'll be beside herself with joy. Some baubles there I've stowed away; For toys we angle with a toy.
Pah! Child is child, and play is play.

FAUST.
I know not - shall I?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Can you ask it?
Perhaps you'd like to keep the casket!
In that case, friend, I would advise
Your lechery to economise
The precious hours, - give up the bubble, And save myself all farther trouble.
You avaricious? You? Oh, no!

I won't believe that this is so.
I seratch my heal - twil might and main -
[He places the cusket in the press und closes the lock.
Let us be off! Psha! lingering still? The sweet young thing for to gain, And bend her to your wish and will; And here are you with face of gloom, For all the world as if you were Just entering your lecture-room, And saw before you Physies there, And Metaphysics grimly stare! Come! Start!
[Exeunt.
margaret (enters with a lamp).
It is so close, so sultry here: [Opens the window. And yet outside 'twas rather chilly. I feel, I can't tell how; oh, dear! I wish that mother would come in. I have a creeping all over my skin. I'm such a frightened thing, - so silly !
[Begins to sing us she undresses herself.
In Thule dwelt a King, and he Was leal unto the grave;
A cup to him of the red red gold His leman dying gave.

He quaffed it to the dregs, whene'er He drank among his peers, And ever, as he drained it down, His eyes would brim with tears.

And when his end drew near, he told His kinglon's cities up,

Gave all his wealth unto his heir, But with it not the cup.

He sat and feasted at the board, His kmights around his knee, Within the palace of his sires, Hard by the roaring sea.

Then up he rose, that toper old, A long last breath he drew, And down the cup he loved so well Into the ocean threw.

He saw it flash, then settle down, Down, down into the sea, And, as he gazed, his eyes grew dim, Nor ever again drank he.
[She opens the press to put away her clothes, and discovers the casket.
What's here? How comes this lovely casket thus?
I'm very confident I locked the press.
Tis surely most mysterious !
What it contains I cannot guess.
In pledge for money lent, maybe,
'Tis with my mother left to keep?
A ribbon and a little key !
I've half a mind to take a peep.
What's this? Great heavens! All my days
The like of this I've never seen, -
Jewels and trinkets! Such a blaze
Might grace a duchess, ay, a queen!
On me how would the necklace sit?
Whose can they be, these braveries fine ?
[Puts on the trinkets and walks before the lookingglass.

Oh, if the ear-rings were that mine!
In them one doesn't low the same a bit. You may be young, yom may be pretty;
All very nice and tine to view, But nobody cares a stratw for yon, And, if folks praise, 'tis half in pity. For gold all strive, For gold all wive. 'Tis gold rules all things 'neath the sun. Alas! we poor folks that have none!

Scene II. - Public Promentrde.
Faust walking "p "rme dorn "ropt in thought. To him Mermstorieles.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
By love despised and its tortures fell!
By all the elements of hell:
Oh, would I only knew something worse,
That I might cram it into a curse :

FAUST.
What's wrong? What puts you in such case? In all my life I ne'er saw such a face.

## meriistorifles.

The devil's self if I were not, I'd pitch myself to him on the spot!

> FACST.

What has befallen tw roh you of your wits!
How well on yon this maniac fury sits:

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Just think - 'tis not to be endured -
The set of jewels I procured
For Margaret, a rascal priest
Has swept clean off, - he has, the beast!
Her mother of them got an inkling,
And fell to quaking in a twinkling.
The nose that woman has, you'd ne'er
Believe, for scenting all that's wrong.
Over her Book of Common Prayer
She snuffles, snuffles, all day long.
With sanctimonious scowl demure,
At every stick of furniture
She drops her nose to ascertain
If it be holy or profane.
So in the trinkets soon she spies
That not much of a blessing lies.
Quoth she, "All such unrighteous gear
Corrupts both body and soul, my dear.
So let us, then, this devil's bait
To Mary Mother consecrate,
And she, as recompense instead,
Will gladden us with heavenly bread."
Poor Gretchen pulled a long wry face.
" Gift horse !" thought she, " in any case!
And very godless he cannot be
Who brought it here so handsomely."
The mother for the parson sent,
Who heard her nonsense, and his eyes,
Be sure, they gleamed with a rare content,
When he beheld the glistening prize.
Quoth he, "A holy frame of mind!
Who conquers self leaves all behind!
The Church, for whom your gift is meant,
A stomach has most excellent.
Whole countries, land, and grange, and town,

She at a meal hits swallowed down, Yei ne'er, howerer garged with pelf, Was known to overeat herself.
The Church, my dears, alone with zest Can such umighteous gean digest."

## FiUss.

That power it shares with not a few; Your king, now, has it, cke your Jew.

MEPIISTOIIIELES.
So saying, he swept off amain Ring, neeklace, bracelet, brooch, and chain, With quite as unconcerned an air As if they merely mushrooms were, Treating my precions gems and casket Like muts so many in a basket; And, promising that heaven no end Of fair rewards to them would send, He took his leave, and there they sat, Immensely edified by that.

## FAUST.

And Gretchen?

## MEPIISTOPIIELES.

She is all unrest, And scarce knows what she'd like the best, Thinks of the trinkets night and day, And more of them that hrought them - hey!

## FAUST.

It pains me that my love should fret.
Fetch her at once amother set!
The first were no great things. -

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Heyday!
All things are to my lord child's play.

FAUST.
Do what I wish, and quickly! Go!
Stick to her neighbour close. Be no
Mere milk-aud-water devil, and get
Of these gewgaws another set.

MEPIISTOPHELES.
That you desire it is enough.
[Exit Faust
Such lovesick fools away will puff Sun, moon, and stars into the air, And all to please their lady fair.

Scene III. - The Neighbour's House.

> martha (alone).

My good man, Gol forgive me, he Has acted scurvily by me, To start away, the Lord knows where, And leave me widowed, lone, and bare. I never plagued him - God forbid ! I loved him dearly, that I did.
!Wecps. Perhaps he's dead, though? Cruel fate: Had I but some certificate, The fact officially to state!

## Enter Margaret.

MARGARET.
Martha!

FAUST
martha.
What ails my pretty dear?
matidiater.
I feel just like to clrop. See here!
Another casket - nothing less Of ebony left in my press !
And things, so graml and tine, I feel They're costlier than the first a deal.
martha.
You must not let your mother know, Or to the priest they, too, will go.

MARGARET.
Oh, see, now, see! Look at them, do!

MARTILA.
You lucky, lucky creature you!

## margaret.

Alas! I never dare appear, In the street or at church, in such fine gear.
martifa.
To me come often over, lass;
You can put them on, and nobody know ;
Parade a good hour hefore the glass, We'll have our own enjoyment so. And then, if you'll but wait, no doubt You're sure somehow to wet a chance Little by little to bring them out, On holidays, or at a dance.

We'll manage it so as to make no stir ; A necklace first, and then the pearl Ear-rings - your mother won't notice, girl; We can always make out some story for her.

## MARGARET.

But who could both the caskets bring?
There's something wrong about the thing. [A knock at the door.
Good heavens! Should that be mother !

## MARTHA.

Some stranger 'tis - Come in!
mephistopheles (entering).
I pray
Your pardon, ladies, for intruding thus, 'Tis most unceremonious.
[Steps back respectfully on seeing Margaret.
Which may Dame Martha Schwerdtlein be?

## martha.

What is your pleasure? I am she.
mephistopheles (aside to her).
Now that I know you, that will do. You've quality, I see, with you. Excuse the liberty I took: In later in the day I'll look.

## martha (aloud).

Just think, the odd mistake he made! He Fancied, child, you were a lady.

Margaret.
A simple girl am I, and poor.
The gentleman's too kind, I'm sure.
These ornaments are not my uwu.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
'Tis not the ornaments alune;
The piercing glance, the air urbane How glad I am I may remain!

Martia.
Your news, sir? I'm all ears! How went it?

MEPHISTOPHELES.
I would my tale were less distressing.
On me, I trust, you won't resent it ?
Your husband's dead, and sends his blessing.

MARTHA.
Is dead? Poor darling ! lackaday!
My husband's dead. I faint away !

## margaret.

Oh, keep your heart up, learest friend !

## MEPIISTOPIELES.

Hear the sad story to the end!

> Margaret.
'Tis things like this which make me pray
That fall in love I never may;
For such a loss, I do believe,
To death itself would make me grieve.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Ah, joy goes hand in hand with care.
martha.
But tell me how he died and where?

MEPHIISTOPHELES.
In Padua his bones repose. There, ma'an, in Saint Antonio's, The best of consecrated ground, A quiet corner he has found.
martha.
But have you nought for me beside?

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Yes, one most weighty, huge request, Three hundred masses to provide, To sing his poor soul into rest. Of all but this my pocket's bare.

MARTHA.
What! Not a luck-penny? What! Ne'er A trinket, - token ? Why, there's not A handieraftsman but has got, Somewhere within his wallet stored, However bare, some little hoard, Something to touch a body's heart with, He'd sooner starve, or beg, than part with.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
I feel for you, but let me say
His money was not fooled away.

Besides, he did his sins deplore, But mourned his evil luck considerahly more.

## MARIARET

Alas! that men should be so wretched! He
Shall for his soul's repose have many a prayer from me.

MEPMISTOPHELES.
You are so good, so charming, you
Deserve a husband, ay, and quickly too.
makgialet.
Ah, no! Too soon for that: I can't -

MEPMISTOPIHELEN.
Well, till the husband comes, then, a gallant !
Heaven has no boon more sweet, more rare, Than in one's arms to fold a thing so fair.

## MARGARET.

That's not our country's usage, sir.
MEPIISTOPIIELES.
Usage or not, such things occur.
martila.
Go on, sir
MEPHISTOPHELES.
I was at his sile,
There by the bed on which he died, A sorrier eyes never saw, A mere dung-heap of rotten straw. Yet still he made a Christian muling, And found that, what with drink and spending,

He had run up a great deal more
Than he had thought for, on his score.
"How I detest myself!" cried he,
"For having so disgracefully
Deserted both my wife and calling.
The very thought on't is appalling!
It saps my life. Could I but know
That she forgives me, ere I die!"
martha (weeping).
Dear heart! I - I forgave him long ago.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
"Still, God knows, she was more to blame than I."

MARTHA.
He lied there! What! To lie, the knave, Upon the threshold of the grave!

MEPHISTOPHELES.
His latest gasps were spent in fiction, That is my most profound conviction.
"Small time for idling had I," he said,
"First getting children, then getting them bread, And clothing their backs, yet never had yet A moment's quiet to eat my crust."

MARTHA.
Did he thus all my truth, my love, forget, My drudging early and late?

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Be just!
Not so. Of that in his dejection

He showed a touching reyollection.
"When I," he said, " wats leaving Malta, I
Prayed for my wife and children most devontly.
Heaven so far hessed my prayers that by-and-by
We met a Turkish galley, took it stoutly.
It carried treasure for the sultan. There
Valour for once had its rewarl, 'tis true,
And I received - and 'twas my simple due Of what we took a very handsome share."

Martha.
What? How? He hid it somewhere, I suppose?

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Where the four winds have blown it now, who knows?
Strolling forlorn in Naples through the city,
A damsel on his loneliness took pity,
And such warm tenderness between them passed, He bore its marks, poor saint, about him to the last.

MARTIA.
Wretch! To his children play the thief?
Not all his want, not all his grief, Could check his shameless life.

## mephistopieles.

> Ay, ma'am, but surely
'Twas this that killed him prematurely.
Now, were I in your place, I would
Mourn one chaste year of widowhood;
And look about meanwhile to find
A second husband to my mind.

MARTHA.
Ah me! With all his faults I durst Not hope to find one like the first. A kinder-hearted fool than he 'Twas scarcely possible to be. His only fault was, that from home He was too much inclined to roam, Loved foreign women - filthy vice! And foreign wine, and those curst dice.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

How different might have been his state, Had he, poor wretch, been equally Forbearing and affectionate! Treat me as well, and, I protest, I'd ask you to change rings with me.

MARTHA.
O Lord, sir, you are pleased to jest!

> MEPHISTOPHELES (aside).

I'd best be off now! This absurd Old fool would take the devil at his word. [To Margaret.
How is it with your heart? - Content?

MARGARET.
What mean you, sir?

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Sweet innocent!
(Aloud) Ladies, farewell!

MARGARET.
Farewell!

## MAR'TIIA.

Before
You go, sir, give me one word more.
I'd like to have some proof to show
Where, how, and when my darling died, And was interred. I've always tried
To be methodical, and so
'Twould comfort me, it would indeed, Could I his death but in the papers read.

## MEPHISTOl'HELES.

Oh, certainly, good madam, I Your wish at once can gratify. One witness by another backed, All the world over, proves a fact. I have a friend in town here, who will state What you require before the magistrate.
I'll bring him here with me.

MARTIA.
Oh, do, sir, pray!

## MEPIISTOPIIELES.

And this young lady will be with you, eh? A fine young fellow! A great traveller! Quite A ladies' man, - especially polite.

Margaret.
I'd sink with shame before him, sir.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
No! Not before an emperor.

MARTHA.
At dusk in my back garden we You and your friend will hope to see.

Scene IV. - Street.
Faust, Mephistopheles.

FAUST.
What speed? Will't work? What of my dear?

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Bravo! So hot? You'll shortly bring Your quarry down. This evening At neighbour Martha's shall you see her! That is a woman made express To play the pimp and procuress.

FAUST.
Good! Good!

MEPHISTOPHELES.
But there is something, too, That she requires of us to do.

FAUST.
Well, one good turn deserves another.

## MEPHISTOPIIELES.

Have to depone - a mere formality -
That stiff and stark her husband's carcass lies
In Padua in holy groumb.

FAUST.
Most wise!
Why, we must make the journey first, of course?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Sancta simplicitas! No need of that! You just Speak to the facts, and take them upon trust.

## FAUST.

The game is up, if that's the sole resource.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

O holy man! is this your eue?
Is this the first time in your life that you
Have borne false witness? Have you not
In language the most positive defined
God, the world, all that moves therein, mankind, His capabilities of feeling, thought, Ay, done it with a breast undashed By faintest fear, a forehead umahashed ? Yet tax yourself, and you must own that you As much in truth about these matters knew As of Herr Schwerdtlein's death you do.

## FAUST.

Liar and sophist, thou wilt be Liar and sophist to the close:

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Oh, certainly, could one not see
A little farther before one's nose.
To-morrow will not you - of course, In all integrity ! - beguile
Poor Margaret, and your suit enforce, By swearing all your soul hangs on her smile?

## FAUST.

And from my heart I'd speak.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
O specious art!
You'll talk about eternal truth and love, Of passion, all control, all change, above ; Will this, too, come quite purely from the heart ?

FAUST.
Peace, fiend! it will! What! If I feel,
And for that feeling, frenzy, flame, I seek, but cannot find a name, Then through the round of nature reel, With every sense at fever heat, Snatching at all sublimest phrases, And call this fire, that in me blazes, Endless, eternal, ay, eternal, Is this mere devilish deceit, Devised to dazzle, and to cheat?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Yet am I right.
FAUST.
Thou fiend infernal!
Hear me! And mark, too, what I say,

So spare these lungs of mine, I pray. He that's resolved he's in the right, And has but tongue enongh, is quite Secure to gain his print. But come, This babblement grows wearisome. Right, then, thou art. I grant it, just Because I cannot choose but must.
Scene V. - Gurden.

Margaret on Faust's urim. Martia with Mephistopheles walliiny up and doun.

## margaret.

You only bear with me, I'm sure you do, You stoop, to shame me, you so wise.
You travellers are so used to view All things you come across with kindly eyes. I know my poor talk can but weary such A man as you, that must have known so much.

## FAUST.

One glance, one word of thine, to me is more Than all this world's best wisdom - all its lore. [Kisses her hand. MarGaret.

Oh, no, sir, no! How can you kiss it? 'Tis
So coarse, so hard - it is not fit -
The things I've had to do with it!
Mother's too niggardly - indeed she is.
[They pass on.
martha.
And you, like this, are always travelling, sir?

MEPHISTOP'HELES.
Business, alas! and duty force us. Ah! what pain It costs a man from many a place to stir, Where yet his fate forbids him to remain!

## MARTHA.

'Tis very well to rove this way
About the world when young, and strong, and brave. But soon or later comes the evil day; And to go crawling on into the grave A stiff old lonely bachelor, - that can Never be good for any man.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
I shudder, thinking such may be my fate.

## MARTHA.

Then, sir, be wise, before it is too late. [They pass on.

## MARGARET.

Yes! Out of sight is out of mind! Politeness costs you nothing. Why, You've friends in plenty, good and kind, And they have far more sense than I.

## FAUST.

Oh, best of creatures, trust me, the pretence Of that which passes with the world for sense More frequeutly is neither more nor less Than self-conceit and narrow-mindedness.

> margaret.

How so?

## FAUst.

Ah! That simplicity
And innocence will never recornise
Themselves, and all their worth so holy!
That meekness and a spirit lowly, The highest gifts, that Natme's free And loving bounty can devise -

## Margares.

A little moment only think of me; I shall have time enough to think of you.

FAUST.
You're much alone, then?
margaret.
Yes! 'Tis true,

Our household's small, but still, you see, It wants no little looking to. We have no maid; so I've to do The cooking, sewing, knitting, sweeping; I'm on my feet from morn till night, And mother's so exacting, and so tight In her housekeeping.
Not that she needs to pinch so elose. We might Much more at ease than other people be. My father left us, when he died, A cottage with some garden ground, outside The town, a tidy bit of property.
But now I am not near so sure hestead.
My brother is away - a sollier he.
My little sister's dead.
Ah! with the child I had a world of tromble.
And yet, and yet, I'd gladly molergo

It all again, though it were double, I loved the darling so.

FAUST.
An angel, sweet, if it resembled you!

## MARGARET'.

I brought it up, and, do you know, It loved me with a love so true!
My father died before 'twas born, We gave up mother for lost; her fit Left her so wasted, and so forlorn, And very, very slow she mended, bit by bit. She could not, therefore, dream herself Of suckling the poor little elf; And so I nursed it all alone, On milk and water, till at last It grew my very own.
Upon my arm, within my breast, It smiled, and crowed, and grew so fast.

## FAUST.

You must have felt most purely blest.

## MARGARET.

Oh, yes! Still I had many things to try me. The baby's cradle stood at night Beside my bed: if it but stirred, I would Awake in fright.
One time I had to give it drink or food, Another time to lay it by me;
Then, if it had a crying fit, Out of my bed I needs must get, And up and down the room go dandling it; And yet

Be standing at the wash-tul, by dayhreak, Then do the marketing, set the honse to rights: And so it went on, momings, middays, nights, Always the same: Such thing will make One's spirits not at all times of the best, Still they give relish to our food, our rest.

MAKTIIA.
Poor women get the worst ou't, though. A dry Old bachelor's not easy to convert.

MEPHISTOPIELES.
Would one like you but make the trial, I My wicked ways might soon desert.

## MARTIA.

Frankly, now! Is there no one you have met? Has not your heart formed some attachment yet?

## MEPHISTOPheles.

What says the proverh? A hearth of one's own, And a housewife good, it is well known, Are better than gold or precious stone.

> Martila.

I mean, sir, have you never had a liking?

## MEPIISTOPHELES.

The favour shown me every where is striking.

## MARTII.

I wished to say, your heart, has it
Never been conscious of a serious feeling?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Madam, a jesting mood were most unfit, Not to say dangerous, when with ladies dealing.

## MARTHA.

Ah, you don't understand what I'd be at.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
I'm grieved most heartily for that. But this is quite clear to my mind, That you are very, very kind.

FAUST.
When I came in, you little angel, then, You knew me at a glance again?

## MARGARET.

Did you not see? I could not meet your look.

FAUST.
And you forgive the liberty I took, The mad impertinence which prompted me To stop you on the street the other day, As you came out from the Cathedral door?

## MARGARET.

It took me quite aback. What could it be? Nothing like this had e'er occurred before. No one of me an evil word could say. And then it crossed my thoughts: "Alas, the day! Can he about me anything have seen Bold or unmaidenly in look or mien?"

It seemed as if the thought had struck you - She Is just the girl with whom one can make free!
Let me confess the truth! Not then I knew What in your favour here began to stir; But with myself I was right angry, sir, That I could not be angrier with you.

FAUST.
Sweet love!
margaret.
Stay!
[She plucks a star-flower, and picks off the petals, one after the other.

FAUST.
What is this? A nosegay?

MARGARET.
No!
Only a game.

FAUST.
A game?
margaret.
You'll mock me - Go !

FAUST.
What is it thou art murmuring? What?
margaret.
He loves me, loves me not.

FAUST.

## I guess!

Angelic creature!

MARGARET.
Loves me not, Loves me - not - he loves me!

## FAUST.

Yes!
Let what this flower has told thee be
A revelation as from heaven to thee:
Speak to me, dearest! Dost thou comprehend All that these simple words portend?
He loves me!
[Seizes both her hands.

MARGARET.

## I am all a-tremble!

FAUST.
Oh, do not tremble! Let this look, This pressure of the hand, proclaim to thee What words can never speak; what bids us now Surrender soul and sense, to feel A rapture which must be eternal? Eternal, for its end would be despair! No, no, no eud! No end! [Margaret presses his hands, breaks from him, and runs off. He stands for a moment in thought, then follows her.
martha (advancing).
'Tis growing dark!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Yes, and we must away.
maitila.
I'd ask you longer here to stay
Were this not such a wicked place.
Folks seem to have nought else to do, I vow,
Or think about, except to play
The spy upon their neighbours - how
They rise, lie down, come in, go out;
And, take what heed one may, in any case One's certain to get talked about. But our young couple?

## MEPHistof heles.

They have flown
Op yonder walk. The giddy buttertlies!
MARTHA.
Quite fond of her, methinks, he's grown.

## Mephistofheles.

And she of him. Could it be otherwise?

Scene VI. - A Summer-house.
Margaret runs in, places herself behind the door, holds the tip of her finger to her lips, and peeps through the crevice.

MARGARET.
He's coming

> FAUST.

Did you fancy you
Could give me so the slip? Ah, then, I've caught you, rogue:
[Kisses her.
margaret (embracing him and returning the kiss). Oh, best of men, I love thee, from my heart I do.
[Mephistopheles knocks.
FAUST (stamping his foot).
Who's there?
MEPHISTOPHELES.
Your friend!

FAUST.
Beast, beast !

MEPHISTOPHELES.
'Tis time to go.
martha (comes up).
Yes, sir, 'tis late.
FAUST.
Mayn't I escort you?

MARGARET.

> No!

My mother would - Farewell !

FAUST.
Must I begone?
Farewell!
MARTHA.

## Adieu!

FAUST.
To meet again anon!
[Exeznt Faust and Mephistopheles.

MARGARET.
Dear Goll! The things of every kind A man like this has in his mind! I stand before him dashed and shy, And say to all he speaks of, yes. In such a simple child as I, What he should see, I cannot guess.

## Scene VII. - Forest and Cavern.

faust (alone).

Majestic spirit, thou hast given me all For which I prayed. Thou not in vain didst turn Thy countenance to me in fire and flame.
Thou glorions Nature for my realm hast given, With power to feel, and to minjoy her. Thou No mere cold glance of wonder hast vouchsafed, But lett'st me peer deep down into her breast, Even as into the bosom of a friend.
Before me thou in long procession lead'st All things that live, and teachest me to know My kindred in still grove, in air, and stream. And, when the storm sweeps roaring through the woods,
Upwrenching by the roots the giant pines, Whose neighbouring trunks, and intertangled boughs, In crashing ruin tear each other down, And shake with roar of thunder all the hills, Then dost thou guide me to some sheltering cave, There show'st me to myself, and mine own soul Teems marvels forth I weened not of before. And when the pure moon, with her mellowing light, Mounts as I gaze, then from the rocky walls, And out from the dank umlerwonl, ascemd

Forms silvery-clad of ages long ago, And soften the austere delight of thought.

Oh, now I feel no perfect boon is e'er Achieved by man. With this ecstatic power, Which brings me hourly nearer to the gods, A yokemate thon hast given me, whom even now I can no more dispense with, though his cold Insulting scom degrades me to myself, And turns thy gifts to nothing with a breath. Within my breast he fans unceasingly A raging fire for that bewitching form. So to fruition from desire I reel, And 'midst fruition languish for desire.
[Enter Mephistopheles.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

What! Not yet weary of this life of quiet?
How can it charm you such a while? Pooh, pooh! 'Tis very well once in a way to try it; And then away again to something new !

## FAUST.

Would thou hadst something else to do, Than tease me when I would be still!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Oh, I will leave you, if you will, And leave you very gladly, too. No need to be so very cross. A surly peevish mate like you Is truly little of a loss. My hands are full from morn till night, And yet by look or sign you won't Let me divine what's wroug or right, What things you like, and what you don't.

FAI'ST.
The true tone hit exactly: He
Wants to be thanked for luring me.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Why, without me, poor son of clay, What sort of life would you have led ? I've cured that brain of yours, this many a day, Of the whim-whams your sickly fancy bred; And from this ball of earth you clean away Had, but for me, long, long agg been sped. Is it for you to mope and scow? In clefts and caverns, like an owl? Or, like a toad, lap nourishment From oozy moss, and dripping stones? Oh, pastime rare and excellent: The doctor still sticks in your bones.

## FAC'ST.

Dost comprehend what stores of fresh life-force I gain in roaming thus by wold and waste? Ay, couldst thou but divine it, thou, of cuurse, Art too much fiend such bliss to let me taste.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

A super-earthly ecstasy ! To camp
On mountains in the dark, and dews, and damp!
In transports to embrace the earth and sky, Yourself into a deity inflate, Pierce the earth's marrow by the light of high, Unreasoning presentiments innate, Feel in your breast the whole six days' creation, And, in the pride of conscions power, to glow With quite incomprehensible elation;
Anon with lover's raptures to verflow

Into the Universal All, with now
No vestige left to mark the child of clay.
This trance ecstatic, glorious in its way,
All winding up at last - [With a gesture. I sha'n't say how !

## FAUST.

## Shame on thee!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Oh, that shocks you! You have so
Much right with moral horror to cry shame !
One must not dare to squeamish ears to name What, natheless, squeamish hearts will not forego.
Well, well, I grudge you not the satisfaction Of lying to yourself upon occasion:
That sort of thing soon loses its attraction;
You'll tire of it, and without my persuasion.
To your old whims you're falling back again, And 'tis most certain, if I let you, They'll into madness lash your brain, Or into horrors and blue-devils fret you. Enough of this! At home your darling sits, And all with her's vacuity and sadness.
She cannot get you from her mind. Her wit's
Bewitched; she dotes on you to madness.
At first your passion, like a little brook,
Swollen by the melted snows, all barriers overbore;
Into her heart you've poured it all, and, look!
That little brook of yours is dry once more.
Methinks, instead of playing king
Among the woods, your lordship might
Be doing better to requite
The poor young monkey's hankering.
Time drags with her so sadly; she, poor wight,

Stands at her window, marks with listless eye The clouds o'er the old city walls go sweeping by. "Oh, if a birdie I might be:" So runs her song Half through the night, and all day long; One while she's gay, though mostly she's downcast, At other times she's punped quite dry of tears, Then to appearance calm again, but first and last In love o'er head and ears.

## FAUST.

Serpent I Serpent
mephistopheles (aside).
Oh, I bear you I
So that only I ensnare you!

## FAUST.

Out of my sight! Accursed thing!
Dare not to name her! Nor before
My half-distracted senses bring
Desire for her sweet body more!

## MEPIIISTOPHELES.

What's to be done? She thinks you gone for ever !
And in a manner so you are.

## FAUST.

I'm near her, ay, but were I ne'er so far, I never can forget, can lose her never. I envy even the Host itself, whene'er 'Tis touched by those sweet lips of hers!

Well, friend, I've often envied you the pair Of dainty twins that midst the roses feed.

## FAUST.

Hence, pimp!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Oh, rare ! You rail, and I must laugh.
The God who fashioned lad and wench Knew what He meant too well by half,
His noble purpose not to clench By fashioning occasion due For bringing them together, too. Away! 'Tis such a cruel case! 'Tis to your mistress' chamber, man, you go, And not, methinks, to your undoing.

## FAUST.

What were heaven's bliss itself in her embrace?
Though on her bosom I should glow,
Must I not feel her pangs, her ruin?
What am I but an outcast, without home,
Or human tie, or aim, or resting-place,
That like a torrent raved along in foam,
From rock to rock, with ravening fury wild, On to the brink of the abyss? And she, In unsuspecting innocence a child, Hard by that torrent's loanks, in tiny cot, Upon her little patch of mountain lea, With all her homely joys and cares, begot
And bounded in that little world!
And I, the abhorred of God, -'twas not
Enough that down with me I whirled
The rifted rocks, and shattered them! I must

Drag her, her and her peace, into the dust!
Thou, Hell, must have this sacrifice perforce!
Help, devil, then, to abridge my torturing throes.
Let that which must be swiftly take its course, Bring her doon down on me, to crown my woes, And o'er us both one whelming ruin close!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Ho, up at boiling point again!
Get in, fool, and console her! When
Such silly pates no outlet can descry,
They think the very crash of doom is nigh.
Give me the man that on will go,
Not to be swayed or shaken from his level!
And yet at other times you show
A tolerable spice, too, of the devil.
Go to! The devil that despairs I deem
Of all poor creatures poor in the extreme.

## Scene VIII. - Margaret's Room.

margaret (at her spinning-whecl, alone).
My peace is gone, My heart is sore;
'Tis gone for ever And evermore.

Where he is not, Is the grave to me, The whole world's changed, Ah, bitterly.

I sit and I ponder One only thought,

My senses wander, My brain's distraught.

My peace is gone, My heart is sore;
'Tis gone for ever And evermore.

From my window to greet him
I gaze all day,
I stir out, if meet him I only may.

His noble form, His bearing high,
His mouth's sweet smile, His mastering eye;

And the magic flow Of his talk, the bliss In the clasp of his hand, And oh! his kiss!

My peace is gone, My heart is sore;
"Tis gone for ever And evermore.

For him doth my bosom
Cry out and pine;
Oh, if I might clasp him, And keep him mine!

And kiss him, kiss him, As fain would I,
I'd faint on his kisses, Yes, faint and die!

Scene IX. - Martin's Garden.
Margaret, Faust.

## MARGARET.

Promise me, Henry !
FAUST.
What I can, I will.

Margaret.
How do you stand about religion, say ?
You are a thoroughly good man, but still
I fear you don't think much about it anyway.

## FAUST.

Hush, hush, my child ! Yon feel I love you, - good! For those I love could lay down life, and would. No man would I of creed or church bereave.

## margaret.

That is not right; we must ourselves believe.

## FAUST.

## Must we?

margaret.
Ah! could I but persuade you, dear 1
You do not even the sacraments revere.
FAUST.

Revere I do.

Margaret.
But seek them not, alas !
For long you've never gone to shrift or mass. Do you believe in God?

FAUST.
Love, who dare say
I do believe in God? You may
Ask priest or sage, and their reply
Will only seem to mystify,
And mock you.
Margaret.
Then you don't believe?

FAUST.
My meaning, darling, do not misconceive.
Him who dare name?
Or who proclaim, Him I believe?
Who feel,
Yet steel
Himself to say, Him I do not believe?
The All-Embracer, The All-Sustainer, Embraces and sustains He not
Thee, me, Himself ?
Rears not the heaven its arch above?
Doth not the firm-set earth beneath us lie?
And with the tender gaze of love
Climb not the everlasting stars on high ?
Do I not gaze upon thee, eye to eye ?
And all the world of sight and sense and sound,
Bears it not in upon thy heart and brain,
And mystically weave around
Thy being influences that never wain?

Fill thy heart thence even unto overflowing, And when with thrill ecstatic thou art glowing, Then call it whatsoe'er thon wilt, Bliss! Heart! Love! (iod! Name for it have I none:
Feeling is all in all ; Name is but sound and smoke, Shrouding heaven's golden glow !

## MARGARET.

All this is beautiful and good ; just so The priest, too, speaks to us at times, In words, though, somewhat different.

## FACST.

So speak the hearts of all men in all climes, O'er which the blessèd sky is bent, On which the blessed light of heaven doth shine. Each in a language that is his; Then why not I in mine?

> margaret.

To hear you speak, it looks not much amiss, But still there's something, love, about it wrong; For Christian you are not, I see.

> FAUST.

Dear child!

> MARGARET.

My lieart has ached for long,
To see you in such company.
FAUST.

How so?

## Margaret.

The man that is your mate
Wakes in my inmost soul the deepest hate.
In all my life not anything
Has given my heart so sharp a sting
As that man's loathsome visage grim.

FAUST.
Nay, dearest, have no fear of him.

## MARGARET.

His presence makes my blood congeal.
Kindly to all men else I feel; But howsoe'er for you I long, From that man with strange dread I shrink; That he's a knave I needs must think. God pardon me, if I do him wrong!

FAUST.
Such odd fish there must always be.

## MARGARET.

I would not live with such as he.
Whenever he comes, he's sure to peer In at the door with such a sneer, Half angry-like with me.
That he in no one thing takes part, is clear; On his brow 'tis written, as on a seroll, That he can love no human soul. I feel so happy within thy arms, So free, so glowing, so fearless of harms, But in his presence my heart shuts to.

## FAUST.

You sweet, foreboding angel, you!

## Margaret.

It masters me in such a waty, I even think, when he comes near, That I no longer luve yon, dear. If he were by, I never conld pray, And that eats into my heart ; you, too, Must feel, my Hemry, as I do.

## FAUST.

'Tis mere antipathy you bear.

## MARGARET.

Now I must go.

## FAUST.

Oh, can I ne'er
Hang one short hour in quiet on thy breast, Bosom by bosom, soul in sonl caressed?

## MarGaret.

Ah, if I only slept alone! To-night I'd leave the door upou the lateh, I would. But mother sleeps so very light, And, were we caught by her, I should Drop dead upon the spot, I vow.

## FAUST.

She need not know, thou angel, thou! Here is a phial! Let her but take Three drops of this, and it will steep Nature in deep and pleasing sleep.

## MARGARET.

What would I not do for thy sake?
Thou'rt sure it will not do her harm?

FAUST.
Would I advise it, else?

## margaret.

There's some strange charm,
When I but look on you, that still
Constrains me, love, to do your will.
I have already done so much for you, That scarce aught else is left for me to do. [Exit.

## Enter Mephistopheles.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
The silly ape! Is't gone?
FAUST.
So, then,
Thou hast been playing spy again?

MEPHISTOPHELES.
I heard distinctly all that passed.
You had, sir doctor, first and last, A stiffish dose of catechising. I'm sure, I hope 'twill do you good!
It certainly is not surprising These silly-pated wenches should Be always anxious to discover If in his prayers and pace their lover Jogs on the good old humdrum way.
"If pliable in that," think they,
"Us too he'll placidly obey."

## FAUST.

Thou monster, thou dost not perceive How such a loving faithful soul, Full of her faith, which is
To her the one sole pledge of endless bliss, Is racked by pious anguish, to believe Him that she dotes on doomel to everlasting dole.

## MEPHISTOPHELES

Thou supersensual sensualist, a flirt, A doll, a dowdy, leads thee by the nose.

> FAUST.

Thou vile abortion thon of fire and dirt !

MEPIISTOI'IIELES.
What skill in physiognomy she shows!
She turns, she can't tell how, when I am present; This little mask of mine, it seems, reveals Meanings concealed, but certainly unpleasant; That I'm a genius, past mistake she feels: The devil's self, perhaps, for aught she knows. Well, well, to-night !

FAUST.
What's that to you?

## MEPHISTOPIIELES

Oho! In that I have my pleasure, too.

## ACT IV.

## Scene I. - At the Well.

Margaret and Bessy with pitchers.

BESSY.
What! Barbara? Not heard the news of her?

MARGARET.
Not I. Across the door I rarely stir.

BESSY.
Oh, never doubt it!
To-day Sibylla told me all about it!
She's made a rare fool of herself at last. This comes of her fine airs and flighty jinks!

## MARGARET.

How so?
BESSY.
It won't keep down. That's long, long past. She feeds for two now, when she eats and drinks.

MARGARET.
Alas!
BESSY.
She's rightly served, the jade!
For all the fuss she with the fellow made:

Such gadding here, such gadding there, At village wake, at dance, and fair; Must be first fildle, too, uverywhere;
He was treating her always with tarts and wine; Set up for a beauty, she dirl, so fine, And yet was so mean, and so lust to shame, She took his presents, thongh, all the same. And then the hugging, and the kissing! So the upshot is, her rose is missing.

## margaret.

## Poor thing!

BESSY.
What! Pity her, and her sinning!
When any of us was at the spiming, Mother kept us indoors after dark. But she was so sweet upon her spark, On the bench by the door, and in the dark walk, No hour was too long for their toying and talk. So her fine fal-lals now my lady may dock, And do penance at church in the simer's smock.

## margaret.

But he will make her his wife, of course!

## BESSY.

A fool if he did! A lad of mettle
Can have lots of choice, or ever he settle. Besides, he's off.

## margaret.

How could he do it?

## BESSY.

If she should get him, she's sure to rue it.
The boys will tear her garland, and we
Strew chopped straw at her door, you'll see. [Exit.

## margaret (going home).

What railing once rose to my lip, If any poor girl made a slip!
My tongue hard words could scarcely frame
Enough to brand another's shame.
It looked so black, that blacken it Howe'er I might, they seemed unfit To stamp its blackness infinite. I blessed myself and my nose uptossed, And now I, too, in sin am lost. And yet, - and yet, - alas! the cause, God knows, so good, so dear, it was!

Scene II. - Zwinger.
In the niche of the wall a devotional image of the Mater Dolorosa, and in front of it pots of flowers.

MARGARET (placing fresh flowers in the pots).
Oh, thou, the sorest Pangs that borest, On mine look down with face benign!

With anguish eying Thy dear Son dying, The sword that pierced His heart in thine.

Thou to the Father gazest, And sighs upraisest, For His and for thy mortal pine.

Oh, who can feel, as thou, Thy agony, that now
Tears me and wears me to the bone!
How this poor heart is choked with tears, All that it yearns for, all it fears,
Thou knowest, thon, and thou alone!
Still wheresoe'er I go,
What woe, what woe, what woe
Is in my hosom aching!
When to my room I creep,
I weep, I weep, I weep;
My heart is breaking.
The bow-pots at my window I with my tears bedewed, When over them at morn, to pluck These flowers for thee, I stood.

Brightly into my chamber shone
The sun, when dawn grew red;
Already there, all woebegone,
I sat upon my bed.
Help, sufferer divine !
Save me, oh, save
From shame and from the grave!
And thou, the sorest
Pangs that borest,
On mine look down with countenance benign!

Scene III. - Night.

## Street in front of Margaret's door.

## valentine.

At drinking-bouts, when tongues will wag, And many are given to boast and brag, When praises of their own pet dears Were dinned by comrades in my ears, And drowned in bumpers, I was able, My elbow planted on the table, To bide my time, and calmly stayed, Listening to all their gasconade. Then with a smile my beard I'd stroke, And take a full glass in my hand;
" Each to his fancy!" up I spoke,
"But who is there in all the land To match with my dear Gretel, - who Is fit to tie my sister's shoe?"
All round the room there went a hum, Hob, nob! Kling ! Klang ! " He's right!" they cried
"Of her whole sex she is the pride."
Then all the boasters, they sat dumb. And now - oh, I could tear my hair, And dash my brains out in despair! Now every knave will think he's free To have his gibe and sneer at me ! And, like a bankrupt debtor, I At each chance word must sit and fry. Smash them all up I might: what though ? I could not call them liars, - no !

What's here? Ha! skulking out of view?
If I mistake not, there are two.
If it be he, at him I'll drive;
He shall not quit this spot alive!

Enter Facst und Mephistopheles.

## FAUST.

How from the window of you sacristy The little lamp's matying flame doh glimmer, While at the sides it thickers dim aml dimmer, And thicks the darkness ronnd Ah, me!
Such midnight is it in my breast.

## MEPHSTOPIIELES.

And I feel like a tom-eat, love distressed, That up fire-ladders slity crawls, And steals on tiptoe round the walls; I burn with quite a virtuous glow, Half thievish joy, half concupiscence, so Does the superb Walpurgis Night Already thrill me with delight. Just one night more, 'tis here, and then One gets some real fun again.

## FAUST.

Look! What is that is glimmering there?
The treasure rising to the upper air?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Thou shalt ere long the pleasure test Of digging up the little chest. I took a squint at it to-night. Such lion-dollars broad and bright !

> F.IUsT.

How! Not a trinket? Not a ring, To deck her out, my love, my sweet?

MEPHISTOPHELES.
I think I saw with them a string Of pearls, or something just as neat.

## FAUST.

'Tis well! It vexes me to go To her without some gift to show.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

'Tis not a thing to feel dismay for, To have some pleasure you don't pay for! Now heaven with stars is all aglow. A genuine tidbit you shall hear; A moral song I'll sing her, so More thoroughly to befool the dear.

## (Sings to the lute.)

Katrina, say, What makes you stay, Ere dawn of day, Before your sweetheart's door so? Away, away! The springald gay Lets in a May, Goes out a May no more so!

Walk still upright! If once you're light, Why then, Good-might ! Poor things, 'twill ill bestead you. Refrain, refrain!
Let no false swain Your jewel gain, Till with the ring he wed you!

VALENTINE (cominy forurerd).
For whom are you caterwauling? Curst Ratcatcher you! Out, trusty whinger ! To the devil with the jingler first, Then packing after it send the singer!

MEPHISTOPHELES.
The lute is cracked! 'Tis ruined for the nonce.

VALENTINE.
Have at you! Now to crack your sconce!
MEPIISTOPHELES (to FACST).
Tackle him, doctor: Courage, hey !
Stick close, and, as I bid you, do.
Out with your duster: Thrust away!
I'll do the parrying for you.

VALENTINE.
Then parry that!
MEPHISTOPHELES.
And wherefore not?

Valentine.
That too!
MEPHISTOPHELES.
Just so.
VALENTINE.
I'd swear the devil fought!
What say you, then, to that? My hand's benumbed.

MEPHISTOPHELES (to FACST).
Thrust home !

## valentine.

Oh, oh !
MEPHISTOPHELES.
The bumpkin has succumbed.
Let us be off! We must evaporate! The hue and cry is up! Hark! What a clatter ! With the police I might make things all straight, But with the courts 'tis quite another matter!
[Exeunt. martha (at window).
Help! Murder !

> margaret (at window). Help! A light! A light!
> Martha (as before).

They brawl and scuffle, shout and fight.
PEOPLE.
Here's one of them already dead.
martha (coming out).
The murdering villains! Have they fled?
margaret (coming out).
Who's this, lies here ?
PEOPLE.
Your mother's son.

MARGARET.
Almighty God! I am uudone.

## Valentine.

I'm dying! Sooner done than said. Why, women, why do ye
Stand howling, whimpering there? I'm sped!
Come elose, and list to me!
[All come round him.
Look, Gretchen! Yon're but young, - by far Too shy and simple yet! You are
A bungler in your trade.
Soft in your ear a friendly hint!
You are a whore; so never stint, But be right out a jade.

## margaret.

Brother! Great God! What mean you?

## VALENTINE.

Out of your antics leave God's name! What's done, alas the day! is done, And you must run the course of $\sin$. You on the sly begin with one, But several soon come trooping in, And, once you to a dozen fall so, Soon all the town will have you also!

When shame is born, she's to the light Brought stealthily 'mid grief and fears, And she is in the veil of night Wrapped over head and ears. Yea, folks would kill her an' they might, But grown, as grow she will apace, She flaunts it in the broad daylight, And yet she wears no fairer face. Nay, it grows uglier every way, The more she seeks the light of day.

I see the time - 'tis coming - when
Each honest-hearted citizen, As from a plague-infected corpse, Will turn aside from thee, thou whore! Thy heart will fail thee with remorse, When people look thee in the face.
No more thou'lt wear a golden chain ; Nor stand in church by the altar floor, Nor in a collar of dainty lace Shine foremost at the dance again. In some dark wretched nook thou'lt hide, With cripples and beggars and nought beside; And even though God forgiveness grant thee, My curse upon the earth will haunt thee!

MARTHA.
Commend your soul to God! Would you Lay on it the $\sin$ of slander, too?

## VALENTINE.

Thou shameless bawd, could I but smite Thy wizened carcass, then I might For all my sins of every kind Full absolution hope to find.

## MARGARET.

Oh, brother! Rack me not, oh, pray!

## VALENTINE.

Have done with tears! Have done, I say! To honour when you bade farewell, You dealt my heart its heaviest blow. Now like a soldier, stout and fell, Through Death's long sleep to God I go.

Scene IV. - Cethedral.

Service, Orfin, and Anthem.

Margaret amonyst a number of people. Evil Spirit behinel her.
evil spirit.
How different, Margaret, was't with thee, When thou, still, still all innocence, Camest to the altar here,
And from the well-thumbed little book
Didst prattle prayers that were
Half childish wayfuness,
Half God within the heart.
Margaret!
How is it with thy head?
Within thy heart
What guiltiness?
Art praying for thy mother's soul, that slept
Away to long, long agonies through thee ?
Upon thy threshold whose the blood? -
And 'neath thy heart stirs not
What now is quickening there,
And with its boding presence racks Itself and thee?
margaret.
Woe! Woe!
Oh, could I rid me of the thoughts
That, spite of me,
Come rushing o'er my brain !
CHOIR.
Dies ire, dies illa
Solvet sachem in furilla! [Organ plays.

EVIL SPIRIT.
Horror lays hold on thee!
The judgment-trumpet sounds !
The graves rock to and fro!
And thy heart, from
Its ashy rest, Incorporate anew For fiery paugs, Shudders into life!

## Margaret.

Would I were out of this ! I feel as though The organ choked my breath, As though the anthem drew The life-blood from my heart!

CHOIR.
Judex ergo eum sedebit, Quidquid latct adparebit, Nil inultum remanebit.

MARGARET.
It feels so close!
The pillars of the wall Press in upon me, The arches of the roof They weigh me down ! - Air!

EVIL SPIRIT.
Hide thyself! Sin and shame
Will not be hidden. -
Air? Light?
Woe to thee!

## (114)lR.

Quid sum miser t"me lirterus?
Que'm pution""me reyuturus?
C'am cia justles sit sitcleres!

## ENH. SPIFIT.

From thee the salnts in bliss
Their faces tum away.
To reach their hands to thee
Makes the pure shmbler: Woe!

## CHOIR.

Quid sum miser ture dicturus?

## MARGARET.

Neighbour: Your smelling-bottle:
[Swoons.

Scene V. - Walpurgis Night.
The Harz Mountains. Distrirt of Sehirke and Elend.

Facst, Mermistopheles.

## MEPHISTOPIIELES.

Do you not wish you had a brommstick, friend?
Oh, for a he-goat, rough, and tough, and strong!
We're still a long way from our journey's end.

## F.tist.

This knotted staffes enough for me, so long As I feel fresh upon my lecr. What boots To cut our journey short, howe'el it lags?
To thread this maze of vallers all at rest,

And then to clamber up to yonder crags, From which the fountain ever-babbling shoots, 'Tis this which gives our journey all its zest. The birchen spray is kindling with the spring, And even the dull pines feel its quickening;
Shall it not also make our limbs more brisk?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Of that I feel no trace, nor will. My body is all winter-chill.
Would that our path lay over frost and snow !
How sadly the red moon's imperfect disk
Moves up the sky with her belated glow, And gives so bad a light that we run bump At every step against some rock or stump!
By your permission, I will hail
A Will-o'-Wisp. Out there I see
One burning merrily. So ho,
My friend! Will you before us sail?
Why will you waste your lustre so ?
Pray be so kind as light us upward here.

> will - o' - wisp.

Out of respect I'll struggle to repress, And hope I may, my natural flightiness.
A zigzag course we're rather apt to steer.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Ha, ha! He fain would imitate mankind. Hold, in the devil's name, straight on, or, mind, I'll blow your flickering light out!
WILL - O' - WISP.
'Twould appear
That you are master of the household here,

So I'll essay to do your bidding rightly. But mind! the mountain's magic-mad to-day, And if a Will-o'-Wisp's to light the way, You must not deal with him too tightly.
faust, mephistopileles, and will-o'-wisp.

> (In alternuting song.)

Now we're in the sphere, I deem, Of enchantment and of dream.
Lead us on, thou meteor-gleam, Lead us rightly, and apace, To the deserts vast of space! See, only see, tree after tree, How thick and swift behind they drift, And crag and elift make mop and now. And the long-snouted erags below, Hark, how they snort, and how they blow!

Over moss and over stone,
Brook and brooklet race along.
What moise is that, around, above?
Hark, again! The sounds of song,
Lovers lamenting and making moan, Loosing their laden hearts in sighs, Voices we knew in the days that are flown, When to live and to love were paradise?
All that we hope for, all that we love, Throbs in the heart and thrills in the brain, And fabling Echo, like the tale Of oldeu times, o'er hill and dale Reiterates the strain!

Tu-whit! Tu-whoo! More near, more near! The jargon rises shrill and clear. The owl, the pewit, and the jay, All awake and abroad are they?

Be these salamanders there, Long of leg and huge of paunch, That go striding through the brakes? Lo, the great roots, gaunt and bare, How from rock and bank they branch! Wreathed like intertangling snakes, In coils fantastic, through the air They stretch to scare and to ensnare us, From wart-like knots, with life instinct, Darting polyp-fibres, linked To enmesh and overbear us! And see! the mice of every hue, How they hustle, and how they speed, Through the moss and through the heather! Up and down the fireflies, too, Flit and flicker, thronged together, To bewilder and mislead!

But what means this glamour? Say, Which is moving, we or they ?
All about us seems to spin, Rocks and trees, that gape and grin, And Will-o'-Wisps, that, low and high, Flare, and flash, and multiply.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Grasp my skirt, and hold it tight, Here's a central peak, where we May with eyes of wonder see The mountain all with Mammon bright.

## FAUST.

Through chasm and cleft how strangely gleams A dull red light as of the dawn ! Down to the very depths it streams, Where gloomiest abysses yawn.

There clouds and exhalations rise, Here from the mists light glimmers soft, Now like fine threads it winds and plies, Then like a fonntain leaps aloft. Here in a hundred veins it coils, For many a rood, the valley throngh, There, shut within yon gorge's toils, In sparkles seatters out of view. Near us, like sprimkled sand of grold, Are flame-sparks strewn upon the air, And now, through all its height, hehold, The wall of rocks is kindling there!

## MEPIISTOPIIELES.

Doth not Sir Mammon rarely light His halls up for our sports to-night? Lucky you've seen it! I can hear, Even now, his boisterous guests are near.

## FACBT,

How through the air the storm-blast raves and hisses: It smites my neck, shock after shock.

## MEPHISTOPIELES.

You'll have to clutch the old ribe of the rock, Or it will hurl you down to yon alyseses. O'er the midnight a thick mist hromis. Hark to the crashing thromg the wouls!
To and fro, the houghs between, The affrighted owlets flit.
Hark, the columns, how they split, Of the palaces evergreen! Hear the branches straining, smapping, The giant tree-stems' mighty muming, The huge roots yawning, creaking, groming;

Each across the other clapping,
Down they crash, and thunder all, In mad and intertangled fall:
And through the cliff's with ruin strewn
The wild winds whiz, and howl, and moan.
Voices o'er us dost thou hear?
Voices far, and voices near?
All the mountain-range along
Streams a raving witches' song.

## witches (in chorus).

The witches are for the Brocken bound, The stubble is yellow, the blade is green, There shall a mighty throng be found, Sir Urian seated aloft between. Right over stock and stone they go, Beldame and buck-goat, hilloah, hilloah!

A VOICE.
Old Baubo comes alone ; astride A farrow-sow behold her ride!

Chorus.
To whom is honour due be honour! Dame Baubo, advance, and lead the way! A sturdy sow, with a dame upon her, Is guide full meet for our troop so gay.

A VOICE.
What road came you by?
A Voice.
By Ilsenstein.
I peeped, as I passed on my midnight prowl,

Into the nest of the homed owl !
And didn't she open her eyes on mine ?

## A roice.

To hell with you, old wizen-face!
Why are you riding at such a pace?
A voice.

She grazed me as she passed. Just see, The jade, how she has wounded me:

> witches' chorus.

The way is wide, the way is long. Is this not a jolly bedlam throng?
The pitchfork pricks, and the broom it scratches, The babe is stifled, the mother she hatches.

## WIZards. half-ChORUS.

We crawl like snails; the womenkind Have left us far and far behind; For woman, when to hell she rides, Outstrips us by a thousand strides.

> OTHER HALF.

That's not at all the way we view it. She takes a thousand strides to do it. But, post howe'er she may, the man Does it at once in a single span.

A Voice (above).
From Felsensee, come away, come away !
voices (from below).
Up through the sky we fain would fly. We've washed, and we're clean, as clean may be, But barren for evermore are we.
both choruses.
The wind is down, and the stars are flown, The wan moon hides her woe-worn face, Along the dark shoot flame and spark, To mark the wizards' roaring chase.
voice (from below).
Hold hard! Hold hard! Behind I'm left.
voice (from above).
Who is calling there from the rocky cleft ?

> A VOICE (from below).

Oh, take me with you! Three hundred year Have I been climbing, climbing here, But never can I the summit gain. To be with my fellows I were fain.

## BOTH CHORUSES.

Besom and broomstick, he-goat and prong, All are good to whisk you along; And surely the wight is in doleful plight, Who cannot mount in the air to-night.
DEMI - WITCH (from below).

I've been tottering after this many a day, And the rest are already so far away! No peace have I at home, and here I'm likely to light on no better cheer.

## CHORLS OF WITCHES.

'Tis ointment puts heart in the witches' crew. Any fluttering rag for a sail will do, Any trough make a stout ship to scud through the sky,
Who flies not to-night, he will never fly.

> BOTI CHORUSES.

And when you have got to the mountain's crest, Drop to the ground, where it likes you best. And cover the moorland all round about With the weltering swarm of your wizard rout!
[They descend.

## MEPIISTOPHELES.

Here's jamming, jolting, jabbering, justling, Here's whizzing, whirling, bubbling, bustling!
Here's flashing, sparkling, stinking, burning, All things topsy-turvy turning!
The real hurly-burly, which is
Very meat and drink to witches !
Stick close by me, or we shall be
Swept asunder presently.
Where art thou?
faUst (in the distance).
Here !

MEPHISTOPIELES.
Ha! Steady, steady !
What! torn away so far already ?
Then is it time I should make clear
My right as lord and master here.
Room for Sir Voland, room, I say :
My most sweet people, please make way!

Here, doctor, here, take hold of me, And let us at a bound get free Of this wild rabble, and its din there. 'Tis too mad even for such as I.
There's something shining there hard by, With lustre quite peculiar. Look !
Yon bushes seem a quiet nook.
Come, come along! Let us slip in there.

FAUST.
Spirit of contradiction! Well, well, lead the way! Yet 'tis a splendid notion, I must say;
To Brocken we on May-day night repair, So keep aloof from all, when we get there.

MEPIISTOPHELES.
What many-coloured flames! Just see, There is a jovial company!
One's not alone, however few the folk.

## FAUST.

Up yonder I would rather be. Already flames and whirling smoke I see ascending, and the throng That to the Evil Spirit's lair Tumultuously sweeps along! There would I be, for surely there Will many a riddle be untied.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

And many a riddle be knotted, too. Let the great world go brawling on! Aside We'll tarry here in quiet out of view. With men the custom is of ancient date, To make themselves small worlds within the great.

Young witches yonder I espy, As naked as their mothers bore 'em, And old ones, too, that, wisely shy, Have veiled their charms with true decorum.
For my sake, now, be civil to them all.
The pastime's great, the trouble small.
Hark! Instruments a-tuning! Curse
Upon their blowing and their seraping!
Come on, come on! There's no escaping
We must submit, or suffer worse.
I'll step before and introduce you; so
Will under further obligation lay you.
Look here, look here, my friend! How say you?
No squeezed-up shably ballroom this, no, no!
Look onward there! You scarce can see the end.
A hundred fires are burning, row on row.
They dance, they chat, cook, drink, make love. In short,
Where, let me ask, will you find better sport?

## FAUST.

Will you, in ushering us into their revel, Present yourself as wizard, or as devil?

## MEIIISTOPIIELES.

My general rule's to play incognito.
On gala-days, however, one may show One's orders. With no garter am I decked, But here the horse hoof's held in high respect. Dost see yon suail come crawling up? 'Tis clear, Her tentacles already have found out There's something more than common hereabout. Even if I would forswear myself, I could not here. But come along! From fire to fire we'll go: I will the pander be, and you the beau.
[To some, who are seated round espiriny embers.

Old gentlemen, what is the reason, pray, You sit so far from all the mirth away? I'd think you showed more wisdom if I found you Right in the thick of it in jovial mood, With lots of brisk young wenches dancing round you. At home one has enough of solitude.

## GENERAL.

Who can trust a nation's truth, Though from ruin he may save her? For, just as with the women, youth With them stands always first in favour.

## MINISTER.

Folks now have all gone far astray. The good old times' that is my creed. For wheu we'd things all our own way,

That was the golden age indeed.

## PARVENU.

No fools were we, yet, I allow,
We often did the things we should not.
But all's turned topsy-turvy now,
Just when we most desired it would not.

## AUTHOR.

Who, as a rule, will now read aught
That has the least pretence to thought ? And, as for the young people, they Grow sillier, perter, every day.
mephistopheles (who all at once appears very old).
Mankind, I feel I may assume, Are ripened for the day of doom,

Now that I here for the last time The Mountain of the Witches climb: My cask rums muddy, and one sees The world is also on the lees.

A Witcn (who traffies in old odds and ends).
Come, gentle folks, lon't pass me so! Why throw a chance like this away? Observe my wares; so choice a show Is what you don't see every day. Within my shop, sirs, there is nought A shop like it you'll nowhere find But has its proper mischief wrought Unto the world and to mankind.
Here is no dagger but has run with gore; No chalice, but from it has flowed Hot shrivelling poison through each pore, Which, till it came, with health had glowed: No trinket, but to shame it has betrayed Some woman born to be beloved; no blade, But has been drawn for treasons fell and black, Or stabbed a foe, perchance, behind his back.

## MEPHISTOPIIELES.

$\mathrm{Coz}, \mathrm{coz}$, you're quite behind the age.
For what it wants you have no feeling.
Now novelties are all the rage;
In these, then, you should take to dealing!

## FAUST.

Grant that I may not lose my wits! Was e'er In all the universe so strange a Fair!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

To reach the top the whole mad throng are striving. 'Tis you are driven, and yet you think you'se driving.

## FAUST.

Who, who is that?
MEPHISTOPHELES.
Observe her well.
'Tis Lilith.

> FACST.

Who?
MEPHISTOPHELES.
Adam's first wife. Beware
Oit her and of her beauteous hair:
Wherein she doth all women else excel.
A 5oung man once let her with that ensnare, It is a mesh hell find it hard to tear.

## FATST.

Ionler sit two, an old witch and a young; But now they danced like mad, and wheeled, and flung.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

So rest from that to-night: They start anew. Come, take a partner: We must foot it, too.

FAt'SI (dancing with a young witch).
I dreamed a dream, was sweet to see;
In it I saw an apple-tree,
And on it shone fair apples tro, I climbed to pluck them where they grew.

THE FAIR ONE.
From Eden downward, vou've in sooth For pippins had a lickerish tooth. It glads my rery heart to know That such within mr garden grow.

MEPhistorheles (with the old one).
I dreamed a dream, was wild to see;
In it I saw a cloven tree.
It had a . . .
. . . as it was, I fancied it.

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THE OLI, ONE.
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With deepest reverence I salute The cavalier of the horse's foot. If at a . . . he does not scare, Let him . . . straight prepare.

## PROKTOMHANTASMIST.

Confound your impudence! Have we to you Not proved long since, by reasons most complete, That spinits never stand on ordinary feet? Yet here you dance, as common mortals do.

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THE FAIR ONE (dancing).
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What brings him to our ball, now?

> FAUST (dancing).

Oh!
He's everywhere, and always so. What others dance he must apprise. Each step he camot criticise In his conceit's no step at all. The thing that most excites his gall Is onward motion. If you would In circles keep revolving still, As he does in his ancient mill, No doubt he'd say, all right and good: And that especially, providerl You owned you were by his opinion guided.

## PROKTOPHANTASMIST.

Still at it! 'Tis past bearing! Vanish hence! What! in these days of high intelligence ! This devilish crew despise all rule. We boast Our great good sense, yet Tegel has its ghost. The years, Heaven knows how many, I have been Sweeping out such delusions piece by piece! But never will the human mind be clean. 'Tis labour lost - such follies never cease.

THE FAIR ONE.
Then cease to bore us here. Give place!

## PROKTOPHANTASMIST.

I tell you, spirits, to your face, I'll not endure this spirit-thrall! My spirit cannot manage it at all.
[The dancing proceeds.
No one to-night, I see, my word regards.
My journey for my pains have I; And still I hope, before I die, To put a curb on devils and on bards.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Straight in a puddle he will squat; He always soothes himself with that. And when the leeches have grown plump Upon the juices of his rmmp, He's cured, and without more ado, Of spirits, and of spirit, too.
[To Faust, who has left the dance.
Why have you left the pretty wench that sang
So sweetly to you in the dance?

## FAUST.

Ugh ! from her mouth a red mouse sprang, Even while she sang.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
A lucky chance:
About such things we're not too nice.
It was not gray, let that suffice.
Who cares for trifles such as this
When on the very brink of bliss?

> FaUsT.

Then I saw -
MEPHISTOPIIELES.
What?
FAUST.
Mephisto, seest thou there,
Far off, alone, a girl, pale, pale and sweet?
She drags herself along, and with the air
Of one that makes her way with shackled feet.
It cannot, cannot be ; and yet
She minds me of sweet Margaret.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Don't look that way! It can do nought but scaith.
'Tis but a magic shape, a lifeless wraith.
It is not well to meet such anywhere.
It curdles up man's blood by its cold stare,
And by it he is turned to stone well-nigh.
Thou'st heard, of course, of the Medusa.

## FAUST.

> Ay.

The eyes of one that's dead, in sooth are those, Which there has been no loving hand to close.
That is the breast Margaret gave up to me, Those the sweet limbs whose touch was ecstasy.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Thou ready gull, therein the sorcery lies. To all that love she wears the loved one's guise.

## FAUST.

What bliss! What torture! From that stare Myself away I cannot tear. How strangely does a thin red line, No thicker than a knife's back, fleck The marble of her lovely neck!

MEPIISTOPIIELES.
Right! I too see it, thin and fine! Beneath her arm, too, she can carry Her head, for Perseus cut it off, poor soul. Pshaw! Evermore the visionary! Come on with me to yonder knoll; The Prater's self is not more gay, And, if I'm not bewitched, I see A real theatre. What's doing, hey ?

## SERVIBILIS.

They recommence immediately. 'Tis a new piece, the last of seven. To play That number is the custom here.
The piece was written by an amateur, And amateurs perform it. You'll, I'm sure, Forgive me, if I disappear ; It is my office, on these days, The curtain, sirs, en amateur to raise.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

I'm truly charmer to see you here:
The Blocksberg's just your proper sphere.

WALPCRGIS NIGHT'S DREAM;
OR, OBERON AND TITANIA'S GOLDEN WEDDING
Intermezzo.
manager of the theatre.
Carnival to-day we hold,
Micding's children true we,
All our scenery, mountain old,
Valley dank and dewy:
HERALD.
Golden is the wedding, when
Fifty years have rolled on.
But, the feud once over, then
Golden it will hold on.
OBERON.
Fairies, if ye haunt this ground,
Here do homage duly,
For your king and queen are bound
In love's fetters newly.
pCCK.
Puck, when he legins to spin,
And foot it in the dingle,
After him troop hundreds in,
With his mirth to mingle.
ARIEL.
Ariel with his silver song
Divine fills all the air, too,
Many frights to hear it throng,
Many that are fair, too.

OBERON.
Learn ye, whom the marriage-bond Has not made one-hearted, If you'd make a couple fond, Only have them parted.

## TITANIA.

Is he all snarl, and she all whim, Upon them seize instanter, Away to the South Pole with him, And at the North Pole plant her!

ORCHESTRA (tutti fortissimo).
Fly's proboscis, midge's nose, And what to these akin are, Frog and shrilling cricket, those Purveyors of our din are.

SOLO.
See where, a soap-bubble sack, The bagpipe it is coming!
Hark the Schnecke-Schmicke-Schnack Through its snub-nose humming!

SPIRIT (that is fashioning itself).
Paunch of toad and spider's foot,
With little wings below 'em, Make not, 'tis true, a little brute, But make a little poem.

> A PAIR OF LOVERS.

Tiny step and lofty leap
Through honeydew and vapours;
Yet up in air you do not sweep,
Despite of all your capers.

## INQUISITIVE TRAVELLER.

Is this Cilamour, to fade anon?
Shall I believe my sight, to
See the fair god oheron
Here with us to-night, too?

## ortholos.

No claws! No tail! And yet, I wis,
Undoubtedly the fact is,
That, like the gods of (ireece, he is
A devil in his practice.
NORTHER A ARTIST.
My things at present, to be sure,
Are sketchy and unsteady, Still I for the Italian tour

Betimes am getting ready.

## PCRIST.

'Tis ill luck brings me here; this crew, Their din grows loud and louder, Aud of the whole witeh-medley two, And only two, wear powder.

## YOUNG WITCH.

Powder is, like petticoat, For beldames old and ugly,
So I sit naked on my goat,
And show my body smugly.

## MATRON.

With you we're too well-bred by far To squable on the spot, Miss;
But, young and tender as you are, I hope that you may rot, Miss.

## LEADER OF THE BAND.

Fly's proboscis, midge's nose,
These nude folk buzz not round so,
Frog and shrilling cricket, close
In, keep time, and sound so!
Weathercock (toward one side).
More brilliant throng could heart desire ?
All brides, young, fresh, and active!
And younkers, full of blood and fire,
A medley most attractive.
weathercock (toward the other side).
Well, if the ground here shall not gape,
These all to swallow plump down,
Right off, their antics to escape,
I'll into hell-pit jump down.

XENIEN.
See us here as insects! Ha!
With uebs small, sharp, and slitting, To render Satan, our papa,

High homage, as befitting.

## HENNINGS.

See how they crowd, and cheer the fun
Of every kind that's started!
They'll even say, ere all is done,
That they are kindly-hearted!

## MUSCYET.

Itself among this witches' rout
My fancy gladly loses;
For I could manage them, no doubt, More readily than the Muses.

CI-DEVANT (:ENIUS OF THE TUME.
Cling to my skirts : W'haterer betide, Our worth will somewhere class us;
The Blocksberg's summit's hroal and wide, Like Germany's I'amassus.

## INOUISITIVE TLAVELIER.

Who is yon stiff starched fellow, say, With stride so pompoms walking?
He sniffs and sniffe whoreer he may, "'Tis Jesuits, he is stalking!"

## CRANE.

In troubled streams, as well as clear,
'Tis my delight to angle;
So you see pious people here
With devils mingle-mangle.

## WORLDLIVG.

Yes, nothing can the pious daunt,
This place as good as auy ;
Upon the Blocksberg here they plant
Conventicles a-many.

DANCER.
Hark, far-off drums ! Sure, some new throng
Is in the distance looming!
Oh, never mind! It is among
The reels the bittems booming!

## DANCING MASTER.

Oh, how they fling, and jig, and flop,
Each capering as he best can.
The crooked skip, the clumsy hop,
To foot it, as the rest can.

Though mingling thus, this rabble crew For hate would like to rend them;
As Orpheus' lyre together drew The beasts, the bagpipes blend them.

DOGMATIST.
Critic or skeptic shall not throw
A doubt on my ideals;
The devil must be something, though, Or how could devils be else ?

IDEALIST.
The fancy, that doth work in me,
For once much too intense is; In sooth, if I be all I see,

To-night I've lost my senses.

REALIST.
Oh, entities a world of strife
And torment do entail me;
Here for the first time in my life
I find my footing fail me.

SUPERNATURALIST.
I'm quite enchanted with this scene,
Its babble and confusions, For as to angels I can e'en

From devils draw conclusions.

SKEPTIC.
Upon the flamelet's track they roam,
And think the treasure near is;
Here I an perfectly at home,
For doubt the devil's fere is.

## LEAHER OF THE BAND.

Frog and shrilling ericket, those
Comfomeded dilettanti!
Fly's proboscis, midgres mose, You're fine musicant!

## the kyowing oxes.

Sans souci, they call us so,
Us jolly dogs, that troll out;
To walk on foot is now no go,
So on our heads we stroll out.

## The Maladrolt ones.

Ah! many rare good things, 'tis true,
We hat of yore a hand in;
But, oh! our pumps are danced quite through,
And we're on bare soles standing!

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WHLL-O-THE-WISWふ.
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We come fresh from our native haunts,
From bogs and from morasses,
But who, of all these gay gallants,
In glitter can surpass us?

STARFLAKE.
I shot down hither from: on high, A star-fire sheen all o'er me;
Now prostrate on the gromed I lie, Who'll to my legs restore me?

## THE MASSIVE ONES.

Room! Room! A lane there! Clear the wav
The grass smaps, where we jump once:
Lo! spinits come; but spirits they
With boties, ay, and plump ones!

PUCK.
Tread not, I beg, so heavily, Like young calves elephantine; And let stout Puck the plumpest be To-night our fairy haunt in !

ARIEL.
If you have wings, boon Nature's gift, Then, ere our revel closes, Away with me by grove and clift Up to yon hill of roses!

ORCHESTRA (pianissimo).
On trailing cloud, and wreathèd mist, A sudden light has kindled; Trees, sedges whist, a breeze has kissed, And all to air have dwindled!

## ACT V.

Scene I. - A Gloomy Day. Open Country.

## Faust, Mephistopheles.

## FAUST.

In misery! In despair! After long wandering wretched to and fro, to be now in prison! She, that gentle ill-starred being, immured as a malefactor in a dungeon, to wait a frightful doom! And it has come to this! to this! Treacherous, worthless Spirit, and thou hast kept this from me! - Ay, stand there, stand! Roll thy fiendish eyes in savage wrath! Stand and defy me by thy intolerable presence! A prisoner! in irremediable misery! Given over to wicked spirits,
and to the merciless judgment of men! And me, me wert thou all the while lulling into forgetfulness, with vapid dissipations hiding her hourly increasing wretchedness from me, and leaving her to perish without help.

## MEPHISTOIMELES.

She is not the first.
FAUST.
Hound! Detestable monster: Change him, thou infinite Spirit, change the reptile once more into that semblance of a dog, in which he often delighted to gambol before me at night, to double himself up at the feet of the harmless wayfarer, aul, if he fell, to fasten his fangs upon his shoulders. Change hin again into his favourite shape, that lie may crawl on his belly in the dust before me, that I may spurn him with my feet, accursed as he is! - Not the first : - Woe: Woe! Not by the soul of man is it to be comprehended, how more than one human creature has sunk to such a depth of misery, - how the first did not in its writhing death-agony make satisfaction for all the rest before the eyes of Him that evermore forgives! The misery of this single soul pierces my very marrow, eats into my life; thou grimnest complacently at the fate of thousands !

## Mepiistopieles.

Now we are once more at our wit's end, strung to that pitch at which the reason of you mortals suaps. Why do you make fellowship, with us, if you camnot be one of us out and out? Will you fly, yet are not proof against dizziness? Did we force ourselves on you, or you on us?

## PAUST.

Gnash not thy ravening teeth against me thus! I'm sick of it! - Great and sublime Spirit, thou who didst
deign to reveal thyself to me, thou who knowest my heart and my soul, why link me to this infamous yokefellow, who feeds on mischief, and battens on destruction?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Hast done?

## FAUST.

Save her! or woe to thee! The awfullest of curses smite thee for myriads of years !

## MEPIIISTOPHELES.

I cannot loose the bonds of the avenger, nor undo his bolts. - Save her! - Who causel her ruin? I or thou? [Faust looks wildly round.] Wouldst grasp the thunder? 'Tis well it was not given to you miserable mortals. To crush the first innocent man he comes across, that is just the tyrant's way of making a clearance for himself out of a difficulty.

## FAUST.

Take me where she is! She shall be free!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

And the danger which you run? Remember the guilt of blood, shed by your hand, still lies upon the town. Avenging spirits hover over the spot where the victim fell, and lie in wait for the returning murderer!

## FAUST.

This too from thee? A world's murder and death upon thee, monster! Conduct me thither, I say, and set her free!

## MEPhistopileles.

I will conduct thee! Hear what I can do! Have I all power in heaven and on eath? I will cast a glamour over the gaoler's senses ; do you possess yourself of his keys, and bear her off with mortal hands. I shall watch outside. My magic horses shall be ready to carry you away. This much I can do.

## FAUST.

Up and away!

Scene II. - Night. Open Country.
Faust, Mephistopheles, sweeping along on blach horses.
FAUST.

What weave they yonder round the Ravenstone?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Can't tell what mess they have in hand.

## faust.

They wave up, they wave down, they are swaying and stooping.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

A Witches' Guild.
FAUST.

They strew and make libation.

> MEPHISTOPheles.

Push on! Push on!

## Scene III. - A Dungeon.

FAUST with a bundle of keys, before a small iron door.

FAUST.
I quake with a strange dread. The woe of all Mankind possesses me. This is her cell! Here does she lie behind this cold dank wall, And all her crime was having loved too well. Why do I hang back thus? Is't fear To think how I again shall see her?
Onward! Each moment's pause brings nearer her death-knell.
[Opening the lock. A voice is heard within singing.
My mother, the wanton, She took my life. My father, the rogue, Ate me up with his knife! My wee little sister, She picked up my bones, And laid them to cool All under the stones. Then I turned to a woodbird, So bomuie to see! Fly away, fly away To the woodland with me!

## FAUST (opens the door).

She little dreams that her beloved is near, The rattling chains, the rustling straw can hear. [He enters.
margaret (hiding her face on her pallet).
They come! Oh, bitter death! Oh, woe is me!

## FACST (softly).

Hush ! hush! I come to set thee free !
Margaret (throwing herself at his feet)
If thou be'st human, feel for my distress!

## FaUst.

Thou'lt wake the sentinels! These cries repress.
[Takes hold of her fetters to unlock them.
margaret (on her knees).
Who, hangman, who has given you right
To treat me thus - or who could give?
You fetch me, while 'tis yet midnight.
Oh, pity me, and let me live:
Is daybreak to-morrow not soon enough ? [Rises.
Oh, I am still so young, so young,
And yet must die!
Fair, too, they told me, once was I, And that was my undoing. He was nigh, My own dear love, in those sweet hours. But now he's far away from me.
My wreath is torn, and scattered are its flowers.
Seize me not with a grasp so rough !
Spare me, what have I ever done to thee?
Oh, let me not in vain implore :
I never saw thee all my days before.
FAUST.

Can I survive this miserable hour ?

## Margaret.

Now I am wholly in your power, To do with me whatever you think best

But to the babe first let me give the breast! All through the night I coaxed and stilled it: They took it from me to vex my brain, And now they say, I would have killed it, And never shall I be blithe again. The people, they sing songs about me, To sting me, and flout me. Ah! they mean me unkindly by it; An old tale ends so. Who bade them apply it?

## FAUST (fings himself on the ground).

Thy lover here lies prostrate at thy feet, To rend these miserable bouds, my sweet!

> margaret (throws herself by his side).

Oh, let us kneel to call upon the saints !
Look! Look! Under the stair!
Under the door there, The fires of hell, They seethe, and they roar there! The fiend within, Furious and fell, Is making a din!

FAUST.
Margaret! Margaret!

## margaret (listening).

That was my loved one's voice:
[She springs up - her fetters fall off
Where is he? Where? I heard him call.
I'm free! I'm free! Let no one try To stay me! On his neck I'll fall, Upon his bosom lie!
He called ou Margaret! stood there at the door Through all hell's howling and its roar,


Through devilish seoff, and gile, and groan, I recognised the sweet, the loving tone!

## FAUST.

'Tis I!

## margaret.

Thou, thou! Oh, say it once again !
[Clasping him.
'Tis he, 'tis he! Where now are all my pains? The anguish of the dungeou? Of the chains?
'Tis thou! Thou com'st to rescue me! Oh, then, Then I am saved. Oh, now again
Along the street I wander free, Where first I met with thee; Am in the cheerful garden, by the gate, Where for thee I and Martha wait.

## FAUST (trying to force her away).

Come with me! Come!

## margaret.

Oh, stay!
I like so much to stay, love, where thou stay'st.

## faust.

Quick, quick, away!
Oh, if thou wilt not haste, We shall rue dearly the delay!

## margaret.

How's this?
Thou canst no longer kiss?
Parted from me so short a time, and yet
Thou couldst the way to kiss forget?

Why do I grow so sad upon thy bosom now, When from thy words, thy looks, in other days A whole heaven flooded me, and thou
Didst kiss, as thou wouldst stifle me, always? Kiss me, or I'll kiss thee!
[Embraces him.
Oh, woe is me!
Thy lips are cold, they chill me through.
How ! not one word! Where hast thou left Thy love? Oh, who
Has thy poor Margaret of that bereft?
[Turns away from him.

## FAUST.

Come, follow me! Take courage, oh, my sweet ! I'll clasp thee to my heart, when this is o'er, A thousand times more fondly than before, So thou'lt but follow me. Hence, I eutreat!
margaret (turning to him).
And is it thou, then, thou? And is this true?

FAUST.
Oh, yes! Come! Come!

MARGARET.
My chains thou wilt undo, Take me again into thy breast!-So, so! How comes it that thou shrinkest not from me? Oh, my sweet love, dost thou, then, know Whom thou art setting free?

FAUST.
Come! Come! The night's already on the wane!

## Margaret.

My mother I have slain,
And drowned my child! To thee
The little one was given, and me;
To thee, love, too! 'Tis thou! Oh, can it be?
Give me thy hand! Yes! Yes! these are no dreams, -
Thine own dear hand. But, woe is me! 'tis wet!
How! dripping, dripping yet?
How it doth run !
Oh, wipe it off! Meseems,
There's blood upon't! Ah, God! what hast thou done?
Put up thy sword! Oh, sheathe it, I implore !

## FAUST.

Let what is past be past! I can no more. Each word thou speak'st is death to me.

## Margaret.

No, I must go, but thou must stay. I will describe the graves to thee: To-morrow thou to them must see By break of day.
For mother the best place provide.
Then to her lay my brother nearest;
Me a little to one side, But not too far off, dearest! And the little one on my breast to the right! No one else shall lie by me. Ah, love, to nestle up to thee, It was a sweet, a dear delight!
But that I never again shall know.
I have a feeling as if I must
Hang, cling to thee, and thou didst thrust Me back - back - back! Yet, wherefore so ! Thou art, thou lookest, so good, so kind!

FAUST.
If such thou feel'st I am, come, come, love !

## MARGARET.

Where?
Out yonder?
FAUST.
Out to the open air!

## maRGARET.

If the grave is there, If death is waiting, come! 'Tis best. From here into the bed of everlasting rest, And not a step beyond! Ah, me! Thou'rt going? Henry, if I might with thee !

EAUST.
Thou canst! Decide! See, open stands the door!

MARGARET.
I dare not go. For me all hope is o'er. What boots to fly? Beset with spies am I. It is so hard to have to beg your way, And with an evil conscience harder still ; It is so hard in a strange land to stray, And they will catch me, do whate'er I will.

## FAUST.

Then I remain with thee !

## MARGARET.

Fly, fly!
Thy child will die!
Save it! oh, save it!
Away! away!

> Keep to the path, Up by the brook, And into the wood beyond! Strike to the left By the plank in the pond! Quick! Seize it, seize it! It tries to rise! It is struggling yet. Help! Help!

FAUST.
Be calm! be still!
Only one step, and thou art free

## MARGARET.

Oh, were we only past the hill! There sits my mother upon a stone; My temples throb with an icy dread. There sits my mother upon a stone, And to and fro she waves her head: Her eyes are set, she makes no moan, Her hand is heavy as lead.
She slept so long, no more she'll wake; She slept, that we our delight might take That was a happy time:

## FAUST.

Thou'rt deaf to all remonstrance, prayer, And I perforce must bear thee hence.

## MARGARET.

Unhand me: Cruel one, forbear !
I will endure no violence.
Lay not this murderons grasp on me. Time was, I gave up all to pleasure thee !

## FAUST.

The day is breaking! Darling! Darling!

MARGARET.
Ay!
The day, indeed! The last day draweth nigh.
It should have been my wedding-day. Let no one know
That thou hast been with Margaret before.
Woe to my garland, woe!
Already all is o'er.
Love, we shall meet once more:
But not in the dance, ah, no!
The multitude, they come!
So hushed, you cannot hear the hum.
The lanes, the streets, the square, Scarce hold the thousands there.
The bell! Hark to its boom!
The staff of doom
Is broken. How they bind me, blind me!
Now to the seat of blood they drag me off;
And every neck doth feel
The quiver of the steel,
That's quivering for mine!
Now lies the world all silent as the grave.

## FAUST.

Oh, that I never had been born!
mephistopheles (appears at the door).
Away!
Away! Or you are lost for ever!
Truce to this waiting and prating, this bootless delay! My horses shiver !
The morning is dawning gray!
makgaret.
What's that, sprang from the ground? I know its face!
Send him away!'tis he! 'tis he!
What should he do in a holy place?
He comes for me.
FAUST.

Thou shalt - must live !

> MARGARET.

Judgment of God!
Myself unto Thy mercy I resign!
MEPIIISTOPIIELES (to FAUST).

Come! Come! How's this? You will not stir? I'll leave you in the lurch with her.

## Margaret.

Thine am I, Father, thine:
Save me! Ye angels! Ministers of light Compass me round with your protecting might! Henry, I shudder as I think of thee.

MEPHISTOPIELES.
She's judged.

> VOICE (from above).

She's saved.
mephistopheles (to facst).

> Away with me!
> [Disappeurs with Fatst.
volce (from within, dying aucay).
Henry ! Henry :

> Faust A ${\underset{\text { Pragt Il }}{\text { Tragedy }}}^{\text {Part }}$

## Faust: A Tragedy

ACT I.
Scene I. - A Berutijul Landscape.
Faust reclining in a flowery medow, wearied, restless, triging to sleep.

Twilight.
(A troop of elves dittiny round him, graceful little forms.)

## ARIEL.

(Song, accompanied by Eoliun harps.)
When the spring-time, scattering flowers, Pobes in verdure hill and glen, When green meadows, bright with showers, Gladden all the sons of men, Little elves, where spirits languish, Haste their troubled fears to still;
They are grieved by mortal's anguish, Be the mourner good or ill.

Ye, who in airy circles round him float, Here show that ye are elves of noble note. Soothe into caln his heart's distressful fray, Pluck out the burning arrows of remorse, Wash from his spirit all its past dismay; 231

Night hath four periods in her solemn course, Now fill them kindly up without delay !
Pillow his head on yon cool bank, and then
Bathe him in dew from Lethe's stream; anon
Will his cramp-stiffened limbs relax again,
When all refreshed he wakens with the dawn.
Do the elves' fairest 'hest aright, Restore him to the blessèd light!

## CHORUS.

When across the emerald meadows Warm and fragrant breezes play, Closing round in misty shadows, Softly falls the twilight gray; Whispers gently peace to mortals, Rocks the heart to childlike rest;
Closes up the daylight's portals To those wearied eyes unblest.

Now the might is deeply darkling, Gleams out hallowed star on star, Lights of power, or faintly sparkling, Twinkle near, and gleam afar.
In the lake they sparkle tender, Gleam in you clear vault profound; Reigns the moon in full-orbed splendour, Perfecting the peace around.

See, the hours of night have vanished, Joy and grief have passed away.
Wake! rejoice! thy pain is banished, Trust the new-advancing day.
Vales grow green, hills steep and steeper, Shadows deepen thick with leaves,
And the harvest to the reaper
Iu long silvery billows heaves.

Fix thy gaze in yonder glory,
Wouldst thou win thy wish and keep.
Frail the spell that resteth ofer thee,
Fling away the husk of sleep!
Though the crowd grow pale and waver, Onward thou, with dauntless soul!
Gallant heart is batfled never, Striving to a noble goml
[A tremendous dranymer indicutes the approuch of the Sun.

## ARIEL.

Hark, the ringing hours of morn! Pealing unto spirit ears, Lo, another day is born, Lo, another dawn appears : Adamantine gates are crashing, Phobus' car-wheels rattling, clashing, What clang harbingers the sun ! Trump and clarion pealing clear, Dazzling eye and stunning ear!
Hence: Our elfin reign is done.
Slip into your flowery cells,
Couch in lone, untrodden dells, To the elefts and thickets come!
Day will all your powers benumb.

## FAUST (awaking).

Life's pulses dance with fresh and bounding pace, The ethereal splendours of the dawn to greet: Thou, earth, thou too this night didst hold thy place, And breathest with new vigour at my feet, Bid'st joy even now within my hreast grow rife, And high resolves dost stir with kindling hent. To scale life's topmost heights through toil and strife ! Now lies the world in morning's twilight beam,

The woodland rings with thousand-voicèd life, All through the valley misty hazes stream, Yet to its depths doth heaven's clear radiance creep, And, bathed in freshness, wood and thicket gleam, From dewy clefts where late they lay asleep; The glades are dappled with a thousand dyes, Where flower and leaflet trembling pearls do weep, And all around grows fair as Paradise!

Aloft the giant peaks, far-gleaming bright, Proclaim the hour at hand, that fires the skies;
They feel the first flush of the eternal light, That finds its way betimes to us below. Now o'er the green slopes of yon Alpine height The advancing splendour spreads a livelier glow, And, step by step, it gains the lower ground. Lo, the broad sun! And blinded with the flow, That stings the shrinking sight, I turn me round.

So when a hope, by long devotion fanned, Hath won the height of its desire and found Fulfilment's portals wing-like wide expand, But now from yonder depths eternal leaps A whelming burst of flame, amazed we stand; Life's torch we'd fain illumine there, when sweeps A sea of fire around us, eddying fast -
Is't love? is't hate? that round us hotly creeps, With joy and pain, in alternation vast, -
So that once more to earth we turn our gaze, And shrinking childhood's mantle round us cast.

Sc then behind me let the sumbeams blaze!
The waterfall, that down yon chasm is roaring, I view with deepening rapture and amaze. Now, in a myriad broken runlets pouring, It bounds from ledge to ledge, and, shattering there, Shoots up, in spray and filmy vapour soaring.

Yet o'er this turmoil how divinely fair
The rainbow's many-tinted arch is wound,
Now pencilled clear, now melting into air,
A dewy cool diffinsing far around,
A mirror this of mortal coil and strife :
And there, if well thon ponderest, will be found, In glowing lues revealed, a type of life.

Scene II. - Imperiul Pulace. Throne-room.
Privy Council met in Expectation of the Emieror.

## Tru'miets.

Enter eourtiers of every runk in magnifient dresses. The Emperor ascends the throne. On his right hand The Astrologer.

## THE EMPEROR.

I greet the liegemen true and dear, Met here from near and distant lands; My sage, I see, beside me stands, But why my fool, is he not here?

## PaGE.

Sir, on your royal train he stumbled As we came up the stair, and tumbled; They bore Sir Corpulence away, Or dead or drunk, who is to say?
SECOND P.AGE.

And what was passing strange, apace Another steps into his place; The dress he wore is rich and rare, But so grotesque, it makes folks stare.

The guards their halberds crossed before The fellow as he reached the door, As coming contrary to rule; But see! he's here, the forward fool!
mephistopheles (kneeling before the throne).
What is accursed, yet welcome ever;
What is desired, yet kept at bay ;
What do men turn their backs on never,
Yet's banned and railed at day by day ;
Whom dost thou dare not summon here,
Whose name in all men's ears is sweet,
Who to the very throne draws near, Yet is self-banished to retreat?

EMPEROR.
Friend, for the nonce your jargon spare!
Here riddles out of place are sadly;
They are these gentlemen's affair.
Resolve them, and I'll listen gladly.
My former fool, I fear, has lost his head:
You take his place, and come up here instead.
[Mephistopheles goes up and places himself on the Emperor's left.

## MURMUR OF THE CROWD.

A new fool - so new plagues begin.
Where comes he from? - how came he in?
The old one tripped - used up, past saving:
He was a vat - here now's a shaving.

EMPEROR.
So now, my liegemen, whom I love, Be welcome all, from far and near!

Beneath auspicious stars ye're gathered here;
For us are joy and weal writ there above!
But say, why, at a time when we
From every care would fain be free
In mumming, mask, and revelry
To take our fill of pure delights,
Should we be plagued with setting state affairs to rights?
But since you're clear they will not brook delay,
Then be it so, and have it your own way.

## CHANCELLOR.

Virtue supreme, that, like an aureole bright, Circles the Emperor's brows, his royal hand Alone can exercise by sovereign right.
Justice! What all men love, what all demand, All long for, and without it scarce may live, This to his people 'tis his part to give.
But what avails clear head, or kindly heart, Or ready hand to play the patriot's part, When the state's torn by feverish disquiet, And mischief runs in breeding mischief riot? The whole broad realm below to us doth seem From our high vantage ground a nightmare dream, Where forms misshapen are in chaos blent, Where lawlessness makes law its instrument,
And error and delusion everywhere
Are rampant, and infect the very air.
One steals a flock, a woman one,
Cross, chalice, candles from the altar,
Brags through the years of what he's done, Nor gets his neck into a halter.
Now to the court the accusers throng, The judge in cushioned state sits proud, In surging eddies rolls along
Tumultuously the clamorous crowd.

Yet dreads the criminal no ill
Who in accomplices has friends, And " Guilty!" is the sentence still Where innocence on itself depends. So will the world in time be wrecked, Truth, honour, virtue perish quite; How should we there the sense expect, Aloue can guide us to what's right? A man, not ill-disposed, in time To flattery or to bribes will fall, A judge, who cannot punish crime, Go partner with the criminal. My sketch I've drawn of blackest hue, Yet fain had kept it from the view.
Steps must be taken, and ere long;
When all or do or suffer wrong,
There's danger even to the throne.

## FIELD - MARSHAL.

Oh, the mad days wherein we're living!
All men are taking blows or giving, Obedience is a thing unknown. The cit behind his moated wall, The noble in his rocky nest, Combine at bay to keep us all, Each holding stoutly by the rest. Our mercenaries restive grow, Demand their hire with angry cry, Yet, if 'twere all paid up, we know They'd bolt, and never say " Good-bye!" To say what all men want's debarred, Is to disturb a hornet's nest; The kingdom they should shield and guard Is ravaged, plundered, and oppressed. None try to curb the rabble rout; Already half the world's undone;

Kings still there be, a few, about, But not one thinks tis his affair, not one.

## TREASLRER.

Who'd pin his faith upon allies?
Our funds, they say, they'll subsidise, But at the source their bounties stop, And leak through to us drop by drop. Again, sir, who, your wide realms through, Keeps what his fathers left him, who !
Where'er we turn, some new man's in the ascendent,
And will, forsooth, be independent.
Do what he may, howe'er absurd
Or wrong, we must not say a word.
We have surrendered rights so many,
We have not left ourselves with any.
On so-called parties in the state
There's no dependence nowadays;
Whether they rail at us, or praise,
We prize alike their love and hate.
Your Ghibelline, so too your Guelph,
Greedy of ease, gets out of reach.
What man now helps his neighbour? Each Is only thiuking of himself.
The golden gates are barred; men screw, And scrape, and snatch, and hoard, and pile, And our exchequer's empty all the while.

## STEWARD.

What plagues beset my office too!
We're trying day by day to save,
Yet each day hrings me calls for more,
And cares and worries new and grave.
The kitchen never lacks good store:
Stags, wild boars, leverets, himds, and hares,
Fowls, turkers, geese and ducks in pairs, -

Payment in kind, - whate'er may hap, Come duly in, to fill the gap.
But now our wine is ruming low.
Butts upon butts we once did own,
All the best growths, the finest years, Piled in the cellar, tiers on tiers;
But our great nobles round the throne, Slaking a thirst that knows no stop, Are draining them to the last drop. Even the Town Council are not able
To keep their stores untapped; they fly
To bowl and beaker, drain them dry,
Till the sots sink beneath the table.
Now I, perforce, must pay for all:
The Jew won't spare me: he presents
His bonds of credit, that forestall
The produce of the next year's rents.
Our very pigs we cannot fatten,
The pillow's pawned from off the bed,
And what to table comes is forehand-eaten bread.

## emperor (reflects awhile, then says to Mephistorneles).

Have you no grievance, fool, to bring us pat in?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Not I, indeed. Viewing this grand display, Thee and thy Court, - full trust who must not feel, Where kingship holds indisputable sway, And, backed by ready force, makes foemen reel ? Where loyal hearts, strong through conviction clear, And euergy to act, ars ever near, Who could for wrong or purpose dark unite, Where stars are shining so supremely bright?

## MURMUR.

He is a knave - a shrewd one too.
He lies - but with an end in view.
I'm sure there's something lurks behind Some what? - Some seheme to cheat the blind!

MEPIHSTUPHFLES.
Where lacks not something in this earthly sphere?
Here this, there that : 'tis Coin is lacking here.
Not from the floor can it be scraped, no doubt;
Still wisdom draws what's hid most deeply out.
In mountain-lodes, in walls far under ground, Gold, coined and uncoined too, is to be found. And ask you, who can bring it to the light? Some gifted man's Nature-and-Spirit-might.

## Cilancellor.

Nature and Spirit? No words for Christian men! For this they burn your atheists now and then, As such talk is extremely dangerous. Nature is Sin, Spirit the devil; thus
They gender doubt betwixt them - that Deformed hermaphroditic brat.
This sort of thing won't do with us:
Our Emperor's ancient kingdom through, Two orders have sprung up, aud only two, The Clergy and the Nobles, - and they make A sure stay for his throne, and seemly guard, Defying every tempest; so they take The Church and State for their well-earned reward. There's a rebellious spirit brewing
Amongst the vulgar and the bad;
All heretics' and wizards' doing,
Who're driving town and cometry mad.
And now with riball jests you, you, begin
To assail the men who move in this high sphere!

Hearts rotten at the core to you are dear, For they to fools are very nigh akin!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

I see the scholar, sir, in what you say.
What you touch not, for you lies miles away ; What you grasp not, no being has for you ; What you count not, you're clear camot be true; What you weigh not, has neither weight nor size; What you coin not, is worthless in your eyes.

## EMPEROR.

Our needs are nowise to be lightened thus. Your Lenten Sermon, what is that to us? I'm sick of the eternal How and When : 'Tis cash we want - hard cash! So get it, then!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

All you desire I'll get, and more, so please ye; The task is light, and yet, though light, not easy. The gold is there; but how to haul it in ? That calls for skill: who knows how to begin? Only reflect, in the dark days, when tides Of men swamped countries and their folk besides, How he and he, in the first panic scare, Hid what he prized most dearly anywhere! So was it under Rome's imperial sway So on to yesterday, ay, to to-day. It all lies hidden in the soil ; the soil The Emperor's is, and he shall have the spoil.

## TREASURER.

Well, for a fool, he does not talk amiss ; The Emperor's ancient right undoubted this !

## Chanceliont.

For you spreads Satan godlen snares; you'll do
What is unrighteons and mholy too.

## STEWARD.

So that he only bring us gifts of price, About unrighteousness I sha'n't be nice.

> FIELD MALSHAL.

Shrewd fool, to promise what hy all is sought !
The soldier won't inquire whence it was brought.

## MEPIISTOPlIELES.

And if, belike, you think l'm talking fudge, There's the Astrologer - let him be judge: Cycle on Cycle, Hour and Honse he knows; Say, sir, what do the heavenly sigus disclose?

## MCRMUR.

A pair of knaves - confederates clear, Phantast and fool - the throne so near. An old, old story ! stale with age -
As the fool prompts, so speaks the sage!
astrologer (spealis, mephistorilleles prompting).
Gold of the purest is the orb of day;
Mercury, the herald, serves for grace and pay ;
Dame Vemus hath bewitched yon, one and all, On you all hours her loving glances fall.
Chaste Luma's full of whims and fancies light:
Mars, though he strike not, awes you with his might;
And Jupiter shows the loveliest star of all.
Saturn is great, far to the eye and small ;

Him lowliest 'mongst the metals do we rate, Trivial in value, ponderous in weight.
But mark! When Sol and Luna come together, And $g o h l l$ mates silver, then 'tis finest weather; Straightway one gets whatever else one seeks, Parks, palaces, plump bosoms, rosy cheeks. All this is wrought by that most learned man, Who can achieve what none amongst us can.

## EMPEROR.

His words ring double in all they say; But they convince me not, not they.

MURMUR.
An idle tale - jest worn and stale ! Star-gazers' dreams - alchemists' schemes! Things oft told to us - devised to do us! For all his coaxing, merest hoaxing!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

With foolish stare they stand around; No faith have they in hidden prizes: Kobold and gnome one man surmises, Another prates of the coal-black hound. What matter, if sorry jokes one crack, Another at sorcerers' cantrips rail, If gout his feet with its twinges rack, And his legs beneath him quake and fail? Ye all the secret working feel Of nature's ever-predominant power, And her living traces this very hour Up from her nethermost regions steal. When every boue in your body grows sick, And a something uncanny stirs in the air,

Then courage! to work with sprate and pick!
There lies the fiddler, the treasure is there! 1

## MERJC゙R.

My feet are heary as lead - that's gont ; Cramps through my arms rim in and out; My great toe burns, and shonts, and twitches; All over my back there are pains and stitches:
By all these signs it would appear, There are heaps of richest treasure here.

## EMPEROR

Look sharp! I brook no more delay !
Prove that your frothy flams are true, And bare these famons piles to view:
Then sword and seeptre I'll jut away, And with my royal hands I will, If you lie not, the work fulfil; But if you lie, I'll pack you off to hell!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

The road there I at least shoukl know right well!
But, sir, words fail me, adequate to tell
What unowned wealth lies waiting everywhere.
The boor, that through the furrow drives his share,
Turns up a erock of bullion with the mould;
He hopes saltpetre hidden in the clay,
And, half in eestasy, half in dismay,
In his gaunt fingers finds rouleaux of gold.
But then the arches must le hurst,
The chasms, the shafts, through which he must,
${ }^{1}$ The allusion is to a smperstition common in Germany, that when people stumble, they are pasing wer a spot where a musician is buried, - being affected, as certain selusitive people are said to be, on coming to ground under which gold or other minerals lie.

Who's treasure-wise, a passage thrust, To reach the womdrous world below!
In spacious vaults, strong-harred, untold
Plates, goblets, salvers, all of gold,
He sees around him, row on row.
There ruby-studded beakers stand,
And, if he'd drink from them, at hand
Are fluids aged as the hills.
The casks have long been turned to dust,
But the wine-tartar - if you'll trust
One who knows well - their function fills.
The essences of noble wine,
As well as gold and jewels fine,
Themselves in grnesome night enshrine.
'Tis here the wise man - pray you, mark ! -
Unweariedly pursues his quest.
To hunt by daylight were a jest;
The home for mysteries is the dark.

## EMPEROR.

That may be so. (iloom! What's the good of that? Things of true worth are sure to come to light.
Who can detect a rascal in black night?
Your cow in the dark is black, and gray your cat.
These pitchers down below, crammed full of gold, Do you with plonghshare to the light unfold!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Take sparde and pickaxe, dig yourself! The toil Will make you great, mere peasant's though it be, And presently, emerging from the soil, A herd of golden calves will struggle free. Then in your transports may you without check Yourself and your fair ladye love bedeck, For lustrons gems give lustre great To beanty as well as to royal state.

## EMPEROR.

Despatch, despatch! How long are we to wait?
ASTROLOGER.
Such urgent longing, pray, sir, moderate.
First fimish off the motley masquing show. A mind distraught conducts not to the goal. We must to settled caln compose our soul, And earn by what's above what is below. Who would have good things must himself be grood. Who would have joy must temper down his bloud.
Who would have wine must lay ripe clusters by, Who miracles, his faith must fortify.

## EMPEROR.

Then the the time in mirth and frolie spent, And welcomer will be the coming Lent! Meauwhile more merrily, whate'er befall, We'll celebrate the roaring Carnival.

## MEPHistopheles.

How merit's coupled with success
Is what your fools can never guess;
If they the wise man's stone possessed, With wisdom they would not be blest.

Scene III. - Spacious Hall, with Apartments adjoin. ing embellished for a masquerade.

## nerald.

Expect not here old German fancies,
Devils' and fools' and dead men's dances;
A fête awaits you gay and bright.
Our master, when he went to Rome,

Has for his profit, your delight, Crossed the high Alps, and thence brought home
To his fair realm a royal right.
There at the holy feet bowed down, That right he first devoutly sought, And, while he went to fetch away his crown, Away for us the fool's cap with him brought!
Now we are all new-born; and every man
To whom the world has been his school,
O'er head and ears the cap will snugly pull, -
The air it gives him of a crack-brained fool,
And under it he plays sage, as best he can.
Already they break up, I see,
Some into pairs, some into groups;
And in and out unceasingly
The throng of choral singers troops.
Well! With its fooleries untold,
The world is, as it was of old,
A lig fool, not to be controlled!
flower girls (sing, accompanied by mandolins).
Maids of Florence, by the splendour Of your Court drawn here are we,
And our tribute thus we render, Decked in all our bravery.

Woveu into our nut-brown tresses
Bright flowers manifold we bear,
Silken streamers, silken jesses
Join to prank it gaily there.

For we hold it meritorious,
And a thing to make us dear,
That our flowers, by art made glorious, Bloom and blow through all the year.

Sprays of every hue commingle, In symmetric order flaced; You may slight them, taken single, But the mass contents your taste.

Comely are we to the eve, as
Girls should be so gay aml smart, For the womm's native lias Closely is allied with art.

## HERALI.

Show your baskets richly freighted, Those that on your heads are pressed, Those with which your arms are weighted; Let each choose what likes him best.
Quick! Till all with leaf and alley Semblance of a garden bears.
Who but fain with such would dally, Dealers lovely as their wares?

> Garden girls.

Choose, then, each at fancy gleaning -
Freely choose, and huckster not!
Tell in few words, full of meaning,
Every one what he hath got.
olive-braven (with fruit upon it).
Flowery blooms I enry none,
Strife of every kiml I shm :
It doth with my natme jar.
Yet earth holds no gem more fair,
Pledge and token everrwhere
Of peace, and what its blessings are.
To-night, I home, 'twill he my place
Some fair and worthy heal to grace:

## WHEAT - Wreath (golden).

Nought more wimning-sweet attireth
Than the gifts by Ceres sent;
What mau most for use desireth, Be your fairest ornament!

## FANCY WREATH.

Motley flowers, resembling mallows, Strangely peep from mosses green; These are things that fashion hallows, Though in nature never seen.

FANCY NOSEGAY.
What my name is, to declare Theophrastus would not dare; Yet I have my hope I shall Please a many, if not all.
She that in her hair will wind me, She that on her breast will bind me, Shall, if with a will she do it, Find she has no cause to rue it.

## CHALLENGE.

Gaudy fancies, let them flower For the fashion of the hour, Form in guises wondrous moulded, Such as nature ne'er unfolded! Golden bells and sprays of green Peer out flowing locks between. But we -

## Rosebuds

Shrink from sight.
Happy who on us doth light! When the winds of summer blow,

Roses kindle then and glow;
Who such happiness woum miss?
Promise, then, fulfilment, this
Is in Flora's realu the rule:
Eye, and sense, and hrart fed full!
[The Gariden (imbs "irongi their weres tustefully under green alliys.

GARDENER (sony werompenied by throilus).
Flowery blooms, where you have placed them, Charmingly your head adom, So our fruits you will not reom ;
They'll delight you, if you taste them.
Magnum bonums, cherries, peaches,
Dusky are of hue; but buy:
Worst of judges is the eve;
Trust what tongue or palate teaches.
Let all come where, gladdening eyes
And taste, the choicest fruits invite them;
Men on roses poetise,
Apples, they perforee must bite them.
To your bounteous bloom of routh
Grant us leave, then, to ally us,
And our ripest wares, in sooth, Shall on you be lavished by us.

In alleys gay that wind abont, In the shade of pleached bowers, You'll find all you want haid ont, Blossoms, foliage, fruit, and flowers.
[Singing atterautely, necompleniad liy guiteris ent] theorbes, the two Chwirs proced to wromage their undes in rows one whore the other, and to offer them joi sule.

## Mother and Daughter.

MOTHER.
O lass, when you first came to the light, A bonny wee hood I made ye;
Your limbs were so lissome, your face so bright, You were quite a dainty lady.
What a bride you'll make! to myself I said, With figure and face so sunny,
And already I pictured you wooed and wed By a suitor with heaps of money.

But years they have come, and have passed again, And, alas! you are left on my hands still ;
For somehow or other the marrying men Sweep by you, and none of them stand still.
No fault of yours! For with one you dance, And flirt it and foot it sprightly ;
On another you smile with a coy kind glance, And cling to his elbow tightly.

Picnic or party, 'twas all the same, However we might devise them;
Forfeits, Third Man, no kind of game Could into an offer surprise them.
But all the fools are let loose to-day, And they're brimming with silly rapture;
So, dearest, your charms without stint display,
And one of them you may capture!
[Girl playfcllows, young and beautiful, join the groups, and break out into a loud chatter of mutual confudences. Fishermen and birdcatchers with nets, fishing-rods, limed twigs, and other implements of their craft, enter and mingle with the girls. Mutual attempts to attraet attention, to cateh, to cscape, and to hold fast, give occasion for pleasant interchange of talk and banter.

WOODCUTTERs (futer, boisterous and ungainly).
Room: room: give place!
We must have phace!
Trees we fell ;
Down as we tear them, They erash in the dust! Off as we bear them, Come push and thrust. This to our praise, Look, that ye tell!
Were no rongh men
To work in the land,
Where, tell me, then,
Would your fine folks stand?
This truth, forget it not,
Stretched at your ease,
For, if we sweated not,
You all would freeze!

PUNCHINELLOS (authward, almost silly).
Fools are ye, hacks,
Born with bent backs!
We the wise, who
Burden ne'er knew !
For, look ye, our caps,
Our jackets and flaps,
We carry them lightly,
Gaily and sprightly -
We, ever idle,
Saunter and sidle,
Slippers on feet,
Through market and street,
There to stand gaping,
Crowing and japing;
Under the hublub lond,
Through the thick thronging crowd,

Eel-like we slip off, In a mass trip off, A rumpus to raise. Whether you praise, Or whether you blame, 'Tis to us all the same!
parasites (with a wheedling air).
Ye porters, stout of thew, And their own brothers, you Charcoal that burn, Are the men for our turn. For bowing and scraping, Assenting and smiling, Fine phrases shaping, Obscure and beguiling, Framed to blow hot Or cold, or what not, Just the moment to please; What profit all these? Fire might be given Straight out of heaven, In volume enormous; But how would it warm us, Had we no billet, No coal-heaps to throw On our fireplace, and fill it With gladdening glow?
Then the steaning and roasting, The stewing and toasting!
The real gourmet,
The licker of dishes, Scents the roast by the way, And surmises the fishes. This incites him to ply A robust knife and fork

When his host says, Come, try !
And he tackles to work.

## drunken man (in a stupor).

Oh, this day shall be haply beyond all measure,
I feel so jolly and free!
Songs to delight you, and holiday leisure, I have brought you along with me.
And that's why I drink! lrink, drink!
Join glass to glass, boys! Clink, clink!
You behind there, come out to the light !
Strike your glass upon mine! All right:
My wife she jeered at this coat of motley,
And railed as though she my ears would pull;
She fleered and sneered, till I felt it hotly,
And called me a mumming, makking fool.
But I drink for all that! Irink, drink:
Let every glass ring! Clink, clink!
Ye masking mummers, come, all unite!
When the glasses go clink, all's right!
Never say I'm cracked! for my hoast is, I know, when I want, where to get my fill!
If my host won't trust me, why, there's the hostess;
And if she won't do it, the maiden will.
So I drink at all times! I rink, drink:
You fellows there, up! Clink, clink!
Join glass to glass! Keep it up all night!
Things now, I've a notion, are perfectly right!
Leave things as they are! The jors they've made me, What better could mortal wish to his hand?
All right: let me lie here where I have laid me,
For now on my legs I cau no more stand!

## chorus.

Every good fellow, drink ! drink !
Drain down your glasses, clink, clink!
To bench and to board stick while you are able;
He's done for, that fellow there under the table !
[Tie Herald announces poets of various kinds, Poets of Nature, Court and Ritter Singers, bards sentimental and gushing. In the throny of competitors no one will allow the other to obtain a hearing. One of them throws out a few words as he slips past.

## SATIRIST.

Know ye what were the sweetest thing
For me, a poet among poets here?
This! Were 1 free to say and sing.
What none of them all would wish to hear.
[The Night and Churchiyard Poets send apologies, becuuse they ure just at that moment engaged in an interesting conversation with a Vampyre that has made its appearanee recently, out of which a new kind of poetry may perhaps be developed. The Herald has to accept their excuses, and in the meantime summons the Greek Mythology, which, even in modern masquerading costume, loses neither character nor charm.

## The Graces.

## AGLAIA.

Into life we carry grace! In your givings give it place.

## HEGEMONE.

In receiving grace retain!
Sweet it is a wish to gain.

EUPHROSYNE.
And in days of thoughtful mood, Let grace sweeten gratitude.

## The Parce.

## ATROPOS.

Me, the eldest, have they wooed on, Here among you all to spin;
Much to think of, much to brood on, Lies life's fragile thread within.

That it may be pliant, tender. Flax the finest still I choose;
Smooth to make it, even, and slender, I shall deftest fingers use.

Should the dance's joyous eddies Pulses all too quick awake, Think how very frail this thread is, And be wary: It may break.

> Clotio.

Know, of late years they confided Uuto me the shears of dread;
For the way our elder phed it Had its power diseredited.

Spinnings worthless quite, she bore them Through long years of life and bloom;

Threads of promise rare, she shore them, Hurried to a timeless tomb!

I myself made many a blunder In my young and headstrong years;
Now to keep my rashuess under, In its sheath I keep the shears.

Gladly then my hands I fetter; Kindly I your sports survey; In these hours of ease, what better Than give mirth its fullest play?

## LACHESIS.

To me, whose judgment wavers never, Was the task of order given;
So my spindle, circling ever, Never has been over-driven.

Threads around and round it playing, I to each its path assign,
None I suffer to go straying, All into the ball I twine.

Could I pause, myself forgetting, For the world my heart would ache;
Days and years sink to their setting, She that weaves the skein will take.

## HERALD.

These that are coming now you will not know,
How versed soe'er in ancient lore ye be;
Gazing on these, who work such worlds of woe,
Guests you would think them, men were glad to see.

The Furies they ; none will heliesw us; kiml, Of comely presence, fair withal, and young: But fall into their hands, and you will find How serpent-cruelly these doves have stung!

Crafty they are, 'tis true; but nuwallays,
When every fuol for falings craves renown, Even they, not coveting, as angels, praise, Own they're the plagues of country and of town.

## ALECTO.

What boots such talk? You'll trust us all the same:
For we are pretty, young, sweet coaxing dears;
If you've a swain has set your heart aflame, We'll go on pouring flattery in his ears.

Till we dare tell him, eye to eye, his fair Has smiles for other men as well as him, That, if he's pledged his troth, he'd best beware, For she's a fool, crook-backed, and halt of limb.

And we can make the lady wretched too:
Some weeks ago her friend said slighting things
Of her to some one else. They may, 'tis true, Be reconciled; still we have left our stings.

## MEG.ER.A.

That's but a joke! I wait till they are wed, Then set to work, and poison - such my powers Bliss, when it seems more surely perfected; Men, they are changeful as the changing hours.

Let what he yearned for once be won, all's o'er, His rapture cools, the prize its charm has lost ;
For something else he madly yearns still more, Flies from the sun, and seeks to warm the frost.

Asmodi here I bring, my henchman true;
Well does he work my will in such affairs, Mischief broadcast at the right time to strew, And so destroy the human race in pairs.

## TISIPHONE.

Poison, dagger, not backbiting, Mix I, whet I, for the traitor; Lov'st thou others, sooner, later, Shalt thou feel destruction smiting.

Turn to gall and wormwood must What in sweetness was abounding; Here no bargaining, no compounding! Suffer as ye wrought! "Tis just!

Let none say, "Forgive, forgive!" To the rocks my plaint I bring. Hark! "Revenge!" the echoes ring; Who betrays, he shall not live!

## HERALD.

Please, step a little back, you there behind; For what comes next is of no common kind. Onward a mountain works its way, you see, Swathed on its flanks in gorgeous tapestry. Long tusks, a snake-like snout, its head are on; A mystery! But I'll show the key anon. Gracefully on its neck a fair girl rides, And with a slender staff its movements guides; Another stands above, of stately height, Begirt with radiance dazzling to the sight.
Two noble dames walk, chained, on either side, One blithe and bright, one sad and sober-eyed; One yearns to be, one feels that she is, free. Let each of these declare, who, what is she.

FEAR.
Through this revel wild the light Of lamps and torches Hanes around; Traitor faces throng my sight, And I, alas: in chains an bound.

Hence, ye laughers, brainless, loud, From your grins I shrink in fear; All that mean me mischief crowd Close to-night around me here.

Here a friend has grown a foe;
Read him through his mask I may:
There is one would kill me; lo: Now, found out, he slinks away:

Ah, how gladly would I ty
Through the wide world anywhere:
But destruction dogs me - I
Hang 'twixt darkness and despair.

## норе.

Hail, beloved sisters, hail:
If these mumming sports prevail
Here to-night, as yester-e'en, Yet to-morrow, well 1 ween, You will doff your masking gear. If we find no special pleasure In the torches' flare, we shall Anon in days of sumny leisure, And with none to thwart us near, Now with others, now alone, Roam at will, by waters clear, Meads with bright flowers overgrown Living lives exempt from care, With nor want nor idlesse there.

Welcome guests where'er we go, In we pass with easy mind; For the best of cheer, we know, Somewhere we are sure to find.

## PRUDENCE.

Two of men's worst foes are these;
In chains I hold them - Hope and Fear From the crowd they else would seize.

You are saved. A pathway clear!

I this live Colossus lead ;
Thougl a tower is on his back,
Uufatigued, with steady speed,
See, he climbs the steepest track !

But upon its summit, lo!
A goddess, with wings swift and wide Waving lightly to and fro, As she turns to every side!

Light plays round her, pure and glorious,
Sheds afar a wondrous sheen; Victory is her name - victorious Goddess of great deeds, and queen!

## zoilo - Thersites.

Ugh! ugh! I come, though no one call:
Fools that you are, I chide you all; But what I chiefly will not spare Is Madam Victory up there! With her white wings, she fancies, she An eagle at the least must be,

And that, where'r she looks or stirs, Country and people both are hers. But let some tield of fanc be won, And straight my fighting gear I don. When high turns low, and low turns high, The crookid straight, the straight awry Then, only then, I feel aglow; All through the globe I'd have things so.

## IIERALD.

Then, thou vile cur, the swashing blow Of my good staff on thee I lay: Now crawl and wriggle as you may
How quickly has the dwarfish elf
Up in a bundle rolled himself:
The ball beeomes an egg! - wh wonder:Puffs itself out, and bursts asumder:
Out comes a strange twin-growth quite pat,
An adder one, and one a bat.
One crawls off in the dust ; his brother Up to the roof flies like a bird:
Outside they'll shortly join each other, There I've no wish to make a third.

## MURMURS.

Come on! They're dancing there behind.
No! To be off I have a minul.
Do you not feel, how all about
Us flits the ghost and gollin rout?
Now they go swish above my hair-
About ny feet I feel them there:
None have been hurt in flesh or bone, But all are into panic thrown.
The sport is wholly spoiled: but this
Was what these monsters wished, 1 wis.

## HERALD.

Since unto me the Herald's task Has been entrusted for our mask, I watch the door with anxious care, Lest aught amiss should unaware Into our festive circle steal. No terror for myself I feel, But much I fear, the airy crew Of ghosts may slip the windows through; Nor could I, if with you they mix, Protect you from their wizard tricks. The dwarf looked ominous to begin, And now a swarm comes pouring in. What every figure means, am I In duty bound to signify ; But how may I expound to you What is to me a mystery too? To clear things up, assist me all! What's this, winds yonder through the hall?
A gorgeous chariot sweeps along, Drawn by a team of four-in-hand; And yet it does not part the throng I see no crowd about it stand. Far off with many-coloured beams It shines, while flitting round it gleams The light of many a starry zone, As from a magic lantern thrown. On, on, it snorts with giant force! Room there! I shudder !

## BOY - CHARIOTEER.

Stay your course!
Ye coursers, fold your wings! Obey
The bridle's well-accustomed sway.
Rein in yourselves, whilst you I rein;
When I incite, dash on amain.

Unto these halls due honour show. Look how the people, row on row, Keep gathering round with wondering eyes! Speak, herald, speak, in proper wise,
Before we go, our name to tell, And who and what we are as well ; For we are allegories - su Us you are clearly bound to know!

HERALD.
Name you I cannot. Easier far It were to paint you as you are.
BOY - Chirioteer.

Essay it then.

> HERALD.

That you are fair
And young withal, one must declare;
A boy half-grown; yet women fain
Would see you fully grown. 'Tis plain, You'll prove in time a pretty rake, And with the sex rare havoc make.

## boy - charioteer.

Not badly said. Proceed! and see
If of the riddle you can find the key.

## herald.

Dark flashing eves, locks llack as night, and there A jewelled circlet 'mid the blarkness glowing:
A robe that falls in graceful folds you war.
Down from the shonlders to the haskins flowing.
With purple hem, and fringe of tissue rare,

Rail at you for a girl one fairly might ; Yet even now, for weal or woe, you'd be For girls themselves an object of delight; They'd give you lessons in love's A B C.

## boy - Charioteer.

And he, this stately form, that gleams Enthroned this car of mine within?

## HERALD.

A very king, rich, mild, he seems, Whose grace it were rare luck to win. Nonght's left for him to wish for here; Quick to descry where aught is wanting, Wealth, state, to him are far less dear Than the pure joy of giving, granting.

## BOY - CHARIOTEER.

To stop with this will not avail; You must describe in more detail.

## HERALD.

What's worthiest words never drew. But the broad healthy visage, fine Full mouth, the cheeks of ruddy hue, That 'neath the jewelled turban shine, His flowing vestments' rich array, What of his bearing shall I say? In him one used to rule I see.
BOY - CHARIOTEER.

Plutus, the God of Wealth, is he. He comes himself in regal state; The Emperor's need of him is great.

HER.ALD.
Now of yourself the What and How proclaim!

> BOY - CHALIOTEER.

I am Profusion, Poesy my name:
The poet I, who works to nohlest ends When his best wealth he most profusely spends.
Rich beyond measure, too, I am; and dare Myself in this with Plutus to compare. To dance and revel I give charm and sonl, And what he lacks, dispense withont control.

## HELALI).

This vaunt becomes you well; but we Some of these arts of yours would see.

## BOY - CHARIOTEER.

I snap my fingers: There: And lo:
Around the car what gleam and glow:
Out leaps a string of pearls :
[Goes on snmpping his fingers.
And here
Are golden clasps for throat and ear:
Combs, too, and heaps of diadems, And rings ablaze with rarest gems:
Small flames, too, here and there I scatter;
Kindle or not, is no great matter.

## HERALI.

How these good people snateln and rush!
The giver's self they almost erush.
'Tis like a dream, the way wems fly
Off from his finsers, far and nigh.
But lo! another jugaling slefinht!
A sorry prophet grets the wight

From what so eagerly he clutched;
The gift slips off as soon as touched!
The pearls unstring themselves, and all
About his hand cockchafers crawl,
He shakes them off, poor fool, and straight
They buzz and flutter round his pate.
What others thought a solid prize
Turns into flighty butterflies.
For all his promises so fine,
The knave gives only golden shine!

## BOY CHARIOTEER.

Masks, I observe, you indicate full well, But to proclaim what lives within the shell
Is no part of a herald's courtly task;
That doth a keener insight ask.
But wrangle I abhor ; my lord, and king,
To thee I turn my speech and questioning.
[Turning to Plutus.
Didst not to me, their course to guide,
This fourfold fiery team confide?
Drive I not well, thou standing o'er me?
Do I not reach the goals thou set'st before me?
Have I not known, with daring sweep,
The palm for thee to win and keep?
Often for thee as I have fought, When have I ever failed? And now, If the proud laurel decks thy brow,
Have not my brain and hand the chaplet wrought?

PLUTUS.
If need there be that I my tribute pay, Soul of my soul art thon!" I gladly say. Thy acts are echoes of my mind and heart; Far, far more wealthy than myself thou art.

As guerdon for thy services, I rate
The bays more high than all my crowns of state.
Then hear me all aloud declare my mind,
"My darling son, in thee great joy I tind!"
boy charioteen (to the croved).
The greatest gifts my hand shakes out; See! I have sent them all abont. On this, and now on yonder head A flamelet glows, which I have shed; From one it to another leaps, Slips off from this, by that it keeps; Now here and there it shoots on high, And flames with short-lived brilliancy, But, with the most, burns sad and low, And then goes out before they know.

## CHATTER OF WOMEN.

The man, up yonder on his feet, Beyond all question is a cheat. Crouching behind is Hanswirst, so By thirst and hunger wasted low, As never Hanswurst was before. Pinch him, he will not feel it sore.

## THE SIARVELING.

Avaunt, ye odious womenkind!
I know l'm never to your mind.
Whilst dames their households overhauled, Then I was Avaritid called:
Then flourished in our homes content,
For much came in, out nothing went!
My care was all for chest and bin!
Folks tell us now, this was a sin!
But as the wife in these last days
Has quite given up those saving ways,

And, as all evil payers are, Has more desires than cash by far, Her husband has a deal to bear; Debts crowd upon him everywhere. All that she earns by spinning goes In treating swains, or in fine clothes; Richly she feeds, drinks largely too, With paramours, a baleful crew.
So ou golld's charms I fondlier feed ; And now, turned masculine, I am Greed.

## Leader of the women.

Dragon with dragon may pinch and spare;
This is all lying, juggling stuff!
He comes to rouse the men, and they're Already troublesome enough.

> women (en masse).

The scarecrow! Box his ears! What, dare
To threaten us! As if he could
Grown women with his rubbish scare!
The dragons are but paste and wood:
Come, let's go at him, squeeze and tear!

## HERALD.

Now, by my staff! keep order there!
Yet for my help there scarce is need;
See how the monsters grim unfurl -
As swift the flying crowds recede -
Great wings, that round them wave and swirl!
The dragons suort, and gnash in ire Their scaly jaws, outbelching fire:
The crowd has fled, the place is clear.
[Plutus descends from the chariot.
How kingly all his novements are!
The dragons at his nod draw near;

They lift the coffer from the car, And Gold and cireed on it appear. There at his feet it stamls; but how The thing was done, I mavel now.

## Plutes (to the charioteer).

Now from the charge, that all too heary lay
On thee, thou'rt free: to thine own sphere away!
Here it is not; wild, tawdry, full of din
Is the fantastic world here hems us in.
Only where thon through clear untroulled air
Look'st with untroubled eve - there, only there,
Where nought delights thee but the gool, the fair,
Art thou thyself, canst move with soul elate.
To solitude then go! There thine own world create!

## boy charioteer.

So as an envoy still myself I 1 rize, Charged with a molle miswion from ahove;
So thee, as bound to me by nearest ties
Of kindred and of sympathy, I love.
Where thou art, there is plenty; and where I, All feel their souls enricherl, their pulse beat high.
Ofttime from side to sile men's thoughts incline;
Shall they to thee or me themselves resign?
Thy votaries may in idlesse rest, 'tis true,
But mine have always emilless wirk to do.
Nor may I work in secret and in shade;
Let me hut breathe, at once I am hetrayed.
Farewell! Thou grantest what is hiss to me;
But back again J. at a word will be. [E, it nes he came

## Piletes.

Now it is time to set the treasures free.
With the Herald's sod I strike the bolts, and lo!

The chest flies open! In steel caldrons, see, Red golden blood heaves, bubbling, to and fro! Hard by are ornameuts, ring, chain, and crown; It swells as 'twould engulf and melt them down.

## ALTERNATING EXCLADATIONS OF THE CROWD.

See here! see there! How treasures brim!
The chest is full up to the rim!
Vessels of gold melt down, and whole Rouleaux of gold by dozens roll. Ducats leap out, new-minted, bright Oh, how my heart leaps at the sight!
All it desired I see, and more; There they go sprawling on the floor ! They're offered you. Quick! On them swoop: If you'd be rich, you've but to stoop.
We, quick as lightning, shall the great Chest to ourselves appropriate.

## IIERALD.

What would ye, fools? Are yon possessed?
'Tis but a masquerading jest:
To-night we looked for nothing more.
Think you we'd give you gold galore ?
Why, truly, on occasions such
Counters for you are quite too much.
Blockheads! with you a quaint device
Grows fact substantial in a trice.
What's fact to you, - you, always fain
To flounder in delusions vain?
O Plutus, send this rabble rout, I pray thee, to the sight about!

## PLUTUS.

Handy for that your staff would be; For some few moments lend it me.

I dip it in the rel heat ; there:
And now, ye markers, have a care !
What sparkling, smotering, in the pot!
The staff"s ahready tiory hot.
Whoever comes tow mar hall be
Scorehed hy it quite remmelessly.
Look out! Now is my romm begun!

## CRIES AND TVMLLT.

Oh, woe! oh, woe! were all undone!
Let him escape, escape who may.
Yon there behind, hack, lack, I say!
Hot sparks fly out into my face.
Ou me the red-hot staff falls heary:
We're all and each in piteons case:
Back, back, ye masquerading bery !
Back, back!' 'Tis malness to come nigh ! Oh, had I wings, away I'd fly :

## PLUTUS.

Back hath the surging throng been thrust; And no one has been hurt, I trust.
In sheer dismay
The crowd give way:
Still, as a guarantee for order, we
Will draw a circle none can see.

## her.ALI).

'Twas nolly done! A power so sage As thine must my best thanks engage.

ILLTCN:
Still, friend, be patient. There will be Tumult in plenty presently.

## Greed.

A man may round him here with pleasure glance, If meetings of this kind his fancy suit, For women always are well iu advance, When there be shows or junketings on foot. I'm not yet quite used up, not quite pumped dry, I like a pretty woman with the best; And, as to-night it eosts me nothing, I Will go a-wooing with especial zest. Yet as, in such a crowd as we have here, All that one says may fail to reach the ear, I'll try, and, as I hope too, with suceess, In pantomime my meaning to express. Hand, foot, and gesture will not do alone, So I must try some cantrip of my own. I'll treat the gold as though 'twere moistened clay, For we may turn this metal any way.

HERALD.
The meagre fool, what is he at ?
Humour in a scarecrow like that!
The gold, he kneads it into dough ;
Soft 'neath his fingers it doth grow, But, squeeze and tum it how he will, The mass remains quite shapeless still. He to the women turns, but they All scream, and try to get away, And show he'll ne'er be in their books. There's mischief in the rascal's looks. I fear his lickerish tooth he'll sate, Though he decorum violate.
Not to speak out were sore offence; Give me my staff to drive him heace!

## PLUTUS.

He dreams not of what coming dangers loom.
Let him pursue his pranks a little longer;

For his mad capers there will be no room; Though law be strong, necessity is stronger.
[Enter Fuuns, Sityyis, Mymphs, etc., in uttendance upon I'en, and heraldiny his approach.

## TUMULT ANI) SONG.

From mountain-height and forest-dell
The savage crew with shout and yell
Sweep on, and stay them no one can;
They celebrate their mighty Pan.
They know what none else know, and fling Themselves into the vacant ring.

## PLuTUS.

You and your mighty Pan, I know you well, How bold the step you've taken here can tell: Full well I know what's known to none beside, So throw our narrow bounds here open wide. Good luck attend you, even to overflowing! Great marvels may anon befall.
They know not whither they are going;
They have not looked ahead at all.
WILD soxg.

Ye butterflies, with gewgaws decked, A rough and rugged hand expect.
With leaps and bounds they come apace,
A stalwart and a sturdy race.

## fauns.

We are Fauns, and we
Dance merrily;
Oak-wreaths we wear
In our erispèd hair, And out from our curly head an ear, Sharpeued to finest point, doth peer;

Our noses are stumpy, our faces flat, But we lose not woman's good will for that;
The fairest she, if a Faun advance
His paw, will scarcely refuse to dance.

## SATYR.

The Satyr next comes bounding in, With hoof of goat and wizened shin Both sinewy, of course, and thin! To gaze around from mountain-heights, Like the wild chamois, him delights. There in the free air bounding wild, He views with scoru man, woman, child, Who, 'mid the low vales' smoke and steam, Deem fondly they are living too ; Whilst he, unlettered and supreme, Reigus sole that upper region through.

## GNOMES.

A pigmy troop comes tripping now, Not two by two, but anyhow; In mossy garb, with lamplets lit, Swiftly they each through other flit, Each working for himself, and so They swarm like fireflies to and fro Now here, now there, and all intent Upon the task whereto they're bent. To the "Good People" near related, As rock-chirurgoeons celebrated, We cap the lofty hills, we drain The ore from every teeming vein; "Good luck!" as greeting cheers us, while The metals up in heaps we pile. Tis all meant for a worthy end. All truly good men we befriend;

Yet gold we to the light reveal, That men may jinp, with it and steal, And steel to tyrants proud be lent, Who are on wholesale numder bent.
These three commandments who shall slight, Of all the rest makes very light.
But this is not our fault ; su you
Should have, like us, forbearance too.

## GIANTS.

The Wild Men we are called, and strange
To none who know the Harzberg range;
Of giant bulk, unclad, and strong
As men of yore, we tramp along,
A pine-tree stem in our right hand, Around our loins a padiled band.
With leaf and bough for apron harred;
The Pope has no such bocly-guard.
chorus of Nymphs.
(They surmund the yrent Pan.)
He tuo comes here!
All unto man
In this earth's sphere
Is imared clear
In mighty l'an.
Ye merriest of heart, adrance, And round him wheel in joyons dance; For, being grave, but also grod, Hed have men be of cheerful mood. Even 'neath the azure-valuted sky He watehes with maslerping cye: But brooks for him low mumme keep, And soft winds cradle him to sleep, And, when at noon he 'winc to drowse, Stirs not a leaf upon the boughs;

Plants, breathing health from fairest blooms, On the hushed air exhale perfumes; The Nymph disports no more, but, where She stood, drops off in slumber there. But if, by sudden anger stirred, His voice, his mighty voice, is heard Like thunder, or wild ocean's swell, Which way to fly no man can tell; Brave hosts are scattered in dismay And heroes quail in mid mêlée.
Then honour give where honour's due ; Hail him who led us here to you!
deputation of gnomes (to the great Pan).
Where rich ore lies, and, brightly shining,
Through rocky fissures thread-like steals, The rod alone, by its divining,

The labyrinthine maze reveals.
In troglodytic fashion now
Our home in sunless caves we make,
And in the sunshine pure dost thou Deal treasures forth for us to take.

Hard by to us has been revealed
A vein of wondrous breadth and scope,
Which promises with ease to yield
What to attain we scarce might hope.
To make it sure thou hast the power -
Then subject it to thy commands;
To all mankind a priceless dower
Grows every treasure in thy hands.

## plutus (to the herald).

All base misgivings we must cast away,
And with composure meet come what come may.

Erst thou hast shown a firm courageous soul.
But something terrible will soon fall out,
That present time and after-time will doubt;
So write it duly in thy protocol.

## HERALD.

(Grasping the staff which Pletws holds in his hands.)
The dwarfs lead great lan soft and slow
To where the fount of tire duth glow;
It seethes up from the ahyss below,
Then down to depths unseen sinks back,
And grim the wide mouth stands and black.
Again fierce flames flash out on high -
The great Pan stands complacent by,
Joying to see such wondrous sight -
And pearl-foam sparkles left and right.
How can he trust himself so onear ?
He stoops, into the chasm to peer -
And now his bearl falls in: and he,
With chin so smooth, who may he be?
His hand conceals his face from view.
Now doth a great mishap ensue.
The beard takes fire, flies back again,
And wreath, head, breast, all blaze up too;
So joy is turned to fear and pain!
The crowd rush to his aid, but none
Escapes the spreading flames, not one;
And, as they flash and dart about, Fresh fire on every hand breaks out;
While, netted in the burning maze,
A troop of maskers is ablaze.
But hark! a cry, that scatters fear
From mouth to mouth, from ear to ear !
O night, with endless sorrow fraught,
On us what anguish hast thou brought !

To-morrow's dawn will tidings bring, That every heart with grief shall wring. Still from all sides I hear the cry, "The Emperor is in agony!" Too true, alas! the news unmeet! The Emperor's burning, and his suite. Accursed be they beguiled him, wound With leaves and resinous branches round, In roistering guise to brawl it here, And spread disaster far and near ! O youth, youth, wilt thou never draw Around thy joys a prudent line? O greatness, wilt thon ne'er with law And reason boundless power combine? Now to the wood the flames have spread, Their forkèd tongues shoot high o'erhead, And round the wooden rafters play; Nought can the contlagration stay!
Brimmed is the measure of our grief ; I know not who may bring relief. Imperial splendour, rich and bright, Sinks down to ashes in a night.

## PLUTUS.

Enough of terror and dismay !
Now let help come into play.
Strike, staff of power, until the ground Quake and reverberate the sound!
Thou wide and mantling air, fill full
Thyself with breezes blowing cool!
Teeming streaks of vapourous mist, Come, and round us coil and twist ; Close the fiery ferment over!
Cloudlets, drizzling, dropping, drenching,
Dew-distilling, gently hover, Everywhere the danger queuching, Turning by your soothing might

Flames now laden with affright
Into harmless rosy light!
When spirits threaten us with ill, 'Tis time to use our magic skill.

Scene IV. - Pleasure-garden. Morning Sun.
The Emperor, his Court, male and female. Faust, Mephistopheles, dressed quietly and becomingly in the prevailing fashion. Both kineel.

## Falst.

Dost thou forgive our trick, sir, with the fire?
EMPEROR (bechoning to him to rise).
Such jests, and many too, I much desire. Sudden I found me in a sphere of flame; Pluto himself, methought, I then became. Girt by thick night a eavern round me lay, Red-hot with fire. From many a chasm and bay Wild whirling flames by myriads ascended, And in an arching vault their flaching blended. Up to the topmost dome they rove, and crossed, For ever kindling and for ever lost.
Far, far along, 'midst columns all aglow,
I saw long lines of people moring slow.
In a wide circle round me then they drew,
And made obeisance, as they always do:
Some of my Court I spied within the ring,
And seemed of thousand Salamanders king.

## MEPHASTOPUELES.

And so you are; for every element To own your sovereignty is well content.

Fire thou hast proved obedient; in the sea Plunge, where its billows wildest, maddest be, And scarcely shalt thou tread the pearl-strewn floor, Ere springs a stately dome to arch it o'er ; Waves of pale green, with purple edged, shall there Sway up and down, to rear a mansion fair Round thee, the central point. A palace home Attends on thee wherever thou dost roam. The very walls are all alive, and flow With swiftness as of arrows to and fro.
Up to the strange soft sheen sea-wonders throng -
They dare not enter in, but shoot along;
Bright gold-scaled dragons rom thee sport and swim;
Gapes the grim shark, and thou canst langh at him.
Gay as thy present Court may be, and bright, No throng like this has ever met thy sight.
Yet art thou not cut off from beanty there:
To that superb abode, so fresh, so fair,
The Nereids, peering curiously, draw nigh -
The young ones, amorous as fish, and shy,
The old ones sage : soon Thetis learns thy haunts, And hand and lip to her new Peleus grants. Anon thy seat on high Olympus' crest -

## EMPEROR

Those airy regions, you may let them rest. Quite soon enough one has to mount that throne.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

And earth, my liege, already is thine own.

## emperor.

What lucky chance has brought thee hither straight From the Arabian Nights? If thou canst mate With Scheherezade in inventive skill, Take this, the highest proof of my good will -

Be still at hand, when worries of the day
Pain and dispirit me, as oft they may.

## marshal (entering hurriedly).

Your Highness, never did I think to live
Tidiugs of such supreme good-luck to give
As these, which to thy presence thus Send me in transports rapturous. Every outstanding bill is squared, The usurer's ruthless claws are pared. I from the pangs of hell am free; In heaven things could not brighter be.

COMMANDER-IN - Chief (follows hurriedly).
Arrears paid off to the last sou, The army's all sworn in of new ;
The trooper feels his blood aflame, And wench and tapster make their game.

## EMPEROR.

How is't you breathe so freely now? Furrows no longer seam your brow. What makes you here so swiftly run?

## TREASURER (entering).

Ask those, sir, who the work have done!

> FAUST.
'Tis meet, the Chancellor the facts should state.

## Chancellor.

In my old days my happiness how great!
Hear, then, and see this fateful seroll, for this Has turned our woe and wailing into bliss. [Reads. " Be it to all whom it concerneth known,

This note is worth a thousand crowns alone, And, for a guarantee, the wealth untold, Throughout the empire buried, it doth hold. Means are on foot this treasure bare to lay, And out of it the guarantee to pay."

## EMPEROR.

Crime I surmise, some monstrous fraud. Oh, shame!
Who dared to counterfeit the Emperor's name?
Has he been brought to punishment condign?

TREASURER.
Reflect! That note, sir, thou thyself didst sign Only last night. Thou didst as Pan appear ; The Chancellor said to thee, - we standing near, " A few strokes of thy pen, and so thou'lt seal, This revel's crowning joy, - thy people's weal!" These strokes thou mad'st, which were ere morning-tide By thousand hands in thousands multiplied. That all alike the benefit might reap, We stamped the whole impression in a heap; Tens, thirties, fifties, hundreds, off they flew You can't conceive the good they were to do.
Look at your town, - - 'twas mouldering and half dead Now all alive, and full of lustihead!
High as thy name stood with the world, somehow 'Twas never looked so kindly on as now. The lists of applicants fill to excess ; This scrip is rushed at as a thing to bless.

## EMPEROR.

My people take it for good gold, you say ?
In Court, in camp, it passes for full pay?
Strange! strange! Yet I must let the matter drop.

## MARSHAL

'Twere hopeless now the flying leaves to stop;
With lightning speed they spread throughout the land.
The money-changers' doors wide open stand;
They cash the notes with silver and with gold, And even allow a premium, I am told.
Thence they reach vendors of meat, bread, and drinks:
One-half the world of feasting only thinks;
Whilst in its bran-new clothes the other struts -
Briskly the tailor sews, the mercer cuts.
Toasting thy health in taverns never bates, And all is roast and boil and clattering plates.

## MEPIISTOPHELES.

Who on the terraced walks alone shall stray, Drops on some fair one, clad in rich array, Who from behind proud peacock-fan will smile On him, with eye on these same notes the while, Which quickly will love's crowning favours gain, Whilst wit and eloquence may plead in vain. Men won't be teased with purse or scrip, when they Can in their bosoms slip a note away, To mate there snugly with a billet-floux. Priests lodge them in their breviaries, too ; Soldiers, to move more freely, turn their coins To notes, and of the waist-helt ease their loins. Pardon, your Majesty, if what I state From this great work may seem to derogate.

## FACST.

The superflux of wealth that, heap on heap, All o'er thy realm in earth hes buried deep, Is practically lost. Thought camot cast A limit wide enough for wealth so vast, And fancy in her wildest flight may strain To picture it, yet find the effurt vain ;

But spirits, meet enigmas dark to face, Dare on the boundless boundless faith to place.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Paper like this, instead of pearls and gold, Is handy, for we know theu what we hold ; No need to change or chaffer! Men at will In love may revel, drink of wine their fill: If coin they lack, the changer's prompt with it ; And when coin fails, you've but to dig a bit. Chalice and chain to auction must be brought; But this good paper, cashed upon the spot, Puts skeptics, who dared scoff at us, to shame. People, once used to it, nought else will name. So henceforth all the imperial regions round With jewels, gold, and paper-cash abound.

## EMPEROR.

This mighty boon our empire owes to you; Great as the service, be the guerdon too! Our kingdom's nether soil, be that your care. Who may so well protect the treasures there? That vast well-tended hoard you understand, And, if men dig, 'tis you must give command. Now, masters of our Treasury, embrace; Wear, and with pride, the honours of your place, Where, linked in happy union, all shall know, The world above blends with the world below.

## TREASURER.

'Twixt us no strife, however slight, shall stir: I for a colleague love your sorcerer.
[Exit with Faust.
EMPEROR.
As I dispense my gifts among you now, Let each the use he'll put them to avow.

PAGE (as he takes the gift).
I am for sports, and mirth, and juuketings.
ANOTHER PAGE (même jeu).
Straightway I'll buy my sweetheart chains and rings.
LORD OF THE BEDCHAMBER (même jeu).
My cellar, with the choicest wine I'll stock it.

> SECOND LORD (même jeu).

The dice already rattle in my pocket.

> BANNERET (musingly).

I'll free my castle and my grounds from debt.

> ANOTHER banNERET (même jeuj).

Aside with other treasures this I'll set.

## EMPEROR.

I hoped for joy, brave heart, fresh enterprise ;
But, knowing you, one might your course surmise.
Full well I note, howe'er your coffers fill, What you have been, you will continue still.

> FOOL (advancing).

You're scattering favours; give me some, I pray.

## EMPEROR.

Alive again! You'll drink them all away.

FOOL.
These magic leaves, I cannot make them out.

EMPEROR.
Quite so ; you'll make bad use of them, no doubt.

FOOL.
There others drop; what, sir, am I to do ?

EMPEROR.
Just pick them up. They're what were meant for you. [Exit. FOOL.

Five thousand crowns! and all for me?

MEPHISTOPHELES.
How then!
Thou paunch upon two legs, got up again?

FOOL.
Not the first time, but ne'er such luck I've met.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
So great your joy, it puts you in a sweat.

FOOL.
Look here! And is this money's worth?

MEPHISTOPHELES.
You'll get for it what throat and belly crave.

FOOL.
Can I buy farm, house, cattle, then, with this?

MEPHISTOR'IELES.
Of course! Just bid! 'Twill never come amiss.

FOOL.
What! castle, forest-chase, and fish-stream?

MEI'IISTOPHELES.
Good!
I'd like to see you a great lord, I would !

## FOOL.

This night I'll sleep within my own domain! [Exit.
MEPhistorineles (solus).
Who still can doubt our fool doth bear a brain?

Scene V. - A Dark Gallery.
Faust, Mephistopheles.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Why drag me to this gloomy corridor?
Within there is there not enongh of sport, For jest and trick not ample scope, and more, Among the motley butterfles of court?

## FACST.

Tush, tush! Time was when you were cap in hand, Ready to come and go at my command;
But now your only aim, I see,
Is how to break your faith with me.
To act, however, I am pressed.
Marshal and chambertain won't let me rest :

The emperor wants, and that with haste, Paris and Helena before him placed. These paragons of man and woman he Has set his mind just as they lived to see. Quick, to the task! My word I dare not break.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Such promise you were worse than mad to make.

## FAUST.

You have forgotten, mate, to what Your clever sleights conduct us; we Have made him rich, and after that We must amuse him à tout prix.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
No sooner said, you think, than done?
This task is a much harder one Than ever we ventured on before. You would pierce to a region of wonders vast, And recklessly run up a further score Of debts you'll be forced to pay off at last. You think 'tis as easy a task for me To conjure up Helena, at my will, As it was the imperial treasury With flimsy, fairy bank-notes to fill. Witches, imps, goitred dwarfs, and sprites, I can turn to all uses, and place in all plights, But, though not to be sneezed at, our ladies below As heroines never will do to show.

## FAUST.

The same old song! The same old introduction! There's nothing but uncertainties with you:

You are the sire of all sorts of obstruction, And must at every turn be bribed anew !
You grumble. Still you'll do it, I know well, And fetch them here, ere we ten words can say.

## MEIPIISTOPHELES.

These heathen gentry are not in my way; They live within their own peculiar hell; And yet there is a way !

FAUST.
On with your tale!

## MEPHISTOPheLES.

I'm loath the higher mysteries to unveil. There are goddesses, beings of might supernal, That sit alone, each on a throne, In the solitudes eternal.
Round them space is not, and time still less; To speak of them even embarrasses. These are The Mothers:

> FAUST (starting).
> The Mothers!

## MEPMISTOPHELES.

Afeared ?
FAl'st.
The Mothers! the Mothers! That sounds so weird!

## MEPIISTOPHELES.

And weird it is. Divinities, to yon
Mortals unknown; we're loath to name them, too.

Through depths unplumbed you may their haunts invade:
'Tis all your fault that we require their aid.
FAUST.
And whither lies the road?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Road there is none
To what has been, and must untrodden still be; There is no road to what was never won By mortal prayer or vow, nor ever will be. Art ready? Neither bolt nor bar is there, To hinder thy advance, but everywhere Shalt thou be drifted by the empty air. Canst thou conceive and fully comprehend A void and isolation without end?

## FAUST.

Such speeches 'tis idle with me to try! They're of the Witches-kitchen kind, And smack of a time that is long gone by. Was I not doomed to mingle with mankind? To learn and teach that all that they possess Is mere vacuity and emptiness?
By reason schooled, if as I saw I spoke, Strife and denial round me roared and broke, Turn where I might, still baffled, thwarted, I To wilds and solitudes was forced to fly, Till, at my very loneliness aghast, I gave myself up to the devil at last.
mephistopheles.
And with the ocean if thou wert contending. And round thee heaved a limitless expanse,

Yet there, though death were in each wave impending, Thou'dst see before thee wave on wave advance.
There something thou shoullat see; see dolphins leap O'er the green hollows of the glassy deep,
See clouds sweep on, and sun, and moon, and star, But nothing shalt thou see in that great void afar ; Thou shalt not hear thy very footfall pace, Nor light on one substantial rest ing-place.

> F.ACsT.

The best of mystagogues you rival quite, That e'er deluded trustiul neophyte:
But you reverse the rule, dismissing me
To gain both strength and skill from hank vacuity. You use me like the cat, to scratch for you
The chestnuts from the coals. Well, well, go to! We'll probe this business ; and I hope I shall In what you say is Nought discover All.

Mephistoriffes.
Before we part, your courage I commend! The devil, I see, you fully comprehend. Here, take this key !

## falst.

This tiny bauble? No!
mephistopifles.
Take hold of it, before you slight it so.

## FACST.

It grows within my hand! It thames, it lightens!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Mark it but well, you'll find its virtue brightens !
This key will how to shape your course instruct you. Follow it, and to The Mothers 'twill conduct you.

FAUST (shudders).
Again that word! It strikes me like a blow. What is there in that word to thrill me so ?

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Art thou a pedant, at new words to scare ? Familiar phrases only canst thou bear?
Nothing, however weird or strange, should make One so long used to mightiest marvels quake.

## FAUST.

I covet not an adamantine heart.
This shuddering awe is man's divinest part. Howe'er the world may dull our feelings, still At what is vast and mystical we thrill.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Sink, then! I might as well say, Mount! 'Tis quite The same. From all that is take flight Into the void and viewless Infinite Of visionary dreams, and revel so 'Midst phantoms of the ages long ago ! Like clouds they flit and waver. In thy hand Swing high the key ! Thy body must not touch it.

## FAUST (with enthusiasm).

'Tis well! I feel new strength, as thus I clutch it, And for the mighty task my breast expand.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

A flaming tripod shall proclaim thou hast Into the nethermost aliysses passed.
Its gleam The Mothers unto thee will show. Some sit, some stand, some wander to and fro; Each as it haps; strange shapes of every hind, The eternal pastime of the eternal mind, Circle them round with every form of being. Thee they behold not, phantasms only seeing. See that thou quail not, for the peril's great, But to the tripod go thon forward straight, And touch it with the key :
[Faust assumes a resolute and commanding attitude with the key.

> Ay, that will do!

It will attend thee like a servant true, And with it thou, if fortumate, shalt rise To earth again, ay, fast as fancy flies. And, it once here, thou mayest by its might Evoke those faned heroic forms from Night: The foremost who has e'er achieved such feat; And when it is done, and thy task complete, Forthwith, by sleights of magic, timely suited, The incense smoke to guls will be transmuted.

## FAUST.

And now what else?

## mephistoplifles.

Thy spirit downward bend;
Sink with a stamp, and, stamping, reascend!
[Faust stamps, and sinkis into the ground
Now, if the key its power with him should lack? I'm curious to see if he comes back.

Scene VI. - A Hall Brilliantly Illuminated.
Emperor, Princes, Courtiers, moving up and down.
chamberlain (to mepiistopheles).
You still are owing us the phantom-play. The Emperor grows impatient. Quick, I pray :

## MARSHAL.

He asked about it not an hour ago. You must not keep his Majesty waiting so.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

My comrade is upon this business gone; He knows the way to set about it; This very moment, never doult it, He's hard at work to push it on. Shut in his room from vulgar gaze, No ordinary sleights he tries, For he that wouk such peerless beauty raise Must use the highest art, the magic of the wise.

## MARSHAL.

What arts he uses we don't care a pin Sir, sir, the Emperor wants you to begin.

BLONDE (to MEPHISTOPIIELES).
One word, sir! My complexion now is clear, But in the tiresome summer 'tis not so! A humdred freckles then from ear to ear, Quite horrid, tawny things, begin to show. A remedy!

MEPHASTOPHELES.
That such a bonde - 'tis hard! -
Should every May he spotted like the pard:
Take spawn of frogs, and tongues of twads new killed, At the moon's fullest craftily distilled;
This lotion, when she wanes, aply : the spring
May come, you'll find the spots have taken wing.
MRCNETTE.
You're in request. Here's quite a mob advancing. Oh, sir, a remedy! A frowthit fort
Prevents me both from walking and from dancing;
I can't even curtsey gracefully, to boot.
MEPIISTOPIIELES.
Allow me, child, to press you with my foot!
BRCNETTE.
That's very well 'twixt lovers in their sports.

## mepilistopheles.

A vast deal more a tread from me imports. Like draws to like, as web combines with woof, Thus foot heals foot, limb limb. Come close! And, mind!
You need not think of answering in kind.
Bhunette.
Oh! oh! It burns! 'Twas like a horse's hoof,
It stamped so hard.
merilistopieles.
You of my cure have proof.
Now you may dance as much as e'er you please, And your swain's foot beneath the table squeeze.

## LADY (pushing forward).

Make way for me! Too heavy are my woes. My inmost heart is racked by maddening throes! He lived but in my looks till yesterday, Now he woos her, and turns from me away.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

'Tis very sad! But I will set you right. Up to his side you must contrive to steal. This charcoal take, and draw it, as you may, Across his sleeves, cloak, shoulder, and the wight Shall sweet remorse within his bosom feel. Then swallow off the charcoal -- but no sips Of water or of wine must cross your lips And at your door he sighs this very night.

## LADY.

It is not poison? .
MEPHISTOPhELES (offended).
Honour where 'tis due!
For such charcoal you must go many a mile. 'Twas gathered from a certain funeral pile, Of which we raked the ashes through and through.

## page.

I'm mad in love; they say, I'm not full-grown.

> mephistopheles (aside).

This sort of thing how am I to endure ?
[To the Page.
The very young ones you must let alone. You'll find admirers 'mong the more mature.
[Others press round him.

Still others coming! Here's a fine to-do! I must resort to truth, to help me through. The worst of helps! But no escape I see. O Mothers, Mothers! set but Faustus free!

Already they are lighting up the hall.
The whole Court is upon the move; and all The motley stream in graceful order pours Through far areades and lengthened corridors. Now to the old baronial hall they throng, Scaree holds them all, wide though it be and long. Its spacious walls are hung with tapestries rich. And armour old on bracket and in niche. No need of magic here, or spell, I wis:
Ghosts of themselves must haunt a place like this.

## Scene VII. - Baronial Hall Dimly Illuminated.

## The Emperor and Court assembled.

## HERALD.

My old vocation, to announce the play, Is by strange ghostly influence much perplexed; I can't pretend to make things out, or say, In such a ravelled business, what comes next. There stand the couches ready, chairs and all, The Emperor seated right before the wall; Upon the tapestry he can behold At ease the fights of the great times of old. Round him are lords and gentlefolks reclined, While common benches throug the space behind; The lover, too, though ghosts are hovering near, Has found a pleasant seat beside his dear; And so, as all are comfortably placed, The phantoms may appear with all couvenient haste:

## ASTROLOGER.

Now to begin the business of the play!
Our liege lord so commands. Ye walls, give way !
The spell and magic work to our desire, The tapestry fades as 'twere devoured by fire; The walls divide, and, as they backwards bend, A stage and ample theatre disclose, Where we shall be regaled with mystic shows; And I to the proscenium ascend.

MEPHISTOPHELES (popping up from the prompter's box).
My skill, I trust, all here will duly prize; The devil's rhetoric all in prompting lies.
[To the Astrologer.
Thou, who the courses of the stars canst tell, My whispers wilt interpret passing well.

## ASTROLOGER.

By magic sleight, behold before your eyes In massive bulk an ancient temple rise ! Like Atlas, who erewhile the heavens upbore, Stand pillars ranged in rows, a goodly store; Lightly they hold the rocky load in air, Two shafts like these a structure vast could bear.

## ARCHITECT.

That's your antique! I don't admire the style. 'Tis a great, clumsy, overweighted pile.
The rude's called noble, and the unwieldy grand ;
Give me small shafts that far in air expand.
The pointed style exalts the soul, and nought With such instructive influence is fraught.

## ASTROLOGER.

The hours the stars conmenle aceept with awe;
Be reason chained by the nagician's saw;
But keep your fancy's wing unfeitered still, To roam with noble daring where it will.
Look with your eyes at what you long to see; It is impossible, and cannot be,
And therefore merits your credulity.
[Faust rises ut the wther side of the proscenium. In priestly robes, and wreathed, a wondrons man,
Who now completes what boldly he began!
A tripod rises with him from the envund, I scent the incense shed its fumes around; See, he prepares the noble work to bless, And for our pageant here ensure success!
FaUsT (in a mujestic stylp).

In your name, Mothers, yours, who have your throne
In the Infinite, and evermore alone,
Yet in commumion dwell! The forms of life Float round you, lifeless, yet with motion rife. What once has been, in seeming as of yore, Flits there, for 'twill exist for evermore ; And ye apportion them, ye powers of might, 'Twixt the day's canopy and the vault of night; Some upon life's glad stream are borne away, While others bend to the bold wizard's sway, Who doth to you with hand profuse unfold What marvels each is yearning to behold!

## ASTROLOGER.

Scarce on the dish the golden key he lays, When the air thickens to a dusky haze: It coils and curls, now spreads, like clouds, about, Contracts, expands, divides, shifts in and out.

Phantoms of power, be sure, are stirring there!
Hark! as they move, what music in the air!
With a weird charm the tones aërial thrill,
From every cloud soft melodies distil,
Each pillared shaft, the very triglyph rings,
Yea, I could swear that all the temple sings.
The mists subside, and from the filmy air
Comes graceful forth a youth surpassing fair.
[Paris appears.
Mute let me be; what need his name to show?
Paris the Fair, who, who could fail to know?

FIRST LADY.
What youthful fire! What bloom upon his brow!

SECOND LADY.
As fresh and juicy as a peach, I vow!

THIRD LADY.
The finely chiselled, sweetly pouting lip!

FOURTH LADY.
At such a chalice you were fain to sip?

FIFTH LADY.
Handsome, no doubt, but not a noble face!
SIXTH LADY.
He's well enough, but sadly wanting grace.

## FIRST KNIGHT.

The shepherd boy, and nothing more, 'tis plain; Of prince and courtly breeding not a grain.

SECOND KNIGHT.
The lad's half naked, still he has his charms; To judge, though, we must see him clad in arms.

FIRS' LADY.
He sits him down with such a grentle grace.
FIRST KNIGHT.
Were not his breast a dainty resting-place?

ANOTHER LADY.
He bends his arm so prettily o'er his head.
CHAMBERLAIN.
Oh, shocking! Fie! Where was the fellow bred ?

FIRST LADY.
You men always find out defective points.

Chamberlain.
What! In the Emperor's presence, stretch his joints?
FIRST LADY.
It's in the play. He thinks himself alone.

Chamberlain.
Even in a play good manners should be shown.
FIRST LADY.
Sweet youth! Soft slumber steals his senses o'er.
Chamberlain.
'Tis perfect! To the life! Is that a snore?

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yOUNG LADY (in raptures).
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What perfume's this, that, with the incense mingling, Right to the centre of my heart goes tingling ?

OLDER LADY.
A breath steals deep into your soul, forsooth ! It comes from him.

## OLDEST LADY.

It is the bloom of youth,
A rare ambrosia, bred within the boy,
Which sheds around an atmosphere of joy.
[Helena advances.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Soh! such she was! Yet I am fancy-free. She's pretty, hum! but not the style for me.

## astrologer.

My task is ended. Frankly I avow What well I feel, my task is ended now. She comes, the ideal Fair, and though a tongue Of fire were mine, of yore her charms were sung. Who sees her, thenceforth is her slave confessed, Who should possess her were too highly blessed.

## FAUST.

Have I still eyes? I see, in trancèd thought, Fair Beauty's fountain welling like a sea. My voyage dread a glorions gain hath brought; How blank, how dreary was the world to me!
And since ny priesthood what hath it become? Fleeting no more, nor void and wearisome! May palsy's blight my every sense benumb,

If eer I long for other love than thime : The gracions form for which of wh I panted, Which in the magic glass my soul enchanted, Was but a phantom of thy charms divine: For thee, for thee, I would expend my whole Pent passion's force, my energies of soul, The love, devotion, madness of my heart !

## MEPHISTOPIIELES.

Be calm, be calm, and don't forget your part!

## ELDERLY LADY.

Tall, well-proportioned, but her head's too small.

## YOUNG Lady.

Look at her foot! that's clumsiest of all!

## DIPLOMATIST.

Princesses just like this I've seen and know, Methinks she's beautiful from top to toe:

## COURTIER.

Now to the sleeper softly doth she glide.

## FIRST LADY. <br> He young and pure - she's hideous by his side!

POET.
Her beauty seems to bathe his form in light.

> SECOND LADY.

Endymion and Luna, pictured quite.

Yes! As from heaven she comes, the goddess pale, O'er him she bends, his breathing to inhale; O happy boy! A kiss! Oh, bliss untold!

## DUENNA.

Before us all! 'Tis really too bold!

## FAUST.

Oh ! dreadful boon for one so young!
MEPHISTOPHELES.
Be still!
Let the fair phantom do whate'er it will!

## COURTIER.

She glides away on tiptoe; does he wake?
FIRST LADY.
She looks behind; I thought she would, the snake! COURTIER.
He starts! He's lost in wonder and amaze!
FIRST LADY.
No wonder 'tis to her, that fills her gaze!

## COURTIER.

She turns to greet him with enchanting grace.
FIRST LADY.
She teaches him his lesson, what and how. All men are stupid dolts in such a case. He thinks, no doubt, she never loved till now.

KNHillt.
She's perfect! So majestic, form and face.

## fiest lady.

The wanton minx! Her conduct's a disgrace!
page.
I would give worlds to occupy his place!
colrtier.
In such a coil who'd not be netted fast?
first lady.
The jewel through so many hands has passed, 'Tis grown a trifle shabby in the setting.

## ANOTHER LADY.

What wonder, after these ten years of fretting?

## kNight.

Each to his taste! But, have it if I might, This lovely ruin would content me quite.

## LITERATUS.

I see her plainly, yet I don't feel clear That we have got the real Helen here. Our eyes are apt to carry us astray;
To trust to what is written is my way. There, then, I read, that she enchanted all Troy's graybeards as she stood upon the wall; And that is just, methinks, what here I see:
I am not young, and she enchanteth me.

A boy no more, he clasps her with a bound! In vain she strives his ecstasy to school. With stalwart arm he lifts her from the ground, And now he bears her off.

## FAUST.

Audacious fool!
Thou darest? What? Not hear me? Hold, I say!

MEPHISTOPHELES.
It is yourself who make this phantom play!

ASTROLOGER.
A word, one only! After this, we may This pageant call - " The Rape of Helena."

## FAUST.

The Rape! Do I then count for nothing here? This key, do I not hold it in my hand? It was my guide through the wide ocean drear Of the dread Solitudes to solid land. Here is firm footing! here Realities ! Here spirit may with spirits cope at ease, And give the mighty phantom-world command. And she who dwelt afar in grace divine, How can she e'er be nearer to my hand ? I'll rescue her, then is she doubly mine. The venture shall be made. Ye Mothers! ye Must compass it! I charge ye, aid me! He, Who her ummatched perfection once has known, Must die, or win and wear it for his own.

## ASTROLOGER.

Hold, Fanstus, hold! He clasps her in his arm.
A cloudy tronble gathers oer her form.
The key, he points it to the youth, and lo!
He touches him. We're all undone. Woe, woe!
[Explosion. Fie'st is dustuel to the ground. The pheantoms melt into air.
mephistopheles (tukes falst "pon his shoulders).
You've canght it now ! With fools his lot to cast, To trouble brings the devil's self at last!
[Durkness. Tumult.

## ACT II.

Scene I. - A highly arched, narrou. Gothic Chamber, formerly Facst's ; unultered.
mephistopheles (stepping out from behiud " curtain. As he lifts it up and looks buck, Farst is scen stretched out upon un old-fashioned bell).

Lie there, poor wretch! Yours is a crisis
Will last you for a while, be sure!
The man whom Helen paralyses
Takes many a long day to cure.
[Looks round.
Where'er I look, amid the glimmer.
There's nothing changed the very least.
The stained-glass panes, methinks, are rather dimmer, The cobwebs round the room somewhat increased.
The ink's dried up ; the paper yellow. There
Stands everything just where it did - yes, all!
There lies the very pen, too, I dechare,
Faust to the devil signed himself withal.
And of his blood a tiny droplet still

Lingers within the hollow of the quill.
The very greatest of collectors might
In so unique a specimen delight.
Ha! On the old hook, too, the old furred cloak!
Of the old time it 'minds me, when, in joke,
Of solemn saws I gave the boy his fill,
At which the youth, perhaps, is mumbling still.
Warm, cosy robe, I feel as then,
And long to get inside of you,
And play the teacher once again,
As everybody thinks he's fit to do.
How to accomplish it your scholars know;
The devil lost the trick long, long ago.
[T'akes down the furred pelisse; criekets, moths, and chafers fly out from it.

## CHORUS OF INSECTS.

We welcome thy coming, Old patron and friend; With buzz and with humming On thee we attend. Singly, in silence, Thou plantedst us here, Skipping by thousands, Behold, we appear: The rogue in the bosom Hides close in his lair ; Our fur-bed we gladly Forsake for the air.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

'Tis quite a treat to hear these young fry cheep! Let one but sow, in time he's sure to reap. Again I shake the old tag-rag, and out The creatures fly and flutter all about.

Up and away! In mooks on every side, My little darlings, quickly hide.
In yon old boxes, cheats, and bins,
Here in these yellow parchment skins,
In dusty pots, retorts, and bowls,
In yonder skulls' grim eyelet-holes.
Enjoy yourselves you surely must,
Among such maggots, dirt, and dust.
[slips into the pelisse.
Come! and once more my hack array :
I'm Principal again to-day :
But what avails to bear the name:
Where are the people, to admit my claim?
[Palls the bell, which emits a shivill, penetrating sound, at which the halls shake and the doors burst open.
famulus (stumbling along the dark passage).
What a clamour! what a quaking!
Walls and staircase rocking, shaking!
Ugh! the lightning, how it flashes
Through the coloured window-sashes!
From the ceiling, fast and faster,
Rattle stucco, lath, and plaster;
And, by wizard cantrip parted,
From the doors the bolts have started!
Yonder - horrors ne'er will cease:-
A giant in Faust's old pelisse:
He so stares and nods at me,
I shall drop down presently.
Shall I fly, or shall I stay ?
I'm undone! Oh! well-a-day!

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Come hither, friend! Your name is Nicodemus.

FAMULUS.
Most worthy sir, that is my name. Oremus !
MEPHISTOPHELES.
Some other time!
FAMULUS.
You know me, it appears!

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Right well! A student still, though up in years ! Well, well, the learnedest, my moss-grown friend, Can't choose but go on studying to the end. A card-house so he builds him, small and neat; But not even greatest minds their house complete. Your master, though, he has indeed a name; Who has not heard of Dr. Wagner's fame? Wagner, the learned world's acknowledged head, Which, but for him, indeed, might go to bed! Daily from him new flashes burst Of wisdom, science, and of knowledge, And pupils, in and out of college, For pure ombiscience athirst, In crowds surround this wondrous teacher. He is your only brilliant preacher ; He like Saint Peter wields the keys, And opens Hell's or Heaven's gates at his ease. All other doctors' fame has faded Before the brilliancy of his;
Even Faustus' name is overshaded ;
The great inventor he, he only, is.

## FAMULUS.

Fair sir, forgive me, if I may Your dictum venture to gainsay;

Trust me, 'tis quite the other way.
The doctor would such praises spurn, For he is modest to a flaw;
To Faustus he looks ul with awe, And may indeed be said to burn For that distinguished man's return, Whose absence, ever since he went, Has caused him sore bewilderment. This room, and everything that's in it, Awaits its former master, just
As when he left it, even the dust. I searcely dare set foot within it. What must the astral hour be - what ? The walls, methinks, have somehow parted, The doorposts sprung, the ringluolts started, Else in here you had never got.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Well, then, your master, where is he?
Bring me to him, or him to me.
famulus.
His order's strict, to let none enter;
I scarcely know if I may venture.
Ou his stupendous task intent,
For months on months he has been pent
Within his room, in strict seclusion,
And will not brook the least intrusion.
The meekest of all learned men,
He looks like demon in his den, Begrimed from ears to nose, his eyes With blowing up the furnace red; So day and night his tongs he plies, And never thinks to go to led.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Refuse to me admittance? Why, The very man his ends to forward, I.
[Exit Famulus. Mephistopheles sits down with a very solemn air.
Scarce seated at my post, when - hark! oh, rare !
A visitor comes clattering up the stair;
But this time he is of the latest school;
Not to be bound by dogma or by rule.
baccalaureus (swaggering along the passage).
Gate and doors wide open cast ! Good! So we may hope at last
That the living man no more Grubs in dust, as heretofore, Like a dead man - moping, sighing, And, though living, truly dying.

This old fabric, roof and wall, Bends and totters to its fall; Scarce if soon we do not make us, Crash and wreck will overtake us; I, though not a man to flinch, Go no farther, not an inch.

Was it not here? It was, I know, That I, so many years ago, A freshman came, in deep concern, And full of foolish fears, to learn ; And in these graybeards did confide, By their cold morsels edified.
Out of their musty volumes old
All sorts of lies they did unfold;
Believing not the things they knew, Wasting their own lives, and mine too.

How? In yon cell there's one, I'm sure, Still sitting in the clear-obseure!

How odd! Yes, in the very gown,
Turned up with fur of dingy brown!
In look or garb no sort of change !
Just as I left lim. This is strange!
Then with an awe profoum I scamed him, Because I did not mulerstand him; To-day he'll find I'm up to trap.
Here goes! So now look out, ohl chap!
[To Merhistopheles.
Old gentleman, if Lethe's muddy tide
Have not o'erflowed you bald skew-droping pate,
Here an old scholar see with grateful pride, From academic thrall emaneipate.
You are the same as then in every feature, But I am quite another creature.

## MEPIISTOPHELES.

I'm glad you've answered to my bell!
Even then your merits I could see;
As in the chrysalis one can foretell
The brilliant butterfly to be.
In collar laced, and curls well dressed, You then felt quite a chirdish zest.
You never wore a pigtail, eh?
A crop, I see, you wear to-day.
You have a bold and dashing air, Pray, don't too hard mpon me bear!

## BACC.MACLEUS.

Old gentleman, this place may be the same,
But things have not been at a stop,
So your amhiguous phrases drop:
We're fly to all that sort of gane.

You once could trot the simple youth; It needed no great skill, to do
What now would puzzle more than you.

## MEPHIS'TOPHELES.

If to the young one speaks unvarnished truth, Their yellow beaks the precious food eschew; But when, in course of time and tide, They've learned it dearly through their hide, They fancy, then, they found it out at once, And so exclaim, "Our master was a dunce!"

## BACCALAUREUS.

A knave, perhaps! For which of them has grace To speak the plain truth plumply to our face? They treat us like good children - here caress, There threaten, letting out now more, now less.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
There is a time to learn; but, by your speech, You are, I see, yourself prepared to teach. Through many moons, and suns some few, Profound experience, doubtless, has been gained by you.

## BACCALAUREUS.

Experience! Psha! Mere dust and scum! Mind, mind's the thing! Mind free and growing! Of what man's always known the sum Is not, confess it, worth the knowing.

## mephistopieles (after a pause).

I've long surmised I was a fool. Alas!
It strikes me now I am an utter ass.

BACCALACREUS.
Delightful! There's some reason in you yet :
The first old man of sense I ever net !

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

I sought for hidden golden store, and lit On merest cinder-rubbish everywhere.

## BACCALALRELS.

Your bald old pate is not, you'd best admit, Worth more than yonder hollow skulls up there.

MEPhistorheles (good-humouredly).
How rude you are, you're not aware, friend, quite.

## baccalaldels.

In German one must lie, to be polite.
mephistorheles (who has been throughout the dialogue rolling his chair nowrer the proscenium - to the pit).
I'm choked up here! Nor air nor light I've got.
You'll find me quarters 'mongst you, will you not?

## BACCALAUREUS.

It's quite preposterous, that men will try To cut a figure when their day's goue by. Man's life lives in his blood; and where, forsooth, Does blood so course and pulsate as in routh?
That's the true thing, with glow and vigour rife, Which out of its own life creates new life.
There all is stir, there something's done and sped;
The weak fall out, the stalwart yo ahead.
Whilst we have made one-half the world our own,
What have you done? Why, napped and 'mused alone,

Dreamed, pondered, planned, still planned, and that is all!
Old age a shivering ague is - no more! -
Of whims and frosty fancies bred;
When once his thirtieth year is o'er,
A man is just as good as dead.
'Twere best yourself betimes to slay.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

The Devil here has nothing more to say.
baccalaureus.
Save through my will, no Devil can exist.
mephistopheles (aside).
The Devil, though, some day your neck shall twist.

## BACCALAUREUS.

This is youth's noblest calling and most fit!
The world was not, till I created it.
Out of the ocean I evoked the sun, With me the moon began its course to run, To light my path the day its splendour wore, For me the earth her flowers and verdure bore. At my command, on yonder primal night, Did all the stars pour forth their glorious light. Who but myself for you deliverance wrought From the harsh fetters of pedantic thought? I with free soul, ecstatical and bright, Walk in the radiance of my inward light, With fearless step and joy-illumined mind. Before me brightness, darkness far behind.

## MEPHISTOPIIELES.

Well, go in pride, original, thy ways!
Insight would make thee melancholy:

What thought of wisdom or of folly
Has not been often thought in hygone days?
Yet in goal time all will come safely ronnd -
A few more years, this folly will have passed;
Even where the must ferments beyond all bound, It yields a wine of some kind at the last.
[To the younyer orcupents of the pit, who do not "pplaul.
You to my words are deaf and cold.
Well, well! Good boys like you in time will mend 'em. Refleet: the Devil, he is old;
Then grow you old, to comprehend him!

Scene II. - Luboratory, after the fashion of the middle ayes: a quantity of useless apparatus, for fantastic purposes.

> WAGNER (at the furnace).

The bell rings; at its clangour drear
The mouldy walls with horror thrili;
This dread suspense of hope and fear
Must soon be solvel, for good or ill.
Joy, joy: The gloom begins to clear!
Now is the phial's core below
As with a living coal aglow;
Yea, like a fine carbuncle, mark,
It flashes lightnings through the dark!
And now a light, pellucid, white:
Oh, let me, let me fail no more:
Great heavens! a rustling at the door?

## mephistopheles (entering).

Pray, don't alarm yourself ! all's right.

## WAGNER (anxiously).

Welcome! The stars my purpose aid!
[In a low voice.
But not a word. Breathe lightly, for a grand Conception's consummation is at hand.

> MEPHISTOPIIELES (in a whisper).

What is afoot?
wagner (also in a whisper).
A man is being made.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
A man! What pair of amorous tools
In the alembic there are sweating?

## WAGNER.

Nay, heaven forfend! 'Tis only fit for fools, That aucient method of begetting. The tender point, which was life's source, That subtle, springing, in ward force, Which, to impress its image bent, Did something take, and something lent, And to its ends essayed to win Both what was foreign, what akin, Is now from its high honours thrust. If brutes this way still sate their lust, Man, with his mighty gifts, henceforth, I wis, Must have a source more high, more pure than this. [Turns to the furnace.
It flashes! Look! My hopes were not unfounded. I knew, and now the proof behold, That when, from substance hundredfold, From every source and quarter singled,

And all - for there's the art, I hold -
In suitable proportion mingled, Man's substance we had thas eompounded, And in alembie then confounded, In proper combination, we
The work in silence perfected shomblee.
[Ayuin turns to the furnace.
Yes, yes! Behold! the mass grows clearer.
The demonstration nearer, nearer:
What men call Nature's mystery, we dare
By mind to prohe and analyse,
And what she organised whilere,
We now contrive to crystallise.

## MEPHISTOPMELES.

He that lives long learns much, as time goes by ;
The world can nothing new lefore him set.
Already in my early travels I
Of mortals crystallised not few have met.

Wagner (who has meanwhile been watching the phial intently).
It flashes, mounts, the atoms bleml:
One moment, and we reach the end!
A grand design mere madness seems at first;
But in the end with us will be the laughter, And thus a brain, which living thonght has nursed, Shall breed a living thinker tow, hereafter.
[Contemplutes the phiel with repture.
The glass rings piercingly and sweet.
It clouds, it clears! All, all, as it should be!
Settling into proportion meet,
A comely mannikin I see.
More can the world or can I wish for? No!
The mystery lies muveiled within our reach;

Just mark that sound, and you will find it grow To perfect voice, to most articulate speech.

> HOMUXCULUS (in the phial, to Wagner).

How goes it, daddie mine! It was no jest.
Come, press me very gently to your breast.
But not too hard, else will the crystal shatter.
Remember, 'tis the law of matter,
That all the universe doth scarce suffice
For Nature's procreations grand,
While things produced by Art's device
A bounded space and well enclosed demand.
[To Mephistopheles.
Ha, rogue! That's you, sir kinsman, is it?
Thanks, thanks! Most aptly have you timed your visit.
Rare chance for us that brought you here! And I,
Whilst I exist, my task must briskly ply.
I long to tackle to my work, and you
Are just the man to show me what to do.

> WAGNER.

One word, just one, to screen my credit, pray,
And save my reputation many a slight!
With problems I am pelted every day, By young and old, which haffle me outright. For instance, nobody can comprehend How body and soul so exquisitely blend, Sticking as close as though they ne'er would part, Yet every day embroiled in conflict tart.
Then -
MEPHISTOPHELES.
Stop! Ask rather, how it comes about That man and wife so constantly fall out?

Such problems, friend, you never will see through. The little one wants work; here's work to do.

## Homex

What's to be done?

> MEPristorneles (pointing to a side-door). Yonder thy gifts employ!

Wagner (still guzing into the phial).
In sooth, thou art a darling of a boy :
[The side-door opens. Facst is seen lying upon the couch.

> HOMUNCULCS (amazed).

Strange!
[The phial bounds out of Wagner's hands, hovers over Faust, and sheds a light upon him.
What a gorgeous garniture of dream!
Deep in the umbrage of a wood, a stream Lucent as crystal - women, oh, how fair!
Their limbs unrobing in the sunlit air;
And one, who o'er them all asserts her place, Supreme in beauty, and supreme in grace, Sprung of heroic, yea, Olympian race!
She dips her foot in the transparent tide, Cooling the glow of her majestic frame In waves that leap and sparkle up her side, In loving dalliance with the fragrant flame. But hark! a rushing as of wings in flight! What plash and plunging mar the mirror lright I Her maidens fly in terror: she, their queen, Gazes around her, smiling and serene, And with a thrill of pride and pleasure sees The foremost swan come fondling to her knees, Importunate, yet gentle. Now, at ease,

With the coy beauty he disports and plays.
But lo! at once a mist begins to rise, And veils in an impenetrable haze
The loveliest of all visions from my eyes.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

A very exquisite romance, I vow;
Small though thou art, a mighty phantast thou.
I can see nothing.

## Homunculus.

I believe it. How
Should you, a creature of the northern clime, Bred 'mid the frippery of priests and knights, Have your eyes open to such glorious sights?
You never are at home but where
Darkness and gloom infect the air. [Looking round.
Gray stone walls, moss-grown, ugly, groins, High-pointed arches, volutes, coigns!
If here he wake, 'twill ruin all, Dead on the spot he'd surely fall! Sivans, naked beauties, woodland, stream, These made up his prophetic dream.
How should he ever reconcile
Himself to breathe in den so vile?
Though little caring where I be, I find it rather much for me.
So hence with him!
MEPHISTOPHELES.
Your wish shall be obeyed.
homunculus.
Command the warrior to the fight, To dance and roundel lead the maid,

And then their joy is at its height.
This is - ha, ha! the thought is bright -
The Classical Walpurgis Night.
The very thing to inurse his bent!
He'll there be in his element.

## mefhistopheles.

Of such a think I never heard.

## HOMUNCULUS.

Oh! good!
And was it probable you should?
You only know romantic spectres; but The genuine spectre's of a classic cut.

## mephistor heles.

In what direction shall we ride?
Antique companions, mind, I can't abide.

## homunculus.

Your pleasure-grounds north-westward, Satan, lie, But south and eastward we to-night must hie. O'er a broad flat doth fair Peneios wind, By many an oozy bay, green woodlands through: The mountain cliffs close in the plain behind, And far up lies Pharsalus old and new.

## MEPHistopheles.

Out and away! No longer let me hear Of slaves and tyrants waging conflict drear!
They bore me; for one war is scarcely done,
When out of hand another is begun;
And not a man of them can see that they Only the game of Asmodeus play.

For Freedom's rights they battle, that's the cry; Slaves murder slaves, were nearer truth, say I.

## homunculus.

Oh, to their strife and wrangling leave mankind. Each must protect himself as best he can, From boyhood up ; so grows at last a man. The cure for him (pointing to Faust) is what we have to find.
If you've a panacea, prove it now; If not, give way, and leave the task to me.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

The bolts of heathendom, I must avow, Defy my brocken spells to find the key. These Greeks were never good for much. Yet stay! They charm men's senses with external show. Their sins look bright, and beautiful, and gay ; While ours seem always dreary, dull, and slow. And now what else?

## HOMUNCULUS.

You used not to be shy.
I think I've something I can tempt you by. What say you to Thessalian witches, eh ?
mephistopheles (kindling up).
Thessalian witches? Good! A gentry these I've been inquiring for this many a day.
I have a notion, though, that they
My taste will not exactly please, Night after night, at least, with them to stay. But we shall see. Away!

## HOMUNCELUS.

The cloak once more!
And in it wrap yon sleeping cavalier ! 'Twill bear yon both, as it has done before. I go ahead, you by my light to steer.

## And I?

## WAGNER (alarmed).

## homexcledes.

Why, you - stay here at home, and those
Researches most moment, close!
Turn your old parchments o'er and o'er, - collect The elements of life, as they direct, Then piece them warily; and, look ye now, Consider well the What, but more the How I o'er a slice of earth the while will hie, And should I find the dut upon the I, Why, this your mighty enterprise will cap. The prize is more than worth the effort - wealth, Honour, renown, long life, unfailing health, Knowledge withal, and virtue tou, - mayhap. Farewell!

## Wagner.

Farewell: My heart is sad and sore, For much I fear I ne'er shall see thee more.

## mepinstorneles.

Now for Peneios! My small friend,
I'm not ashamed to claim his aid. [Ad spectutores
We in the long rum all deprend
Upon the creatures we have made.

## CLASSICAL WALPURGIS NIGHT.

Scene III. - Pharsalian Fields - Darkness.

## ERICHTHO.

To this night's ghastly revel, as full oft before, I hither come, Erichtho I, the sad of mien, Yet not so loathly, as with calumny's gross tongue The libellous poets paint me. They, in praise or blame No stint nor measure know. The vale through all its length
Is white as with a sea of tents, all ashy gray, An after-reflex of that awful, ghastly night.
How oft already has it been repeated! 'Twill Be through all time repeated! Empire no one yields To another; no, not even to him by whom 'twas won By force, by force is swayed. For who, though powerless
To rule his imer self, is not intent to rule
His neighbour's will, at the proud dictates of his own?
But here a signal proof to bitter end was fought,
How power arrays itself against a mightier power ;
Rends freedom's chaplet fair, with all its thousand flowers,
And stubborn laurels round the victor's brows ent wines.
Here Magnus of the days of his first greatness dreamed. There Ciesar watched the wavering balance shake.
Here shall they grapple! Well the world the victor knows.
With tongues of ruddy flame the watch-fires glow, the ground
A semblance of the blood, that dyed it erst, exhales, And, by the uight's most strange and weird-like sheen allured,

The beings of Hellenic legend 'gin to throng. The fabled forms of ancient days unstably tlit Around the fires, or sit in circles at their ease.
The moon, though only half her ond, resplentent, clear, Climbs up the sky, and fills the vale with mellow light. The phantom tents farle sut, and bluely burn the fires. But lo! what meteor strange comes sailing through the air!
Itself illumed, a ball corporeal it illumes. I scent life near at hand. I lestructive as I am To all that lives, 'twill not beseem me to remain; 'Twould bring me ill repute, adrantage none at all. Now it descends to earth! 'Tis best that I retire.
[IVithdraws.

## The Aerial Travellers abore.

## homexcelles.

Hover, hover, in the air, O'er these flames and phantoms dreary ;
Down within the valley there,
Things look spectral, wild, and eerie.

MFPHISTOPHELES.
As a-north, through easements old
Ghastly shapes and horrors rare,
Hideous ghosts I now behold;
Here I'll be at home, as there!
homenceldes.
See yon figure, long and gaunt,
Swift away before us gliding!

MEPHISTOPUELES.
She looks troubled, to her hamnt
Through the air to see us sliding.

## homunculus.

Let her go! Set down thy freight, That paladin of dreams unstable, And life will come back to him straight; He seeks it in the realm of fable.

FaUSt (as he touches the ground).
Where is she ?
homunculus.
Cannot say, good sir;
But here you may get news of her. From fire to fire till dawn do you Unceasingly your quest pursue. Should anything his courage daunt; Who dared invade The Mothers' haunt?

MEPHISTOPHELES.
I, too, have here a part to play;
And there can be no better way Than for us each to seek his own Adventures 'mongst these fires alone. And thou, small friend, to reunite us, Shalt ring, and with thy radiance light us.

## homunculus.

Thus shall I blaze, thus ring for you!
[The glass booms and flashes vehemently.
Now, haste away to marvels new!
FAUST (alone).

Where is she? Wherefore now inquire?
If this were not the land that bore her, These not the waves that paddled o'er her, This is, at least, the air that did her speech inspire.

Here! here in Greece! Here, by a marvel swept, I knew at once the suil on which I stood:
A spirit fired my life-blood as I slept;
Antiens-like I feel a giant's moon,
And though my path be thronged with visions dire, I will explore this labyrinth of fire. [Goes off.

Scene IV. - On the Lipper Ieneios.

## mephistopheles (peering about).

As in and out among these flames I flirt, I'm quite put out, for almost all I view Is naked, only here and there a shirt ; The Sphinxes lost to shame, the Griffins too, And all those long-tressed things of winged kind, Bare to the eye in front, and bare behind.
We relish rarely what is gross and free, But, really, the antique's too lively even for me. On it we must our nodern views impress, And clothe it in the latest style of dress. A hideous crew! Yet must I not neglect To greet them, as a stranger, with respect. Hail, lovely females - hail, ye grizzled sages!

> GRIFFIN (snarling).

Not grizzled! Griffins' No one likes to hear Himself called grizzled. Every word betrays Its lineage by the sound which it convers. Gray, grewsome, grizzled, graves, grim, grizzly, all Of the same root etymological, Grate on our ears.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

And yet it cammot be,
That in the Griffin you dislike the Gri?

## GRIFFIN.

Of course not! Kindred as it is with what, If sometimes censured, oftener praise has got: A man should grasp at Beauty, Empire, Gold, Fortune the grasping favours and the bold.
ANTS (of colossal size).

You speak of gold ; we had collected heaps, And stored them close in caves and rocky keeps; The Arimaspians, they found out the place, Hid all away, and mock us to our face.

## GRIFFIN.

We'll force them to acknowledge where it lies.

## arimaspian.

Not on this night of jubilee. Uutil to-morrow all are free.
This time we're certain of our prize.
mephistopheles (has stationed himself between the Sphinxes).
Quite comfortable here I feel, For you I comprehend and know.

## SPhinx.

Then what our spirit-tones reveal
Clothe thou with shape, if this be so.
That we may know thee, let thy name be told.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

The names men call me by are manifold.
Say, are there any Britons here?

They're always roaming far and near, To sjy out battle-fields, old crumbling walls, Drear spots of elassic fame, roeks, waterfalls. Meet goal were this for them: And they, If here, would testify, in the old play They talked of me as Old Iniquity.

## spilinx.

And why?
MEPHISTOPHELES.
That's just what puzzles me.

SPHINX.
Perhaps! perhaps! Canst read the starry book?
What say'st thou to its aspect, then, to-night ?

MEPIIISTOPIIELES.
Star courses star, the shaven moon shines bright, And I'm delighted with this cosy nook, And warm me rarely 'gainst thy lion's skin.
To go up higher were a loss to win.
Come now, enigmas or charades propound.

## SPHINX.

Propound thyself ; enigma more profound Than thou 'twere seareely possible to start. So, then, essay to fathom what thou art. "What to the pious and the heedful, Or wicked man alike is needful, To that a butt, to try his foil on, To this a chum, to folly to heguile on, And every way a thing for Zeus to smile on ?"

> FIRST GRIFFIN (snarling).

I can't abide him.

SECOND GRIFFIN (snarling more vehemently).
What does he want here?

Bотн.
Such scum why should we suffer near?

MEPHISTOPHELES.
You think, perhaps, my nails are not a match For your sharp talons, should we come to scratch. Try, then, just try !
sphinx (mildly).
Remain, if you desire;
Ere long you will be anxious to retire. At home you can do anything you please : Here, if I err not, you are ill at ease.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Above, no daintier bit of flesh I know, But, ugh! I shudder at the beast below.

## SPHINX.

False churl, beware, or dearly shall ye rue: These claws of ours are sharp and fell! Lord of the shrunken hoof, no place for you Our circle holds, and that ye know full well.
[Sirens preludise above.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
What birds are these on yonder bough, Among the river-willows there?
silhinx.
The best have fallen a prey, ere now, To such sing-song, so thou beware!

## SIRENS.

Ah, why wilt thon linger long 'Midst the wondrous, the mensightly?
Hark, we come, a chorus sprightly, Carolling melodious song, As leseems the siren throng!
sphinx (mocking them in the seme melody).
Force them to come down, for they
Hide among the leafy spray
Their long talons, hooked and hideous, Which on thee will fall perfidious, Shouldst thou listen to their lay.

SIliENS.
Hatred, envy, hence take wing!
We the purest pleasures bring,
Which beneath the welkin be.
Best of water, best of earth, Shapes of beanty, shapes of mirth, Shall combine to welcome thee.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
These are the new vagaries fine, Where note round note is made to twine From throat or strings with curious art. On me the caterwauling's lost; It titillates my ears at most, But fails to penetrate the heart.

SPHINX.
Speak not of heart! What heart hast thou?
A shrivelled leathern flask, I vow, For face like thine were heart enow.
FAUST (enters).

How wondrous! yet how fine! Where'er I gaze, Even in the loathly, grand impressive traits !
There's something tells me, this way fortune lies; Where do they bear me, these calm earnest eyes?
[Indicating the Sphinxes.
Ha! Before such stood Edipus of yore.
[Indicating the Sirens.
Even such Ulysses crouched in hempen cords before.
[Indicating the Ants.
By such, a priceless treasure was amassed.
[Indicating the Griffins.
By these 'twas guarded safely to the last.
With new-born life I feel my soul expand.
Grand are the forms, the recollections grand.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Time was, you would have banned these creatures here, But now, it seems, to them you're well inclined; For where a man is hunting for his dear, Monsters themselves a ready welcome find.

## FAUST (to the Sphinxes).

Ye female forms must answer me! Who e'er Among you hath seen Helena the Fair ?

## sphinx.

Not to her age did we pertain.
The last of us by Hercules was slain. From Chirou thou mayst tidings gain.

He will be roaming hereabout to-night.
Much mayst thou hope, if thou canst stay his flight.

## SIRENS.

Thou, too, shouldst not lack for glory. . . .
As Ulysses stayed beside us, Neither mocked us, nor defied us, Much he learned for after-story. Come unto the bright green sea, Come and dwell with us, and we, All we know will tell to thee.

SPHINX.
Noble child of earth, away ! Heed not their delusive lay. Let our counsels bind thee fast As Ulysses to the mast.
Find great Chiron, he will show
All thy heart desires to know.
[Faust retires.

MEPHISTOPHELES (peerishly).
What are these unsightly things ?
How they croak and flap their wings !
Scarce visible, so swift they go,
And one by one, all in a row.
They would tire a sportsman, these.

## SPHINX.

Like the wintry storm-blast flying, Alcides' shafts almost defying,
These are the fleet Stymphalides;
Though in hoarsest croakings sent, Yet their greeting's kindly meant:
With their vulture beaks, and feet
Webbed like geese, they fain would win

Footing here in our retreat, As being to ourselves akin.

## MEPHISTOPHELES (scared).

More monsters still among them hiss and play!

## SPHINX.

These are the heads, - nay, dread no ill ! -
Of the Lernean snake, that think they're something still,
Though from the trunk dissevered many a day.
But what's the matter with you, say?
You look uneasy, twist awry.
Where would you wish to go? Away!
Yon group, I see, has caught your eye.
Do not constrain yourself to stay.
Be gone to them! You'll stumble there
On many a visage passing fair.
They are the Lamiæ, wantons rare, With smiling lips and foreheads bold, Revel with satyrs fit to hold;
With them what may not Goatfoot dare ?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

You'll stay, then, here or hereabout, That I again may find you out?

## SPHINX.

Go, mingle with the revel rout! Long has our native Egypt known Our kith and kindred keep their throne Thousands of years; we shall not weary soon. Ours is no fickle fleeting state; Moveless ourselves, we regulate The periods of the sun and moon.

Before the Pyramids we sit:
The nations dree their doon before us-
War, peace, or deluge - and no whit
Of change or turning passes o'er us.

Scene V. - On the Lumer Peneios.
peneios (surrounded biy stroctas and Nymphs).
Stir, ye sedges, swaying slowly;
Breathe, ye tangled rushes, lowly;
Wave, ye willows, softly sighing,
To the aspens' thrill replying,
'Midst the pauses of my dreams!
But a thund'rous murmur dread
Scares me from my shmbrous bed
'Neath the ever-flowing streams.

## FAUST (adrancing to the stream).

Hear I rightly, then I ween
In behind the leafy screen
Of these woven boughs are noises,
Like the sound of human voices.
Yea, each wavelet seems to be
Brattling, prattling, merrily.
NyMpis (to faust).
Lay thee down lowly,
Thy joy will be full!
Rest thy o'erwearied
Limbs in the cool.
The peace shall come o'er thee
That evermore flees thee;
We'll lisp, or we'll whisper,
Or murmur to please thee.

## FAUST.

I wake indeed! I see them well,
These forms of grace unmatchable, In beauty palpable to sight!
What transports strange my spirit seize!
Can these be dreams, or memories,
The shadows of an old ilelight?
The limpid waters, as they stray
Through bushes green, that gently sway Above them, scarce a murnur make;
An hundred rills together meet
In one broad, clear, unruffled sheet
Of waters deep - a crystal lake:
Young female forms, phump, debonair,
That fill the eye with rapture, there Are in the liquil mirror glassed!
In merry groups to bathe they come, Some stoutly swim, wade shyly some, Shout, splash in sportive fray at last.
Could these content, mine eye should find
Enjoyment here; but no, my mind
Looks farther, and with vision keen
Would pierce you thick embowering roof
Of clustering leaves, whose tangled woof Conceals the glory of their queen.

Oh, wonderful! Swans bright of hue, From leaf-screened nooks swim into view

With slow majestic pace, All side by side serenely steering, Their neek and crest right proudly rearing,

As conscious of their grace. Yet one that breasts the glassy tide, Outstripping all, a statelier pride

And bearing seems to vaunt:

With pinions all bown proudly out, He cleaves the waves that curl about, And nears the satred hamot. The rest glide sofly tw and fro, With feathers smooth and white as snow; But lo: their crests in wrath they set, And put to flight the fearful maids, Who, seekiug safety in the glades, Their mistress-queen forget.

## NYM川IS.

Sisters, sisters, lay your ear To the shore's green hrink, and say, If, like me, the beats you hear

Of horses' hooves that come this way.
Much I marvel, who tomight
Message bears in stormy flight!

## FAC'ST.

The earth rings with a hollow sound, As from a flying courser's bound! There, there, see there:
Should fate so rare
Be mine, then, then wonld all be well, Oh, marvel without parallel!
A horseman on a snowy steed, High mettle in his looks I read, Comes trampling on and on to me. I do not err - 'tis he, the son Of Philyra, the far-famed one:
Stop, Chiron, stup! I'd ileak with thee.

## ClIIEON.

How now? What wouldst thou?

FAUST.
Pause, I prithee.
CHIRON.
I may not rest.

FAUST.
Then take me with thee!

CHIRON.
Mount! And I then may question thee at will. Whither wouldst go ? Thou stand'st here on the banks-
Wouldst cross the stream? I'll take thee. Pausing still?

## FAUST (mounting).

Where'er thon wilt - and win my endless thanks. The great man thou, the teacher rich in glory, Who reared a race of heroes high and bold, Those gallant Argonauts renowned in story, And all who made the poet's world of old.

## CHIRON.

Best speak no more of that! E'en Pallas hath Not always honour as a Mentor gained; Men will be men, and hold their wayward path, Do what we will, as though they'd ne'er been trained.

## FAUST.

The leech who gives a name to every plant, Knows every root, its virtue, and its haunt, Has balm for every wound, and physic for each pain, With mind and body's force here to my heart I strain.

CHIRON.
Were hero striken down, I still could find All needful aid and skill his hurt requires, But I my leecheraft long long since resigned To simple-culling beldanes and to friars. ${ }^{1}$

## FAl'st.

The truly great art thom, whose ear His proper praise is loath to hear, Who shrinks from view, and seems to be But one of many great as he.
chiros.
And thou, methinks, hast Hattering wile, Both prince and people to beguile.

FaCst.
At least confess thou hast stood face to face With all the best and greatest of thy tine, With noblest spirits vied in virtue's race, And lived the stremous life of demigods sublime. Then tell me, 'midst these grand heroic forms, Which of them all possessed the goodliest charms?

## ChIron.

In that brave Argonautic cirele shone Each hero with a hastre of his own, And by the force that in his soul prevailed Supplied the void wherein his comrades failed.

1 "Well did poets feign Wsenlapius and (irce, brother and sister, and both children of the smi for in all times. in the opinion of the multitude, witches, old women, amd impostors have hall a competition with physicians. Aml eommonly the most ignorant are the most confident in their mulertakings, and will not stick to tell yon what disease the eall of a dowe is goond to cure."Feller's Holy and Prophane state. The Good Physician.

Ever where youth and manly grace held sway, The Dioscuri bore the palm away.
Resolve and speed to act for others' ease
The glory was of the Boreades.
Far-seeing, wary, firm, in council wise, So lorded Jason, dear to woman's eyes.
Then Orpheus, gentle, given to muse apart, Whene'er he swept the lyre, subdued each heart. Keen-sighted Lyncens, he, by shine and dark, Steered on o'er rock and shoal the sacred bark. The danger many share we scarcely fear, And toil grows light, with others by to cheer.

## FAUST.

But wilt thou tell me now of Hercules?

## CIIIRON.

Oh, woe! Awaken not sad memories! Nor Mars, nor Phœbus had I viewed, Nor Hermes, born of Maia's line, When on a day before me stood What all men worship as divine.
A monarch born was he, in all Youth's noblest graces past compare!
And yet his elder brother's thrall, And thrall of women passing fair.
Not earth shall yield his like again, Nor Hebe to the gods present ;
Men weave for him their lays in vain, In vain the sculptured stone torment.

FAUST.
So then, not all the sculptor's cunning can Embody charms so superhuman!

Thou'st told me of the finest man, Now tell me of the fine woman.

## ('lllRいN.

What! Wrman's hemme (w) portay, I deem it but a boonlens task;
Too oft it is, alats the diys:
An icy-chill amblyoreses mask.
But her alone can I aceomnt
As lovely, be she maid or wife, From whom duth flow, an frem a fount, A stream of bright and aladeome life.
Self-blest is beanty, look who list, Grace has a charm nome may resist, Like Helena, whom once I hore.

> FAUST.

Whom once you bore?
Chirion.
Ay, on my back.

FACST.
Was I not crazed enough hefore, But I must light on suth a track?

## CHIRON.

She twined her hand into my hair, As thou dost now.

## FAUST.

Oh, joy most rare!
My senses reel! Say how, I pray.
She only is my soul's desire
Whence, whither didst thom hear her, say?

CHIRON.
Soon told is what you thus require!
The Dioscuri had - it happened then -
Freed their young sister from some thievish men,
Who, little used to yield, took heart of grace,
And, mad with fury, gave their victors chase.
On sped the fugitives, but the morass
Hard by Eleusis checked them as they flew;
The brothers, wading o'er, contrived to pass,
I caught her up, and, swimming, bore her through.
Then she leapt down, and, in a childlike vein, Playing and fondling with my dripping mane,
Thanked me in tones so sweet, yet calm and sage.
Oh, what a charm she had! Young, yet the joy of age!

## FAUST.

Scarce seven years old.
CHIRON.
The philologues, I see,
Self-mystified themselves, have cheated thee.
Your mythologic woman's of a kind
Unlike all other members of her sex ;
Each poet paints her after his own mind,
And with his own peculiar fancies decks.
Never too young, nor ever old, her form
Wears at all times a soul-enkindling charm;
When young, she's ravished - old, she's courted still.
Enough! Time cannot bind the poet's will.

## FAUST.

Then why by time should Helena be bound?
At Phere she was by Achilles found, Beyond the verge of Time. Oh, rare delight, To triumph where he loved, in fate's despite!

And should not I on this wild heart of mine
Bear back to life that perfect form divine;
That peer of gods, that soul of endless time, As grand as gentle, wiming as sublime?
Thou long ago, but I to-day have seen
That shape of light, and dignity serene,
Fair to the eye, as in her grace most rare,
And loved, desired, adored as she is fair:
Now am I bound her slave, sense, soml, and thought; Come death, and weleome, if I win her not

## CIIIRON.

Strange being! Men would eall you rapturous, We spirits simply mad, in doting thus. But by good luck the fit has seized you here ; For 'tis my usage, once in every year, To call on Manto, Eseulapius' daughter, Who doth in silent prayer her sire implore, Even for the love and reverence which he taught her, Some rays of light on leeches' minds to pour, And turn them from their headlong course of slaughter I love her most of all the Sibyl guild. Not given to fancies she, nor fond pretence, But meek and gentle, yet profoundly skilled, Unwearied in a wise beueficence.
Stay some short space with her, and, trust me, she With potent roots will cure thee utterly.

## FAUST.

Cured? I will not be cured! My soul is strong! It will not grovel with the vulgar throng.

## Chiron.

Slight not the virtnes of the noble fount !
But see, we're at the place. Be quick, dismount!

FAUST.
Whither to land through the grim dark hast thou Across the pebbly shallows brought me now?

CHIRON.
Here by Peneios and Olympus too, Rome grappled Greece in fight, and overthrew The mightiest empire e'er has known decay. The burgher triumphs and the king gives way. Look up and see, above thee, close at hand, The eternal temple in the moonshine stand!

> manto (muttering in a dream).

Hoof-beats there
Ring on the steps of the sacred stair! Some demigods are nigh !

CHIRON.
Right! right! Arouse thee! Wake! 'Tis I, 'tis I!

> Manto (awaking).

Welcome! I see thou still art true.

## CHIRON.

And still thy temple-home is standing, too.
manto.
Dost thou still wander, tiring never?

> CHIRON.

Thou liv'st in calm contentment ever, Whilst I go circling round the sphere.

MANTO.
Time circles me, I tarry here.
But he?

> Chiron.

This night of eldritch glee
Hath whirled him hitherward with me.
Helen hath set his brains a-spin -
Helen he is intent to win, But weets not how he shall begin. A patient he, of all men best, Thine Esculapian skill to test.

## MANTO.

Me do such spirits chiefly please
As crave impossibilities.
[Chiros is already far away.
MANTO (to FAUST).

On, daring heart! Bliss shall be thine !
This dusky path conducts to Proserpine.
Deep in Olympus' caverned base sits she,
And waits forbidden greetings secretly.
I once sped Orpheus on this murky way -
Push on, be bold, and wiser heed display.
[They descend

Scene VI. - On the Upper Peneios as before.
Sirens.
Plunge into Peneios: There, Oh, what joy, as on we swim
And plash about, our songs to hymn For these poor mortals all two fair :

Water is of health the spring!
Haste ye then, and, when we gain
The Ægean's azure main, Rare shall be our revelling!
[Earthquake.
All afoam the wave runs back, Flows no longer in its track; Quakes the ground, the waters shiver, Bank and gravel smoke and quiver. Let us fly! Come, sisters all, Lest disaster worse befall!

Away, and let our pastime be In bright ocean's Jubilee, Where the billows, rippling o'er, Break in sparkles on the shore;
Where Selene o'er our heads
Her serenest lustre spreads, And, mirrored in the ocean blue, Moistens all with holy dew.
There is gladsome life and free, Earthquake here and agony.
Haste, then, hence, if ye be wise !
On this region horror lies.
SEISMOS (growling and grumbling underground).
One more thrust with might and main, Set the shoulders to the strain, So shall we the surface gain, Where all must give way before us !

## SPHINX.

What a tremor's here, what rumbling, What a grewsome grating, grumbling, What a reeling, quaking, ho!
Oscillation to and fro!
'Tis a most provoking pinch, Yet shall we not move an inch, Though all hell itself broke o'er us!

Now in wondrous wise a mound Swells and rises from the ground.
'Tis that very old man hoar
Built up Delos' isle of yore, Heaving it from ocean's deep, Safe a teeming dame to keep. Thrusting, squeezing, straining thew, Stretching arms, and bending shoulders, He, like Atlas to the view, Heaves up earth and turf and boulders, Sand and gravel, shale and clay, Tranquil strata of our bay. So a section up he rends, Right across the vale extends.
Though waist-deep in earth still squatted, The colossal Caryatid
Bears unmoved, without a groan, A tremendous bulk of stone.
Nearer it shall not approach,
Nor upon our haunt encroach.

## SEISMOS.

Alone, alone I did it! Truly Men will this at last allow.
Had I not shaken it up so throughly, This world, would it be fair as now?
How should yon mountain-ridges cleave The gorgeous depths of ether blue, Had I not thrust them forth, to weave A beauty picturesque to view?
When, whilst my primal sires looked on Night and old Chaos - I my force displayed,

And, of the Titans the companion, With Pelion, as at ball, and Ossa played, Wildly we plied our youthful freaks, Until, to crown them all, at last, Like a twin cap two mountain-peaks We on Parnassus madly cast, Where now, for sport and joyance, meet Apollo and the Muses' choir. I even upheaved the glorions seat Of Jove, and all his bolts of fire. So now with stress stupendous I Have struggled up from depths profound, And for inhabitants I cry, To spread new life and stir around.

## sphinx.

This for birth of primal eld We assuredly had taken, Had we not ourselves beheld How it from the ground was shaken. Still upward brake and forest spread, And rocks on rocks still forward tread ; But not for things like these shall Sphinx retreat: They shall not drive us from our sacred seat.

## GRIFFINS.

Gold in specks and veins I spy
Gleam in fissures all about:
Let not such a prize slip by;
Emmets, up, and pick it out!
Chorus of ants.
Fast as the giant ones
Yonder upheave it,
Seize it, ye pliant ones, And never leave it.

> Quick: Every cranny in Ranging and rifling; None that there's any in Can be (ow tritling. Murkiest, shiniest, Look ye explore it ; Each speck, the timiest, Seize it and store it. Work away with a will, Till it's all rolled out: Move the hill how it will, Do you get its gold out!

> GRIFFIN.

Pile the gold up! Pile away !
We on it our claws will lay. Be the treasure what it may, Surest of all bolts are they!

## PIGMIES.

We have found a footing here;
How, a puzzle is would task us.
That we've come, is very clear ;
Whence we come, then, do not ask us! Every country, where life glows, Finds a master soon to guide it; So no rock a fissure shows, But a dwarf is straight beside it. There his busy toil he plies, Model spouse with model mate; If 'twas so in Paradise, That is more than I can state. But we like this for a nest.
Bless the stars that hither sent us, In the East as in the West
Mother Earth yields foison plenteous.

## DACTYLS.

If she in a night these small Imps did into being call, Smaller still she will create, And with kindred creatures mate.

## THE OLDEST OF THE PIGMIES.

Hasten, and fit ye Stoutly to quit ye. Get to work quickly! Strike your strokes thickly!
In force though they fail, Let their swiftness prevail. Peace still is with ye! Up with the stithy, Buckler and glaive To forge for the brave.

And you, ye emmets, ho, Swarming there to and fro, Metals with swiftest speed Fetch for our need! Ye dactyls slumberless, Tiny, but numberless, Quick, from the brake Fetch faggot and stake! Pile the fire, heap it up, Feed it, and keep it up, Charcoal to make!

GEN ERALISSIMO.
With arrow and bow
Away! Hillio, ho!
Shoot ine those herons
Down by the marsh there,

Clustering numberless, Croaking so harsh there !
Quick, let me see them
Slain altugether:
So shall we prank it
In helmet and feather:

ANTS AND DACTYLS.
Iron we bring them-
Ah, who is to save us ? -
Which into fetters
They forge to enslave us.
Not yet is the hour come
To rise up detiant;
Then be to your tyrauts
Submissive and pliant.

THE CRANES OF IBYCUS.
Shrieks of murder, dying groans, Wings that flutter in dismay, Oh, what outery and what moans To our peaks here pieree their way!
They are all already slain, All the lake their blood doth stain.
Wanton passion for display
Shore the heron's plumes away.
See it on the helnet wave
Of each bow-legged pot-bellied knave !
Ye companions of our host,
That in troops o'er ocean pust,
We to rengeance call you, in
A cause so near your own akin.
Death, so we avenge their fate:
To this rabble deathless hate:
[Disperse, croaking in the air.
mephistopheles (on the plain).
The worthern witches I could manage featly ; But those strange phantoms baffle me completely. And then the Blocksberg's such a handy site, Go anywhere you will, you're always right. Dame Ilsa on her stone keeps watch and ward; Henry upou his peak holds cheery guard; Then to Despair the Snorers snort and blow All as they did a thousand years ago. But here, stand still or walk, who's he can say If under him the ground will not give way? Through a smooth dell as pleasantly I stroll, Up all at once behind me starts a whole Hillside, yet scarcely to be called a hill, And yet quite high enough to part me still From my pet Sphinxes. Down the valley here Fires flicker, flashing round strange shapes and drear. Dancing and wheeling see yon winsome crew With becks and wiles euticing to pursue. Soho, then! We, who're used to toothsome fare, Must still be hankering, no matter where.
lamie (luring mephistopheles after them).
Onward, still onward, Faster and faster!
Theu with a spiteful
Coyness delaying,
Prattling and playing,
He'll think he's the winner.
'Tis so delightful,
Thus the old sinner
To lure and o'ermaster!
Fretting and groaning,
His stiff foot bemoaning,
Hark, he comes grumbling,
Stumbling and tumbling!

Do what he will, While before him we fly, Be it far, be it migh, He must follow us still!
mepinstopheles (stunds still).
Curst fate! Born but to lee made fools of ! From Adam made mere dults and towls of ! We all grow old, but who grows steady? Wert thon not fooled emmgh already? We know they're good for nothing, all the race. Pinched at the girdle, painted in the face; No bit about them wholeome, firm, and sound, They fall to pieces if you clasp them round; We know it, feel it, see it at a glance Yet let them pije, and after them we dance.

> LAMIE (stoppiny).

Stay! he reflects - he pauses - lingers. Advance, or he'll slip through your fingers!
mephistorneles (striding on).
Push on! Let no uneasy twitches
Of foolish doubting stay your revel:
Good gracious : if there were no witches, Who, who the dence would be the devil?

## LAMIE (in cotioing tones).

Round this hero, round we run; Soon within his heart for one Of us, full sire, will love ensue.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Truly in this twilight gleam Damsels fair to view ye seem, So l can't be wroth with yon.
empusa (pressing forward).
Nor yet with me! Me too admit, As for your company most fit.

LAMIÆ.
She amongst us is too many ;
Always spoils our sport, the zany!
empusa (to mephistopheles).
From your dear cousin hold aloof, Empusa with the ass's hoof?
You've but a horse's hoof ; yet still, Sir Kinsman, hail, with right good will!

## MEPIIISTOPHELES.

I fancied no one knew me here, Yet find relations - that's severe! The old, old tale - Go where you will, From Harz to Hellas, kinsfolk still!

## EMPUSA.

With much decision I can act ; Can take what shape I please, in fact. But in your honour, for the nonce, I've donned just now this ass's sconce.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

These folk, they set great store, I see, By being of the family; Yet come what will, - disaster, shame, The ass's head I will disclaim!

LaMIE.
Avoid this hag! who puts to flight All that is most fair and bright: What was fair and bright before, When she comes, is so no more.

## MEPIISTOPIELES.

These cousins, too, so smooth of speech, I'm doubtful of them, all and each. Behind their cheeks so rosy red Some metamorphosis I dread.

## LAMLE.

Come set to work now: We are many. Essay your luck, - if you have any, The first prize you may win. Come, try! What means this pitiful to-do? A miserable wooer you, To strut and bear your head so high ! And now amongst us see him skip; Your masks off slow and slyly slip, And be your true selves by and by.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

I've caught the prettiest and most lissome -
[Embracing her.
Ugh, ugh! The dry old withered besom:
[Seizing another.
And this one? The disgusting fright!

LAMI.E.
Ha! have we caught you? Serves you right!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

I had the short one in my grips -
A lizard from my finger slips,
With poll most serpent-like and smooth!
Anon the taller jade I clasp -
A Thyrsus-staff is in my grasp,
With pine-cone for a head, forsooth!
What means it all? The stout one there,
Better with her perchance I'll fare.
One venture more, - the last, - here goes!
Juicy and plump, just of the size
The Orientals highly prize.
Ugh! The puff-ball bursts beneath my nose!

## LAMIE.

Away, and round him flit, now like The lightning, now all blackness! Strike The witch's baffled son with fear! On silent wings, a ghastly crew, Wheel round like bats! We'll make him rue The hour he thought of coming here.

## mephis'ropheles (shaking himself).

I have not grown much wiser, 'twould appear.
They're idiots in the north, they're idiots here.
They're humbngs here as there, the ghostly crew, And bores the bards and people too.
Here has been precious mumming, and
Sense has, as usual, had the upper hand.
At features fair a clutch I made,
And in my grasp found what appalled me;
Yet had it only longer stayed,
Even that delusion had enthralled me.
Where am I? What is this, and how?
This was a path, 'tis chaos now.

The road was smooth; but boulders, lo !
At every turn perplex my feet.
Vainly I clamber to and fro-
Nowhere can I my Sphinxes meet.
One night a hill like this to breed :
Who could have dreant so mad a thing ?
A jolly witches' ride, indeed,
When they with them their Blocksberg bring !

## oread (from the nutural rock).

Up here! My mountain's old as time;
Its shape the same as in its prime.
My precipices jagged and sheer, Pindus' extremest spur, revere ! Unshaken here I lift my head, As when across me Pompey fled. That dream-begotten phantasm there At cock-crow will dissolve in air. Such fabled forms I ofttimes see Arise, then vanish suddenly.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Be honour thine, thou reverend head, With sturdy oaks engarlanded!
To thy recesses dark and deep
The brightest moonshine cannot creep.
But down by yonder hrushwood strays
A light that glows with modest rays.
What strange coincidence is this?
Homunculus? It is, it is!
Whither away, my little friend?

## homexceldes.

Thus on from spot to spot I wend.
Much do I long to burst my glassy sereen,

And in the best sense into life to enter ;
Only from all that I as yet have seen, I can't find courage for the venture.
But hearken in your ear! Outwo
Philosophers I've stumbled, who
Are wrapt in deep debate, and all their talk
Is " Nature, Nature," as they walk.
I'll keep by them; for they, I wis,
Must know what earthly being is.
And I at last am sure to learn,
Whither 'tis best for me to turn.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
What your own instinct prompts pursue.
For where ghosts find a lodgment, your Philosopher is welcome too.
And be they many, be they few,
To show his skill off, he is sure
To conjure up a dozen new.
Make no mistakes, and you will ne'er be wise.
By your own doings into being rise!

HOMUNCULUS.
Still, good advice it were not wise to miss.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Go your own way! We shall see more of this.
[They separate.
anaxagoras (to thales).

Will not your stubborn mind the truth concede, Or do you further demonstration need?

Thales.
The wave is stirred by every breeze that creeps, But from the beetling crags far off it keeps.

## ANAXAGORAS.

This mountain-ridge to fire its being owes.

THALES.
From moisture all that lives to being rose.

## HOMUNCULUS.

Let me go side by side with you. I yearn to rise to being too.

ANANAGORAS.
Could you, $O$ Thales, in one night produce A mountain such as this from mud and ooze?

## THALES.

Nature, has she with her creative powers E'er had regard to days, and nights, and hours? Calm and serene she phies her shaping hand; It is not violence makes even what is grand.

## ANAXAGORAS.

But here it did! Raging Plutonic fire, Steam pent for ages, with explosion dire Burst through the ancient crusts of earth, and threw A mountain in a moment into view.

## THALES.

What boots it to contimue this debate?
The mountain's there; that's well, at any rate.

In such disputes no one step we advance, Yet lead the patient crowd a precious dance.

ANAXAGORAS.
See, from the mountain how in bevies They stream to fill each chasm and crevice!
With pigmies, ants, and gnomes it rings,
And other bustling tiny things.
[To Homunculus.
Within your hermit cell retired,
To greatness you have ne'er aspired.
To rule if you your mind can bring,
I'll have you straightway crowned their king.

## HOMUNCULUS.

What says my Thales?
THALES.
I say no!
With little people, little deeds;
With great ones even the little grow
To size, and greatness greatness breeds.
Look at these cranes, a dusky cloud!
They threaten yon excited crowd, And so would threaten, too, the king. Downward they swoop on rushing wing,
With bony claw and pointed beak,
Their vengeance on the dwarfs to wreak.
The very air is charged with doom, And tempest hurtles through the gloom.
A wicked elf the herons slew,
As round their quiet mere they drew.
But that death-laden arrowy slect
Arouses vengeance fell and meet,
And in their kin such ire doth wake, As blood, and blood alone can slake.

What now avail shiehl, helm, or spear?
Their heron-plumes, what boot they? See,
How ant and dactyl disanjear:
The hosts, they reel, they turn, they flee.

## ANAXAGORAS (uftri $\ell$ putse, solemnly).

If hitherto my praise
Has to the subterranean pewers been given,
In this conjuncture I uplift my gaze
To those that have their seat in heaven.
Oh, Throned above, through rudless time
Wearing the freshness of thy prime,
Thee I invoke, thee now as then the same,
Threefold in form, threefold in name,
My people in their woe to free,
Diana, Luna, Hecate!
Thou the bosom that expandest,
Thon of thinkers deepest, grandest,
Thou aspect serene that wearest,
Thou a soul of fire that bearest,
Open the abysses drear
Of thy shadowy glomems - and here,
With no necromancer's aid,
Be thine ancient power displayed! [Pause.
Is my prayer too quickly heard?
By its force
Has the course
Of nature been disturbed and marred?
And larger, ever larger, aud more near
The goddess' orbed throne wheels down the sphere!
Fearful to the eve and dread
Turns its fire to dusky red.
No nearer: Mighty threatening hall, Thou'lt crush us, land and sea, and all!
Was it then true, that hage Thessalian by
Dark incantations from the sky

Drew thee down, and wrung from thee Blight and bane and misery?
The shining disk's o'ercast. It crashes !
And now it lightens and it flashes!
What din, what rushing, whizzing, pouring;
What gusts of wind through thunder roaring!
Behold me fall, abashed and prone,
Down at the footstool of thy throne!
'Twas I invoked thee, I! Do thou
Forgive, forgive my madness now!
[Throws himself on his face.

THALES.
What things this man has heard and seen!
They may or they may not have been;
But I felt nothing, ne'ertheless.
Mad hours are these, we must confess,
And Luna sails along the blue,
As smoothly as she used to do.

HOMUNCULUS.
Look at the pigmies' haunt! See, how The hill, once round, is pointed now ! I felt a hideous crash and shock: Down from the moon had fallen a rock; And in an instant made an end, No warning given, of foe and friend. Yet arts like these I must revere, Which in one single night could so This mighty mountain structure rear, Both from above and from below.

## THALES.

Tush, tush! 'Twas all a dream. That brood So vile is gone, then let them go ! That thou wert not their king is good.

But now away, away with me,
To Ocean's glorious Jubilee!
There guests of wondrous kind, like thee, Expected, ay, and honoured be. [They withdraw.
mephistopheles (clambering up on the opposite side).
Here I go elambering over crags and rocks, Among the gnarled roots of ancient oaks. The vapours on my own Harz have a tlavour Of pitch, that much commends them to my favour. 'Tis next to brimstone! Here, among the (ireeks, In vain for even one sulphurous whiff one seeks. Still, I should like to find out what the spell, By which they feed the pangs and fires of hell.

## DRYAD.

In your own land you for a sage may pass, Abroad you're little better than an ass. 'Tis not of home yon should he thinking here, But how you should the sacred oaks revere!

## MEPIISTOPHELES.

We harp on what we've lost ; - a feeble vice!
What we've been used to's always Paradise.
But say, what three are those in youder den, Who squat and cower in the glimmering shade?

## DRYADS.

They are the Phorkyads. Go forward, then, And speak to them, if you be not afraid.

## MEI'IISTOPIIELES.

And wherefore not? I an bewildered vastly !
Proud as I am, even I must needs arow,

I ne'er have looked upon their like till now, Our hell's worst hags are not one half so ghastly! Who shall this hideous Triad see,
Yet think there's aught repulsive in
The deadliest of old deadly sin ?
We should not suffer them, not we,
To cross the threshold of the worst And eeriest of our hells accurst. Yet in the land of beauty, here, This antique land to glory dear, They children of the soil appear!
They move, they scent me, it- would seem, Twitter like vampire bats, and pipe and scream.

## PHORKYADS.

Sisters! the eye, quick, give it me to spy, Who to our temple dares approach so nigh !

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

O most revered! permit me to draw near, And heg your triple hencdiction here!
I am not quite a stranger - so, forgive!
Indeed, I am a distant relative.
Gods of old standing in my time I've known, To Ops and Rhea made my bow of yore, The Parce, Chaos' sisters, and your own. I saw them last night, or the night before; But such as you have never crossed my sight. I'm positively dumb with sheer delight!

## PHORKYADS.

There seems some sense in what this spirit says.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

My only wonder is, no bard has sung your praise! In statues I have never seen you. Say,

How comes this so, most honoured ones, if you know?
Yours are the forms the chisel should portray, And not such things as V'enus, Pallas, Jmo.

## MHORKYADS.

In solitude and silent night inurned, Our thoughts have never on such matters turned.

## MEPIISTOPIIELES.

How should they? Living from the world retired, By none can you be scen, or, seen, admired.
For that you must a residence command, Where art and huxury rule hand in hand; Where from a block of marble - presto, hey ! Starts into life a hero every day;
Where -

## PHORKYADS.

Peace! And wake in us no yearnings fond!
What should we gain, by knowing aught beyond ?
In Night begot, and kin to things of Night, To ourselves almost mknown, to others quite.

## MEPIISTOPIIELES.

This being so, there is not much to say; But you to others may yourselves convey. One eye suffices for the three, one tooth, And 'twill comport with mythologie tonth To merge in two the essence of the three, And lend the semblance of the third to me For some brief space.

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ONE OF THE PHORKYADS.
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How think ye? Speaks he sooth?

THE OTHERS.
Let's try it. But without the eye and tooth.
merhistopheles.
Take these away, and you the essence take, For these are what the perfect picture make.

## ONE OF THE PHORKYADS.

Press one eye close! 'Tis very simply done; That's well! Now of your dog-teeth show but one : And you will instantly in profile show Our sister perfectly from top to toe!

MEPHISTOPHELES.
I'm honoured - much! So be it!

## PHORKYADS.

So be it!

MEPHISTOPHELES (as a PHORKYAD in profile).
Done!
Behold in me old Chaos' darling son!

> PHORKYADS.

Chaos' undoubted daughters we.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Oh, spite!
They'll scoff at me as an hermaphrodite!

## PHORKYADS.

Our new third sister is surpassing fair !
Of eyes we have, and eke of teeth a pair.

## MEPHISTUPHELES.

I must get out of sight, or I know well
I'll scare the devils of the nether hell! [Exit.
Scene VII. - Rocky Bays of the Eyean Sea. The
Moon pausing in the Zenith.
iress (lying on the cliffs around, flutiny and singing).
Thou whom hags Thessalian erst, By unholy spells rehearsed,
Drew from heaven, serenely bright, Looking from the vault of night, With thy silvery radiance lave Every bright and rippling wave, And illume yon wondrous throng Rising now the waves along. Thy devoted vassals we ; Luna fair, propitious be!
nereids and tritons (as uonders of the deep).
Loud with shriller voices sing,
Let them o'er broad ocean ring,
All its people summoning!
As we lay within our caves, Fathom deep beneath the waves, Safe from wind and stormy weather, Your sweet song has drawn us hither.
In our transports we, behold:
Deck ourselves with chains of gold, Brooch and clasp and diadem, Rich with jewel and with gem. All your fruitage, all are these: Treasures plucked from argusies, That now wrecked and rotting lie,

Lured to their destruction by You, the demons of our bay.

## Sirens.

Well we know that in the sea
Fish live well and merrily, Without pain, or care, or wish ! Still, ye throng so brisk and gay, Fain we'd like to know to-day If ye're something more than fish.

## NEREIDS AND TRITONS.

Ere we hither came, did we
Ponder well how things should be.
Brothers, sisters, come! Not far
Is it needful we should go,
Most conclusively to show
That we more than fishes are.
[They retire.

SIRENS.
In a twinkling they
To Samothrace have sped away,
And fair for them the breezes blow!
What can they expect to gain
Where the high Cabiri reign ?
Gods of wondrous kind are they,
Who beget themselves alway,
And what they are they never know.
Deign to linger on thy heights,
Gentle Luna! So the night's
Veil will tarry, and the day
Chase us not from hence away!
thales (on the shore to homunculus).
Fain would I lead you to old Nereus! See, His cavern must be somewhere hereabout;

But such a cross-grained sour old carle is he, It is no easy thing to draw him out. Churl that he is, in his distorted sight No mortal man is ever in the right. But unto him the future is unveiled, So he with reverence deep is hailed, And bears a highly homoned name. To many, too, he has been kind.

## HOMU'N゙CULUS.

Let's knock and try him! I don't mind. It will not cost me both my glass and flame.

> NERELS.

Men's voices could they lee, my ear that met?
With wrath they stir my heart down to its core: Forms striving to attain to gods, and yet
Doomed to be like themselves for evermore. Long years ago, had I like others felt, In ease I might, even like a grod, have dwelt; But I was ever by the wish possessed, To benefit the men I leemed the best; And ever when I looked, in hopes to know My counsels into goodly acts had thriven, I found that matters were the same as though My counsels never had been given.

## Tilales.

Yet people trust thee, man of ocean old. Most sage of sages, turn us not away! This flame, that bears a hmman shape, behold! Whate'er you counsel him, he will obey.

## NEREIS.

Counsel! Has counsel e'er availed with men? The sagest saw falls dead on stubborn ears.

Oft as men's folly has been mourned in tears, Wilful as ever they will be again. Warned I not Paris like a father, ere His passion did another's wife ensnare?
As bold he trod the Grecian shore, with awe I told him all that I in vision saw, Clouds steaming up, with lurid light aglow, Charred rafters, massacre and death below, Troy's day of doom, inimortalised in song, Beaconing through time the curse that waits on wrong. He mocked the old man's words, the ribald boy, Obeyed the impulse of his lust, and Troy, A giant corpse, fell, worn with many a fray, To Pindus' eagles a right welcome prey. Ulysses, too, foretold I not to him Circe's dark wiles, the Cyclops' horrors grim? His own delays, the follies of his train, What not, besides! Yet where to him the gain? Till at long last the favouring billows bore The weary wanderer to a friendly shore.

## THALES.

Such conduct to the sage is fraught with pain, Yet his heart prompts him on to fresh essay. Of thanks that glad his soul, one little grain Will bushels of ingratitude outweigh.
For we are here to ask no trivial boon: The boy there wishes to attain, and soon, To being, and as sagely as he may.

## NEREUS.

Mar not my mood - 'tis of no common kind; Far other matters now possess my mind. My daughters I have summoned here to me, The I)orides, the Graces of the Sea.

Not on Olympus, nor on earth you'll meet
With forms so beautiful, so moving sweet.
From water dragons, with a bending sweep
Of subtlest charm, on Neptune's steeds they leap,
And with the element so softly blend,
The foam-flakes scarce beneath them seem to bend.
'Mid rainbow splendours in her shelly car
Comes Galatea, of them all the star,
Of l'aphos hailed the gorldess, since the day
When Aphrolite turned from us away;
And so for many a year, she as her own
The Temple town has claimed, and chariot throne.
Begone! Nor by your questionings ectipse
The solemn transports of a father's bliss;
I would not have, in such an hour as this,
Hate in my heart, nor fury on my lips.
Away to Proteus: Ask that being strange, -
He will your purpose better serve than me, -
How youder boy may pass from change to change,
And come at length to be. [lictires toward the sea.

## thales.

We have gained nothing by this step; for, say
We light on Proteus, straight he melts away.
And, after all, he'll only, if he stays,
Give answers that bewilder and amaze.
Still, such advice you lack; so, come what may, Let's make the trial. Ouward, then, away :
[They retire.
sirens (above, on the rocks).
See, what are these that glide
Far o'er the billowy tide?
'Tis as white sails were nearing,
By gentle breezes steering,

So radiantly they shine, These ocean-uymphs divine!
Let us descend! You hear
Their voices sweet and clear.

NEREIDS AND TRITONS.
What we bring with us to-night Shall content you and delight. Flames a dread form from the field Of Chelone's giant shield; Gods they be, whom here we bring: Hymns ye must of glory sing!

SIRENS.
Great in might, thongh small in form, Such as shipwrecked are ye save, When in thunder and in storm Ships go down beneath the wave ; Gods in deepest revereuce held From the days of primal eld!

NEREIDS AND TRITONS.
We bring the Cabiri hither, to keep Peace, while we revel it over the deep; For in their presence, so holy be they, Neptune will gently exert his sway.

SIRENS.
Yield we must to you:
If a vessel's wrecked, Ever ye her crew
Resistlessly protect.

NEREIDS AND TRITONS.
Three we have transported thus;
The fourth refused to tome with us. He declared he was the best, And had to think for all the rest.

SIRENS.
So one god, it would appear, Likes at other gods to sneer. All that gracious are revere, All that are malignant fear :

NEREIDS AND TRITONS.
Seven of them by rights there be.

SIRENS.
Where, then, are the other three?

## NEREIDS AND TRITONS.

To answer that were no easy task. For them you may in Olympus ask. There the Eighth, too, you may find, Who was never in anybonly's mind. Their grace we have and hope to get, But they are not all complete as yet.
These Incomparables still
On and on aspire, For the Unattainable

Hungering with desire.

## SIRENS.

'Tis our custom, evermore
Every throne to bow before,

In the Sun and in the Moon, There to worship and adore; It repays us late or soon.
nereids and tritons.
How must our fame transcendent be, The leaders of this Jubilee!

## SIRENS.

The heroes of the olden time
Reachel not a glory so sublime, How high soe'er their fame may run. If they the Golden Fleece have won, Yon, you have the Cabiri!

UNIVERSAL CHORUS.
If they the Golden Fleece have won, You, you h have the Cabiri! We, we
honuxculus.
To me these uncouth shapes are like Vile earthen pots: by token, Sages their heads against them strike, And, though hard, get them broken.

## THALES.

That's just the thing they long for! Just As coin takes value from the rust.

## proteus (incisible).

Such shows delight a fabler old like me; More prized the more preposterous they be.

## THALES.

Where art thou, l'roteus?
protecs (ventriloquially, now near, now far off). Here, and here!

THALES.
I pardon you the stale old joke.
I am a friend - no mocking insincere!
I know you sham the place from which you spoke.
protels (as from a distance).

## Farewell!

thales (whispers to the homexculus).
He's close at hand! Flame out now! Whish! He is as curious as a fish, And, wheresoever he may hide, Your blaze will lure him to your side.

## homusculus.

I'll pour a flood of light - hut gently though, Or into splinters, crack! my glass will go.
proteus (in the form of a gigantic tortoise)
What sheds a light so soft and bright?

## thales (concealing the hoyunculus).

Good! good! Come nearer, if you'd see't.
Don't grudge the trouble, 'tis but slight!
And show yourself upon two human feet.
'Tis by our grace and leave alone,
That what we've hidden will be shown.

You have not lost your skill in dodges clever.

THALES.
Of ehanging shapes you're quite as fond as ever.
[Uneovers the Homunculus.

## proteus (amazed).

A luminous dwarf! Was never such sight? Never!

## THALES.

He wants advice from you, for he would fain To being real and complete attain.
He came into the world, I've heard him say, Only by half in some mysterious way. With gifts of spirit he is dowried well, But sorely lacks in what is tangible.
As now the glass there only gives him weight, He with all speed would be incorporate.

## PROTEUS.

A real virgin's son art thou;
Thou art before thou ought to be, somehow.

## thales (in a whisper).

In other ways, methinks, all is not right. He is, I fancy, an hermaphrodite.

## PROTEUS.

So much the better, since in every case He's sure to find himself not out of place. But much reflection here no good will do, In the wide sea you must begin anew :

There in the little things commence, And on the less delight to feed:
So by degrees you grow, and thence To higher excellence succeed.

## homescleles.

The air blows sweet and softly here. The dew Thrills me with rapture through and through.

## Protels.

Right, right, my pretty youth: And you, As you go on, will find it sweeter still. On this small tongue of land the dew Exhales a vapour more ineffable.
See right in front yon wondrous train, That's wafted hither o'er the main!
Come with me to them!
thales.
Take me too!

## homusculds.

A wondrous ghostly three are we to view!
TELCHINES OF RHODES.
Upon Hippocampi and Sea-dragons, bearing Neptune's Trident.

## chores.

The trident of Neptune we forged, that at will
The angriest waves of the ocean can still.
If the Thund'rer his storm-clouds unrolls overhead, Straight Neptune opposes their armament dread; And as down from above lightuing quivers and flashes, So up from below wave after wave dashes;

And the bark, that in anguish 'twixt billow and blast Has been tossed to and fro, is sucked down at the last; Then as he has lent us his sceptre to-day, Serene and at ease let us gambol and play!

## SIRENS.

Hail, ye priests of Helios, hail, Blest ones of the cheerful day, Now whilst we to Luna pale Our devoted homage pay!

## TELCHINES.

Fair queen of the bow that shines o'er us so bright, Thou hearest thy brother extolled with delight! To Rhodes the high-favoured thine ear thou dost lend, Whence unto him Pæans eternal ascend.
He begins the day's course, and on us at its close A long level glance keen and fiery he throws.
The mountains, the cities, the shore, and the wave, Give delight to the god, and are beauteous and brave.
No mist hangs around us, and if one comes near, A zephyr, a beam, and our island is clear !
In manifold shapes he beholds himself there, As stripling, as giant, as mighty, as fair.
We, we were the first did such beings divine In the forms, not unworthy, of mortals enshrine!

## PROTEUS.

Let them sing, and let them boast!
Dead works are a jest, at most, Beside the sun's life-giving rays; They melt and mould, and when at last Their handiwork in brass is cast, Straightway they riot in its praise.

But what's the end of all their vaunted show
These images of gods renowned,
An earthquake hurled them to the ground ;
And they've been melted down long, long ago.
The throes of earth, or past or present,
Are always anything but pleasant.
Life in the billows better fares;
Thee to the eternal waters bears
The Dolphin Proteus. (Trunsforms himself.) See, 'tis done!
There will you thrive in all you try:
So leap upon my back, and I
Will wed you to the deep anon!

## thales.

Yield to the noble aspiration
Of new-commencing your creation.
Prepare for mighty effort now:
By laws eternal move, and thou, Through countless changes having passed, Shalt rise into a man at last.
[Honcscluls mounts the Proteus-dolphin.

## PROTEUS.

In spirit hence to ocean wide ! Unfettered there shalt thou abide, There roam as blithe as free; But yearn not for a higher state, For, once as man incorporate, All's over then with thee.

## THALEs.

That's as things chance: it is a fine thing, too, To be a proper man in season due.

## PROTEUS (to THALES).

If of your stamp he be, perchance it may. You are no fleeting creature of a day ; For 'tis now many hundred years, since I 'Mongst the pale ghosts first saw you trooping by.

SIRENS (on the rocks).
Lo, what clouds are yonder streaming
Round the moon in circlet bright!
Doves they are, love-kindled, gleaming,
Pinioned as with purest light.
Paphos forth has sent them, glowing
Harbingers of love and joy;
Perfect is our feast, o'erflowing Full with bliss without alloy!

## NEREUS (advancing to THALES).

Roamers through the night might deem Youder halo merely haze, But we spirits know the gleam, Hail it with a wiser gaze.
They are doves, that round my child In her shelly chariot fly, Wondrous is their flight and wild, Learned in ages long gone by.

## THALES.

I too look on that as best
Which to good men pleasure gives, When in warm and cosy nest Something holy haunts and lives.

PSYLLI AND MARSI (on sea-bulls, sea-calves, and rams).
In Cyprus' wild cave-recesses,
Where the god of the sea amoys not, Where Seismos shakes and destroys not, Where the breeze evermore wafts caresses There Cypris's chariot, the golien, We wateh, as we watched in the olden Days, in contentment serene ; And our fairest we bring in the hushing Of night, o'er the rippling waves rushing,
In the bloom of her loveliness flushing,
By the new race of mortals mseen.
Our duty thus silently plying, Nor eagle, nor yet winged lion, Dismays us, nor eross, no, nor erescent; However, throngh changes incessant, On earth they may fool it, and rule it, Now hither, now thitherward swaying, Pursuing, and smiting, and slaying, Waste cities and harvest-fields laying, 'Tis ever our care To herald our mistress, the matchlessly fair.

## SIRENS.

Through the waves serenely cleaving,
Circling round the ear divine,
And like serpents interweaving,
Row on row, and line on line,
Speed ye onwards, stately gliding,
Ocean's daughters, pleasing wild, With your (ialatea guiding,

All her mother in my child!
Grave is she, of godlike seeming,
As of an immortal race,
Yet like gentle human women,
Sweet, and of alluring grace.
dorides (passing in chorus before nereus, clustering upon dolphins).
Luna, shine, thy radiance pouring
Round this flower of youth, for here
To our sire we bring, imploring
His good-will, our bridegrooms dear!
[To Nereds.
Boys we rescued when the billow
Whelmed them in the tempest's wrack;
Couching them on rushy pillow,
We to life caressed them back!
Now with kisses to delight us,
Kisses all of fire, must they
For the life we gave requite us;
View them, then, with grace, we pray!

## NEREUS.

The twofold gain who would not highly treasure, In doing others grace, to do himself a pleasure?

## DORIDES.

Father, did we well? To hold them, Grant us, so shall we be blest:
All undying let us fold them
To our ever-youthful breast.

NEREUS.
Would you enjoy your lovely prey,
Then mould each stripling to a man;
But children, know, I never may
Bestow what Zeus, Zeus only, can.
The wave, on which you're swept and tossed,
Makes love, too, changeful evermore:
If on their hearts your hold be lost,
Best set them quietly on shore!

DORIDES.
Sweet boys, we love ye well, but soon From you, alas! must sever;
The gods deny the wished-for boon, A love that loves for ever.

## THE YOL"THS.

Still love and tend us, and your own Stout ship-boys will not falter; Such goodly cheer we ne'er have known, Nor would for better alter.
[Galatea approuches in the shell chariot.

NEREUS.
My darling!
Galatea.
O father, what ecstasy!
Stay, dolphins, stay! My gaze is riveted by thee!

NEREUS.
Already are they passed, already gone, In sweeping circles steering o'er the ocean; What is to them the yearning heart's emotion? Oh, would that I with them were sailing on ! Yet in that one brief glance is such delight, As doth the long year's yearning well requite!

## THALES.

Hail ! hail! hail evermore :
With joy I am brimming oer, Each fibre and nerve, through and through By the Beautiful pierced, and the True: From water sprang all things, and all Are by water upheld or must fall.

Then, ocean, grant thou for our aiding • Thine influence ever-pervading!
If by thee the clouds were disspread not, If by thee the rich brooklets were shed not, If by thee the streams all ways were sped not, And the rush of the torrents were fed not, What then were the universe, mountain and plain? 'Tis thou dost all life that is freshest maintain !

ECHO.
Chorus of the whole circle.
'Tis from thee flows all life that is freshest amain.
nereus.
Already they are far from shore, Meet me eye to eye no more!
On they speed, a countless train, All in festival array,
In a long extended chain, Winding, circling on their way.
But my Galatea's car, Still I see it sharp and bright! It is shining like a star Through them all upon the sight! That dear cynosure is steeped in light !
Though it be removed so far, Still it shimmers bright and clear, Ever true and ever near !

## HOMUNCULUS.

'Mid these waters soft and bright, All whereon I flash my light

Is bewitching fair!

## PROTELSS.

'Mid these waters living bright, For the first time gleams thy light

With a music rare!

## NERELS.

But lo! what fresh mystery yonder between
The groups of the children of ocean is seen?
What flames round the car, round my darling one's feet?
Now wildly it flashes, now softly, now sweet, As if with love's passionate pulses it beat:

## THALES.

'Tis Homunculus, hinded by Proteus' deceit!
The symptons are these of a yearning intense;
Soon the cry shall be heard of an agonised moan :
He will shatter his glass on the radiant throne.
Now it flames, now it lightens, now pours forth immense.

## SIREAS.

What fiery marvel illumines the sea, Where wave breaks on wave in sparkles of light? It so lightens, and brightens, and flashes, that we See their forms all aglow as they move through the night,
And flames round them eddy and glimmer and gleam. Then be Eros, of all the Beginner, supreme!

Hail, ye ocean billows, bound
With zone of holy fire around !
Water, hail! Hail, fire: Hail, all Doings strange that here befall!

GENERAL CHORUS.
Hail, ye breezes, blowing free!
Hail, ye caves of mystery!
You we praise, and you adore, Mighty elemental Four!

## FAUST

Volume II

## Faust: A Tragedy

## ACT III.

Scene. - In front of the Paluee of Menelaus at Sparta.

Enter Helev, with a Chorus of Cuptive Trojen Women. - Pasthalis leuder of the Chorus.

## HELENA.

I, Heleva, of men much famed, and much reviled, From yonder shore, where we but now have landed, come,
Still reeling with the heave, and ever-restless roll Of ocean billows wild, whose high and foamy crests, By Euros' might and great P'oseidon's grace, have borne
Us back from Phrygia's plains to these our native bays.
Now on the sea-beach joys King Menelaus, thus Returning safe with all his bravest warriors back. But oh, how welcome thou to me, thom mansion fair, Which Tyudarus, my sire, when home returning, reared, Hard by the broad incline of Pallas' sacred hill; And, when I here with Clytemnestra, sisterly, With Castor, Pollux too, grew up in gladsone play, That in its trappings rich all 'parti's homes excelled! Ye portal's brazen wings, lo, here I hid ye hail! Through ye, wide open flung with hospitable sweep,

Did Menelaus first, of many ehosen the chief, Upon my vision beam in bridegroom guise of yore. Expand to me again, that, as doth spouse beseem, My lord's high urgent 'hest I rightly may fultil! Let me go in, and oh! may all the storms of fate, Which round my path have swept till now, remain behind!
For since I parted hence, a stranger then to care, To offer homage due at Cytherea's shrine, And there was by a spoiler seized, the Phrygian boy, Hath misadventure much befallen, which men are fain To babble of, hut which offends his ear, whose tale, Expanding as it spread, to gossip fable grew.

## chorus.

Fairest of women, despise not thou!
The treasure, supreme in honour, is thine!
For to thee, thee alone, has the chief boon been given, The fame of a beauty ummatched in the world.
Before the hero his name resounds, And therefore his port is proud,
But even the stubbornest veils his pride
In the presence of beauty, the lord of all.

## HELENA.

Enough said: With my lord I hitherward have sailed, And now before him I am to his city sent; Yet what his purpose is, defies me to divine. Come I as consort back? Or come I as a queen? Or as a victim for the princes' direful woes, And for the years of loss and shame the Greeks endured?
A captive, or a friend recaptured, which am I ?
For the Immortals marked a donbtful fame, belike, And destiny for me, - companions dread that wait On beauty, and upon the very threshold here

Stand at my side with dark and threatening mien.
For even within the hollow ship my hushand scarce Vouchsafed to me one look, nor word of comfont spoke,
As brooding some fell purpose, fronting me he sat.
But when Eurotas' deep-indented bay we gained,
Scarce of our vessels' prows the foremost kissed the land,
When, starting up, he spake, as by the God inspired.
"My wariors troop by troop shall from the ships descend,
And I will marshal them in order on the beach ;
But thou, go on at once, still keeping by the banks, Wealthy in fruit, that bound Eurotas' sacred stream,
Driving the steeds aeross the moist bloom-dappled meads,
Until thou shalt arrive on the delightsome plain
Where Lacedemon, once a broad and fertile field,
Close girdled by the solemn mountains, lifts its roofs.
There enter straight the lofty tower-crowned royal house,
And round thee call the maids whom there I left behind,
Also the Stewardess, that matron old and sage.
Bid her to thee the pile of hoarded treasures show,
Was by thy sire bequeathed, and which, in war and peace
Augmenting evermore, I have myself amassed.
In order duly ranged thou'lt find them all ; for 'tis
The prince's privilege to find, on his return,
The things preserved with care, in their appointed place,
Even as he left them, wheu he parted from his home.
For nothing of himself the slave hath power to change."

## CHORTS.

Now gladden thine eye and the heart by viewing
The glorious treasures, the spoils of years !

For the armlet fair, and the jewelled crown Rest haughtily there, of their lustre proud;
But enter and challenge them all, right soon
Shall they 'quip them for war.
I joy in the conflict where beauty vies
With gold and with pearl and with luminous gem.

## HELENA.

Thereafter from my lord there followed this command: "Now when in order all thou thoroughly hast viewed, As many tripods take as thou shalt needful deem, And vessels of all kinds, which he at hand requires Who to the gods performs high sacrificial rites ; The caldrons, salvers too, and patera withal ; Pure water crystal clear from the sacred fount be by,
In lofty pitchers - well-dried fagots furthermore, That quickly kindle into flame, have ready there; And, last of all, fail not a knife of keenest edge ;
What other things may lack I trust thy care to find."
So spake he, urging my departure straight ; but nought That breathes the breath of life did his injunctions show,
Which he, in honour of the Olympians, wished to slay.
'Tis very strange; yet I will nurse that thought no more,
But leave all to the will of the great gods on high, Who bring to pass whate'er they in their minds decree; And seem it good to man, or seem it ill, it must Be borne ; for mortal man, his duty is to bear. The ministering priest full many a time hath raised The ponderous axe above the earth-bowed victim's neck,
Yet could not strike the blow, for suddenly his hand By intervening foe or deity was stayed.

## CHORUSS.

The fate of the future thou canst not divine.
Enter, queen, enter, Be of good cheer:
Gool and ill cometh
To man without warning;
E'en when foretold us we credit it not.
What saw we, when Troy was in flames, before us?
Death, death only, a death of shame:
Yet are we not here,
Mated with thee, serving thee joyfully, Beholding the sun in heaven resplendent, Beholding what is on the earth most fair, Thee, to us happy ones gracious and kind!

HELENA.
A truce to fear: Whate'er betile, tis meet that I, No longer lingering, should ascend the royal house, Which, long lost, sighed for much, and well-nigh forfeited,
Stands once again before my eyes, I know not how. With weak and tottering tread I mount its lofty stels, Up which erewhile I sprang, a light and frolic child.

## ChORUS.

Fling, 0 ye sisters, that
Mourn your captivity,
Grief to the winds '
Share in the bliss
Of your mistress,
Share in Helena's bliss,
Who joyfully neareth
The hearth of her fathers
With step that, though late
To return, is more firm
For the years that have flown.

Praise ye the holy, Happy-restoring Aud home-bringing gods! Over fate's rudest shocks, As upon pinions, Floats the enfranchised one, the while The captive, vainly his arms outspreading Over his dungeon's ramparts, Pines dejected away.

But a god caught her up
In her exile afar ;
And from Ilion's ruins
Transported her back
To the old, newly decorate
Home of her sires, After unspeakable Pleasures and pains, On the days of her childhood To ponder anew.

## panthalis (as leader of the Chorus).

Forsake we now the joy environed path of song, And turn our gaze awhile upon the portal's wings. What see I, sisters? Lo, the queen returning here, And flying too with wild and agitated step?
What is it, mighty queen? What sight or sound of dread
Could greet thee in thy halls, instead of welcoming From thine own people? This expect not to conceal; For plainly can I read displeasure on thy brow, A wrath of noble sort, that struggles with surprise.
helent (who has entered in great agitation, leaving the foldiny-doors open).
Beseemeth not Jove's child to own a vulgar dread, Nor fleeting touch of fear hath power to move her soul.

But Horror grim, that, in the womb of ancient Night And Chaos old begot, in form and shape diverse, As clouds of lurid smoke from the volcano's throat, Comes whirling forth, loth even the hero's breast appal.
In such appalling wise the Stygian gods to-day
My entrance to my home have signalised, that fain I would, like guest dismissed, for ever bid farewell
To that dear threshold, ofttime trod, and yearned for long.
But no! I have retreated hither to the light, Nor shall ye drive me further, Powers, whate'er ye be:
Some expiation I'll devise, then, purged from blame, The hearth-fire may bid hail the consort like her lord.

## PANTHALIS.

Disclose, O noble queen, to thy handmaidens, who In reverence and in love attend thee, what hath chanced!

## HELENA.

The thing that I have seen your eyes shall also see, If ancient Night hath not within her murky womb With sudden close engulfed the creature which she bred. That ye may know it, list! My words its form shall paint.
As I, my thoughts intent upon my mission, passed With solemn tread along the inmost palace halls, I marvelled at the hushed and vacant corridors, No sound fell on the ear of moving to and fro, Nor met the eye the sweep of quick and busy haste. No maid was to be seen, nor stewardess, who erst With friendly welcome wont all strangers to salute. But to the inner hearth when I had made my way, There, by the embers of the smouldering fire, I saw, Crouched on the ground, a woman thickly muffled, huge ;
Asleep she seemed not, but like one in reverie wrapt.

With voice of stern command I bade her " Up, to work !" Not doubting 'twas the aged stewardess, the same
My lord had sagely left behind to guard his home;
Yet moveless as a stone, still muffled there she sits.
Stirred by my threats, at length she raises her right arm,
As though from hearth and hall to beckon me away.
In wrath I turn away from her, and presently
Speed to the steps whereon towers high the thalamus,
Magnificently decked, the treasure-room hard by ;
But swiftly from the ground up springs the wondrous shape,
Imperiously obstructs my passage, and displays,
In long and meagre bulk, with hollow bloodshot eyes,
A form so wild and weird, might eye and soul confound.
But to the winds I speak; for impotent are words,
To body forth to life such images as these.
There! See her for yourselves! She dares confront the light!
Here we bear sway, until our royal lord arrives.
The ghastly births of Night doth Phoebus, Beauty's friend,
Chase to their native dens, or fetter fast in chains. [Phorkyas appears on the threshold between the door-posts.

## CHORUS.

Much have I seen and known, though my tresses Youthfully undulate still round my temples, Horrors I've witnessed full many, the woful Havoc of warfare, Ilion, the night When it fell!

Over the cloud-covered, dust-thickened din of Death-grappling warriors, heard I the gods Shouting, dread clamour ! heard I the brazen Voices of Discord clang through the field To the walls.


Ah, they yet towered high, Ilion's
Walls! But the merciless
Flame shot from roof to roof,
Spreading and hroadening, Hitherward, thitherward, Fanned by the fury Itself had engembered, Over the eity hy night.

Flying I saw, through smoke and glare, And tongues of edlying tlame, Deities grimly stalk in wrath, Figures wonderfnl, gigantic, Striding through the dusky Fire-illumined gloom.

Did I see, or was it fancy
Shaped amid my spirit's anguish
Phantoms so confused and wild?
That I ne'er may tell.
Yet that with my eyes I gaze on
This revolting thing before me, Of a verity I know.
Yea, my very hands might grasp it,
Did not terror hold me back
From the venture dread.

Which of the danghters
Of Phorkys art thou?
For of her kindred
Surely thon art.
Art thou, perchance, sprung of the Grais, Sisters appalling, of Darkness engendered,
Alternately using
One eye and one tooth?

Darest thou, monster, Sidelong with beauty, Thyself unto Phœbus' Keen glances unveil? Yet come thou out boldly, it recks not, For on ugliness looketh he never, Even as his blessèd eye never The gloom of a shadow beholds.

But alas! we mortals are fated By a woful doom to endure The unspeakable anguish of eye, Which the monstrous, the evermore loathly, In lovers of beauty awake.

Hear then, hear, if unblushingly Thou. wilt confront us, curses, Threatenings of manifold ill From the bau-laden lips of the blest ones, Who are moulded and made by the gods!

## PHORKYAS.

Old is the saw, but true its meaning and profound, That modesty doth ne'er with beauty, hand in hand, One common path along the verdant earth pursue. Eurooted deep in both hate from of old abides, And thus where'er, whene'er, they cross each other's track,
Each doth her back upon her adversary turn,
Then speedeth on her way with quickened tread again; Coy modesty perplexed, but beauty proud and fierce, Till Orcus' hollow night at length devours her up, If Age hath not before subdued her haughty pride. Ye wintons, now I find ye, wafted from afar, Wagging your saucy tongues, like flight of clangorous craues,

Hoarse-screaming as they wing above our heads, a long And sable cloud, and send a eroaking clamour down, Which lures the waderer, pacing silent on his way, To raise his eyes aloft ; but they hold on their course, And so goes he on his: so will it be with us. Who, then, are ye, that thus with Mienad fury wild, Like drunken brawlers, dare these royal gates assail? Who are ye, I would know, that howl your wrath against
The house's stewardess, like dogs that bay the moon? Think ye, I know not well the kith whereof ye come? Thou callow brood, begot of war, in hattle nursed, Lascivious crew, at once seducing and seduced, That sap the warrior's strength, the burgher's too as well! Thus huddled here, to me ye seem a locust swarm, Alighted like a cloud upon the early grain.
Consumers ye of others' industry : 'Smooth-lipped Destroyers of the fruits of year-long wary thrift : And thou, thou ravished, huckstered, fingered piece of goods :

## HELENA.

Who, with the mistress by, the handmaids dares to chide,
Audaciously usurps her privilege of rule; For unto her alone pertains it to extol
Whoso be worthy praise, as to chastise the ill. Full well content am I with the good service they Did at my biddiug, when great Ilion's mighty strength That lengthened leaguer stood, and fell, and low was laid;
Nor less throughout our travel's drear vicissitudes, Where people commonly think only of themselves. Here from the busy train like conduct 1 expeet; Not what the servant is, hut how he serves, the lord Inquires. Then silence, thou! and rail on them no more!

If thou the royal house hast duly kept till now, The mistress' place supplying, be it to thy praise. But now herself is come, step back into thy sphere, Lest chastisement, not guerdon, follow as thy due!

PHORKYAS.
To chide the household is a high prerogative, Which the heaven-favoured lord's illustrious spouse, by years
Of management discreet, most rightfully doth earn. As thou, whom now I know, dost here again resume Thy whilom place of queen, and mistress of the house, Seize thou the reins, that long have hung relaxed, rule now,
The treasures take in charge, and take us too with them;
But, chief of all, shield me, that oldest am in years, From this pert band, who near thy swan-like loveliness Are but a flock of cackling, poorly feathered geese.

## panthalis.

How hideous showeth hideousness by beauty's side!

## PHORKYAS.

How foolish by the side of wisdom foolishness !
(The following repartees are spoken by the Choretides, stepping out individually from the Chorus:)
choretide 1.
Tell us of father Erebus, of mother Night!

## PHORKYAS.

Then speak of Scylla thou, thy sister uterine!

## CHORETIDE 2.

From thy ancestral stock hath many a monster sprung.
Phorkyas.
Away to Orcus, seek thy kith and kindred there!

$$
\text { Choretire } 3 .
$$

Who have their dwelling there are much too young for thee.

Phorkias.
Tiresias, hoar with eld, go wooing unto him !
choretide 4.
Thy great-granddaughter was Orion's nurse, I trow.

## PHORKYAS.

By Harpies thou, I ween, wert fattened up in filth.
Choretide 5.
Such scragginess supreme, how dost thom nourish that ?

> Phorkias.

Not with the blood which thou art ever keen to lap.

## choretide 6.

Thy teeth for corpses long, a loathly corpse thyself.

## PHORKYAS.

Pah! in thy saucy chops a vampire's grinders gleam.

## LeAder of the chort's.

Thine should be closed, were I to mention who thou art.

## PHORKYAS.

Name thou thine own name first, then is the riddle solved.

## HELENA.

In sorrow, not in wrath, I interpose to place My ban upon this wild and stormy war of words. For to the master nought more mischievous befalls, Than rancours by his trusty serfs in secret nursed.
His mandates' echo then returns to him no more Harmoniously in deeds with ready zeal performed; No! gusts of wilful brawl buzz evermore around His 'wildered head, while he commands and chides in vain;
Nor this alone. Ye have in your ummannered wrath Evoked and conjured forth dread forms of mould unblest,
That throng upon me so, I feel as I were dragged To Orcus down, despite the natal soil I tread. Is't memory, or fancy, thus lays hold on me? Was I all this? or am I? Or am I to be The phantom dire to scare yon town-destroying crew? My maidens quail ; but thou, the oldest of them all, Thou art unmoved, - then speak, resolve me of my fears.

## PHORKYAS.

Who on long years of joy diversified looks back, To him heaven's choicest gifts appear at last a dream.
But thou, high-favoured far beyond all bound or stint,
Along thy way of life didst only suitors see, With souls on fire to dare all perils for thy love. Thee Theseus, fired with passion, early carried off, A man of glorions mould, and stout as Hercules.

## HELENA.

He bore me off by force, a ten years' timorous dce, And in Aphidnus' keep in Attica immured.

## PHORKYAS.

But thence by Castor and hy Poilux soon set free, A rare heroic band came woong to thy feet.

## HELENA.

But my heart's seeret love, I willingly avow, Patroelus won, that was I'elides' other self.

## PHORKYAN.

Yet thee thy father did to Menelaus plight, The ocean-rover bold, the house-sustainer too.

## HELENA.

His daughter and with her his seeptre too he gave; And from these nuptials sprang Hermione, my child.

## PHORKYAS.

Yet whilst afar for Crete, his heritage, he fought, Stole on thy solitude a guest was all too fair.

HELENA.
Wherefore remind me thus of that half widowhood, And all the train of ills which had from it their birth!

## PHORKYAS.

That voyage caused to me, a free-born child of Crete, Captivity, - a doom of lifelong slavery.

HELENA.
His stewardess wert thou appointed here full soon, With much entrusted, - house and treasure stoutly won.

PHORKYAS.
All which didst thou desert for Ilion's tower-girt town, And for the joys of love that perish not, nor pall.

HELENA.
Speak not to me of joys! No! Anguish, bitter woe Have 'whelmed me, heart and brain, like an unending sea!

## PHORKYAS.

Yet, it is said that thou a twofold form didst wear, In Ilion seen, and seen in Egypt too the while.

HELENA.
My weak and wandering mind confound not utterly. Who, what I truly am, even now I cannot tell.

## PIIORKYAS.

And furthermore they say that from the phantomworld
Achilles rose heart-fired, and linked himself with thee! Thee loving from of yore, despite all Fate's resolves.

HELENA.
A phantom I to him a phantom was allied.
It was a dream, the words themselves proclaim as much. I faint away, and grow a phantom to myself.
[Sinks into the arms of the Scmi-chorus.

## CHORUS.

Silence! silence!
Thou of the evil eye,
Thou of the evil tongue:
Through lips of such shastliness,
Grim with one tooth, what
Fell exhalations
Rise from a gulf so revolting aud dread!
For the malignant that masks him in kindness, Heart of a wolf 'neath the fleece of a sheep, Strikes me with terror, far more than three-headed Cerberus' throat.

Fearfully watching we stand.
When? How? Where will it burst,
The deep-brooding storm
Of a malice so vile ?
And thou, too, instead of words freighted with comfort, Tempered with kindness, and lulling as Lethe, Summonest forth from the past recollections Of all that is evil, ignoring the grood, Nor only the sheen of the Present Darken'st with shadows, but also The delicate dawn of a future, Illumed with the sunshine of Hope.

Silence! silence:
That the soul of our mistress,
Even now in the act to take flight, May linger, still firmly may cleave to That form, of all forms the divinest, Which ever the sumshine beheh.
[Helesa reviecs, and ayuin stands up in the midst of her attendents.

## PHORKYAS.

Forth from clouds of fleeting vapour come, this day's resplendent sun,
Veiled, thy glories woke our rapture, dazzling now thy radiance shines !
As the world before thee kindles, look forth thou with gracious eyes.
Though they rail on me as hideous, what is beauty well I know.

## HELENA.

Heart-sick from the void I totter, which possessed my swimming brain.
Oh, how gladly would I rest me, - for my limbs are weary-sore!
Yet beseems it queens, yea, truly, it beseems all mortals well,
With a bold and tranquil spirit to abide all threatened ill.

## PIIORKYAS.

Standing in thy might before us, standing in thy beauty there,
Tells thine eye, command befits thee. What dost thou command me? Speak!

HELENA.
To retrieve the moments wasted in your wrangling straight prepare!
Haste ! arrange a sacrifice, as the King commanded me.

## PHORKYAS.

All within the house is ready, patera, tripod, hatchet keen,
For besprinkling, for befuming; say, what shall the victim be?

HELENA.
That the King disclosed not.

PHORKYAS.
Spake he not of that? Oh, word of woe!
helend.
Why this grief, that orercomes thee?

PIIORKYAS.
Queen, thou art the victim meant.

HELEAA.
I?
PHORKYAS.
And these.
CHORUS.
Oh, woe and wailing!

PHORKYAS.
Thou shalt fall beneath the axe.
heleva.
Fearful! Yet my heart foretold it !

PIIORKYAS.
No escape can I descry

CHORCS.
Oh! And we! What will befall us ?

## PHORKYAS.

She shall die a noble death; But upon the lofty rafter that supports the roof within, Ye, like thrushes in the birding-time, shall flutter in a row.
[Helena and Chorus stand astounded and horrorstruck in an expressive and well-studied group. Poor spectres! There ye stand like images of stone, Afeared to quit the day, the day which is not yours. Mankind, that are no more thau spectres, even as you, Bid to the sum, like you, reluctantly farewell;
Yet prayer nor mortal might can wrest them from their doom:
All know the end must come; yet few can welcome it. Enough! Your fate is sealed. So to the task at once ! [Claps her hands; thereupon masked dwarfish figures appear at the portal, who actively carry into execution her orders as they are delivered.
Approach, ye dusky, round, unsightly atomies, Trundle yourselves along, here's mischief rare afoot. The altar horned with gold, a place for it prepare, Upon the silver rim the gleaming hatchet lay; The water-pitchers fill, of them we shall have need, To wash the pitchy gore's unsightly stains away. Spread here upon the dust the tissued carpet fine, That so the victim down right royally may kneel, And coiled within its folds, head shorn from trunk, but still
With all due grace, may to the sepulchre be borne!

## LEADER OF THE CHORUS.

Absorbed in thought, apart my royal mistress stands, Her maidens droop and blench like meadow-grass that's mown ;
Yet seemeth it to me, the eldest, not unmeet

With thee to parley, that in primal eld wert born.
Experienced, sage thou ai i, to us seem'st well disposed, Though yonder brainless crew assailed thee with contempt.
Then say, if chance of rescue any thou dost know.

## Phorkias.

Not hard is that to say; but with the queen it rests To liberate herself, and you her train with her.
But then decision lacks, and of the promptest too.

## chores.

Most to be revered of Parce, wisest of the Sibyls thou, Folded keep the golden shears, and life and weal to us proclaim,
For we feel already wavering, swinging, dangling, undelightsome,
Our poor little limbs, that rather in the dance of yore delighted,
And in lover's soft embrace.

## HELENA

Leave these to their laments: Crief do I feel - no fear!
Yet if escape thon know'st, my gratitude he thine ! To wise far-seeing souls even the impossible Oft possible appears. Then speak - thy plan reveal!

## Chores.

Speak, and tell us, tell us quickly; how shall we eschew the dismal
Loathsome noose, that waits, oh, horror, like a carcanet detested,
Round our neeks to coil? Already, lnckless wretches, we can feel it,

Twisting, stifling, choking, if thou, Rhea, mother high and mighty
Of the gods, relentest not.

PHORKYAS.
Have ye the patience then, in peace to list a plan Of somewhat tedious length? Its turns are manifold.

## CHORUS.

Abundant patience! So that listening we shall live.

## PHORKYAS.

The man who keeps at home, guarding great store of wealth,
And pargetting his mansion's walls from time to time, His roof securing too against the battering rain, With him it shall go well through length of many days;
But he that overleaps with mad and fickle haste His threshold's sacred bounds, nor ever stays to think, On his return will find the ancient place, indeed, But topsy-turvy all, even if not wholly wrecked.

## HELENA.

Why these trite saws at such a time as this? Thou wert
To tell thy tale. Stir not what only serves to gall!

## PHORKYAS.

I mentioned facts. Reproach was never in my thought. King Menelaus swept the seas from bay to bay;
Mainland and isles, on all he swooped, and spoiled their wealth,
Which hither he brought back, and yonder is it stored.

Ten tedious years before the walls of Troy he spent, How many to come home it passeth me to tell.
But how stand matters here the while at Tyndarus' High mansion? How with all his territories round?

## HELENA.

Is sarcasm, then, in thee so thoroughly ingrained, Thou caust not ope thy lips, unless to gibe and rail?

## PHORKYAS.

Thus many a long year was the mountain-glen forlorn, Which north from Sparta to the upper lands extends Behind Taygetus, where rolls Eurotas down, A merry pratting brook, and thence along our vale Spreads out among the reeds, which shield your favourite swans.
Among the mountains there, a bold aul stalwart race, Forth issuing from Cimmerian night, their quarters fixed,
And there a tower-girt keep impregnable have reared, From which they harry land and people when they list.

> HELESA.

How could they so ? That were impossible, methinks
Phorkyas.
Most ample time they had, some twenty years, or so.

## helena.

Is there one chief? Or a confederate robber-band?
PHORKYAS.
No robbers they, yet one they as their chief obey. I blame him not, not I, though hither once he came.

He might have plundered all, yet was content with some Few things, free gifts he called them, tribute not at all.

> HELENA.

How looks he?

## PHORKYAS.

Not amiss! Agreeable, say I.
A man he is of parts, quick-witted, handsome, bold, Endowed with gifts of soul, like few among the Greeks. They call the race Barbarians, yet of them, methinks, Not one so savage is, as at beleaguered Troy
Heaps of your man-devouring heroes proved themselves.
He's truly great; myself I trusted in his hands.
And then his castle, that you for yourself should see!
Far other thing it is than that rude boulder-work, Your ancestors, poor botchers, crudely huddled up Like Cyclops, Cyclop fashion, rude amorphous crag On crag amorphous heaving; there, believe me, there Is all symmetrical, and shaped by square and rule. Look on it from without! High up to heaven it soars, So straight, so closely jointed, mirror-smooth as steel. To clamber there - why even the very thought slides down.
Within, again, are halls and spacious courts, begirt With mason-work substantial, every sort and kind. Pilaster, pillar, arch, and spandril there you see, Balconies, galleries, for looking out and in, And scutcheons.

> HELENA.

Scutcheons! What are scutcheons?

## PHORKYAS.

Ajax bore
A wreathèd snake, yourselves have seen it, on his shield. The Seven that 'leaguered Thebes bore carved devices too,

Each on his shield had one, of sense symbolical.
There moon and stars were seen in the great vault of heaven,
There goddess, hero, ladder, torches, swords withal, And whatsoever else threats cities fair with doom.
Even such devices, too, our band of heroes bears, In colours bright, from their great-grandsires handed down.
There lions, eagles, claws and beaks ye may behold, The horns of buffaloes, wings, roses, peacocks' tails, With bandelets of gold, black, silver, blue, and red; Such matters, row on row, are on the walls uphung, In never-ending halls, as spacious as the world.
Rare places these to dance!
chorus.
Say, be there dancers there?

## PHORKYAS.

Ay, of the best! A gay and gold-locked buxom crew; All redolent of youth! Such as was Paris, when He came too near our queen.

## helena.

Again thou fallest quite
Out of thy part ; proceed, and bring it to a close :

## PHORKYAS.

That thou shalt do, so thou pronounce a serious " Yes!"
Then with that castle straight will I surround thee.

## CHORT'S.

Oh, speak the little word, and save thyself and us!
Speak

## HELENA.

What cause have I to fear King Menelaus should With cruelty so fell desire to work me woe?

## PHORKYAS.

Hast thou forgot how thy Deiphobus of yore, The slaughtered Paris' brother, in unheard-of wise He mangled, him that made thy widowhood his prey, And rifled all thy charms; his nose and ears he slit, And maimed him so beside, 'twas dismal to behold.

## HELENA.

This to that churl he did; for my sake was it done.

## PHORKYAS.

Because of that same churl he'll do the same to thee. Beauty may not be shared; who once hath owned it all,
He sooner than participate, will end it quite. [Trumpets in the distance. The Chorus huddle together.
As the shrill trumpet's blast doth ear and bowels pierce With shattering shock, even so strikes jealousy its claws
Into the bosom of the man who ne'er forgets
What on a time was his, and now is his no more.

## CHORUS.

Heard'st thou not the trumpets pealing? Saw'st thou not the armour gleam?

## PHORKYAS.

Welcome, welcome, Lord and Monarch, gladly I will give account!
chorus.
Ay, but we?
PHORKYAS.
You know full surely, you shall here her death behold. There within your own must follow; no, there is no help for you.
[Pause.

## HELANA.

I have resolved the comse betits me to pursue. That thon a demon art of power umblest, I feel, And fear thou canst convert e'en good itself to ill. Yet first of all I will go with thee to this keep; What rests beyond I know ; but what of after plans The queen within her breast in mystery may veil, Be undivulged to all. Now, beldan, lead the way !

CHORLS.
Oh, how gladly we go hence, with Hurrying foot!
Behind us is Death, Once more lefore us
A fortress's high
And impregnable walls. Oh, may they shield us well, As well as Ilion's ramparts, Which only by grovelling cumning At length in the dust were laid low:
[Mists arise and concoll first the backiground, then
the front of the seene.
How! How is this!
Sisters, look round!
Was it not radiant day?
Trailing vapours are rising
From the sacred stream of Eurotas;

Already hath faded its beautiful
Rush-covered margin from view, And the sportive, the gracefully haughty Swaus, that swim hither and thither, Moving in soft undulation,
Ah, I behold them no more!
Yet, yet there
Singing I hear them,
Singing a shrill song afar:
Omen of death, says the legend,
Oh, graut that it may not betoken,
Instead of the rescue was promised,
To us, too, ouly destruction,
To us that are swanlike and tall,
Fair and white-throated, and ah!
To her, too, our swan-born mistress!
Woe and disaster! woe, woe!
Everything now
Around us is shrouded in mist.
Yet we see not each other! Oh, what,
What will befall? Are we moving?
Or are we hovering only
With stumbling footsteps on earth ?
See'st thou nought? Is that Hermes flits yonder
Before us? Is that not his golden
Staff waving, commanding us back
To Hades, the joyless, the dusky,
That teemeth with bodiless phantoms,
O'erthronged, yet evermore void?
Yes, at once the darkness thickens, not a ray illumes the vapour,
Gray and dusky, dungeon-gloomy. Walls before our gaze are rising,
Stark before our open gaze. A courtyard is't, or yawning cavern?

Whether this or that, 'tis fearful! Sisters, sisters, we are captives,
Captives as we were before.
[Inner court of the Castle, surrounded by rich fantastic structures in the style of the Middle Ages.

## LEADER OF THE CHORUS.

Foolish and over-swift, true woman as ye are! Dependent on the instant, sport of every gust Of good or evil fortune, neither have ye wit To await with even mind. Onc evermore gainsays The other, and the other her with tiery heat. In joy and woe alike you only laugh and wail. Now silence! And await attentive what our queen's High soul may here resolve both for herself and us.

## HELENA.

Where art thou, Pythoness? Whatever be thy name,
Come forth, I say, from this grim eastle's gloomy vaults!
Mayhap thou'rt gone to tell this wondrous hero-lord
That I am here, and my reception fair bespeak.
Then take my thanks, and lead me to him with all haste.
Oh, for a period to my wanderings ! - oh, for peace!

## LEADER OF THE CHORUS.

In vain thou look'st, oh, queen, around on every side;
The uncouth shape has vanished, or, perchance, remained
In yonder mist, from forth whose bosom we came here, I wist not how, swiftly, yet never stirring foot.
Or else, perchance, she roans the lahyrnthme maze Of this strange castle framed of many blent in one, Seeking fair princely greeting for us from its lord.

Yet see, above there stirs, on busy errands bent, At casements, and through corridors and portals wide, A throng of servants, moving swiftly to and fro. Reception cordial this, and courteous doth portend.

## chorus.

My heart bounds within me! Oh, only look yonder, How gracefully downwards, with hurrying footsteps, Yon bevy of loveliest youths are advancing In measured array! By whose order, I marvel, Appear they thus early, all decked in their trim, This glorious muster of beautiful youths? What most claims my wonder? Their bearing so graceful,
The tresses that curl round their foreheads of snow, Or the bloom of their cheeks that outrival the peach, And are clothed like the peach with a delicate down? Full fain would I bite, did I shrink not with fear, For lips that aforetime such morsel attempted, Oh, fearful to think on, with ashes were filled!

But lo! now the fairest
Approach to our feet.
What is it they bear?
Steps for a throne.
Carpets and seat,
Curtain and hangings,
In tent-like array,
Like clouds interlacing,
That circle and wave o'er
The head of our queen:
For already hath she
On their invitation
Ascended the gorgeous throne.
Forward! And round her,
Stepping in measure, Range in a row !

Worthy, oh, worthy, trelly worthy,
Be blest such a welonme as this!
[After the pmyes "uld suinires have descended in lony procession, Falsis appeers at the top of the staircase in " linight's court-diess of the Midelle Ages, and descends slowly and with diynity.

PANTHALIS (regarding him attenticely).
If that the gols have mit, as oftimes they have done, For but some little slace, a form of wondrous mould, A gracious presence, and an air of lofty grace, Unto this mortal lent, he will be prosperous In all that he essays, - or battling, man with man, Or in that puny war with leauteons woman waged; In south to all men else he is superion far, However dear to fame, whom e'er mine eyes beheld. Majestical and slow, with reverential air, The prince approaches; turn, and greet him, oh, my queen!
faust (adrances with a man in cheins at his side).
Instead of stateliest greeting, as were meet, Instead of reverent welcome, lo, I hring, In gyves fast hound, a varlet who, remiss Himself, hath made me fail in duty too. Kneel down, and here at this sweet lady's feet Lay the confession of thy heary guilt. This, oh, most puissant empress, is the man Of lynx-keen eye, appointed to keep watch Upon our topmost turret, thence to scan The canopy of heaven, the earth's expanse, And note whate'er is to be noted there, What from the mountains to onr castle here May cross the valley, be ther jostling herds,

Or banded hosts in arms; we guard the one, The other we oppose. To-day, oh, shame!
He noted not thy coming ; so there lacks
The welcome stately, and the homage due
To guest so noble. Forfeit is his life,
A double forfeit; he had lain ere this
In his most guilty blood, but only thou
Mayst punish or forgive, as likes thee best.

## helena.

The lofty honour thou accordest me, As judge and mistress absolute, belike Is meant to test how far I dare presume. Thus, then, the judge's foremost duty I Will exercise, and hear the culprit! Speak!

LYNCEUS, THE TOWER-WATCHER.
Let me kneel, and let me view thee, Live or die, I reck not how! For, oh, godlike woman, to thee All my soul is bondslave now.

Watching for the morning's blushing, Looking eastward, where it glows, All at once with magic flushing

In the south the sun arose.
To itself my gaze it rooted ; Rocky pass, and valley green, Earth and heaven, were all unnoted, All save her, that peerless queen.

I with eyesight keen am dowered, Keen as any lynx on tree, But in vain I strove, o'erpowered By that vision fair to see.

What to me porteullised gateway, What if roof or tower be kept? Mists arise, fade off, and straightway Forth a radiant goddess stept!

Eye and soul I straight surrender, Drinking in the blissful light; Dazzling all, her beauty's splendour Dazzles me, poor minion, quite!

I forgot the warder's duty, Quite forgot the trumpet call ; Menace, yet oh, spare me! Beauty Holds all angry thought in thrall

## heLENA.

The evil to chastise myself have caused Were most unmeet. Woe's me, what ruthless fate Pursues me, that where'er I go I thus Befool men's seuses, so they not respect Themselves, nor aught that's worthy! Now by force, Now by seductive arts, by warfare now, Now dragging me about from land to land, Gods, heroes, demigots, yea, demons too, Have made my life one wild and errant maze. I sowed confusion o'er the world ; - it grew, And now it spreads, confounded worse and worse. Remove this worthy man and set him free; Light never harm on him the gods have crazed.

## FAUST.

Lost in amazement I behold, oh, queen, The smiter and the smitten here together. I see the bow that sped the arrow forth, And him it struck. Shaft follows thick on shaft,

And me they pierce. Methinks, they seem to whizz Around in hall and tower on every hand. What am I now? Thou in a moment mak'st My trustiest vassals rebels, insecure My very walls; so now I fear my hosts Obey the conquering and unconquered fair. What's left me then, save to resign to thee Myself and all I fondly dreamed was mine. Here let me at thy feet, thy liegeman true, Proclaim thee queen, whose presence, only seen, Won thee at once my throne and its domains.

LyNceus (returns with a chest, followed by men carrying other chests).
See me, once more, oh, queen, advance!
The rich man begs one little glance; He looks on thee, and feels, be sure, As monarch rich, as beggar poor.

What was I erst? What am I now?
What shall I do or wish or vow?
What boots the eye's most piercing ken?
Back from thy throne it shrinks again.
Out from the East our course we pressed, And soon were masters of the West; A throng of warriors long and vast, The first knew nothing of the last.

The first was slain, the second stood, The third struck in, a spearman good; And still their numbers waxed amain, Unnoted were the myriads slain.

We rushed, we crushed, we stormed apace, We were the lords from place to place;

And where to-day I bore coutrol, Ere morn another sacked and stole.

We looked, and rapid was the look, And one the fairest damsel took, Another seized the sturdy steer, The horses all were lifted clear.

But I in peering took delight, For all that rarest is to sight, And what another's too might be Was only withered grass to me.

I tracked where treasures lay concealed, And all my piercing glance revealed ; To all recesses I could spy, No coffers might exclude mine eye.

And heaps of gold were piled by me. And gems most glorious to see, But none of all were fit to shine, Save emerald, on that breast of thine.

Then o'er thy brow let-pearlins strung, The spoil of ocean's caves, be hung; The ruby's fire grows faint and weak Beside the crimson of thy cheek.

And so these treasures rich and rare Unto thy throne I proudly bear, And at thy feet the harvest lay Of many a long and bloody fray.

And many though these coffers be, Yet coffers many more have we; Deign but to speak the gracious will, And treasure vaults for thee I'll fill.

For scarce dost thou the throne ascend, When instantly in homage bend Our reason, wealth, and all that's ours, Before thy beauty's matchless powers.

All this I deemed securely mine, But now surrender, it is thine, All this high-worthy once I thought, But now I see that it was nought.

What I possessed away hath flown, Like withered grass that hath been mown. Oh, with one gracious look restore The virtue that it owned before!

## FAUST.

Hence with the burden by your valour won, Unchid indeed, but unrewarded too! Already hers is all this castle holds, 'Tis bootless to present particular gifts. Away! And pile in orderly array Treasure on treasure! Rear a structure grand Of pomp till now unseen! Let every arch Shine like the heavens at morning-break! Create From lifeless life a paradise around! Let carpet heaped on carpet, thick with flowers, Unroll before her ; all that meets her tread Be delicate, and splendours so divine, Might dazzle all but gods, allure her eye!

## LYNCEUS.

Poor and trivial is at best This our gracious lord's behest: Greeting such to work for thee Will the servant's pastime be;

For our life and grouls and all Thy resistless charms enthrall. Is not every warrior tame, Every falchion blunt and lame? Near that form of glorious mould, Even the sun is dull and cold; Near the wonders of that face All is drear, and all is base.
HELENA (to FACST).

I would hold converse with thee; - come thou up, And sit here by my side! The vacant place Invites its master, and secures me mine.

## fadst.

First, kneeling, noble lady, let me crave Thy grace for my true homage; let me kiss The hand which thus would raise me to thy side. Confirm me as en-regent with thyself Of realms whose bounds were never scanned, and win Adorer, vassal, guardian all in one !

## HELENA.

Marvels so many do I see, and hear, I'm all amaze, and fain would question much. Prithee resolve me, wherefore rang the speech Of yonder man so strangely, - strange, yet sweet? Each tone into the other seems to fit, And, when one word is wedded to the ear, A second comes to dally with the first.

## FAUST.

If that our people's speech delight thee, how
Their song will ravish, through their immost depths Steeping thine ear and spirit in content!

To make it ours, let us this art essay ;
Converse invites, and calls it into play.

HELENA.
Say, how to words such grace I may impart?

FAUST.
'Tis easy; they must flow out from the heart. And, when the soul is touched with passion's flame, We look around and ask -

HELENA.
Who burns the same?

FAUST.
Nor past nor future now the soul employ, The present only -

## HELENA.

Constitutes our joy.

- FAUST.
'Tis treasure, glorious gain, supreme command. Who gives it confirmation?

HELENA.
This - my hand.

CHORUS.
Who shall taunt our mistress, that she
To this castle's lord demeans her With a loving grace?
For what are we, every one,

What but captives, now and ofttime, Since Troy's shameful overthrow, And our labyrinthine roanings Thence in wofnl wise !

Women with men's love familiar Dally never in their choice, In such lore protieient; And as to golden-lucked shepherds, It may be, to back-bearded fauns They, as it haps for the moment, Over their delicate limbs The self-same privilege yield.

Near and nearer already they sit, Each on the other reclining,
Shoulder to shoulder, knee to knee;
Hand in hand they are swaying
Over the throne's
Deep-cushioned lordliness.
No scruple hath royalty, thus
Its secret delights
To the gaze of the people
With never a blush to reveal.

> HELENA.

I feel so far away, and yet so near, And oh! how gladly say - Here am I - here.

## FACST.

Scarce do I breathe. I tremble, heart and knee; 'Tis all a dream. Time, place, have ceased to be.
HELESA.

Meseems as I had lived in olden time, And yet were now new-budding in my prime;

Inwoven with thine my being seems to be, Bound to thy stranger life eternally.

FAUST.
Oh, ponder not! To quaff the present bliss, Though death were at the gate, our duty is.

$$
\text { PHORKYAS (running } i n \text { ). }
$$

Prattle in Love's alphabet, Billing, cooing, toying - yet Time it is aside were set All such childish gear. Feel ye not the tempest louring? Hark the trumpet's bray! O'erpowering Ruin draweth near. Menelaus, with his bands, Storming at your portal stands. Arm for contlict drear! By these victors girdled, you Like maimed Deiphobus shall rue Your bonlage to the sex. These light goods shall swing in halter, And for her upon the altar Lies the new-ground axe!

## FAUST.

Accurst intrusion! Most unseasonable now ! Not even in peril can I senseless brawling brook. Ill favour from ill news the goodliest bearer takes; And these, vile hag! alone 'tis thy delight to bear.
Yet shall they stead thee nothing here; - with empty breath
Thou dost assail the air. No peril, none, is here, And peril's self would seem but idle threat, - no more. [Signals, explosions from the turrets, trumpets and horns, warlike musie. A mighty host marches aeross the stage.

No! Straightway thou a throng of lances, Each by a hero bome, shalt see;
He only merits woman's glances, Who can protect her valiantly.
[To the leaders, who detuch themselies from the columns, and adtunce toward him.

With fiery, yet self-reined power, That makes your victury sure, go forth,
Ye of the East the prime and flower, Ye budding blossoms of the North.

In steel encased, where'er they enter, Empire on empire up they break,
They come, earth trembles to her centre, They pass, and thunders fill their wake.

It was at Pylos that we landed, The aged Nestor was no more!
And all the petty kinglets banded Our danntless host to min bore.

Now from these walls with force of thunder Drive Menelaus back to sea!
There let him rove, and sack, and phuder, Such was his choice and destiny !

Dukes shall I hail you, - grace's fountain, Great Sparta's queen hath no decreed;
Now at her feet lay vale and momntain, And you shall have a realm for meed.

With rampart piled, and high-banked galleys, Thou, German, Corinth's hays defend!
Achaia with its humdred valleys
I to thy keeping, Gruth, commend.

To Elis let the Franks betake them,
The Saxon make Messene his,
Lords of the sea the Normans make them,
And raise to glory Argolis !
Then each, in joy at home abiding, Shall wield an honoured rule abroad,
Yet Sparta shall, o'er all presiding,
Be, as of yore, our queen's abode!
For each and all in long endurance
One general weal is thus in store;
At her feet shall ye seek assurance,
And light and justice evermore.
[Faust descends, the princes form a cirele round him to receive his instructions and commands.

## CHORUS.

The man, who the Fairest would win and keep, Foremost of all should see That of weapons he has good store. Though by fond arts he should make his own What upon earth is the prize supreme, Yet he possesseth it not in peace. Fawning and flattery lure her from him, Reivers audaciously snatch her away. Against such wrong let him well provide!

Therefore do I our prince extol.
Prize him more highly than all men else,
Prudence with valour commingling so
That stalwart vassals submissive stand, Watching his every nod.
Faithfully they his behests fulfil, And each his proper advantage finds, They in their master's liberal guerdon, Both in achievement of loftiest fame.

For who shall ravish her now
From her potent possessor?
To him she belongs, - to him we resign her ;
Resign her with twofold gooul-will, for he With her hath encompassed ourselves, Within, with impregnable walls, And with an invincible host, without.

## FAUST.

The gifts we here on these amass,
To each a goodly kinglom's thrall, Are great and glorious. Let them pass!

We hold our station 'midst them all.
With emulous pride they'll guard thee round, Half-island, girdled by the main,
To Europe's mountain-ridges bound
By hills inwoven in slender chain.
Oh , may this land, of all the fairest, From age to age be ever blest :
'Tis thine, my queen! Again thon bearest
The sway by thee of yore possessed.
When from the shell thou burst resplendent
Amidst Eurotas' sedges green,
Thy mother and her maids attendant
Were dazzled by the radiant sheen.
This glorious land, intent to woo thee,
With all its treasures courts thy hand;
Though all earth's round pertaineth to thee,
Oh, tarry with thy fatherland!
And though the sunbeams coldly play, and drearly,
Upon its jaggèd mountain-summits frore,

Though 'midst the green the rocks peer forth austerely, Where nibbling goats collect their scanty store,

Yet mingling brooklets brawl, and welling fountains And dell and slope and meadow, green are they, And o'er the verdure of a hundred mountains We see the fleecy herds far spreading stray;

See by the beetling cliffs the cattle marching, With measured pace and wary, one by one; Yet doth the rock, in hundred caverns arching, From tempest yield them shelter or from sun.

Pan shields them there, and there, from moss-clefts peering,
And boskage cool and dewy, wood-nymphs be,
And high in air their struggling branches rearing, As for the sun athirst, crowds tree on tree.

Primeval woods! The oak, in strength excelling, In jags and knots its gnarlèd boughs distorts; The gentle maple, with sweet juices swelling, Sweeps far aloft, and with its burden sports.

And milk in still and shady pastures floweth For child or lamb, maternal drink to them, Aud fruit hard by, the plains' ripe bounty, groweth, And honey trickles from the hollowed stem.

Here cloudless bliss, from sire to son descending, Makes check aud lip alike serene and clear, Each owneth in his sphere a life unending, And health and sweet content dwell ever here.

And so, to all its father's strength expanding, The infant grows beneath the pure bright day,

And at the sight amazel we pause, themanding If these be gods, or meln of mortal clay.

Thus 'mong the shepherds seemed the young Apollo A shepherd, only than the rest more fair, For all created things one impulse follow, Where Nature doth untrammelled ('mpire bear. [Sits dourn beside Helena.

So thou and I, our souls from bondage freeing, Shall dwell in peace, the past behimi us thrown; Oh, feel, 'twas Jove supreme that gave thee being;
Thou 'longst to earth's tirst golden age alone.
Thou shall not be bound in by rock-huilt towers!
Still in inmortal youth Areatia smiles
For us, and o'er us spreals her blis.ful bowers,
Here neighbouring close on Spatia's household piles.
O'er this thrice happy land to reign its queen would Earth's brightest destiny to thee ensure:
Now be these thrones transformed to arching greenwood,
And free our joys as Arcady's and pure:
[The seene is entirely chernyol. A range of grottoes abut.s "pman whours thickly roverad. with leares. A sludy grore ristruds to the base of the roeks which enclusio the place. Faust and Helexi are not seen. The Chores lying asterp, dispersed "p end doun.

## PHORKYAS.

How long these maidens here have slept, I cannot tell, Or in their dreams if they have seen what I heheh Before my waking eyes, as little do I know.
I'll wake them, therefore. These young folks shall be amazed;

You, too, ye bearded ones, that sit beneath and wait, To these strange goings-ou in hopes to find the clue.
Up, up! Arise, and shake your tresses from your brows,
And slumber from your eyes! Blink not, but list to me:

CHORUS.
Only speak! Say on, and tell us all the marvels thou hast witnessed,
Gladliest would we list to legends that would sorest tax our credence;
For our souls are very weary, gazing on these rocks around.

> PHORKYAS.

How: Already weary, children, though you scarce have rubbed your eyes?
Hearken then! Within these caverns, grots, and leafy bowers umbrageous,
To our lord and to our lady, as to two Idyllic lovers,
Shield and shelter have been granted.
chorus.
How! Within there?

PHORKYAS.
Yes - Sequestered
From the world, to secret tendance me and me alone they summoned.
Highly honoured stood I near them; yet, as confidante beseemeth,
I looked round at other matters; hither, thither I betook me,
Culling mosses, roots, and barks, in all their properties conversant,
So that they were left alone.

## CHORUS.

Thou wouldst have us think, that in there quite a little world is hidden,
Wood and meadow, lake and river! Pretty fables thou dost weave!

## PHORKYAS.

Simple sooth, ye inexperienced! There be depths were never trodden :
Halls on halls, and courts on courts, enwrapt in musings deep I traversed,
When at once a peal of langhter echoed through the vaults cavernous.
I look in, a boy is bounding from a woman to a man,
From his father to his mother; the caressing and the fondling,
All love's silly play and banter, shouts of glee and sportive babbling,
Interchanging stun me quite.
He, a wingless genius, naked, faun-like save in what is bestial,
To the solid earth leaps down, but straight the earth reverberating,
Up into the ether shoots him, till thus, twice or thrice rebounding,
He has touched the arching roof.
Full of terror calls the mother, "Bound as much as e'er thou willest,
But forbear to think of flying, - flying is to thee forbid."
And the faithful father counsels, - "In the earth the power abideth,
That impels thee upwards. - Only with thy tiptoe touch its surface,
Like the son of Earth, Antitus, straightway is thy strength renewed."

So along the rocky ledges bounds he on from peak to ridge,
Hither, thither, back and forward, like a stricken ball in play!
But at once within the fissure of a chasm he sank and vanished,
And it seemed as we had lost him; mother moaneth, sire consoleth,
I my shouklers shrugged in fear. When lo! again! what vision wondrous!
Treasures, were they hidden yonder? Garments, all with flowers embroidered,
He with seemly grace hath donned.
Tassels dangle from his elbows, bow-knots flutter on lis bosom,
In his hand the golden lyre, quite a little Phœbbs, gaily
To the edge of the o'erhanging rock he stepped; we stood astonished,
And his parents fell in raptures into one another's arms.
For about his brows what radiance! What gleams there is hard to tell.
Is it burnished gem, or is it flame of lordly might of soul?
And his port is high and noble, even as boy himself proclaiming
Lord to be of all that's lovely, whom the melodies eternal
Permeate through every fibre; and so ye anon shall hear him,
And so ye shall see him, and be in especial wonder wrapt!

CHORUS.
Call'st thou this marvellous, Daughter of Creta?
Has never thine ear been lulled by
The beautiful lore of the poets?

Hast thon heard never Ionia's, Never been tutored in Hellas's Legends primeval, that teem with Achievements of herves and gods?

All that befalleth in these
Our days is only an echo,
Wailing and sad, of the glorious
Days of our far-away sires.
Not to compare is thy tale with
That which beautiful Fiction,
Than Truth more welcome to credence,
Hath chanted of Maia's son.
This gracefully moulded, yet lusty
Nursling, just newly begotten,
His bevy of gossiping nurses
Fold in pure fleecy swaddlings,
Deck with the richest adornings,
In their irrational way.
Sturdily, featly, however, the rogue
Slippeth his flexible
Body elastic
Out from the folds,
Craftily leaving the vesture of purple
That round him close was encinctured,
Quietly there in his stead,
Like the consummated luttertly,
Which, from the chrysalis torpin
Its pinions untrammelling, soareth,
Boldly at wild will careering
Through air all aglow with the sun.
So he, too, the lissomest, nimblest, That he to thicves anl to cozeners, Yea, to all that on profit are bent, The favouring genius would be,

Instantly proved by the practice
Of all the most dexterous arts.
Straight from the monarch of ocean he filches
His trident, yea, even from Ares
His falchion purloins from its sheath,
His arrows and bow from Apollo, And eke from Hephestos his pincers;
Even Jove's, the dread father's, own bolts he
Had ta'en, had the flashes not scared him;
Eros himself in the grapple
Of limbs interlacing he threw,
And from Cypria's bosom the Cestus,
The while she caressed him, he stole.
[ A delightful strain of pure melody, as if from a lyre, is heard from the cavern; all are arrested by the sound, and appear thrilled to the soul. From this point to the pause, which is noted below, the progress of the scene is accompanied by a full band.

## PHORKYAS.

Hark, the glorious tones! In fable
Old and faded trust no more!
Your old throng of gods unstable,
Let them pass, their reign is o'er !
Men again shall know them never,
Higher faith their souls must fill;
From the heart must well whatever
Is upon the heart to thrill.
[Retires toward the cliffs.

## CHORUS.

If, dread being, these soft-soothing Strains can thus incline thine ears, They create fresh-budding youth in Us, dissolved in sweetest tears.

What though heaven's great sun be clouded, So within our soul it live?
In our own hearts lies enshrouded
More than all the world can give.
Helena, Faust, Eurhorion in the costume above described.

## EUPHORION.

Children's tones, their carols singing, Seem your own mirth's wice to be;
Seeing me in cadence springing, Leaps your heart in tune with me.

## HELENA.

Mortal life with bliss to flavour Love links Two in union sweet, But, that it of heaven may savour, Makes with Three the bond complete.

## FACST.

Thus is all we longed for ended, I am thine, and mine art thou;
And our beings so are blended, May we ever be as now !
chords.
For this pair long years of pleasure
In this fair and gracious boy
Gathered are in golden measure ;
In their union how I joy!

## eupiorion.

Now let me gambol, Now let me spring!

Up to yon cloudland
I would take wing, -
I would be soaring
Aloft on the gale.

FAUST.
Oh, from these frantic Flights let me call thee, Lest misadventure And ruin befall thee, And our own darling Plunge us in wail!

## EUPHORION.

Earth shall not fetter me
Longer from air. Let go my hands now, Let go my hair, Let go my garments, They're mine - let me free 1

HELENA.
Think, oh, hethink thee, To whom thou belongest, Think how thou grievest us, Grievest and wrongest, Bursting the bond unites Him, thee, and me!

CHORUS.
Soon sundered, I fear me, The union will be.

FAUST und heLENA.
For our love, who alure thee, Restrain, oh, my child, Restrain, we implore thee, These impulses wild! Orderly, tranquilly, Trip o'er the plain.

## eltilorion.

But to content ye, Will I refraiu.
[Winding in and out amony the Cirorus, and compelling them to dance with him.

Cheerily I foot it
Through this bevy bright!
Does the measure suit it?
Is the motion right?

## HELENA.

Yes, 'tis bravely footed. Twine With these comely maidens mine

In the roundel gay !

FAUST.
Would the end were come! Oh, me!
All this madcap revelry
Fills me with dismay.
[Euphorion and Chores, daneing and singing, move about in interlecing roundels.
chores.
When thou thiue arms in air Gracefully crossest ; When thou thy sumy hair
Dancest and tossest ;

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { When trips thy foot so light } \\
& \text { Over the meadow bright; } \\
& \text { When thy limbs come and go } \\
& \text { Lightsomely to and fro, - } \\
& \text { Then thou thy goal hast gained, } \\
& \text { Beautiful boy! } \\
& \text { All hearts, to thee enchained, } \\
& \text { Make thee their joy. } \\
& \text { [Pause. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## EUPHORION.

Hinds ye resemble, That frolic and speed, Sportive and nimble, Over the mead; I am the huntsman, Ye are the game.
chorus.
Wouldst thou o'ertake us, Make but the trial, Blest would it make us Vain were denial Might we but fondle Thy beautiful frame!

EUPHORION.
Now o'er brake and bramble, Rock and thicket ramble!
What's easy of capture, it Liketh not me; To give me true rapture, it Fought for must be.

## HELENA and FAUST.

What waywardness! What mad caprices! Nought his headlong course can rein!

Hark: Can these be hunting horns, Kinging over wood and plain? Shrieks! and still the din increases!
chores (reening in one by one).
Shooting past us like the breezes, Daffing us aside in scorn, He our wildest sister seizes, And by him she's hither borne.

EUPHORION (enters, currying " youny girl in his arms).
Here I bring the maiden coy, To enforce my hard-won joy ; Now to make me fully blest, Thus I clasp her struggling breast, Kiss her shrinking lips that she Both my power and will may see.

## GIRL.

Let me go ! This frame of mine, too, Holds a spirit bold and strong, But it is not swept, like thine, too Lightly by each gust along.
So! thou think'st thou hast me fairly !
Think'st thine arm has fixed its prey!
Hold me fast, fond boy, and rarely
I will scorch thee for my play.
[She flames up and vanishes into air.
Follow me to realms supernal, Follow me to caves infernal, Win the prize, if win you may !
euphorion (shaking off the lust of the tlames).
Forest brake and greenwood tree
Stifle here, by crags o'erhung;

Are they to fetter me?
I am lusty yet, and young. Yonder the wild wind raves, Thundering roll the waves;
Both afar I hear them, Would I were near them!
[He continues to spring upwards from rock to rock.
helena, faust, and chorus.
Wouldst thou match the mountain goat? We are thrilled for fear of thee.

## EUPHORION.

Ever higher must I float, Ever farther must I see. Now where I am, I know; There lie the isles below. Yes, yes, I am in The midst of the land Of Pelops, akin To both ocean and strand.

## CHORUS.

If rock and forest wold Cannot allure thee, Apples with cheeks of gold We shall eusure thee, Figs, and, in alleys spanned, Vines on the mountain-side. Oh, in this darling land, Darling, abide!

## EUPHORION.

Dream ye of peace's day?
Dream on who may!

War is the signal-ery,
Conquer or die!

CHORUS.
Who in peace would rekindle War's terrible flame, Shall see his hopes dwindle In sorrow and shame.

## EUPHORION.

All whom this soil in peril bore
To bear their part in perils more, With spirits soaring and unslavish, Of their own blood like water lavish, All who shall battle with a soul Illumined by a heaven-sent ray, Which nought can quench and nought control, A glorious guerdon win shall they!
chorus.
He mounts, he mounts ! Yet in the farness
He shows undwindled to our gaze,
Like conqueror in battle harness, And all in brass and steel ablaze.

## EUPHORION.

Let not wall nor moat environ, Each in self alone repose, Ever is man's breast of iron Surest stronghold 'gainst his foes. Would ye live unvanquished ever, Onwards to the battle-field, Amazons your women, never Child but bears a hero's shield!

## CHORUS.

Oh, sacred poesy, Heavenward thy soaring be! Shine on, thou brightest star, Afar, and still more afar, Yet doth thy glorious strain Visit us still, and fain To hail it we are.

## EUPHORION.

No, not like child's shall be my bearing;
The youth appears in armour dight, Peer for the free, the strong, the daring,

His spirit braced to do the right.
Forth fare!
For there
The path to glory opens bright.

HELENA and FAUST.
Ushered scarce to life and gladness,
Scarce to day's resplendent beam,
Thou dost rush with giddy madness
Where dismay and danger teem.
Are then we
Nought to thee,
Is our gracious bond a dream?

EUPHORION.
Hark, hark, what thunder on the ocean?
Its echoes roll from dale to dale,
Host grappling host in fierce commotion,
Dust, tempest, war, and woe, aud wail!
Death our doom,
Not with gloom,
But with welcome let us hail.
helena, faust, and chorus.
Oh, what horror! Agonising !
Is then death thy doon? Despair!

## EUPHORION.

Should I hold back masmpathising ?
No, every pang and grief I'll share.
helena, faust, and chorus.
Wilfulness peril brings, Death-laden harms.

## EUPHORION.

Ha! And a pair of wings
Shoots from my arms.
Away! I must venture thus!
Lift me in air!
[He easts himself into the air, his garments support him for a moment; an aureolu surrounds his head, and a train of light follows him.

## chorus.

## Icarus! Icarus!

Woe and despair !
[A beautiful youth falls at the parents' feet, and you think that in the deud young man you recognise a familiar form ; when all at onee the material part of his frame disappears, the aurcola mount.s to hearen like a comet, while the dress, mantle, and lyre remain upon the ground.

## HELENA and FAUST.

Soon mirth into anguish fades, Joy into moan !

EUPHORION's voice from beneath.
Let me not, mother, to the Shades Descend alone!

## CHORUS. (Dirge.)

Not alone! Where'er thou bidest;
For to know thee still we trust.
Ah, though from the day thou glidest,
Hearts, that loved thee, ever must.
Dirges none we'll sing in sadness, Enviously we chant thy fate!
Still thy song in grief or gladness, Like thy soul, was fair and great.

Born to earthly bliss, most rarely Gifted, of a race sublime, Yet, alas! thy soul too early Dropped its blossoms in their prime.
Thine a vision was divine, too, Thine a heart that felt for all, Noblest women's love was thine, too, And a song most magical.

Yet didst thon in wild defiance, Swayed by wayward impulse still, Spurn at rule, and all compliance With the laws that curb the will.
But thy higher soul, victorious, Burst the bonds of passion through ' Thou didst seek the greatly glorious, But couldst not attain it too.

Ah, who docs? Forlorn inquiry, That from fate wrings no reply, When, on their day of anguish fiery, The nations mute and gory lie.

Yet sing new songs in jocund measure,
And droop, in sorrow sunk, no more:
For earth again will these untreasure, As she hath ever done of yore.
[F'ull puonse. The music cerescs.

> HELENA (to FACST).

An ancient saw, alas! aproves itself in me That Bliss and Beanty ne'er enduringly are twined.
The bond of life is riven, and riven the bond of love; Bewailing both I say a bitter-sad farewell:
And fling myself once more, yet once, int(1) your arms. Persephoneia, now receive my boy and me:
[She embraces Falsst, her corporeel purt cenishes, her dress and reil remuin in his urms.
Phorkias (to fatst).

Hold fast by all the residue is left, Let not the dress eseape thee! Even now Tug demons at its skirts, would sweep it fain Off to the world below. Hold fast, I say ! 'Tis not indeed the goddess thon hast lost, Yet is the thing divine. Turn to atcount Its priceless virtue, and ascend in air ; Swift o'er all common things 'twill hear thee on, Wafted on ether, long as thou canst fly.
We meet again, far, very far from here.
[Helen's garments dissolie into clouds, envelop Faust, lift him into the air, and more away with him.

Phorkyas (lifts up euphorion's dress, mantle, and lyre, steps into the proscenium, and, holding up the exuvice, says)

Rare treasure-trove are these to view. The flame has disappeared, 'tis true,

Yet is the world no whit the worse;
Here is enough to consecrate
A legion of the sons of verse,
To scatter envy, malice, hate
Amongst the poetaster crew;
And if to give them genius, too, Surpass my power, at least confess, I can supply them with the dress.
[She sits doun upon the proscenium, leaning ayainst the base of a column.

## Panthalis.

Bestir ye, girls! At length we from the spell are free,
The old Thessalian hag's weird sorceries are o'er, The jargon ceased of yonder intertangled tones, That did the ear, and, worse, the inner sense confound. To Hades now away! Our queen has hurried there With sorrow-saddened tread. Let us, her faithful maids,
Where she has led the way, attend upon her path. We'll find her at the throne of the Inscrutable.

## Chorus.

Queens, right royal, allwheres are they ! Even in Hades they fill the high places, Haughtily with their peers consorting, With Persephone mating as friends; But we, in the far-away distance Of slumbrous asphodel meadows, Mated with long scraggy poplars, With barren unbeautiful willows, What pastime is ours or what pleasure? Bat-like to pipe and to whistle, Ungladsome, and ghost-like, and drear ?

## PANTHALIS.

Who bath nor fame achieved, nor nobly doth aspire, Belongs but to the elements; so get ye gone!
My spirit burns to be with my dear queen once more; 'Tis not desert alone, but loyalty as well, Perpetuates for us the individual life.
[Euit.

## ALL.

Back to the daylight given are we ; Persons, in sooth, no more, We feel and we know it well, But to Hades we never return. Nature, the evermore-living, Asserts on us spirits, as we do On her, unimpeachable claim.

## A PORTION OF THE CHORUS.

In the whispering thrill, the breezy waving of these thousand branches,
From the roots by soft endearments we shall woo life's flowing currents,
Up into the boughs; and soon with foliage, soon with teeming blossons,
Decked profusely, shake our flowing tresses to the a mourous breeze.
Falls the fruit, anon assemble swains and herds in throngs exulting,
Pressing, crowding swift and eager, of our bounties to possess them,
And they all bow down before us, as before the primal gods.
anothen portion.
Floating o'er the polished mirror of these rocky walls far-gleaming,
Moving in spft undulations, we caressingly shall glide;

There to every sound we'll hearken, song of birds, or shepherd's pipings;
If Pan's voice tremendous ringeth, straight we send an answer back;
Rustling zephyrs we reëcho, - thunders it, we roll our thunders,
Till the peals with doubling crash reverberate along the hills.

## A THIRD PORTION.

Sisters! Of more mobile spirit, onwards with the brooks we hasten ;
For the richly garnished ridges of yon distant mountains lure us;
Downwards ever, ever downwards, we meandering shall water
Now the uplands, now the meadows, now the garden round the house.
There across the laudscape, skyward soaring, the long tapering summits
Of the cypress mark where flows our crystal mirror 'twixt its banks.

## A FOURTII PORTION.

Ye may roam where'er it lists you ; we shall circle, we shall murmur,
Round yon planted hill, where greenly on the vinestock grows the vine;
There from hour to hour the toil of him that with a feverish passion,
Fearful for his labour's issues, trims the tendrils we shall note.
Nuw with hoe, and now with shovel, earthing now, now pruning, linding,
All the gods he sends up prayers to, to the sun-god, chief of all.

Bacchus, listless dreamer, little recks he of his faithful vassal.
He in leafy cave reelineth, loying with the youngest Faun.
All that for the half-awakings of his fumy dreans he lacketh
Lies in leathern skins, and earthen crocks and pitchers stored already,
From the ancient days etemal, right and left his grotto cool.
But when all the gods combining, Helios still of all the chiefest,
Airing, moistening, warming, firins, have the plunpy berries tilled,
Where the dresser worked in silence, straight way all is life and bustle,
Voices ring from every alley, ring along from stake to stake;
Baskets patter, pitchers clatter, butt and waggon groaning stagger
Onwards to the mighty wine-press, to the pressers' sturdy tread;
And the sacred fulness of the purely nurtured juicy berries
Is profanely crushed; it mingles, foaming, seething, loathly squashed.
And now peals the eymbal, mingling with the leaker's brazen clangour,
For the mighty Dionysos hath his awful front umseiled;
Forth with cloven-footed Satyrs, and with reeling Bacchants comes he;
And, amid the din, incessant brays Silenus' long-eared beast!
Nought is spared! By cloven clutehes troden down is all decorum;
All the senses whirling madly, hideous din the ear confounds.

Tipsily they grope for goblets, heads and paunches both o'er-laden;
Here and there some look dejected, still they swell the tumult higher;
For, the new-made must to garner, out they drain the wine-skin old!
[The curtain falls.
Phorkyas in the proseenium rises to a gigantie height, descends from the cothurnus, lifts back the mask and reil, and discoters herself to be MephistophEles, in order, so far as necessary, to comment on the piece by way of epilogue.

## ACT IV.

Scene I. - A high mountainous region. Strong, jagged, roeky peaks.

A cloud comes sweeping across the peaks, and settles upon a projeeting platcau. It divides, and Faust advances.

## FAUST.

Down-gazing on the lonely depths beneath my feet, I on this high-peaked ridge have purposely stepped forth,
Leaving my cloudy car behind, that bore me well Through days of sunshine over land and sea:
Slowly, but still compact, it draws from me away, Trailing in volumed folds along towards the East. The eye, in admiration lost, strains after it:
It parts, in wavelike motion swayed from change to change,
Yet working into shape the while. What's this I see ? On sum-illumined cushions statelily recliued, Of more than mortal size, a godlike woman's form!

Majestically fair, she floats before my eyes,
Like unto Juno's self, like Leda, Helena!
Ah, me: already gone! Broad, shapeless, high uppiled,
Like far-off peaks of ice, it settles in the East,
And flashes what they mean, the days that fleet and fade.
Still round my breast and brow there floats a film of mist,
Cool, teuder, and caressing, filling me with cheer:
Now softly up and up, and lingeringly, it ascends,
Then draws together. Mucks me a witching form,
In semblance of youth's first, long-lost, supremest bliss?
From my heart's depths its earliest treasures well;
For me love, light of wing, in its first dawn it types;
The look, felt to the core, the first, scarce understood,
That, cherished in the heart, all treasures else outshone.
Like beanty of the soul, the sweet form is sublimed;
Still it dissolveth not, into the sky it soars,
And with it bears away whate'er is best in me.
A seven-league boot comes clamping in, followed presently by another. Mephistopheles steps out. The boot strides rapidly away.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

We've come on at a rattling pace !
But what's your fancy now? What drags
You down on this disgusting place,
All gaping chasms and grewsome crags?
Though not where now it is, I know it well;
For 'twas in very sooth the floor of hell.
FAUST.

Your stock of silly legends never fails; Again you'd mock me with these idle tales?

## MEPHISTOPHELES (gravely).

When God the Lord (why, all too well I know) Hurled us from out the sky to depths profound, Where fires eterne shot from their central glow Great sheets of flame that circled round and round, We found ourselves, 'neath that too copious light, Together jammed in most unpleasant plight. The devils fell a-coughing, all of them, Up hill, down dale, they spat and voided phlegm: With acids and with sulphurous stench inflated That was a gas:- hell grew so much dilated That very soon the earth's crust, flat at first, Thick though it was, with a great crash upburst ! So things are all reversed ; and this is how, What bottom was erewhile is summit now. The good sound doctrine, too, on this they base, To give what's undermost the topmost place. For we escaped from fiery bondage there, To lord it bravely in the upper air, An open secret, warily concealed, And only lately to mankind revealed. ${ }^{1}$

## FAUST.

To me are mountain-masses nobly dumb; I neither ask them whence, nor why, they come. When Nature in herself herself had grounded, Deftly the earthly ball she shaped and rounded; With crested peak and riftel gorge she played, Mountain with mountain, cliff with cliff arrayed; The hills she moulded next, and sloped their steeps Into the valleys down with gentle sweeps:
Then growth and verdure followed; spasms of fire She needed not, to work out her desire.

[^1]
## MEPHISTOPIIELES.

Oh, that's your view! To you 'tis clear as light ; But those who saw all know 't was different quite. Zounds! I was by, when with convulsive shoek The abyss burst up, with flames that roared and swirled, When Moloch's hammer, smiting roek on rock, Far in the air the splintered mountains hurled. Strange massive boulders strew the country still; The force that flung them there, who can explain ? As for philosophy, it never will:
There lies the rock, and there it must remain ;
Thinking and theories are labour vain.
Your common folk, they only are cock-sure;
To try to shake their notions were mere waste, Their wisdom long ago was quite mature;
A marvel 'tis, to Satan's erelit placed.
On crutch of faith your pilgrim hobbles on
To Devil's Bridges, to the Devil's Stone.

## fadst.

What nature is, seen from the point of view
Of devils, is worth consideration too.

## MEPHISTO Helifes.

A fig for Nature! What is she to me?
My honour's touched! Myself was there to see!
The people we, grand issues to achieve;
Convulsion, outrage, madness! See, believe!
But now no more with sayings dark to tease you.
Did nothing in our upper surface please you?
You saw, stretched out in boundless space before ye,
The kingloms of the world, and all their glory.
Well, though you be so hard to satisfy,
Did nothing gladden either heart or eye?

## FAUST.

Oh, yes! A grand idea lured me on. Divine it!

MEPHISTOPHELES.
That is quickly done.
I'd seek me out a city, which
Was in all urban horrors rich, Close crookèd lanes, high gable-peaks, Cramped market-place, kale, turnips, leeks, Shambles, where blue-fly swarms and feasts
On carcasses of well-fed beasts:
There will you find at any time
Odours and bustle both sublime.
Vast squares I'd have, broad streets, that go
To make up an impressive show;
And lastly, where no gate confines, Suburbs that spread in endless lines. Of carriages I should have store, To keep up an incessant roar, And cheer me with the eterual flow Of ant-swarms bustling to and fro. And let me ride, or let me walk, I still should be the pride, the talk Of thousands, wheresoe'er I went.

## FAUST.

Such things can bring me no content. One's pleased that meu should multiply, And in their way be fairly fed, Be even trained and tanght; but by-and-by We find, that thus are only rebels bred.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Then, all for my delight, I'd rear a pile, Where breezes freshliest blow, superb in style.

Hill, woodland, meadow, field, and glade, Into a glorious garden shorld be made; Smooth velvet lawns, cnelosed in walls of green, With shady groves, and winding walks between; Tumbling cascades, from rock to rock that leap, With water-jets of every variel sweep, Majestic soaring some, with all around Innumerable sprays, that hiss, and splash, and bound. A dainty snug retreat I'd next prepare, And lodge a bery of fair women there, Where through the illimitalle hours I could Enjoy the sweetest social solitude. Women, I say ; for, be it understoon, I never, never can my thoughts encumber With the dear things but in the pural number.

> FAUST.

Vulgar and vile! Sardanapalus !

## MEPHISTOPMELES.

> Good:

Oh, if one might divine your purpose: High, Beyond a doubt, it is, and noble two! When you were sailing to the moon so nigh, Was it a craze for her that wafted you?

## FACST.

Not so : There still is scope for great Achievements on this earthly sphere Things that shall make my inemory dear.
Bold deeds alone my energy can sate.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
So then 'tis fame you would attain ?
That you come fresh from heroines is plain.

## FAUST.

To rule, to own, that is my thought.
The deed is all, the fame is nought.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Yet poets will turn up, to blaze Your glory forth to after-days, And set by folly fools a-craze.

## FAUST.

Where is the thing at which thou wilt not carp?
How shouldst thou know what man desires?
Thy odious nature, bitter, caustic, sharp, How should it know what man requires?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Well, go your own way, since you must! To me the full scope of your whims entrust!

## FAUST.

On the sea's wide expanse I turned to look; It heaved, as from within, with sullen roar, Then it drew backward, and its billows shook, To storm the broad reach of the level shore. And, as a tyrant, overbearing mood Jars the free soul, that writhes a wrong to see, Excites the feelings, stirs the passionate blood Into a ferment, so that angered me.
I deemed it chance, the scene more closely eyed; A little while, then backward rolled the tide, And from the goal so prondly reached withdrew; But, come the hour, the sport begins anew.

To me this pretty tale no news can tell ; Some hundred thousand years I've known it well.

FAUST (eontinues with pussionate warmth).
Onward it sweeps by courses numberless, Barren itself, to squander barrenness;
Now swelling, growing, rolling on, it drowns In desolation leagues of wasted downs; There riots, wave on wave, with wanton force, Then ebbs - and nothing's been achieved, of course.
I might despair, to see the ambess way
Such lawless elements exert their sway.
Yet no despair shall my resolve benumb;
Here I might struggle, here might overcome!
Might? Shall! Howe'er the waves run high, and fleet,
Gently they lap around each hill they meet;
Rage how they may and proudly domineer,
Still puny heights their crests against them rear,
And puny chasms to suck them down are strong.
Straight plan on plan into my mind 'gan throng;
Mine, mine the joy, of joys most precious, be,
Back from the shore to bear the imperious sea,
The bounds to narrow of the watery track,
And far into itself to thrust it back!
My plans I shall develop bit by bit:
You know my wish; be hold, and further it !
[Drums and varlike musie are heard behind the spectutors, in the distence on the right.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Oh, nothing easier! Hark, these drums afar!

## FALST.

How! War again? All wise men shrink from war.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Or war or peace, 'tis wise to lose no chance Of reaping gain from every circumstance. Who'd let a favourable opening slip?
Here's one! Well, Faustus, get it in thy grip!

FAUST.
Such riddling balderdash, I prithee, spare, Aud what you drive at in a word declare!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

As I was coming here, I learned that lately The worthy Emperor has been worried greatly. You know the man. While we amused him, played Into his hands the spurious wealth we made, He held the whole world cheap; for he was young
When he succeeded to the throne, and so
To the false notion foolishly he clung,
That power and pleasure hand in hand might go, And that 'twas fine, and the right thing to do, To rule, and revel in enjoyment too.

## FAUST.

A great mistake. He that is fit to rule, In ruling must a high contentment find; Of lofty aims his bosom should be full, Yet what they are, by none must be divined. What's whispered in one loyal ear and wise, When it is done, takes all men by surprise. So shall he wear right worthily the crown, So stand supreme. Mere pleasure drags us down.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Not such is he! all times on pleasure bent!
Meanwhile the realm by anarchy was rent,

When high and low were each with each at feud, When brother hunted brother, hacked and hewed, Castle 'gaiust castle warred, and town grainst town, And guilds comspired to pull the nobles down. Bishops against their theks and Chapters rose; And men, if they but met ly , कhance, were foes. In churches murder, at each city gate
Thieves lay for merchants, travellers, in wait. Thus all men grew fugnacions in their bent; For life was constant wafare so things went.

## FALST.

Went! Limpel along, fell down, got up, and then Collapsed, and all aheap fell down again.

## MEPHISTOPIELES.

And yet this state of things none dared to blame, For every man had some ambitions aim;
The very smallest his big project had, But good men found things grow at last too mad. Then rose the able in their might, and said: "He that will give us peace shall be our head! The Emperor cannot, will not! Let us choose One, will new soul into the realminfuse, Quicken the wodd into a molder life, Make all men feel secure, end rapme, strife, And peace aut justice throngh the land diffiuse!"

## FAUst.

A priestly twang in that:

## MEPIISTOPIIFLES.

Iriests too were there.
For portly paunch they wanted copious fare;

They had a deeper stake than all the rest. Rebellion grew, they the rebellion blessed ! And the poor Emperor, whom we made so gay, To battle moves, perhaps his last, to-day.

FAUST.
It grieves me much - so good, so frank was he!
mephistopheles.
Pshaw! While there's life, there's hope! Come, let us see!
Let us but get him clear of this close valley ! He's safe for life, with one successful rally.
Which way the dice may tumble, who can tell? Come luck, then vassals they will come as well! [They climb up the contral mountain-pcak, and look down upon the army drawn up in the valley. Drums and military music resound from below.
Ha! The position's chosen well, I see. If we strike in, he's sure of victory.

## FAUST.

What now is in the wind? Deceit!
Magic illusion! Shows that cheat!

MEPHISTOPHELES.
Warcraft, by which are battles won! Think of the work you wish begun, And to your grand idea cleave! Save for the Emperor his throne and land; Then, kneeling, from his hand in fief receive A limitless expanse of ocean-strand.

FAUST.
You've comprassed many things, 'tis true : Well, well, goon, and win a battle too!

## MEPJIsTOIMELES.

No ; you're to win it! You must play The general-in-chief to-day.

## FAUST.

An honour truly, to command
Where I just nothing understand!

MEPHISTOPHEIES.
Leave to your Staff to see things straight, And in the background calmly wait. Long since I traced war's bunders to their source; For trimph, on the elenental force Of mountain and of man I rest: Who into play can bring both these, is blest.

## FACsT.

Who are the armed men there blow?
Have you stirred up the Hill-folk?

## MEPIISTOPHELES.

But, like good Master Peter Squence,
The whole squad in its quintessence.
${ }^{1}$ A not very nhwions allusion to the beter Puinee of ${ }^{-1}$ The Midsmmmer Night's Dream,' who becante the Peter Fquenz of a German farce.

## Enter The Three Mighty Men.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Here my fine fellows come! You see, Of very different years they be Dress, armour different : you will not Come badly off with such a lot. [Ad spectatores. There's not a child but loves to see Men in cuirass and knightly gorget dight; And, as these knaves quite allegoric be, They will for that give all the more delight.
bully (young, lightly armed, elad in motley).
If one star $a^{2}$ me, eye to eye,
I dash my fist straight off into his chops;
And any coward, if he fly,
I clutch him by the hair until he stops.
GRAB - QUICK (manly, well-armed, richly elad).
Such pranks are idle and unfitting, An utter waste of time and tide;
Seize, pillage, plunder, unremitting, And think oi nothing else beside!
holdpast (stricken in years, strongly armed, without other yarment).
No mighty bocn in that, I say !
Wealth, even though great, soon slips away
In life's swift currents strong and deep.
To seize is well, but better 'tis to keep:
Leave the gray carlot free to act,
And he will keep your gear intact.
[They descend the mountain together.

Scene II. - On the Spur of the Mountain.
Drums and martial musie henred from below. The Emperor's tent is pitched. Emprimor, Commander-in-Chief, Attendents.

## Commanher - IN - Chhef.

I still am satisfied, 'twas best
To draw back to the valley here
Our forces, when so hotly pressent:
'Twill win the day for us, I'm clear.

## EMPEROR.

The event will show how that may be; But this half Hight, this yiedding, tronbles me.
COMMANHER - IN - CHEF.

Look at our right flank! (iromed, my liege, like this, Not for the world would a true suldier miss; The hills not steep, yet steener than they show, Odds in our favour, odds against the foe. Whilst on the wavelike plain half hid we lie, Their cavalry will never dare come nigh.

## EMIEROR.

Nought's left me but to praise: stunt heart, Stout arm, can here play well their part.

COMMANDER - IN゙ - CHIEF.
Here where the central plain spreals many a rood, You see the phalanx in true fighting moonl. Their lances, hy the early sum-rays kissed, Shimmer and sparkle through the morning mist.

How dark waves to and fro the massive square! There thousand hearts beat high, to do or dare. How strong we are, by this you may divine; To them I trust to break the enemy's line.

## EMPEROR.

Now for the first time this fair sight I see:
Worth twice its numbers such a host must be.

> commander - in - Chief.

Nothing to say of our left flank have I;
The stubborn rocks stout heroes occupy.
Yon broken cliff, that gleams with arms, secures The entrance to the pass, and so ensures, That here the enemy, surprised, will break Their force compact, and bloody shipwreck make.

## EMPEROR.

See, where they come, my traitor kin! Oh, how They called me cousin, uncle, brother! Now Still more and more presumptuous they grew, Stripped me of power, of kingly reverence due, Then, by their feuds, laid my whole kingdom waste, And now in rebel league to crush me haste! From side to side awhile the people sway, Then in the torrent's whirl are swept away.
COMMANDER - IN - CHIEF.

A trusty spy, to gather news sent out, Comes hurrying down the rocks; ill news, I doubt!

FIRST SPY.
By what guile and daring may,
And by many an artful track,

Here and there we forced our way, Yet small comfurt bring we back. Loyalty to thee was sworn

By many in fise words; but all
Hung back, for they, they said, were worn
By public peril, civic brawl.

## EMPEROR.

Oh, for themselves alone self-seckers care;
Duty, love, honour, gratitude are nought.
When things are doing well, who takes to thonght
How, when the next house burns, his own may fare?
COMMANDER - IN - Chief.

Here comes another, slow, with heary feet:
He quakes in every limb, and seems dead beat.

## SECOND SPY.

Glad were we, when we detected
Tumult raging, wild and weird;
All at once, and unexpected,
A new Emperor appeared.
Straight, sulmissive to his mandate,
O'er the plains the people sweep;
His false flag, as he had plamed it, They all follow - very sheep.

## EMPEROR.

A rival Emperor as a boom I hail ; Emperor I never felt myself till now. As a mere soldier did I don my mail; For higher ends my casque now rings my brow. At every fête, though brilliant it might be, Complete thronghont, yet danger lacked for the.

When, at your wish, to tilt at ring I went, My heart beat high, I breathed the Tournament ; And had you not from war withheld me, fame For deeds heroic would have crowned my name. Mine was a soul, I felt, of dauntless mould, When yonder sea of fire around me rolled; It pressed upon me, threatening direful fate: 'Twas show, mere show, and yet the show was great. Wild dreams I've had of victory and fame; Now will I do what, left undone, was shame!
[Heralds are despatehed with a challenge to the rical Emperor. Enter Faust in armour, his visor half elosed. The Three Mighty Men equipped and dressed as before.

## FAUST.

Behold us here, unchid withal, we hope;
For foresight, even when things are safe, there's scope.
The Mountain-folk, thou knowest, think and brood,
Deciphering the signs, in thoughtful mood,
That all through nature and the rocks are strewed.
Spirits, that long have left the plains, cling still
With fondness to lone peak and misty hill.
Through labyrinthine chasms their work is sped,
'Mid gases' reek, by fumes metallic bred;
They separate, test, combine, and never rest,
Of something new for evermore in quest.
With the light hand of spiritual power
They build up forms translucent hour by hour;
Then in the crystal, dumb although it be,
The upper world and all it does they see.

## EMPEROR.

This I have heard, and I believe it true; But what have we, friend, with all this to do?

## FAUST.

The sorcerer of Sabine Noreia thou
Hast to thy service lumul - he serves thee now.
How dread the fate home wer him, and dire:
The brushwood crackled, up shot tongues of fire; Piled were the sapless billets round him, which
Were intermixed with hrimstone-rods, and piteh:
Save him nor man, nor (iod, nor devil conld, -
But thou didst burst these bemls of hazing wood!
This was at Rome. That service ne'er forgot, To givard thy welfare is his constant thought.
Still from that hour, of self imheeding, he
Questions the stars, the deeps, and all for thee.
He charged us, straight to make thy business ours,
And stand by thee. Great are the mountains' powers -
Nature in them works so supremely free:
This stupid priests denounce as sorcery.

## EMPEROR.

On days of festal, when my guests I greet, Who, brimmed with pleasant thoughts, for pleasure meet,
It gladdens me to see them throng and press,
And, with the crowd, the hall grow less and less;
But welcomer than all the man must be
Who chivalrously comes to stand by me,
Here with the dawn, when perilous issues wait, And o'er us darkly hang the scales of Fate.
But at this crisis grave, where now we stand, Keep from thy ready sword thy stalwart hand, Respeet the hour, when mighty hosts draw near, For or against me, to do battle here:
Self makes the man: Who covets crown or throne Must prove his clain by prowess of his own. As for that phantom who against us stands, Dubs himself Emperor, ruler of our lauds,

The army's Duke, my nobles' rising sun, Let him to death by mine own hand be done!

FAUST.
Though it were glorious thus an end to make, It were not well, my liege, thy life to stake.
With crest and plume is not the helmet dight ? It guards the head that nerves us for the fight. Without the head what would the limbs avail? If that grow torpid, these all faint and fail ; If that be hurt, all these are wounded tooIf healed, then vigour stirs in them anew : Straight will the arm its stalwart right assert, It lifts the shield to save the skull from hurt; The sword as swiftly will its duty show, Parry with vigour and return the blow; The foot takes part in their success, and treads Triumphant on the downstruck foemen's heads.

## EMPEROR.

Such is my anger ; him I thus would treat, So make his head a footstool for my feet.

## heralds (returning).

Little honour, little profit,
Have we met with, where we went;
Rudely did they scorn and scoff it,
That brave challenge which you sent.
"Your Emperor! Pshaw! We mock and flout him!
Feeble echo in yon vale!
When we think or speak about him,
'Pshaw!' we say, 'a bygone tale!’"

## FAUST.

Things have fallen out as they would wish them who Stand by your side unswervingly and true.

The foe draws near; thy troops on fire ; do thou
Command the attack! No better time than now.
EMP'EROR.
My claim to lead the host I here resign ;
[T'o the Commander-in - Cifief.
And now that duty, good my lord, is thine.
commanter - in - chief.

Let the left wing set forward to the field! The enemy's left, now coming up the slope, Shall, ere they reach the top, be forced to yield ; With our young seasoned troops they cannot cope.

## faust.

Let this blithe hero here, I pray your Grace, Within your ranks, and quickly, take his place; And, with your troops incorporated so, The sterling stuff that he is made of show.

> [loints to the right.

## bully (adrancing).

Who looks me in the face, he runs the hazard
Of being well scored over cheek and mazzard;
Who turns his back to me - well, he may risk it,
But down he'll topple, cleft from chine to brisket.
And if your men will only then
With sword and mace strike home like me, Your foes amain will strew the plain, Bathed in their blood as in a sea.
[Errit.
Commander - in - chief.

Now let our central phalaux follow slow; With force compact and wary meet the foe. Already their right wing a check has met; Their plans are by our tactics quite upset ;

FAUST (pointing to the middle one).
Let him there also follow your commands!

## have quick (advancing).

With the army's pluck, heroic and fine, Shall the thirst for plunder and pillage combine; On this oue object be all intent, The rival Emperor's gorgeous tent! Not long shall he flaunt it there in pride; To the onslaught myself will the phalanx guide.

```
pillage-Fast, Sutler woman (fawning upon him).
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Although his wife I may not be, He's the dearest of fancy men to me. What a harvest awaits us there! Your drab Is a very devil to gripe and grab. Where she plunders and rifles, no pity has she; Once win, and to do what you like yon're free.
[Exeunt.
COMMANDER - IN - CHIEF.
As we foresaw, upon our left their right Is hurled in force. Each man of ours will fight To the last gasp to hold the foe in check, That tries to storm the gorge's narrow neck.

FAUST (beckons to the left).
Pray you, sir, note yon fellow, too! What harm, If strength consents itself with strength to arm?

## holdfast (adrancing).

For the left wing dismiss all care ! 'Twill hold its own, when I am there. The old one about him has all his wits; What I once grasp, no lightuing splits.

## MEPHISTOPHELES (descending from above).

Look now, how there, behind our left, From every jagged rocky eleft, Armed men press onward, closely packed, The pass still further to contract! With easque, cuirass, sword, shield, and spear, A bulwark at our backs they rear, Waiting the signal to strike home.
[Aside' to the knowing ones.
You must not ask me whence they conue.
I've not been slow, since I went out, I've eleared the armouries romm about. They stood on foot or horseback there, As if the lords of earth they were; Knights, kaisers, kings they were of yore, Now empty smail-shells, nothing more. Many's the ghost himself with these has decked, And to the life the Middle Ages played.
Whatever imps be now in them arrayed,
For this once they'll produce a rare effect. [Aluud. Hark! What a temper they are in! Mail elanks 'gainst mail with clattering din!
Tom bamers, too, are fluttering there, That longed again to breathe fresh air. Here we have got an ancient people, who Fain in this modern fray would mingle, too.
[Tremendous blare of trumpets from above; per. ceptible wavering in the hostile army.

## FAUST.

Dark the horizon grows ; meseems,
Breaks here and there in fitful gleams
A ruddy and portentous shine.
The spears, hlood-boltered, flash and glare;
The rocks, the wood, the very air,
All heaven in sympathy combine.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

The right flank stoutly holds its ground ; But, towering in their midst, I see The giant Bully, deating free Those swashing strokes of his around.

EMPEROR.
At first I saw one arm up ; now A dozen rage there. Anyhow, This can't be natural or right.

## FAUST.

Hast thou not heard of mists, that round The coasts of Sicily abound ? There, hovering clear in broad daylight, Uplifted high in middle air, Mirrored in exhalations rare, A wondrous vision meets the gaze Towns oscillating to and fro, Gardens now high, now sinking low, Picture on picture breaking through the haze.

## EMPEROR.

But yet, how strange! See, each spear-head, As if with lightning, flashes red!
While moves the host, on every lance I see a flamelet flit and dance: To me it looks too spectral, quite.

FAUST.
Forgive me, these things glimpses show Of spirits gone hence long ago, The famous Twins revealed once more, By whom of old all seamen swore, For our last stroke they nerve their might.

## EMPEROR.

To whom, then, do we owe it, say, That nature, in this wondrous way, For us should spells so rare unite?

MEPIISTOPHELES.
To whom, but to that mighty master Who in his breast thy fate doth keep? To see thee menaced with disaster, Stirred feelings in him strong and deep. So thou art saved, he gladly would Meet death, to prove his gratitude.

## EMPEROR

Round me that time with cheers and pomp they pressed Then I was something; this I wished to test, So, without thinking, seized the chance, and there Gave the white-bearded fellow some fresh air. By this I robbed the clergy of a treat; Thus was my fall in their good books complete. Now, after all these years, am I to test The outcome of a deed done half in jest?

## FAUST.

Rich interest follows generous deed. Now turn your gaze on high! He will Some signal send, methinks. Give heed! It will anon be visible.

## EMPEROR.

An eagle hovers in the vanlted bhe.
Him doth a griffin, fierce for fight. pursue.

## FAUST.

Now mark! This augurs well, at least. The griffin is a fabled beast; What! He to wrangle with the eagle, A bird so real and so regal?

## EMPEROR.

See now, in circles wide they float, Each coursing each -- and now they clash Together, and with gash on gash Rend one another's breast and throat.

## FAUST.

Look, look! The sorry griffin, how, All rent and scarred, he staggers, drops His lion tail! And see, he now Is lost amid the pine-tree tops!.

EMPEROR.
May this portend what is to be! Lost in amaze, I wait to see.
mephistopheles (toward the right).
See, see! the enemy give back, Pressed by our still renewed attack, And, feebly keeping up the fight, They're falling back upon their right. The left of their main body so They into dire confusion throw. Now on the right our phalanx brings Its serried front, like lightning flings Itself on the weak spot, and straight, As ocean waves in stormy weather, The forces, matched in bulk and weight, In fray tumultuous clash together.

Nothing was ever better done;
For us the battle has been won.
EMreron (on the left side, to facst).
Look: Yondur something seems amiss!
What, what cin be the canse of this?
No stones upon the foe are hailed, And they the lower cliff have scaled; None keep the heights, a blow to strike. Look there! The fue, in seried mass, Still pressing on and on, belike
Have gained possession of the pass;
Of ways unblest the issue plain !
These sleights of yours are all in vain. [Pause.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
My ravens here their flight are winging;
What can the message be they're bringing ?
The other side, I fear, prevails.

## EMPEROR.

What may these ill-starred birls presage?
Hither they bend their swarthy sails,
Straight from the rock-fight's fiery rage.
mephistopieles (to the Rarens).
Sit down by me, at either ear:
Whom you protect need never fear, For your advice is somul and sage.

## FAUST (to the EMIPEROR).

Hast never heard of pigeons, who
Back to their nest and fledgelings flew
From regions strange to them and far ?
That's the case here, though different.

The pigeon-post in peace is sent, The raven-post's required for war.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

They tell me of a grievous pinch.
Look how they're pressing, inch by inch, Around our heroes' rocky wall!
The nearest heights are stormed, alas!
And, if we were to lose the pass, Our case would be most critical.

EMPEROR.
Betrayed! I am betrayed at last! 'Tis you have round me drawn the net! Horror! to feel it holds me fast!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Courage! There's nothing lost as yet. Patience unties the hardest knot; Work's hottest, when the end's at hand. I trusty messengers have got. Command that I may take command!

COMMANDER - IN - CHief (who meanwhile has arrived).
These men thou hast to counsel ta'en, To me were, first and last, a pain. The battle, now I cannot mend it, 'Twas they began, and they may end it. My baton I to thee restore.

EMPEROR.
Not so! Retain it, till the Fates Perchance may send us happier hours.

I shudder at this fellow's powers,
And his weird bird-confederates.
[To Mephistopheles.
Give you the baton? Surely no.
You're not, methinks, the proper man.
Command! Avert our overthrow:
And so betide, betide what can!
[Écit into the tent with the Commander-IN-Chief.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
His baton! Pooh! What silly fuss!
Small profit would it bring to us.
There was a kind of cross upon it.

> FAUST.

What will you do?

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

## Do? I have done it.

Hence, my black cousins, apt and fleet, To the great mountain-lake! The Undines greet, And for the semblance of a flood entreat! By arts, hard to divine, of female scheming, They from the thing that is can part the seeming, And that it is the very thing will swear. [Pause.

## FAUST.

Our ravens have with flatery rare
Cajoled the water-nymphs from their lair.
See, trickling rills begin to gush!
From many a dry bare rocky brow
The springs in full swift volume rush.
Yon victory is no victory now.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Strange greeting that! What follows next? The boldest climber is perplexed.

## FAUST.

Brook downward bounds to brook in headlong course, From the ravines they rush with twofold force; And now in one bright arch the torrent sweeps. Wide o'er the rocks it spreads, a shining flat, Flashes and foams to this side and to that, And ledge by ledge into the valley leaps. What bouts the bravest heart a tide to stay Must sweep before it everything away? My very flesh to see such havoc creeps.

## MEPHISTOIIIELES.

Nothing see I of all these water-lies; Illusions these only for human eyes: This wondrous hap to me is sheer delight. Huddled in heaps, they turn in headlong flight, Fancying, the fools, they will be drowned, And puff and blow on solid ground, Their arms, like swimmers, striking out.
Now all's confusion, utter rout!
[The Ruvens have come back.
To the great Master I'll speak well of you. Now, would you prove yourselves true Masters too, Hence to the smithy, belching fire, Where the dwarf-folk, that never tire, Strike sparks from metal and from stone; Ask them for fire, while lightly chattering Fire brilliant, dazzling, sputtering, spattering, Such as is but to fancy known.
Lightning, no doubt, far in the sky, And stars swift shooting from on high,

May any summer night bee seen ;
But lightning on the brushood gleaming, And stars that hiss on gromid that's steaming,
Are not such common sights, I ween.
So, without fuss, you mulerstand, You first must beg, and then command.
[The Roucens tly wroy. All hoppens as preseribed.
Thick darkness settles on the foe!
Which way to turn, they do not know.
Meteors all round, and sudden light,
To dazzle and confound the sight !
Magnificent! But now we want
Some sound to terrify and daunt.

## FACST.

The empty arms, from ancient halls that eame, Find the fresh air breathe vigour through their frame. They're rattling, langing, clattering up there A wonderful, discordant blare!

## MEPHISTOPHELES

Quite right! They're not to be kept back!
Now rings out knightly whack on whack,
As in the famous good old days.
Gauntlet, enirass, and cuisses too,
As Guelphs and Ghibellines, renew
Full tilt their never-ending frays.
Firm in transmitted rancour, they
A hate implacable display.
Now far and wide the tumult brays!
And so, at every devil's fête
Nought works so well as party hate,
Down to the last convulsive throe.
Wild sounds, that scatter fear and panic,

Mingled with piercing yells Satanic, Ring down into the vale below.
[War tumult in the Orehestra, passing at last into cheerful military musie.

Scene III. - The Rival Emperor's Tent.
Throne, Rich Surroundings. Have Quick-
Pillage-fast.
PILLAGE - FAST.
We're first upon the field, you see.
have quick.
No raven flies so fast as we.

> PILLAGE - FAST.

Oh, look, what heaps of treasure there! Where to begin? To finish where?
have quick.
So crammed the place with plunder stands, I know not where to lay my hands.

PILLAGE - FAST.
That carpet suits me to a T ; My bed is often too hard for me.
have quick.
A Morgenstern of steel! Just such As I for years have longed for much!

## PILLAGE - FAS'T.

That scarlet cloak with golden seams, One like it has often crossed my dreams!
have quick (taking the weapon).
With this one makes short work. A blow, The fellow's dead, and on we go ! You've packed up such a lot, and yet Not managed the right sort to get. Leave all that rubbish where it lay; Take one of these small chests away! The army's niggard pay they hold; Its belly's stuffed with solid gold.

## PILLAGE - FAST.

'Tis mortal heavy! More than I
Am fit to lift or carry.

## hate quick.

Try!
Quick, stoop! Duck down, and let me pack The box upon your sturdy back.
PILLAGE - FAST.

Alack, alack! I'm done for! Whew!
It fairly breaks my back in two.
[The chest fulls and breaks open.

MAVE QCICK.
There lies the red gold, all aheap;
Quick, quick, and up the shiners sweep!

PILLAGE-FAST (crouches down).
Into my lap with them! With this We sha'n't do very much amiss.

IIAVE QUICK.
There! That's enough! Off with you! Pack!
[She rises.
Your apron has a hole. Alack!
Whether you stand or move, no matter,
The treasure recklessly you scatter.
halberdiers (of the true Emperor enter).
This spot is sacred! What are you about?
Rifling the Emperor's treasure-trove, I doubt?
havé quick.
Limb, life we risked, and cheaply for his sake, And of the booty now our share we take. 'Tis common usage, friend, the victor's due; And as for us, why, we are soldiers too.

## HALBERDIERS.

That makes no part of our belief ; A soldier, quotha, and a thief!
The man who serves our Emperor must ${ }^{-}$
Be one whose honesty we trust.

## HAVE QUICK.

That honesty right well we know;
You name it "Contribution," though.
You're all on the same footing here;
The password of your trade is "Give!"
[To Pillage-fast.
Start off with what you've sacked! 'Tis clear,
We're anything but welcome here.
[Exeunt.

## FIRST HALBERDIER.

The saucy knave! Why broke you not His pate across upon the spot?

## SECOND HALBERDIER.

Can't tell! I felt unnerved. They were So phantom-like and weird a pair.

## THIRD HALBERDER.

Something went wrong about my sight; 'Twas dazzled, I saw nothing right.

## FOURTII HALBERDIER.

What it all means, I fathom not. All through the day it was so hot, Oppressive, close, such sultry smother, One kept his feet, down dropped another ; We groped and laid about us so, A foeman fell at every blow;
Before our eyes there waved a mist, Within our ears it buzzed and hissed :
So things went on, and here are we, But know not how things came to be.

## Enter The Emperor with four Princes. The Halberdiers retire.

## EMPEROR.

Well, leave him to his fate: The day is ours. In panic rout
The beaten foe across the plains is scattered all about.
Here stands the empty throne, here finds the traitor's treasure place,
And, hung around with tapestries, contracts the narrow space.

We, rich in honour, shielded by our own true guards the while,
A wait our peuple's envoys here in high imperial style.
From every side come tidings in, glad tidings, hour by hour,
That peace is to a realm restored, that gladly owns our power.
If, in the stand we made, some sleights of jugglery were wrought,
Yet, when all's said, 'twas we alone, and only we who fought.
Mere accidents for those who fight will sometimes work to good -
Here falls from heaveu a meteor-stone, there rains a shower of blood.
Sounds of a wild and wondrous kind boom from the caverns near,
That make our hearts beat high, and fill the foeman's hearts with fear.
A mark for lasting jeer and scorn, the vanquished prone is laid;
By the exulting victor praise to the favouring God is paid.
No need to give command, for all unite with one accord
From thousand throats to cry, "We give Thee thanks and praise, O Lord!"
Yet - best and highest praise of all : - I turn on mine own breast, -
Which rarely I have done before, - mine eyes in pious quest.
A young gay-hearted prince may waste the happy days are his;
The rolling years teach how momentous every moment is.
Therefore no more will I delay, but link myself with you,

To stand for home, and court, and realm, ye worthy Four and true.
[To the first Priuce.
'Twas you, O Prince, who skilfully and well disposed our host,
Who in the crisis of the day showed nerve and skill the most ;
Now what the time demands work thon, peace being thus restored,
Arch-Marshal henceforth be thy name! To thee I give the sword.

## ARCH - MARSHAL.

Thy faithful troops, till now engaged within the realm alone,
When they have made the frontiers safe, and safe with it thy throne,
Then be it ours, on holidays, when thronging guests are poured
Through thy ancestral banquet-hall, to dress thy festive board.
Before thee then the sword I'll bear, I'll bear it by thy side,
Of sovereign Majesty at once the symbol, guard, and guide!
emperor (to the second Prinee).
Let him who doth a valiant heart with courtesy unite -
Such thou! - be my Arch-Chamberlain! The duties are not light.
Within our royal household be the head supreme of all ;
Ill service do I get from them, so prone are they to brawl.
Henceforth, by thy example taught, may they be more inclined
To be to me, the Court, and all, obliging, courteous, kind!

## ARCH - CHAMBERLAIN.

The Master's lofty purposes to further bringeth grace; To bring help to the good, and not to iujure even the base,
To be without dissembling frank, and calm without deceit!
If thou, sir, see me through and through, my joy is all complete.
May fancy on that feast to come be peradventure bent,
The gollen basin at the board to thee I shall present, Thy rings for thee I'll hold, that so thy hands refreshed may be,
As my heart will at that glad time rejoice in smiles from thee.

## EMPEROR.

My mood, in sooth, is now too grave on festive thoughts to rest.
And yet not so! To start afresh with cheerfulness is best.
You as Arch-Steward I select. Henceforward under you
Shall be my forests and their game, my farm, my poultry, too:
Let me select the dishes that I love, and you prepare These dishes, as each month shall bring its own, with heedful care.
ARCH - STEWARD.

Gladly will I all meats forego, my appetite might whet,
Until some dish, will glad thy heart, before thee shall be set.
The kitchen staff shall join with me to bring what's distant here,
And to accelerate, besides, the seasons of the year.

Thee charms not far nor early cheer, wherewith thy table's graced ;
Plain food and nourishing is more congenial to thy taste.

## EMPEROR (to the fortrth Prince).

Since revelry and feast alone perforce engage us now, Young hero, beautiful as brave, my cupbearer be thou! As Arch-Cupbearer, let henceforth this special care be thine,
To see our cellars richly stored with the very choicest wine.
But be thou temperate thyself, and never lose thy head, By the exhilarating lures of social mirth misled.

## ARCH - CUPBEARER.

Even striplings, O my liege, if trust in them be only shown,
Are found, ere one may look about, to man's full vigour grown:
So I at that high feast as well shall duly take my place; The Imperial sideboard I shall deck with truly royal grace,
With goblets silvern, golden, too, magnificent to see;
But chief I'll choose a beaker, far excelling all, for thee -
A clear Venetian glass, wherein a joy delicions waits, Gives fuller flavour to the wine, but ne'er inebriates.
Too great reliance some will place on such a wondrous prize;
But in thy moderation, Sire, a truer safeguard lies.

## EMPEROR.

What in this grave and solemn hour I have on you conferred,
You have with contidence received, relying on my word.

The Emperor's word is mighty, and assures all gifts, of course,
Yet his Sign-Manual's needed too, his mandates to enforce.
This they shall have; and see, where comes, most opportunely too,
The very man to give to them the formal sanction due.

## Enter The Archbishop - Lord High Chancellor.

## EMPEROR.

When once an arch's curvature is to the keystone braced,
Then is it for all future time beyond all danger placed. Thou seest these four Princes here! To these we have explained,
How in the days to come our house and Court shall be maintained.
But now, ye Five, on you and your sagacity and power, What will promote the whole realm's weal is rested from this hour.
In landed wealth 'tis meet that you all others shall outshine,
Therefore to you these broad domains I here at once assign,
The forfeit heritage of that revolted traitor crew.
Thus many a region fair I give - for stanch ye were and true -
Together with the fullest right, whene'er you see a chance,
By raid, or purchase, or exchange, their limits to enhance,
And power to exercise unchecked whatever rights to you,
As owners of the soil, by use aud wont are rightly due.

The judgments you as judges give shall final be: so high
Your power shall stand, that no appeal against them e'er shall lie.
Then impost dues, and tithe and toll, safe-conduct, duties, fees,
Shall all be yours, and mining, salt, and coinage royalties.
For that my gratitude may thus effectively be shown, I've raised you to a rank is only second to my own.

## ARCHBISHOP:

Let me in name of all to thee our deepest thanks express :
Making us safe and strong, thyself shall strengthened be no less.

## EMPEROR.

Even higher dignities, and more, I to you Five will give. I live but for my realm, and I for that delight to live; Yet does the great ancestral claim withdraw my gaze from hours
Of stir and striving to the doom that still before us lours.
I too, in God's good hour, must part from all that I hold dear:
Then be it yours to choose the man who shall succeed me here;
On holy altar raise him high, the crown upon his brow, And thus bring to a peaceful cluse what was all storm but now.

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LORD HIGH claNcellor.
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Pride in our hearts, but bowed in deep humility we stand,
Thy vassals, prinees though we be, the foremost in the land.

While runs the blood within our veins in copious current, still
The body we, prompt to obey thy every wish and will.

## EMPEROR.

And now to end! Let all the powers that we to-day concede,
Be ratified for all future time by manual-sign and deed. You o'er your property shall hold dominion full and free, On this condition, that it ne'er partitioned out shall be: Morenver, if you add to what you now from us receive, You to your eldest sons the whole shall in like manner leave.

## LORD HIGH CHANCELLOR.

To parchment presently will I transfer this statute, fraught
With weal to us and to the realm, right happy in the thought.
To have it written fair and sealed, the Chancery shall see;
And ratified it then, my liege, by thy great hand shall be.

## EMPEROR.

And so I now dismiss you all, that you conjointly may Deliberate on the events of this momentous day.
[The Temporal Princes retire. The Archbishop remains, and speaks in a pathetic tone.

## ARCHBISHOP.

The Chancellor has retired, my liege, the Bishop stays behind,
To crave thine ear, impelled by grave anxiety of mind. His father-heart is sad for thee, and full of sore dismay.

EMPEROR.
Dismay? Speak out! What troubles you on this so joyous day?

## ARCHBISHOP.

With deep and bitter anguish, sir, at such a time I find Thy hallowed head in compact close with Satanas combined!
True, thon'rt secured upon thy throne, - so seems it, so I hope, -
But heedless, ah! of God the Lord, and our Holy Sire the Pope,
Who, when he hears of this, will straight pronounce his awful doom,
And with his lightnings will thy realm, thy sinful realm, consume.
For he has not forgotten how, the day that thou wert crowned,
A great and solemn time, thou hadst the Sorcerer unbound,
When from thy diadem the first bright beam of grace was shed,
A scandal to all Christendom, on that accursed head.
But beat thy breast, and render up - 'tis for thy spirit's health -
To Holy Church some little slice of thy ill-gotten wealth :
The broad expanse of hills, we'll say, where stood thy tent, and where
In thy defence were banded evil $S_{p i r i t s}$ of the Air,
Where to the Prince of Lies thou didst lend willing ears of late, -
That spot do thou to pions use contritely dedicate,
With mountain and dense forest too, as far as they extend,
And billy slopes, with verdure clad, that in broad meadows end;

Pellucid lakes, well stocked with fish, brooks numberless withal,
That, hurrying down with snake-like bends, into the valleys brawl;
Then the broad vale itself, with meads, enclosures, open plains :
A penitence, that such utterance finds, sure grace and pardon gains.

## EMPEROR.

This heavy sin of mine so fills my heart and soul with awe,
I leave it to yourself, my lord, the boundaries to draw.

## ARCHBISHOP.

First be the unhallowed spot, whose sins for vengeance cry aloud,
With all due speed unto the Lord Most High for ever vowed.
In spirit I can see the walls rise high and ever higher ;
The first beams of the morning sun illuminate the choir;
The structure takes the Cross's form, complete in all its parts,
Longer and ligher grows the nave, and glads believers' hearts ;
Now through the stately portal wide they stream, aflame with zeal,
And far o'er hill and dale resounds the bells' first ringing peal ;
They clash and clang from lofty towers that high aspire to heaven,
And penitents throng in, and feel new life to them is given.

On the great Consecration Inay－that day som may we see：－
When all are met，thy presence will the chief adorn－ ment be．

EMPEKいに。
A work so noble well may serve to show the pions thought，
To praise the Lord，and expiate the $\sin$ that I have wrought．
Enough！Already I can fee！my spirit soaring higher．

## ARCHBIsMOP．

This under hand and seal Inow as Chancellor require，

## EMPEROR．

A formal document，that secures the Church in fullest right，
Lay thou before me，and I will subscribe it with de－ light．
archbishop（has taken loure，but turns buck，as he is goiny uit）．
Then to the work as it proceeds，＇tis meet thou dedicate Tithes，taxes，customs，tribute，toll，and every due and rate，
For ever．It requires so much the fabric：to maintain， And the staff to keep the service up will cost vast sums，＇tis plain．
To push the building quickly，on so desolate a spot， Some gold，of that which thou hat taten，thou wilt to us allot．
We shall require，lesides－and this I needs must call to mind－
Much foreign timber，lime，and slates，and things of the like kind．

The people, from the pulpit taught, will do the carriage ; yes !
All those who for her service work, the Church doth ever bless.

## EMPEROR.

Oh, heavy is the sin and great that such dire penance craves!
They've brought me to a pretty pass, these necromancing knaves !
archbishor (returning ayain, and making a deep obeisance).
Pardon, my liege, the realm's seashore to that vile worthless man
Has been made over, but he will be blasted by the Ban,
Unless there, too, our Holy Church in deep contrition thou
With tithes and taxes, rents and dues, and revenues endow.

## EMPEROR (losing his temper).

There is no land there yet; the sea sweeps o'er it far and wide.

ARCHBISHOP.
His time comes who's content to wait, with right upon his side.
We still shall have thy royal word - no power may that gainsay.

## emperor (alone).

So may I just as well at once my kingdom sign away!

## AC'T V.

Scene I. - Open rountry.

WANDERER.
There they are! How well I mind them, The dark lindens old and strong. And I am again to find them After years of travel long!
'Tis the old spot, unforsaken;
Still the sheltering cot is there,
As when billows tempest-shaken
Flung me on these sandhills bare.
My kind hosts, I fain would greet them, Brave good helpful souls, again:
But I scarce may hope to meet them;
They were aged even then.
Pious, ah, how pious were ye!
Shall I knock, or call? What ho!
Hail, if kindly still as e'er, ye
Of good deeds the blessing know !
baccis (very old).
Hush, hush, stranger, hush! No breaking
On my husband's spell of rest!
To give to his few bours of waking
Vigour, good long sleep is best.

WANDERER.
Mother, thou still here, and he, too,
To receive the thanks I owe
For the young man's life, by ye two
Saved now many years ago?

Art thou Baucis, who so tended, Nursed me back to life again ?
[The husband comes out of the cottage.
Thou he (turning to Philemon), who with courage splendid
Snatched my treasure from the main :
Your fire, blazing fast and faster,
Your bell with its silver sound,
They from that so dire disaster
Me a safe deliverance found.
Let me on a little way there,
View the boundless ocean first;
Let me kneel, and let me pray there!
Seems my heart as it would burst!
[He walks away upon the dunes.

## PHILEMON ( $t o$ BAUCIS).

Quick, wife! Spread the table under The green shadow of our trees. Let him go! He'll start in wouder. Not believing what he sees!
[Following the wanderer. Standing beside him.
Where the billows, wildly booming,
Savagely maltreated you, Now 'tis like a garden, blooming
Fair as eye could wish to view.
Old in years as I was growing,
Help I could not, as of yore;
And, while my own strength was going,
Farther off, too, went the shore.
Great folks' serfs, with dauntless daring,
Trenches dug and bulwarks spread,
Ocean's ancient rights impairing,
To be masters in its stead.
See, green fields on fields, and nigh them
Woodland, garden, mead, and town !

But now come, our viands, try them, For the sim will soon be down. Far out there, sre, vessels beating Up to port for night repair, Birdlike to their mest retreating, For there's now a harmour there. Only on the sky-line yonder May a streak of sea be seen; All ways, far as eye can wander, Lies thick-peopled land between.

Scene II. - In the Little Gerden.
The three at table.
BAUCIS (to the strenger).
Silent still? And not a grain here Yet has crossed your lips?

## PHILEMON.

Od's life!
Of our marvels more he'd fain hear: You like talking; tell him, wife.

## BAUCIS.

Marvels! Ay! If ever any ;
Even yet they make me grew; For in manner quite uncanny The whole thing was carried through.

## fihlemor.

Can the Emperor he to blame? It
Was himself gave up the shore.
Did a herald not proclaim it, Trumpeting, as he passed our door ?

On our downs hard by their footing
First was planted. There were seen Bothies, tents. But soon, upshooting, Rose a palace 'midst the green.

## BAUCIS.

Vain all day their hacking, tearing, Pick and shovel, stroke on stroke! Where night-long great fires were flaring, Stood a bank when morning broke. Human victims surely bled there Through the dark their cries were borne; Flashing fires to seaward sped there, 'Twas a great canal by morn.
He is godless, he has set his Heart upon our cot, our wood. A fine neighbour he, who'll get his Will, and will not be withstood!

## PHILEMON.

Still he made a fairish tender, A snug farm on his new land!

## BAUCIS.

Never your own knoll surrender! Trust not what was sea and sand.

## Phillemon.

To the chapel, on the dying Rays of sunset there to gaze! Let us ring, kneel, pray, relying On the God of ancient days!

Sceve: ill. - Pulace.
Spacious ornementel y"riten - withe, streight cenal.
Faust (in eatreme old "ye, wrlliing "uld medituting).

Sinks the sun, the ships are nearing
Port before the night shall fall,
And a stately hark is steering
Hither up the great camal.
Her gay pemoms highty flutter;
On her stout masts swell the sails;
Blessings on thee seamen muther;
Thee The Blest high fortum hails.
[The chupel bell on the dunes rings

EACsT.
Accursèd bell! Its tinkle wounds me, Like caitiff shot from hand unkind. Unbounded is my realm before me, Vexation stings me from behind. It minds me, by its hateful pealing, My happiness is mixed with pine: The clump of limes, the dusky shieling, The crumbling chapel are not mine. If there I wished an hour of leisure, Shades not my own woukd hlight the day, They would be thoms to dash my pleasure. Oh, would that I were far away :

$$
\text { warder ( } 1,4 \text { alure }) \text {. }
$$

How bithely dons the salley gray
Before the iresh breze chate its way!

How on it bears a towering hoard
Of sacks, chests, coffers, piled aboard!
[A splendid galley, richly and showily laden with products of foreign countries.

Mephistopheles. The Three Mighty Companions.

## CHORUS.

Back already, land we here!
All hail, master, patron dear!
[They disembark; the goods are brought ashore.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Well have we shown what we could do Content, if we are praised by you: With but two ships we went away, Now twenty have in port to-day. By the rich cargo we have brought, Behold, what great things we have wrought! Free ocean sets the spirit free; We make our own whate'er we see; What's needed there's a hasty grip One grabs a fish, one grabs a ship. Once we have three of these in store, We never rest till we have four ; Then is the fifth in evil plight. Who has the power, he has the right; The What's the question, not the how. At seaman's craft I am not clever : Trade, commerce, piracy, are now A Trinity, to be sundered never.
the three lusty companions.
No thank, or welcome! no welcome, or thank!
As if the things we have brought him stank!

Quite out of hmonour he looks, and grim;
This royal bouty delights not him.

MEPHASTOPMELES.
Expect no further reward; for you Already have taken what was your due.

## the companions.

You're only jesting? Fair is fair ! We all insist on an equal share.

MEPHISTOPHELES.
First range in orter, through hall and hall, The things are richest, one and all.
The dazaling show when he comes to see, And tiuds how precions and rare they be, Be sure, he'll do the handsome thing, And give the fleet high jumketing. To-morrow the Bona Rohas ${ }^{1}$ come:
They shall be well cared for, all and some.
[The corrgo is cerriad away. mephistopheles (to facst).
With gloomy looks and brow anstere
You of your high good fortume hear.
Success has on your wistom smiled -
Ocean and shore are recomeiled;
And from the shore the ocean sweeps Your ships, and speeds them reer its deeps.
Then speak, and from your palace here
${ }^{1}$ By "Die bunten Vöcel" of the original, "birls of gay plumage," Goethe seems to mean the Doll Tearsheets of the neighbouring port.

Your arm clasps either hemisphere.
From this spot dated all the good -
'Twas here the first log-cabin stood:
A tiny trench was cut - no more -
Where plashes now the busy oar.
Your people's toil, your master-brain,
Have wrung this prize from land and main.
From here too -

## FAUST.

That accursèd here!
'Tis this which makes my heart so sick. I needs must whisper in your ear, It gnaws me, stings me to the quick; The thought I can nor bear nor crush, Yet must at the avowal blush The old folks must turn out up there. I want that lime-grove for a site; These few trees, not my own, they quite The charm of all I owu impair. There, far and wide around to gaze, From bough to bough I'd scaffolds raise, Whence should be opened to the view All that I've done, broad vistas through, And at a glance might be surveyed The master-work man's soul has made, Winning, by well-concerted plan, A wide and fertile home for man. So we are kept upon the rack 'Midst riches feeling what we lack. The tinkling bell, the limes' perfume, Haunt me like crypt's or church's gloom. The will, with which no mortal copes, Is broken on these sandy slopes!
How of the thought to be beguiled?
There goes the bell, and I am wild!

## MEPHISTOPHELES

Of course, a great chagin like this Is gall and wormword in your bliss. Who but will own, this clink-clank must Fill every fine ear with dingust; And this curst ding-lomethell, that shrouds The cheerfnl evening sky with clonds, Mingles with each event and mond Down to the grave from balighoul, Till life 'wist dimg and dong duth seem
The chaos of a faded drean.
FAlST.

Marred at its height is our suceess, By merely wilful stahnormess, So that in angry, deep dicgust, One tires at last of being just.

MEPHISTOJHELES.
Why fret? Have yon this many a year Not worked at colonising here?

## FaUsT.

Go then - away the old folks clear!
The pretty little farm you know I picked out for them long ago.

## MEPIISTOPIIELES.

We'll bear them off, and plant them there
Quite snug, or ever theyre aware:
A pretty home, at any tate.
For usage rough will compurnate.
["'histles shrill!!: cute, Tue Turef.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Come on! your lord's behests complete, And he'll to-morrow feast the fleet.

## THE THREE.

He gave us scurvy welcome. Least He owes us is a rattling feast.

MEPHISTOPHELES (ad spectatores).
Here, too, befalls what long ago befell; For we've a Naboth's vineyard here as well.

## Deep Night.

LYNCEUS (sings on the watch-tower).
For my keen vision noted, Set to watch day and night, To my tower devoted, The world's my delight.
I scan the far forces, I mark what is near, Moon, stars in their courses, The woodlands, the deer. Thus a charm never-failing I see all around, And I am glad, hailing The joy I have found. O happy eyes, never Uublest ; for whate'er Ye have looked on, wherever It met ye, was fair.

Not for my enjoyment merely Am I stationed here so high ;

From the dark what horror drearly Breaks with menace on mine eye? Fire-flakes shouting up, I scan them Through the lindens' twofold night; Fiercelier, as the wind-gusts fan them, Rage the flames, and tlash more bright. Ah, the cot's on fire, unheeded, Damp it was and moss-o'ergrown ; Sorely swiftest help is needed, Help or suecour there is none. Ah, the good old man and mother ! Erst so careful they of fire, They will perish in the smother Perish, oh, disaster dire! All aglow within the lonely Dark hut! Flames around it swell! Oh, if these good souls might only 'Scape from out yon blazing hell: Tongues of flame shoot up and tlicker 'Twixt the leaves and branches green, Withered boughs, consuming quicker, Blaze awhile, then fall between. Eyes, shall you see this? Ah, me! Must I so far-sighted be?
Crushed by falling branches, crashes Down the chapel to the ground ;
The steeple now with forked flashes, Coiling serpent-like, is crowned.
Down to their roots the tree-trunks blighted Glow red in the fiery hast! [Lony pause. Song. What erewhile the eye delighted Hence hath with the ages passed.
faust (on the balcony, facing the dunes).
Aloft there what a cry of wailing !
Words and moans are now too late ;

The warder grieves: though unavailing, My grief for this rash act is great. But though the linden-grove, ablaze there, Lie all in ruin charred and black, A stately tower I'll quickly raise there, To look from far as eye can track. There, too, I see the new home folding
Within its walls the aged pair, Who, gratefully my care beholding, Shall end their days in comfort there.

## mephistopheles and the three below.

We've come as fast as we could hie!
Your pardon! Things have gone awry.
We knocked and kicked, and kicked and knocked,

- And still the door they kept it locked.

We knocked and knocked, we shook it well, And then the rotten fabric fell.
We shouted, threatened, loud and clear, But could not make the people hear.
And, as folks do in such a mood, Hear us they neither did nor would ;
But we, remembering what you said, Soon turned the old souls out of bed.
They made the business easy quite, -
Down dead they fell, of simple fright.
A stranger whom they had aboard,
And who showed fight, was quickly floored.
In the short scrimmage - it fell out -
From cinders, that got strewn about, The thatch caught fire. 'Tis blazing free, A funeral-pyre for all the three.

## FAUST.

No ear to my commands you lent!
Not plunder, but exchange, I meant.

This brutal outrage, mad and worse, I curse it! Hence: and 'mong you share my curse !

## CHORES.

The ancient saw, we have it here:
To might give still a ready ear : If bold, and reckless what befall, Risk house and home, yourself - and all! [Exeunt.

## FAUST.

The stars conceal their sheen and glow, The fire begins to sinoulder low;
A chilly breeze upon its wings
To me the smoke and smother brings.
Rash hest, too recklessly obeyed:
What there comes hovering like some spectral shade?
[Draws back.

## Enter Four Gray Women.

FIRST.
My name, it is Want.
SECOND.
And mine, it is Blame.

THIRD.

## Mine, Care!

## FOURTH.

Necessity, that is my name.

> THREE (speaking together).

The door it is bolted, we cammet go in ;
A rich man dwells there, and we may not within.

WANT.
I fade to a shade there.
BLAME.
There I cease to be.

## NECESSITY.

There the eye is too dainty to look upon me.

## CARE.

Ye sisters, ye neither can enter, nor dare ; But the keyhole's a portal sufficient for Care. [Care disappears
WANT.
Gray sisters, away! Here no more may we bide.

BLAME.
Where you go, there I go, and stick by your side.
necessity.
On your heels I will follow, Necessity saith.
the three.
The clouds they roll up, disappears star on star. Behind there, behind! From afar, from afar! He is coming, our brother is coming - Death !

## FAUST (within the palace).

I saw four come, and only three go hence.
Some words I heard, but could not catch the sense. Necessity, said one, with muttered breath, And then there came a rhyme ill-omened - Death : A dull dead sound, of ghostly note, methought. Not yet have I my way to freedom fought!

Could I sweep magic from my path, forego
The spells of sorcery one and all, and grow A man unwarped by creed or care or wile, Then, then, to be a man were worth the while! Such was I once, ere I my sturlies fed With the dark lore of arts inhibited Ere my chagrin in impious frenzy burst, And mine own self and all the world I curst. So now the very air do phautasms fill, That how to 'seape them passes motal skill. Yea, if for us one day hath cheering gleams, Night wilders us with spirit-haunted dreams. The fresh green fields have made our $1^{\text {mulses }}$ dance; Then croaks a bird: what does it croak!- Mischance! Clasped soon aud late in Superstition's arms, It will be heard, it haunts us, it alarms:
And so we stand alone, scared, trembling, dumb.
I heard the door creak; in has ner ne rome. [Shukirn with apprehension.
Is some one here?
Care.
So asked, I say, There is !

FAUST.
Who, then, art thou?
Care.
Enough that here I be!

FAUST.
Go, get thee hence!
CARE.
My proper place is this.

FAUST (at first incènsed, then softening down). Take heed, Faust. Use no spell of wizardrie !

## CARE.

Though the ear may hear me not, Fear is in the heart begot.
In for ever changing guise
Cruel power I exercise;
On the ocean, on the shore, Sad companion evermore ; Always found, and sought for never, Cursed, cajoled, and flattered ever! Care hast thou, then, never known?

## FAUST.

I've galloped merely through the world, I own. Each pleasure by the hair I'd seize, Cast off whatever failed to please, What 'scaped me let unheeded go. First craving, then achieving, then Longing for something new again; And stoutly on through life went storming so, Grandly at first, and foremost in the race, But sagely now, and at a sober pace. Of nan and earth I know enough; what lies Beyond is barricaded 'gainst our eyes. Fool, who with blinking gaze out yonder peers, And dreams of kindred souls in upper spheres! Let him stand firm, and look around him here. Not dumb this world to him that bears a brain: Why through eternity should he career ? What things he knows will in his grasp remain. So let him roam on through his earthly day; Though spirits gibber, calmly hold his way; And longing still, and still unsatisfied, Accept his fate, let joy or grief betide.

CARE.
Him I in my gripe have got All the world availeth not. Gloom upon him ever lies. Suns set not for him, nor rise. Sound in outward sense, and hale, Darknesses within prevail. Riches fineless may be his, Yet he ne'er their master is. Whim to him are good and ill; He 'mid plenty hungers still. Be it joy or be it sorrow, Off he puts it till to-morrow, All intent on what's to be, Evermore unready he.

FAUST.
Have done! This is for thee no place. Nor me to listen to such trash befits. Away! That litany so vile, so lase, Might rob the very sagest of his wits.

## CARE.

Shall he go? Or shall he come?
Doubt doth his resolve benumb;
On a beaten road, and straight, He will pause and hesitate;
Lose himself more deeply, view
All things more and more askew.
Burden to himself and others,
Breath he breathes, yet breathing smothers,
Lifeless, though of living kind,
Not despairing, not resigned.
Such an all-adrift career, -
Sad dejection, helpless fear,

Now exulting, now depressed, Poor enjoyment, broken rest, Chains him to the spot that bears him, And in time for hell prepares him.

## FAUST.

O phantoms evil-starred! 'Tis thus you hurt Man, whensoe'er ye hold him in your fangs; Even days that might be happy ye pervert Into a tangle of avoidless pangs.
'Tis hard, I know, from demons to get free;
The strong leash spirits weave few hands may sever;
Yet, mighty and insidious though it be, Thy power, O Care, I will acknowledge never.

## CARE.

Then feel it now! I leave behind My curse on you, as swift away I wend. Through their whole lives the race of man is blind; You, Faust, be blind, now your life nears its end! [She breathes upon him.

## FAUST (blinded).

Night seems to close in deeper - deepening still;
But all within is radiantly bright;
What I have thought I hasten to fulfil ;
The master's bidding, that alone has might.
Up, vassals, from your lairs! Give me to scan The glad fulfilment of my daring plan.
Up! to your tools! Ply shovel, pick, and spade! Straight must the work be done, so long delayed. Stern discipline, and toil intense, Shall have the amplest recompense. One mind to guide a thousand hands, And perfected the work, my noblest, stands !

Scene IV. - Great Fore-couit of the Palace. Torches.
mephistopheles (as ocersefor, leading the way).
This way, this way: Come in, you
Lemures, stumbling, hobbled, -
Abortions, out of sinew,
Bone, and tendon cobbled!

> LEMURES (in chorus).

Here we are at your command!
We've half heard why we came - it
Is all about a stretch of land,
And we are to reclaim it.
Sharp-pointed stakes, long chains withal,
To measure with, we've brought in.
On us why you were pleased to call -
That we have clean forgotten.

## MEPMISTOPHELES.

The work here needs no artist-tonches nice;
To measure from yourselves will quite suffice.
Let him that's tallest lie mpon the ground, And then you others pile the turf all round.
As for our sires they did, prepare
A sunken pit oblong and square.
Out of the palace to the narrow home -
Such is the sorry end to which they all must come

Lemures (digging with slifish gestures).
In youth when I did live, did love, Methought 'twas very sweet:
Where mirth was frees, and jollity, That place for me was meet.

But age with stealing steps
Hath clawed me with his crutch.
A grave, its door I stumbled o'er;
Why leave they open such?

FAUST (comes out of the paluce, groping by the doorposts)
The clink of spades! What rapture in the sound! Hark! multitudes at work to do my bidding, The soil of what disturbs it ridding, Imposing on the waves a bound, And drawing a strong curb the sea around!

## mephistormeles (aside).

Yet all your labour's spent for us alone. With your fine dams and bulwarks vast, You're but preparing a superb repast For Neptune, the sea-fiend, to feast upon. You're trumped and done for every way, Into our hands the elements play, Destruction onward is striding fast.

## FAUST.

Inspector!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

## Here !

FAUST.
Howe'er, where'er you may, Get labourers, heaps on heaps. Excite By threats, cajoling, extra pay, And extra cheer, to work with all their might. Each day I'd have the tidings brought me, how The trench is getting on, they're digging now.

## MEPHISTOPHELES (half aloud).

Their talk to me, it is as if they gave, Not tidings of a trench, but of - a grave.

## FAUST.

The marsh, that spreads hence to the mountain's base,
Empoisons all the land already gained;
But drain the noisome swamp off from the place, My last, my highest aim were then attained.
Though not quite safe, still there would be broad lands, Free for the tillage of a million hands :
Fields green and fertile; men and cattle both
Would to the virgin soil draw, mothing loath, Hedging themselves betimes by dike and mound, Which their bold busy hands will pile around. Within, a very paradise ; outside, Howe'er may rage the angry baftled tide, Striving to sap, to force an entrance, each And all rush swiftly to close up the breach.
Yes! This one thought absorlos me wholly - rife With wisdom's final lesson, and most true ;
He only merits freedom, merits life,
Who daily has to conquer them anew.
So, girt by danger, shall youth, manhood, age,
Pass kindly here their busy pilgrimage.
Such swarming multitudes I fain would see,
Free people standing on a soil as free;
Then to the passing moment might I say,
"Oh, linger yet, thou art so fair!
So may the traces of my earthly day
Not with the ages fade away in air!"
In the foretaste of such high bliss, I seem
Even now to enjoy that monent all supreme.
[FaUST sinks back; the Lemures seize him and lay him upon the groumd.

## MEPHISTOPIELES.

Him does no pleasure sate, nor gain content! From change to change his fancy ever went. The last vile empty moment fain Would he, poor creature, as it flies, retain. He , who defied me with so high a hand, Time masters him - there lies he on the sand. The clock stands still -

CHORUS.
Stands still! Hushed as midnight.
The index falls.
MEPHISTOPHELES.
It falls; 'tis finished quite!
chorus.
'Tis past!
MEPHISTOPHELES.
Pshaw! Past? A stupid phrase! Why past?
Past and pure nothingness are one at last!
What boots this evermore creating, when
Things all sweep into nothingness again?
"There! Now 'tis past!" From this what can we glean?
'Tis all the same as though it ne'er had been; Yet round and round it goes, as though it were. Eternal Void I, for my part, prefer.

## Burial.

LEMUR (solo).
Who has with shovel and with spade
Built up the house so vilely?

## CHORCS OF LEMLRES.

For thee, sad guest, in hempen vest,
'Tis finished much too highly.

LEMCR (solo).
Who has so badly furnished it?
Chairs, tables, where are any?

Chorus of lemulies.
'Tis snug and strong, not let for long,
The claimants are so many.

MEPHISTOPIIELES.
The body's down, and if the spirit would Only come out, I very quickly should Show it my blood-writ bond ; but nowadays Men have, alas, so very many ways
Of getting souls out of the devil's cluteh !
The old way out of date has grown,
The new we do not fancy much Else had I managed all alone.
To help from others I must now resort.
We're altogether in a sorry plight.
Long well-established usage, ancient right, Who can rely on them, or who, in short, Trust anything to be what once it was ? Once with the latest breath out came the soul: Like cat on mouse emerging from its hole, Snap! and I had it fast within my claws !
Now it hangs back, and is averse to quit The loathsome corpse, that foully harbours it ; The elements, that hate each other, send It ignominiously packing in the end. For days and hours, perplex me how I will,
" When ?" "How ?" and "Where ?" is the sad question still.
Old Death has lost his power so swift and stout, The " Whether " even hangs tediously in doubt. Ofttimes on rigid limbs I've gloated, then Found 'twas all sham: they moved, got up again.
[Fantastic gestures of conjuration.
Hither away! Faster than e'er you flew,
Lords of the straight, lords of the crooked horn, Chips of the old block, devils bred and born, Aud bring the jaws of hell along with you!
Hell has jaws manifold, that gape to suit your
Different shades of dignity and rank:
But people, too, in this their final prank, Will not be so particular in future.
[The ghastly jaws of Hell open on the left. The corner teeth gape wide; from the abyss
The raging stream of fire leaps forward, and I see, Through whirling smoke and flames, that roar and hiss, The City of Fire, where flames eternal be.
Up to the very teeth the blazing eddies play:
The damned swim up in hope to 'scape their doom;
But the Hyena crunches them, and they,
Howling in pain, their fiery path resume.
Much more is left to spy in corners there;
In compass small such agony supreme!
Nought could serve better sinful folk to scare;
But they regard it all as lies, and fraud, and dream.
[To the stout devils, with short straight horns.
You of the fiery cheeks, you all aglow,
Full fed on brimstone, fat and broad of beam!
Short, clumsy, stiff-necked, watch you here below
If anything like phosphorus shall gleam.
That is the soul, Psyche with wings; these steal,
'Tis then a loathsome worm, and nothing more.
The moment I have stamped it with my seal, Off with it to where hell's fires whirl and roar!

The nether regions be your care, Ye paunches! Duty hids yom to.
If the soul had its favourite lodwing there,
With certainty one camm know.
Within the navel it delights to dwell:
'Twill give you thence the slip. So wathel that well :
[To the lean decils, with louty crovked horns.
You giants, eapering round with limbs ilisjointed,
Strike out into the air, no pause, hat shatch;
Your arms outstretched, your talons sharply pointed,
That you the flighty, fluttering thing may catch!
It finds, no doubt, its ancient home a bores,
And the first wish of genius is to some
[Glory from abow on the right. Hearenly host.

ChORCS OF ANiffs.
Kin to the blest above, Envoys of heavenly love, Onwards still follow, Bearing in trust Pardon to simers, Life to the clust: With slow-heating wings, As along ye are spen, On all living things Beaign intlucnce shed!

## MEPMISTOPIELES.

I hear discordant somds, a hideous noise,
Come with the unwelcone radiance from above;
A mawkish chant it is of girls and boys,
Such as your canting tricksters dearly love.
You know how we, by curses agonisel.
Plotted destruction to the human race:
The most disgraceful things that we devised
Seem to their pious souls mot out of place.

They come, a sueaking, hypocritic set, -
So have they snatched from us full many a prize:
With our own arms they fight us; for what yet
Are they, but devils clothed in masking guise?
Lose here, and you're eternally digraced.
To the grave! Cling to its margin! Haste ye, haste !

> Chorus of angels (scattcring roses).
> Roses that dazzle so, Balm-breathing, living, Fluttering to and fro, Inly life giving, Floating on leafy wing, Blossoms half opening, Hasten to blow! Scatter around you Spring, Verdure and glow, Paradise bring To the sleeper below!

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

Why do you duck and shrink? Is that hell's wont? Stand fast, and let them scatter as they may! Each to his place! Fools, show a steady front They think, forsooth, with such flower-rubbish they Can fiery fiends as with snowflakes o'erlay! Before your breath 'twill shrivel, melt away. Blow then, ye blowers! Gently, gently there! The whole troop blench before your scorching air. Not quite so strong! Shut mouth and nostrils to. You've blown a deal too fiercely. Pest, that you To hit the due proportion never learn! You more than shrivel - you scorch, you wither, burn. They flutter down with poisonous, piercing flame; Stand close, and meet them fearlessly! Oh, shame!
What! Quailing still? All courage gone and spent! A strange, bewitching glow the devils scent.

## CHORIS OF ANGELS.

Flowers, blest and beantiful, Flames, gladsomm, bight, On hearts that are dutiful Shed pure delight, Love every way. Words with pure truth that ring, Clear as heavens opening, To hosts immortal bring Everywhere day.

## MEPHISTOIIELES.

Curse on these idiots, ill-bestead!
The Satans turn heels over head!
Round, round like wheels they spin, the paunchy brutes, And plunge tail-foremost intil hell again.
I hope you'll find your well-earned hot bath suits;
But I will here, here at my Inst remain.
[Striking aside the rosis's thent horer around him.
Off, Jack o' Lanterns! l'ugh: For all your flash, Grasped, and what are you but mere loathome squash? What! flickering still? Begone with you! They cling
About my neck - like pitch and brimstone sting.

> CHORU'S OF ANGELS.

What with your nature wars, You must alijure it ; What on your spirit jars, Do not endure it : If it will force its way, Front it we must and may; Only the loving love
Heavenward can sway.

## MEPHISTOPHELES.

I burn all over, head, heart, liver, bone!
A hyperdiabolic element: They are
More piercing than the fires of hell by far!
Ha! now I see why ye make such wild moan,
Ye hapless lovers! who, though sweethearts spurn,
To look at them your necks can't choose but turn.
Why to that side is even my head bowed ?
I, that to deadly strife with them am vowed!
Time was, to see them set me on the rack.
What strange thing's this has pierced me through and through ?
These dear young things are charning to the view;
Why can I curse them not? What holds me back?
And if I let them o'er me mastery get,
Who theu henceforward may be called the fool?
The pretty rascals, I detest them, yet
They strike me as by much too beautiful;
Fair children, pray inform me, are you not
Of the great race of Lucifer begot?
You are so pretty, fain I'd kiss you; you,
Methinks, appear at the right moment, too.
It is so nice, so natural, as though
I'd met with you a thousand times before.
You set one's concupiscence all aglow;
Each time I look, you charm me more and more.
Come nearer! Oh, vouchsafe me but one glance!
CHORUS OF ANGELS.
Behold us! Why recoil as we advance?
We still advance; if stay thou canst, then stay !
[The angels drawing around occupy the whole space.
mephistopheles (who is thrust into the proscenium).
You rail at us as spirits damned, and you
Are of sheer wizardrie the masters true;

For you lead man and wommkind astray.
How cursed this adventure is !
Love's element, can it be this ?
A raging fire tills all my frame;
Scarce on my neck I feel the scorching flame.
You hover to and fro ; come down, and sway
Your gracions limhs in somewhat worldlier way.
It suits you well, I grant, that earnest style,
Yet fain I'd see you hat one moment smile ;
That were for me beyond all utterance sweet:
A smile, I mean, like that when lovers meet.
A slight turn of the mouth - the thing is dune.
You there, tall, shapely lad, I like the best:
Tis wrong to clothe you in a priestly vest.
Give me one loving glance, one, only one:
A scantier robe, too, were more seemly, kind;
These sweeping folds too decent are by far.
They turn about! To view them from behind -
They're quite too toothsome, the young rogues, they are!
CHORUS OF ANGELS.
Ye loving flames, quicken More clearly and caln, To souls remorse-stricken Let truth bring a baln: So themselves from the thrall Of the ill they may wrest, Thenceforth in the All-in-all Merge and be blest:
mepiistopieles (pulling himself together).
How is't with me? Like Job, from head to heels, All boils, a horror to one's self; but yet Triumphant, when one probes himself, and feels Reliance on himself and on his race.
Che noble devil-parts all keep their place;
Tis but skin-deep this lickerish fuss and fret;

Those plaguey flames already are burnt out, And now I curse ye all, right round about!

## CHORUS OF ANGELS.

The man o'er whom You, holy flames, brood, Is purged from death's gloom, Lives blest with the good. In unison blending, Sing, upwards ascending ; The air, it is purified, Spirit, breathe free!
[They ascend, bearing away with them the immortal part of Faust.

MEPHISTOPHELES (looking around).
But how is this? Where have they gone? Ye milksop chits, you have outwitted me! Away to heaven they've with their booty flown; That's why they nibbled at this grave, I see! Great and unique the prize they have withdrawn Out of my very fingers. The high soul, That by its own free act I held in pawn, They've filched away, clean out of my control. And now to whom shall I complain? Who, who Will vindicate for me my well-earned right? In your old days you've been bamboozled; you Have well deserved your present direful plight. I've bungled quite discreditably, - great Outlay have lost, and shamefully withal ; Let vulgar lust, a silly amorous heat, The devil's tough well-seasoned self enthral. If after all that he has seen and known, He lets such childish stuff his wits benumb, Not small the folly is, I needs must own, That to such weakness could at last succumb.

Scene V.-Mountain Iefiles, Forest, Rock, Wilderness.

Holy Anchorites.
(Dispersed along the slopes, stationed umong the clefts).
ChORUS ANI ECHO.
Forests are waving here, Rocks beetle vast and sheer, Roots to the ground are braced, Stem thick with stem enlaced; Brooks leap and sparkle clear, Sheltering caves darkle near; Harmlessly gliding round, Dumb lions roam, Honour the hallowed ground, Love's blessèd home.

## Pater ecstatices (hovering up and down).

Joy evermore burning,
Love's fiery yearning,
Heart-anguish glowing,
God's bliss o'erflowing.
Arrows, pierce throngh me, Lances, subdue me, Clubs, crush, confonnd me, Lightnings, flash round me! Kill every trace in me Of what is base in me:
Shine, star, evermore, Eternal love's cure :

Pater rhofundes (lorer region).
As the rock chasm here at my feet
Rests all its weight on you deep chasm beneath;

As countless sparkling rills together meet, Ere in the torrent's fall they foam and seethe ; As the tree-stem shoots evermore above, High and more high by its own inward strain, Such and so worketh the Almighty Love, That mouldeth all things, and doth all sustain. Around me here is a tumultuous roaring, As though the wood and precipices shook; And yet 'tis only the delightsome pouring, Down the steep cleft, of the abounding brook, Will fertilise anon the valley near.
The lightning, which spread wreck and death before, Does it not serve to purge the atmosphere, That vapour in its breast and poison bore? Envoys of love are these; and they proclaim What, evermore creating, girds us round. Oh, may't in me, too, light a holy flame, When my chilled soul, in chains of anguish bound, Perplexed with thronging doubts, and ill at ease, Is tossing to and fro, and sunk in gloom!
O God, my torturing thoughts appease, My hungering heart illume!

## pater seraifileus (middle region).

Through the pine-trees' waving tresses, Lo, a dawn-cloud onward rolls! And within it, such my guess, is Borne a choir of infant souls.

## CIIORUS OF BLESSED BOYS.

Tell us whither we are going Father, tell us, who are we ? Happy are we; ; bliss o'erflowing To us all it is, To Be.

## PATER SLRAPHICCS.

Boys, at dead of midnight horn, Soul and seuse but half awake, Straightway from your prarents torn, Rauk with angel hosts to take! Come, draw near: obey your feeling:
One is here whose love is true.
Happy ye! no trace revealing
Of earth's rugged ways in you.
Drop into my eyes, an mqan
Fit for man and earthly sphere;
Use them as your uwn, tw saze on
All that lies aromul us here:
[He thlies thrm into himself. ${ }^{1}$
These are trees; these, rocky ridges;
This a river, that its ste+ p '
Down-rush to the chasm ahidges
By one mighty arching leap.

> blessed bors (from within).
'Tis all grand, but sad it makes us -
'Tis too sombre, too immense;
With uneasy dread it shakes us, -
Father, father, take us hence:

## PATER SERAPHICES.

Mount to higher spheres supernal, Ever, all unconscious, grow;

[^2]By God's influence eternal, Through His presence, strengthened so! For, sublimed there, reigns the healing Power, that feeds the spirit's mood; Everlasting love's revealing, Quickening pare beatitude.

ChORUS OF BLESSED BOYS (eircling round the top-most pcak).
Hands intertwine in
A circling ring, Feelings divine in Gladsomeness sing ! God teaches you; hear Him, Trust in His grace: You, who revere Him, Shall look on His face!

ANGELS (hovering in the higher sphere, bearing the immortal part of FAUST).
Rescued from the Evil One
Is our brother's soul here ; Who hath nobly wrestled, run, Him can we enrol here. And if 'twas love divine's behest That sin should not defeat him, Then will the spirits of the blest With cordial welcome greet him.

THE YOUNGER ANGELS.
Roses that from hands were sent, Loving - holy - penitent, Helped us to inflict defeat, And our lofty task complete, Rescuing this precious soul From the Evil One's control.

As we strewed them on their head, Demons shrank and devils fled.
Not the wonted pangs of hell, But love's anguish on them fell. Even the Arch-Fiend with pain Quivered, pierced through every vein. Shout aloud throngh all the sky: We have trimmphed: Victory:

## the more adyanced angels.

Alas! still with earthly taint
Is he encumbered, Not yet with the pure, a saint, May he be numbered.
When spirit-force strong Hath the earthly attracted, And this with itself has Inwoven and compacted, No angels can part what Is twofold, yet one, By Love Everlasting This alone may be done.

## THE YOUNGER ANGELS.

Round yonder peak on high, Mist-like and trailing, Spirits of good I spy
Hitherward sailing.
Now clears the cloud away;
I see a bright array
Circling and soaring,
Boys, blessed boys they be,
Set from earth's burden free,
Rapt and adoring;
Drinking in quickened life

From all the beauty rife, Fresh to their gaze unfurled, Here in the upper world. Let him, where they begin Perfected bliss to win, Be mated with them!

THE BLESSED BOYS.
Him we are fain to Receive as a chrysalis; Thus we attain to The pledge of angelic bliss. Loosen the films of earth He is still heir to ; E'en now in his second birth He is great, - fair too!
doctor marianus (in the highest, purest cell).
Here the outlook is free, The spirit aspiring ! Women I yonder see Floating up, quiring. Mirmost, in wondrous sheen, Star-crowned and beaming, Lo! there is Heaven's queen, Gloriously gleaming !
[Enraptured.
Ruler of sky and earth below,
In Thy azure vaulted,
Unto me vouchsafe to show
Thy mystery exalted!
Bless all that in man's heart hath fired
Emotions gentler, dearer,
And, with a saintly love inspired,
To Thee still draws it nearer !

If Thy behests inspire our will, What then may daunt or curb it?
But if Thou bididest us be still, Our calm, what may disturb it?
Virgin pure from suat or taint, Mother, holy, cender,
Queen, elect of ns, and saint, Throned with (iond in splendour!

Light clomillets free Aroum her are bent ; Women they he, That have simed and repent Simed in their weakness

Of nature too tender, Now in all meekness Kneeling to render Lowly contrition, Imploring remission Of sins from her grace.
To thee, whom passion could not touch, Still, still it hath been granted, That those who fall, throngh loving much, May come with trust undaunted.
'Tis hard from ruin to defend
Them, so their weakness blindeth;
And who by his own strength may rend
The fetters passion bindeth:
How on smooth slippery slope the feet
Slide swift to their undoing!
Whom fool not words and glances sweet,
And flattery's subtle woom?
Mater Glohiosa comes thouting forward.
chores of rereatayt womes.
Upwarl thou'rt soming
To regiuns eternal;

Hear our imploring, Thou, peerless, supernal, Thou rich to o'erflowing

In pardoning grace!
magna peccatrix (St. Luke vii. 36-50).
By the love, that bent in weeping O'er thy Son, divinely born, His feet with balmy teardrops steeping, Spite of Pharisaic scorn;
By the box, that dropped profusely
Ointment precious, odour fine ;
By the tresses clustering loosely,
That did wipe the limbs divine!
mulier samaritaya (St. John iv. 4-42).
By the spring, whereto in dim
Far ages Abraham's flocks were led; By the pitcher's cooling rim,

That touched His lips, the Saviour dread;
By the clear, full source that now
Wells out there in stream abundant, Through the universe to flow,

Ever sparkling and redundant!
marla egyptiaca.
By that hallowed spot and dear, Where was laid the Lord Immortal ;
By the arm in warning clear
Raised, that thrust me from its portal ;
By the forty years I passed,
In deserts lone, of true repentance; By what on the sand at last

I traced, a blessed farewell sentence! ${ }^{1}$

[^3]THE TIIREE.
Thou, who from the greatly simning
Never dost avert Thy face,
Still for their repentance wimning
An eternal resting-place,
To her, who only once forgot
Herself, vonchsafe Thy hessing -
To her, who fell, yet weeted not
Wherein she was transgressing:
una penitenticm (formerly culled gretchen).
Incline, incline,
Thou peerless one, bright
With effulgence of light,
Unto my bliss thy glance benign!
My early love, my lover,
All trial, struggle over,
Returus to me - is mine!
THE BLESSED BOYs (circling round and drawing noar).
Already us far above
Towers he in might;
Richly our fost'ring love
Will he requite.
From life were we brought, ere Its lessons could reach us;
But he hath been taught there, And he will teach us.
who, after seventeen years of rice, made a pilgrimage to bermsalem. On approaching the door of the Holy sepulehre an inwisible arm thrust her away. Weeping, overcome with the suden sense of her unworthiness, she payed to the Virgin, and was then lifted as by hands and borne into the Temple, and a wore said to her: 'Go beyond the Jordan, and thom wilt find forere. She went into the desert, where she lived alone forty-etight years, only visited by a monk, who brumbt her the last Sacranent. and for whom, when she died, she left a message written upon the sand." - Bayard Taylor's Translution of $\cdots$ Faust ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ vol. ii. p. 461.

## UNA PENITENTIUM.

In rapt amazement he is lost,
While round the choir celestial shineth;
He grows so like the heavenly host,
That his fresh life he scarce divineth.
Lo, every bond of earth hath he
Off with its whilom vesture flung, And, in celestial panoply

Arrayed, comes stately forth and young! Vouchsafe, I may his teacher be Still dazzles him the unwonted light.

## MATER GLORIOSA.

Come! Mount to higher spheres! and he Will follow, holding thee in sight.
doctor marianus (prostrate on his faee in prayer).
Touched hearts, that true repentance know, Gaze on those pitying eyes,
And, ever grateful, ever grow More meet for Paradise!
May every better thought serene Be to thy service given!
Oh, bless us, Virgin, Mother, Queen, Omnipotent in heaven!

## Chorus mysticus.

All in earth's fleeting state
As symbol is still meant; Here the inadequate Grows to fulfilment; Here is wrought the inscrutable, To silence that awes us;

> Love eternal, immutable, On, ever on, draws us. ${ }^{1}$
${ }^{1}$ Goethe would have saved a world of futile conjecture had it occurred to him to explain to his friend Eekerman, amony the many things in this work which he didexplain, what is meant by the two concluding lines -

> Das Ewig-Weibliche
> Zieht uns hinan.

Mr. Bayard Taylor says: "I can timd no Euglish equivalent for Ewig-Weibliche except 'woman-soul,' wheh will express very nearly the same idea to those who feel the spirit which breathes and burns throughout the scene. Love is the all-uplifting and allredeming power on earth and in heaven ; and to man it is revealed in its most pure and perfect form through woman. Thus, in the trausitory life of earth, it is only a symbol of its divmer being ; the possibilities of love, which earth can never fultil, become realities in the higher life which follows: the spirit. which woman interprets to us here, still draws us upward (as Margaret draws the soul of Faust) there." Aiter all, hoes this mean more than a suggestion, that love, the feminine elempht ( $\cdot$ mot to seak it profanely '') in the Divine Being is ever working through eternity to draw His creatures onward and upward to a higher and purer state of being?

Clavigo

## Introduction to Clavigo

The story on which Clavigo is founded is not only an authentic one, but the circumstances oecurred only ten years before the publication of the phay. They are as follows: Beanmarchais (the well-known French writer) had two sisters living in Madrid, one married to an architect, the other, Marie, engaged to Clavijo, a young author without fortune. No sooner had Clavijo obtained an office which he had long solicited than he refused to fulfil his promise. Beaumarchais hurried to Madrid ; his object was twofold: to save the reputation of his sister, and to put a little speculation of his own on foot. He sought Clavijo, and by his sang-froid and courage extorted from him a written avowal of his contemptible conduct. No sooner is this settled than Clavijo, alarmed at the consequences, solicits a reconciliation with Marie, offering to mary her. Beaumarchais consents, but just as the marriage is about to take place he learns that Clavijo is secretly conspiring against him, accusing him of having extorted the marriage by force. in consequence of which he has procured inn order from the government to expel Beaumarchais from Madrid. Irritated at such villainy, Beaumarchais goes to the ministers, reaches the king, and avenges himself by getting Clavijo dismissed from his post.

This story was published by Beaumarchais under title of a "Mémoire," in the year 1774 ; the circumstances having occurred in 1764 . Goethe once, at a
friendly meeting, read the recently published Mémoire, and in the conversation that ensued promised to produce a play on the subject in the course of the following week. He fulfilled his promise, and it will be seen how closely, with the exception of the tragic dénouement, he adhered to the original story. The real Clavijo subsequently became a man of considerable eminence in Madrid, though Goethe could not have been aware of his existence when he wrote the play. ${ }^{1}$

It belongs to the period just after the composition of "Werther," and is one of the less important of his literary works; but the exceedingly dramatic presentation of the incidents has given it great popularity on the German stage, and helped considerably to establish the fame of the author.
${ }^{1}$ The above details are derived from Mr. G. H. Lewes's "Life of Goethe."

## DRAMATIS PERSONE

## Clayigo.

Carlos, his friend.
Beaumarchals.
Marie Beatmarchate.
Sophe (ifhibeht (hée Peaumarchats).
Gulberit, her husband.
Buenco.
St. George.
The scene is at Madrid.

## Clavigo

## ACT I.

Scene I. - Clayigo's Dwelling.
Enter Clayigo and Carlos.
Clavigo. (rising up from the writing-table) The journal will do a good work, it must charm all women. Tell me, Carlos, do you not think that my weekly periodical is now one of the first in Europe?

Carlos. We Spaniards, at least, have no modern author who unites such great strength of thought, so much florid imagination, with so brilliant and easy a style.

Clavigo. Please don't. I must still be among the people the creator of the good style; people are ready to take all sorts of impressions; I have a reputation among my fellow citizens, their confidence: and, between ourselves, my acquirements extend daily ; my experience widens, and my style becomes ever truer and stronger.

Carlos. Good, Clavigo! Yet, if you will not take it ill, your paper pleased me far better when you yet wrote it at Marie's feet, when the lovely cheerful creature had still an influence over you. I know not how, the whole had a more youthful blooming appearance.

Clavigo. Those were good times, Carlos, which are now gone. I gladly avow to thee, I wrote then with opener heart; and, it is true, she had a large share in the approbation which the public accorded me at the very beginning. But at length, Carlos, one becomes very soon weary of women; and were you not the first to applaud my resolution, when I determined to forsake her?

Carlos. You would have become rusty. Women are far too monotonous. Only, it seems to me, it were again time that you cast about for a new plan, for it is all up when one is so entirely aground.

Clavigo. My plan is the court; there there is no leisure nor holiday. For a stranger, who, without standing, without name, without fortune, came here, have I not already advanced far enough? Here in a court! amid the throng of men, where it is not easy to attract attention? I do so rejoice, when I look on the road I have left behind me. Loved by the first in the kingdom! Honoured for my attainments, my rank! Recorder of the king! Carlos, all that spurs me on! I were nothing if I remained what I am. Forward! forward! There it costs toil and art! One needs all his wits; and the women! the women! one loses far too much time with them.

Carlos. Simpleton, that is your fault. I can never live without women, and they are not in my way at all. Moreover, I do not say so very many fine things to them, I do not amuse myself entire months with sentiment and such like; for I do not at all like to have to do with prudish girls. One has soon said his say with them: afterward, if you have carried on with them for awhile, scarcely have they been warmed up a little, when straightway - the deuce - you are pestered with thoughts of marriage and promises of marriage, which I fear as the plague. You are pensive, Clavigo ?

Clavigo. I camot get rid of the recollection that I jilted, deceived Marie, call it as you will.

Carlos. Wonderfil: It secms to me, however, that one lives only once in this world, has only once this power, these proppects, and he who does not make the most of them, and rise as high as pussible, is a fool.
And to marry! to marry just at the time when life is for the first time about to soar aloft on widespread pinions! to bury one's self in domestic repose, to shut one's self up when one has not traversed the half of his journey - has not yet achieved the half of his conquests! To love her was natural; to promise her marriage was folly, and if you had kept your word it would have been downight madness.

Clavigo. Hold! I do not understand men. I loved her truly, she drew me to her, she held me, and as I sat at her feet I vowed to her - I vowed to myself - that it should ever be so, that I would be hers as soon as I had an office, a position - and now, Carlos!

Carlos. It will be quite time enough when you are a made man, when you have reached the desired goal, if then - to crown and confirm all your happiness - you seek to ally yourself by a prudent marriage with a family of wealth and consequence.

Clavigo. She has vanished! quite nut of my heart vanished, and if her unhappiness does not sometimes remind me - strange that one is so changeable!

Carlos. If one were constant I should wonder. Look, pray, does not everything in the world change? Why should our passions endure? Be tranquil; she is not the first jilted girl, nor the first that has consoled herself. If I were to advise you, there is the young widow over the way -

Clavigo. You know I do not set much store on such proposals. A love affair which does not come of its own accord has no charm for me.

Carlos. So dainty people!
Clavigo. Be it so, and forget not that our chief work at present is, to render ourselves necessary to the new minister. That Whal resigus the government of India is troublesome enough for us. In truth, otherwise it does not disquiet me ; his influence abides - Grimaldi and he are friends, and we know how to talk and manœuvre.

Carlos. And think and dowhat we will.
Clavigo. That is the grand point in the world. (Rings for the servant.) Take this sheet to the print-ing-office.

Carlos. Are you to be seen in the evening?
Clavigo. I do not think so. However, you can inquire.

Carlos. This evening I should like to undertake something which gladdened my heart; all this afternoon I must write again, there is no end of it.

Clavigo. Have patience. If we did not toil for so many persons we would not get the ascendancy over so many.
[Exit.
Scene II. - Guilbert's Dwelling.

## Sophie Guilbert, Marie, and Don Buenco.

Buenco. You have had a bad night?
Sophie. I told her so yesterday evening. She was so foolishly merry and prattled till eleven, then she was overheated, could not sleep, and now again she has no breath and weeps the whole morning.

Marie. Strange that our brother comes not! It is two days past the time.

Sophie. Only have patience, he will not fail us.
Marie. (rising) How anxious I am to see this brother, my avenger and my saviour. I scarcely remember him.

Sophie. Indeed! Oh, I can well picture him to myself; he was a fiery, open, brave boy of thirteen when our father sent us here.

Marie. A noble great soul. You have read the letter which he wrote when he learnt my unhappiness ; each character of it is enshrined in my heart. "If you are guilty," writes he, "expect no forgiveness; over and above your misery the contempt of a brother will fall heavy upon you, and the curse of a father. If you are innocent, oh, then, all vengeance, all, all glowing vengeance on the traitor!" I tremble! He will come. I tremble, not for myself, I stand before Gionl in my innocence! You must, my friends - l know not what I want! O Clavigo!

Sophie. You will not listen! You will kill yourself.
Marie. I will be still. Yes, I will not weep. It seems to me, however, I conld have no more tears. And why tears? I am only sorry that I make my life bitter to you. For when all is said and done, what have I to complain of? I have had much joy as long as our old friend still lived. Clavigo's love has cansed me much joy, perhaps more than mine for him. And now what is it after all? of what importance am I ? What matters it if a girl's heart is broken? What matters it whether she pines away and torments her poor young heart?

Buenco. For God's sake, mademoiselle!
Marie. Whether it is all one to him - that he loves me no more? Ah! why am I not more amiable? But he should pity, at least pity me:- that the hapless girl, to whom he had made himself so needful, now without him should pine and weep her life away Pity! I wish not to be pitied by this man.

Sophie. If I could teach you to despise him - the worthless, detestable man.

Marie. No, sister, worthless he is not ; and must I then despise him whom I hate? Hate! Indeed, some-
times I can hate him - sometimes, when the Spanish spirit possesses we. Lately, oh! lately, when we met him, his look wrought full, warm love in me! And as I again came home, and his manner recurred to me, and the calm, cold glance that he cast over me, while beside the brilliant doma; then I became a Spaniard in my heart, and seized my dagger and poison, and disguised myself. Are you amazed, Buenco? All in thought only, of course!

Sophie. Foolish girl!
Marie. My imagination led me after him. I saw him as he lavished all the tenderness, all the gentleness at the feet of his new love - the charms with which he poisoned me - I aimed at the heart of the traitor ! Ah! Buenco!-all at ouce the good-hearted French girl was again there, who knows of no love-sickuess, and no daggers for revenge. We are badly off! Vandevilles to entertain our lovers, fans to punish them, and, if they are faithless? - Say, sister, what do they do in Frauce when lovers are faithless?

SophiE. They curse them.
Marie. And -
Sophie. And let them go their ways.
Marie. Go ! - and why shall not I let Clavigo go ? If that is the French fashion, why shall it not be so in Spain? Why shall a Frenchwoman not be a Frenchwoman in Spain? We will let him go, and take to ourselves another; it appears to me they do so with us, too.

Buenco. He has broken a sacred promise, and no light love-affair, no friendly attachment. Mademoiselle, you are pained, hurt even to the depths of your heart. Oh! never was my position of an unknown, peaceful citizen of Madrid so burdensome, so painful as at this moment, in which I feel myself so feeble, so powerless to obtain justice for you against the treacherous courtier !

Marie. When he was still Clavigo, not yet recorder of the king ; when he was still the stranger, the guest, the newcomer in our house, how amiable he was, how good! How all his ambition, all his desire to rise, seemed to be a child of his luve: For me he struggled for name, rank, fortune; he has all now, and I! -

## Gullabert comes.

Guilbert. (pricately to his wife) Our brother is coming !

Marie. My brother? (She trembles; they comfuct her to a seat.) Where? where? Bring him to me! Take me to him:

Beaumarchats comes.
Beaumarchais. My sister! ( Ouitting the clidest to rush toward the youngest.) My sister:. My friends: () iny sister!

Marie. Is it you, indeed? God be thanked it is you!

Beaumarciatis. Let me regain composure.
Marie. My heart ! - my poor heart!
Sophie. Be calm. Dear brother, I hoped to see you more tranquil.

Beaumarchais. More tranquil! Are you, then, tranquil? Do I not behold in the wasted figure of this dear one, in your tearful eyes, your sorrowful pale ness, in the dead silence of your friends, that you are as wretched as I have imagined you to be during all the long way? and more wretehed; for I see vou, I hold you in my arms; your presence redoubles my sufferings. O my sister!

Sophie. And our father ?
Beadmarchais. He blesses you, and me, if I save you.

Buenco. Sir, permit one unknown, who, at the first look, recognises in you a noble, brave man, to bear witness to the deep interest which all this matter inspires in me. Sir, you undertake this long journey to save, to avenge your sister! Welcome! be welcome as a guardian angel, though, at the same time, you put us all to the blush!

Beaumarchats. I hoped, sir, to find in Spain such hearts as yours; that encouraged me to take this step. Nowhere, nowhere in the world are feeling, congenial souls wanting, if only one steps forward whose circumstances leave him full freedom to carry his courage through. And oh, my friends, I feel full of hope! Everywhere there are men of honour among the powerful and great, and the ear of majesty is rarely deaf ; only our voice is almost always too weak to reach to their height.

Sophie. Come, sister! come, rest a moment. She is quite beside herself. [They lead her away.

Marie. My brother!
Beaumarchais. God willing, if you are innocent, then all, all vengeance on the traitor! (Exeunt Marie and Sophie.) My brother! - my friends!-I see it in your looks that you are so. Let me regain composure and then:-a pure impartial recital of the whole story. This must determine my actions. The feeling of a good cause shall confirm my courage; and, believe me, if we are right, we shall get justice.

## ACT II.

## Scene I. - Clayigo's House.

Clavigo. Who may these Frenchmen be, that have got themselves announced in my house? Frenchmen! In former days this nation was welcome to me!

And why not now? It is singular that a man who sets so much at nonght is yet bound with feetle thread to a single point. It is too much! And did l owe more to Marie than to myself? and is it a duty to make myself unhappy becanse a girl loves me?

> A Seryant.

Servant. The foreign gentlemen, sir.
Clavigo. Bid them enter. Pray, did you tell their servant that I expect them to breakiast?

Servant. As you ordered.
Clavigo. I shall be back presently. [Exit.
Beaumarchais - St. George.
The Servant plaees chairs for them and withdraws.
Beaumarchais. I feel so much at ease; so content, my friend, to be at length here, to hold him; he shall not escape me. Be calm: at least show him a calm exterior. My sister! my sister! who could believe that you are as imocent as you are unhaply? It shall come to light; you shall be terribly avenged: And Thon, good God! preserve to me the tranquillity of soul which Thou accordest to me at this moment, that, amid this frightful grief, I may act as prudently as possible and with all moderation.

St. Georgf. Yes; this wisdom - all the prudence, my friend, you have ever shown - I clain now. Promise me once more, dear friend, that you will reflect where you are. In a strange kingdom, where all your protectors, all your money canot secure you from the secret machinations of worthless foes.

Beaumarchas. Be tranguil: play ghar part well; he shall not know with which of as he has to do. I will torture him! Oh, I am just in a tine hmmon to roast this fellow over a slow fire!

## Clavigo returns.

Clavigo. Gentlemen, it gives me joy to see in my house men of a nation that I have always esteemed.

Beadmarchais. Sir, I wish that we, too, may be worthy of the honour which you are good enough to confer on our fellow comingmen.

St. George. The pleasure of making your acquaintance has surmounted the fear of being troublesome to you.

Clavigo. Persons, whom the first look recommends, should not push modesty so far.

Beaumarchais. In truth it cannot be a novelty to you to be sought out by strangers; for by the excelleuce of your writings, you have made yourself as much known in foreigu lands as the important offices which his Majesty has entrusted to you distinguish you in your fatherland.

Clavigo. The king looks with much favour on my humble services, and the public with much indulgence on the trifling essays of my pen; I have wished that I could contribute in some measure to the improvement of taste, to the propagation of the sciences in my country; for they only uuite us with other nations, they only make friends of the most distant spirits, and maintain the sweetest union among those even, who, alas ! are too often dismited through political interests.

Beaumarchais. It is captivating to hear a man so speak who has equal influence in the state and in letters. I must also avow you lave taken the word out of my mouth and brought me straight to the purpose, on account of which you see me here. A society of learned, worthy men has commissioned me, in every place through which I travel and find opportunity, to establish a correspondence between them and the best minds in the kingdom. As no Spaniard writes better than the author of the journal called the Thinker -a
man with whom I have the honour to speak (Clavico mukes a polite bow), and who is an especial mament of learned men, since he has known how to unite with his literary talents so great a capacity for political affairs, he camot fail to climb the highest steps of which his character and acquirements render him worthy. I believe I can perform no more acceptable service to my friends than to put them in comnection with a man of such merit.

Clavigo. No proposal in the world could be more agreeable to me, gentlemen; I thereby see fulfilled the sweetest hopes, with which my heart was oiten occupied without any prospect of their halpy accomplishment. Not that I believe I shall be able, through my correspondence, to satisfy the wishes of your learned friends; my vanity does not go so far. But as I have the happiness to be in accordance with the best minds in Spain, as nothing can remain unknown to me which is achieved in our vast kinglom by isolated, often obscure, individuals for the arts and sciences, I have looked upon myself, till now, as a kind of colporteur, who possesses the feehle merit of rendering the inventions of others senerally useful; but now I become, through your intervention, a merchant, happy enough through the exportation of native products to extend the renown of his fatherland and thereby to emrich it with foreign treasures. So then, allow me, sir, to treat as not a stranger a man who, with such frankness, brings such agreeable news; allow me to ask what business - what project made you undertake this long journey? It is not that I would, through this officionsness, gratify vain curiosity ; no, believe rather that it is with the purest intention of exerting in your hehalf all the resources, all the influence which I may prevhance possess: for I tell you beforchand, you have come to a place where countless difficulties encounter a stranger in
the prosecution of his business, especially at the court.

Beaumarchais. I accept so obliging an offer with warmest thanks. I have no secrets with you, sir, nor will this friend be in the way during my statement; he is sufficiently acquainted with what I have to say. (Clayigo looks at St. George with attention.) A French merchant, with a large family and a limited fortune, had many business friends in Spain. One of the richest came to Paris fifteen years ago, and made him this proposal: "Give me two of your daughters, and I shall take them with me to Madrid and provide for them. I am not married, am getting old and have no relatives; they will form the happiness of my declining years, and after my decease I shall leave them one of the most considerable establishments in Spain. The eldest and one of the younger sisters were confided to his care. The father undertook to supply the house with all kinds of French merchandise which might be required, and so all went well till the friend died without the least mention of the Frenchwomen in his will, who then saw themselves in the embarrassing position of superintending alone a new business. The eldest had meanwhile married, and notwithstanding their moderate fortune, they secured through their good conduct and varied accomplishments a multitude of friends who were eager to extend their credit and business. (Clavigo becomes more and more attentice.) About the same time a young man, a native of the Canary Islands, had got himself introduced into the family. (Clavigo's countenance loses all checrfulness, and his seriousness changes gradually into embarrassment, more and more visible.) Despite his humble standing and fortune they received him kindly. The Frenchwomen, remarking in him a great love of the French language, favoured him with every means of making rapid progress in its study.

Extremely anxious to make himself kmwn, hor tmans
 hitherto manown to spain, of ramine a wowls par odical in the style of the linglisht semetutor: Hin laty friends fail not to aid him in every wal? thos dm mit doubt that such an undertakins would mant with gwnt
 ing a man of some consegmence. he vontum thmate an offer of marriage to the rommer. Hnnes inn hall out to him. "Try to make your fortme," 'gunth tho elder, "and if an appointment, the favint of the comat. or any other means of subsistence shall have civen sum a right to think of my sister, if she still preme : win to other suitors, I cannot refuse you my ransut." "(1asVIGO, eovered with confusion, mumes unvinil! mh his seat.) The younger declines several antrantanoms offers; her fondness for the man in reases, and huph her to bear the anxiety of an uncertain axpertation; she interests herself for his hapmess ans lum un and encourages him to issue the first numbin if his periodical, which appears umbr an impuint dith.
 cold.) The success of the jommal was antminhur ; the king even, delighted with this . Whmming fondution, gave the author public thkno of his farmur. He was promised the first homomathe nthere that might lim: vacant. From that moment he remmend all rivals from his beloved, while quite (nnoly striving hatid to win her good graces. The marrian was datyed mbly in expectation of the promisen sithation. It lam, atem six years' patient waiting, mblownon fromblijn anil. and love on the part of the wirl ; atere cis yanc dusman: gratitude, attentions, solemm insmanme on the pan ai the man, the office is forthomint - aml hor wiminu(Clatigo utters aderp sigh, whill he trins th shth..". l
 noise in the world that the issme could mot le restuded
with indifference. A house had been rented for two families. The whole town was talking of it. The hearts of all friends were wrung and sought revenge. Application was made to powerful protectors ; but the worthless fellow, already initiated in the cabals of the court, knew how to render fruitless all their efforts, and went so far in his insolence as to dare to threaten the unhappy ladies; to dare to say, in the very face of those friends who had gone to find him, that the Frenchwomen should take care; he defied them to injure him, and if they made bold to undertake aught against him, it would be easy for him to ruin them in a foreign land, where they would be without protection and help. At this intelligence the poor girl fell into convulsions, which threatened death. In the depth of her grief, the elder wrote to France about the public outrage which had been done to them. The news most powerfully moves her brother; he demands leave of absence to obtain counsel and aid in so complicated an affair, he flies from Paris to Madrid, and the brother - it is I! who have left all - my country, duties, family, standing, pleasures, in order to avenge, in Spain, an innocent, unhappy sister. I come, armed with the best cause and firm determination to unmask a traitor, to mark with bloody strokes his soul on his face, and the traitor - art thou!

Clavigo. Hear me, sir - I am - I have - I doubt not -

Beaumarchats. Interrupt me not. You have nothing to say to me and much to hear from me. Now, to make a beginning, have the gooduess, in the presence of this gentleman, who has come from France expressly with me, to declare whether my sister has deserved this public outrage from you through any treachery, levity, weakness, rudeness, or any other blemish.

Clayigo. No, sir. Yinir sister, Doma Maria, is a lady overflowing with wit, ambibility, and gumbuess.

Beaumargans. Has she ever during yome actuaintance given you any oreasion to complain of her or to esteem her less?

Clavigo. Never! mever:
Beaumarchas. (risimg) Am why, monster, had you the barbarity to tortme the girl w weath! Only because her heart preferced yon to ten others, all more honourable and richer than you!

Clavico. Ah, sir! If you knew how I have beem instigated; how 1 , thongh mamifold alvisers and circumstances -

Beaumarchas. Emogh : (To st. (iporae.) You have heard the vindication of my sister ; go and publish it. What I have further to say th the sentleman, needs no witnesses. (Clatho rises. St. (ibokge retires.) Stay! Stay! (Buth sit down "!gein.) Hating now got so far, I shall make a promsal to you, which I hope you will aceept. It is equally ingrecable to you and to the that you do mot wed Marie, and you are deeply sensible that I have not come to phay the part of a theatrical hrother, who will mand the drama, and present a hushand to his sister. You have cast a slur upon an honourable lady in cold hood because you supposet that in a foreign land she was without prop and avenger. Thus ants a base, worthless fellow. And so, first of all, testify with your awn hand, spontaneously, with open dows, in presence of your servants, that you are an alominable man, who have deceived, betrayed my sister withont the hast cause; and with this dechlaration I will set ont for Aranjuez, where our ambassador resides; I will show it, get it printed, and the day after to-mmon tho comrt and the town shatl he flowed with it. I have bwwerful friends here, I have time and bundey, and of all shall I avail myself to pursue yon in the most furious
manner possible till the resentment of my sister is appeased and satisfied, and she herself says "Stop."

Clavigo. I will not make such a declaration.
Beadmarchais. I believe you, for in your place I should, perhaps, not make it either. But here is the reverse of the medal. If you do not write it I shall remain beside you, from this moment I shall not quit you. I shall follow you everywhere, till you, disgusted with such society, will have sought to get rid of me behind Buenretiro. If I am more fortunate than you, without seeing the ambassador, without speaking here with any oue, I take my dying sister in my arms, place her in my carriage, and return to France with her. Should fate favour you, I am played out, and you may have a laugh at our expense. Meanwhile, breakfast. (Beaumarchais rings the bell. An Attendant brings the chocolate. Beaumarchais takes a cup, and walks in the adjoining gallery, examining the pietures.)

Clavigo. Air! air! I have been surprised and seized like a boy. Where are you then, Clavigo? How will you end this? How can you end it? Frightful position, into which your folly, your treachery has plunged you! (He scizes his sword on the table.) Ha! short and good! (Lays it down.) And is there no way, no means, but death ? - or murder ? -horrible murder! To deprive the hapless lady of her last solace, her only stay, her brother! To see gushing out the blood of a noble, brave man! And to draw upon yourself the double, insupportable curse of a ruined family! $O$, this was not the prospect when this amiable creature, even from your first meeting, attracted you with so many winsome ways! And when you abandoned her, did you not see the frightful consequences of your crime? What blessedness awaited you in her arms ! in the friendship of such a brother! Marie! Marie! O that you could forgive! that at your feet I could atone for all by my tears! -

And why not? - My heart wnothnis, my suml momme up in hope! Sir:

Beacmarcuas. What is sume dotomamation
Chavigo. Hear me: My domit (mand but - :o.t is umpardonable. V'anty has mislent mes. I foment in this marriage to min all my phan, all my |mom t- nim a world-wide celehrity. Comd I have hamwn that -h. had such a brother she womld have lewn in man ons
 our union very considerable adrantanes. Sime inymo me, sir, with the highest estem, anm, in makin. m..... keenly sensible of my aroms, yom impan (1) m, of desire, a power, to make all wnol watin. I thme my self at your feet! Help): help, if it is pumitn, in efface my guilt and put an cond twmhanかmes. (inn your sister to me, again, sir, wive m" L" hw: How happy were I to receive from your haml a wif and the forgiveness of all my faults:
 you no more, and 1 detest gom. Write the dwimed declaration, that is all that I exam from fon, amd leave me to provide for a chnice momer

Clavigo. Your obstinacy is neither rimht mer
 whether I will make grom agam :n invomentiatn : :m Mit. Whether I can make it gond? That ruts whith the heart of your excellent sister, whether she naty nsam
 light of day. Only it is your duty wamem that
 is not to resemble the inconsidmato pasin of :a mun man. If Donna Maria is immomhle. (), I hom hor heart! O , her good, heavenly suml home hafore mo quite vividly! If she is inexmalle, thon it is times. an

Beaumarchas. I incist on the vindi mom.
Clavigo. (approaching the twit,) And if 1 reme the sword?

Beadmarchais. (advuncing) Good, sir! Excellent, sir!

Clavigo. (holding him back) One word more! You have the better case: let me have prudence for you. Consider what you are doing. Whether you or I fall, we are irrecoverably lost. Should I not die of pain, of remorse, if your blood were to stain my sword, if I, to complete her wretchedness, bereft her of her brother; and on the other hand - the murderer of Clavigo would not recruss the Pyrenees.

Beaumarchais. The vindication, sir, the vindication:

Clayigo. Well! be it so. I will do all to convince you of the upright feeling with which your presence inspires me. I will write the vindication, I will write it at your dictation. Only promise me not to make use of it till I am able to convince Douna Maria of the change and repentance of my heart; till I have spoken to her elder sister ; till she has put in a good word for me with my beloved one. Not before, sir.

Beaumarchass. I am going to Aranjuez.
Clafigo. Well, then, till your return, let the vindication remain in your portfolio; if I have not been forgiven, then let your vengeance have full swing. This proposal is just, fair, and prudent ; and if you do not agree to it let us then play the game of life and death. And whichever of us two become the victim of his own rashness, you and your poor sister will suffer in any case.

Beaumarchais. It becomes you to pity those you have made wretched.

Clavigo. (sitting down) Are you satisfied?
Beadmarchais. Well, then, I yield the point. But not a moment longer. I shall come back from Aranjuez, shall ask, shall hear! And if they have not forgiven you, which is what I hope and desire, I am off directly with the paper to the printing-office.

Clavigo. (sittiny dounc) How do you demand it?
Beaumarchas. Sir: in presence of your attendants.
Clavigo. Why?
Beaumatimas. Command only that they be present in the adjoining gallery. It shall not be said that I have constrained you.

Clayigo. What sermples!
Beadmafinas. I am in Spain and have to deal with you.

Clavigo. Now then! (Rings. A Servant.) Call my attendants torether, and betake yourselves to the gallery there. (The Sbrvint rives. The rest come and occupy the gallery.) You allow me to write the vindication?

Beaumarchas. No, sir! Write it, I must beg of you, write it as I dictate it to you. (Clayigo writes.) "I, the undersigned, Joseph Clavigo, Recorder of the King " -

Clavigo. "Of the King."
Beaumarchais. "Acknowledge that after I was received into the family of Madame Guilbert as a friend "

Clavigo. "As a friend."
Beaumarchais. "I marle her sister, Mademoiselle de Beaumarehais, a promise of marriage, repeated many times, which I have unscrupulously broken." Have you got it down?

Clavigo. But, sir!
Beaumarchais. Have you another expression for it ?

Clayigo. I should think -
Beaumarchais. "Unscrupulonsly broken." What you have done you need not hesitate to write. - " I have abandoned her, without any fanlt or weakness on her part having suggested a pretext or an excuse for this perfidy."

Clavigo. Well:

Beaumarchais. "On the contrary, the demeanour of the lady has been always pure, blameless, and worthy of all honour."

Clayigo. "Worthy of all honour."
Beaumarchais. "I confess that, through my deceit, the levity of my conversations, the construction of which they were susceptible, I have publicly humiliated this virtuous lady; and on this account I entreat her forgiveness, although I do not regard myself as worthy of receiving it." (Clayigo stops.) Write! write! "And this testimony of my own free will, and unforced, I have given, with this especial promise, that if this satisfaction chould not please the injured lady, I am ready to afford it in every other way required. Madrid."

Clavigo. (rises, beckons to the servants to withdraw ${ }_{1}$ and hunds him the paper) I have to do with an injured, but a noble man. You will keep your word, and put off your vengeance. Only on this consideration, in this hope, I have granted you the shameful document, to which nothing else would have reduced me. But before I venture to appear before Donna Maria, I have resolved to engre some one to put in a word for me, to speak in my behalf - and you are the man.

Beaumarciais. Do not reckon on that.
Clavigo. At least make her aware of the bitter, heartfelt repentance which you have seen in me. That is all, all, that I beg of you; do not deny me this; I should have to choose another less powerful intercessor, and even you owe her anyhow a faithful account. Do tell her how you have found me!

Beaumarchais. Well! this I can do, this I shall do. Good-bye, then.

Clitigo. Farewell! (He wishes to take his hand; Beaumarcilais draws it baek.)

Clavigo. (alone) So unexpectedly from one position into the other. It is an infatuation, a dream!-

I should not have given this vimlication. - It came so quickly, so suddenly, like a thunder-storm:

## Cambos enters.

Carlos. What visit is this you have had? The whole house is astir. What is the matter?

Clavigo. Marie's brother.
Carlos. I suspected it. This old dog of a servant, who was formerly with (inilhert, and who at present acts the spy for me, knew resterday that he was expected, and found me only this moment. He was here then?

Clatigo. An excellent young man.
Carlos. Of whom we shall soon be rid. Alreaty I have spread nets on his way : What, then, was the matter? A challenge? An apology? Was he very hot, the fellow?

Clavigo. He demanded a declaration that his sister gave me no occasion for the change in $m$ feelings toward her.

Carlos. And have you granted it ?
Clayigo. I thought it was best.
Carlos. Well, very well: Was that all?
Clavigo. He insisted on a dael or the rindication.
Carlos. The latter was the more judicious. Who will risk his life for a boy so romantic? And did he exact the paper with violence?

Clavigo. He dictated it to me, and I had to call the servants into the gallery.

Carlos. I understanl: ah! now I have you, little master: That will prove his ruin. Call me a serivener if in two days I have not the varlet in prison and off for India by the next transjort.

Clayigo. No, Carlos. The matter stands otherwise than as you think.

Carlos. What?

Clayigo. I hope through his intervention, through my earnest endeavours, to obtain forgiveness from the unhappy girl.

Carlos. Clavigo :
Clavigo. I hope to efface all the past, to heal the breach, and so in my own eyes and in the eyes of the work again to become an honourable man.

Carlos. The devil! Have you become childish? One can still detect the bookworm in you. - To let yourself be so befooled! Do you not see that that is a stupidly laid plan to entrap you ?

Clavigo. No, Carlos, he does not wish marriage; they are even opposed to it; she will not listen to aught from me.

Caplos. That is the very point. No, my good friend, take it not ill; I may, perhaps, in plays have seen a country squire thus cheated.

Clayigo. You pain me. I beg you will reserve your humour for my wedding. I have resolved to marry Marie, of my own accord, from the impulse of my heart. All my hope, all my felicity, rests on the thought of procuring her forgiveness. And then away, Pride! Heaven still lies, as before, in the breast of this loved one. All the fame which I acquire, all the greatness to which I rise, will fill me with double joy, for it is shared by the lady who makes me twice a man. Farewell! I must hence. I must at least speak with Guilbert.

Carlos. Wait only till after dinner.
Clavigo. Not a moment.
[Exit.
Carlos. (looking after him in silenee for some time) There, some one is going to burn his fingers again!

## A("l MI.

Scene I. - lichimerts abode.
Sopime (ictlbeht, Marie, lieacmarchas.
Marie. You have seen him! All my limbs tremble! Yon have seen him? I hall almos fainted when I heard he was come; and you have seen him! No, I can-I will - no-I can never sere himanin.

Sopmer I was beside myself when he steped in. For ah! did not I love him as yon did, with the fullest, purest, most sisterly love? Has not his estrangement grieved, tortured me? Am now, the retuming, the repentant one, at my feet! sister, there is something so charming in his look, in the tone of his voice. $\mathrm{He}-$

Marif. Never, never more:
Sormes. He is the same as ever : has still that good, soft, feeling heart ; still even that innetmosity of passom. There is still even the desire to be hoved, and the exeruciatingly painful torture when low is denied him. All! all! and of thee he spraks, Marie: as in those happy days of the most arlent passion. It is as if your good genius had even lirought about this interval of infictelity and separation to break the muiformity and tedionsuess of a prohnged attachment, and impart to the feeling a fresh vivacity.

Marie. Do you speak a worl for him?
Sorme. No, sister. Nor have I promisel to do so. Only, dearest, I see things as they are. You and your brother see them in a light far ton romantic. lou have this experience in common with many a very good girl, that your lover became faithers and fursook you. And that he comes again genitent, will amend
his fault, revive all old hopes - that is a happiness which another would not lightly reject.

Marie. My heart would break!
Sophif. I believe you. The first moment must make a sensible impression on you - and then, my dear, I beseech you, regard not this anxiety, this embarrassment, which seems to overpower all your senses, as a result of hatred and ill-will. Your heart speaks more for him than you suppose, and even on that account you do not trust yourself to see him, because you so anxiously desire his return.

Marie. Spare me, dearest!
Sophie. You should be happy. Did I feel that you despise him, that he is indifferent to you, I would not say another word, he should see my face no more. Yet, as it is, my love, you will thank me that I have helped you to overcome this painful irresolution, which is a token of the deepest love.

## Guilbert, Buenco.

Sophie. Come, Buenco! Guilbert, come! Help me to give this darling courage, resolution, now while we may.

Buenco. Would that I dared say - receive him again.

Sophie. Buenco!
Buexco. The thought makes my blood boil - that he should still possess this angel, whom he has so shamefully injured, whom he has dragged to the grave. He - possess her? Why? How does he repair all that he has violated? He returns; once more it pleases him to return and say: "Now I may; now I will," just as if this excellent creature were suspected wares, which in the end you toss to the buyer after he has tormented you to the marrow by the meanest offers, and haggling like a Jew. No, my
voice he will never olitain, not even if the heart of Marie herself should speak for him. Tou retum; and why, then, now? - now? - Must he wait till a valiant brother conle, whose vengeance he must fear, and, like a schoolhoy, come and crave parton? Ha! he is as cowartly as he is worthless.

Glubbert. You seak like a Spanard, and as if you did not know spmiards. This moment we are in greater danger than any of yon preceive.

Marie. Gool (imilhert:
Gunbert. I honome onr hother's hoh sonl. In silence I have olserved his heroie conduct. That all may turn out well, I wish that Marie could resolve to give Clavigo her hand; for - (smiling) - her heart he has still.

Manif: You are cruel.
Sorme. Listen to him, I beseech yom, listen to him!
Gunbert. Your brother has wrung from him a deelaration which will vindicate you in the eyes of the world and ruin us.

Buevco. What!
Marie. O (rod!
Gullbert. He gave it in the hope of touching your heart. If you remain mmoved, then he must with might and main destroy the paper. This he can do; this he will do. Your brother will print and publish it immediately after his return from Aranjuez. I fear, if you persist, he will not return.

Sorime. My dear Guilbert
Marie. It is killing me:
Gulbbert. Clavigo camot let the paper be published. If you reject his offer, and he is a man of honour, he goes to meet your brother, and one of them falls; and whether your brother perish or triumph he is lost. A stranger in spain: The murderer of this beloved courtier! My sistar, it is all very well to think and feel nobly, but to ruin yourself and yours -

Marie. Advise me, Sophie; help me!
Gullbert. And Buenco, contradict me, if you can.
Buenco. He dares not; he fears for his life; otherwise he would not have written at all ; he would not have offered Marie his hand.

Guilbert. So much the worse. He will get a hundred to lend him their arm; a hundred to take away our brother's life on the way. Ha! Buenco, are you then so young? Should not a courtier have assassins in his pay?

Buenco. The king is great and good.
Gulliert. Go, then, traverse the walls which surround him, the guards, the ceremonial, and all that his courtiers have put between his people and him; press through and save us. Who comes?

## Clavigo appears.

Clavigo. I must! I must! (Marie utters a shriek, and fulls into Sophie's arms.)

Sophie. Cruel man, in what a position you place us! (Guilbert and Buexco draw near to her.)

Clavigo. Yes, it is she! it is she! and I am Clavigo! Listen to me, gentle Marie, if you will not look on me. At the time that Guilbert received me as a friend into his house, when I was a poor unknown youth, and when in my heart I felt for you an overpowering passion, was that any merit in me? or was it not rather an inner harmony of characters, a secret union of soul, so that you neither could remain unmoved by me, and I could flatter myself with the sole possession of this heart? And now am I not even the same? Are you not even the same? Why should I not venture to liope? Why not entreat? Would you not once more take to your bosom a friend, a lover, whom you had long believed lost, if after a perilous, hapless voyage he returned
unexpectedly and laid his precrved life at your fect? And have I not also tossed upon a raging seat Are not our passions, with which we live in perpetual strife, more terrible aml indonitable than these waves which drive the mintumate far from his fatherland? Marie: Marie: How can you hate me when I have never ceased to love yon! Amid all infatmation, and in the very lap of ail the enchanting seductions of vanity and pride, I have ever remembered those haply days of liberty, which I spent at your feet in sweet retirement, as we saw lie hofore us a succession of blooning prospects. And now why wonld yon not realise with ne all that we hoped? Will you now not enjoy the happiness of life because a gloomy interval has cleferred our hojes? No, my luve, believe that the best friends in the world are not quite pure ; the highest joy is also intermpted thromph our passions, through fate. Shall we complain that it has happened to us as to all others, and shall we chandise ourselves in casting away this ofpromity of reparing the past, of consoling a ruined family, of tewathing the heroic deed of a molle hrother, and of extablinhes our own happiness for ever? My friemds : from whom I deserve nothing; my frients, who must be so, because they are the friends of virtue, to which I return, unite your entreaties with mine. Marie: (He folls on his linces.) Marie: Do you no longer recegnise my voice? Do you no more feel the pulse of my heart? Is it so? Marie: Maric!

Marif. O Clavigo:
Clavieno. (leaps "p and kisises her hand with transport) She forgives me! she loves me! (He cmbraces Gellbert and locenco.) She loves me still: O Marie, my heart told me so! I might have thrown myself at your feet silently, uttered with tears my anguish, my penitence; without words you would have understood me, as I withont words receive my
forgiveness. No, this intimate union of our souls is not destroyed; no, still they understand each other as in the olden time, in which no sound, no sign, was needful to impart our deepest emotions. Marie! Marie! Marie!

## Beaumarchais advanees.

Beaumarchais. Ha!
Clavigo. (rushing toward him) My brother !
Beaumarchais. Do you forgive him?
Marie. No more, no more! my senses abandon me. (Theij lead her away.)

Beaunarchais. Has she forgiven him?
Buexco. It seems so.
Beaumarchais. You do not deserve your happiness.
Clavigo. I feel it, believe me.
Sophie. (returns) She forgives him. A stream of tears broke from her eyes. Let him withdraw, said she, sobbing, till I recover! I forgive him. "Ah, my sister!" she exclaimed, and fell upon my neck, "whereby knows he that I love him so ?"

Clavigo. (kissing her hand) I am the happiest man under the sun. My brother!

Beaumarchais. (embraces him) With all my heart then. Although I must tell you: even yet I cannot be your friend, even yet I cannot love you. So now you are one of us, and let all be forgotten. The paper you gave me - here it is. (He takes it from his portfolio, tears it, and gives it to him.)

Clavigo. I am yours, ever yours.
Sopire. I beseech you to retire, that she may not hear your voice, that she may rest.

Clavigo. (embraeing them in turn) Farewell: Farewell! A thousand kisses to the angel.
[Exit.
Beaumarcilais. After all, it may be for the best, although I should have preferred it otherwise (smiling).

A girl is a good-matured creature, I must say - and, my friends, I should toll you, tor, it was truly the thought, the wish of our ambassador, that Marie shomld forgive him, and that a hapy marrage might end this vexatious business.

Gullbert. I, too, am taking heart again.
Buesco. He is yur brother-in-liaw, and so, goodbye! You shall see me in your house no more.

Beaumarciats. Sir:
Gullibert. Buenco:
Buesco. I hate him, and shall hate him till the day of judgment. And look out with what kiml of a man you have to deal.
[Ewit.
Guilbert. He is a melancholy hird of ill-mmen. But yet in time he will be persuaded, when he sees that all goes well.

Beacmarchais. Yet it was hasty to return him the paper.

Gullbert. No more: no more ! no visionary cares.
[Esit.

## ACT IV.

Scene I. - Clayigo's abode. Carlos, alone.
Carlos. It is praiseworthy to place under guardianship a man, who, by his dissipation or other follies, shows that his reason is deranged. If the magistrate does that, who otherwise does not much concern himself about us, why should not we do it for a friend? Clavigo, you are in a bad position; hut there is still hope. And, provided that you retain a little of your former docility, there is time vet to keep you from a folly which, with your lively and sensitive character, will cause the misery of your life and lead you to an untimely grave. He comes.

Clavigo. (thoughtful) Good day, Carlos.
Carlos. A very sad, dull . . . Good day! Is that the mood in which you come from your bride?

Clavigo. She is an angel. They are excellent people:

Carlos. You will not so hasten with the wedding that we cannot get an embroidered dress for the occasion?

Clavigo. Jest or earnest, at our wedding no embroidered dresses will make a parade.

Carlos. I believe it, indeed.
Clavigo. Pleasure in each other's society, friendly harmony, shall constitute the splendour of this festival.

Carlos. You will have a quiet little wedding.
Clavigo. As those who feel that their happiness rests entirely with themselves.

Carlos. In those circumstances it is very proper.
Clavigo. Circumstances! What do you mean by "those circumstances?"

Carlos. As the matter now stands and remains.
Clavigo. Listen, Carlos, I cannot bear a tone of reserve between friends. I know you are not in favour of this marriage ; notwithstanding, if you have aught to say against it, you may say it; come, out with it. How then does the matter stand? how goes it?

Carlos. More things, unexpected, astonishing, happen to one in life, and it were not well if all went smoothly. Society would have nothing to wonder at, nothing to whisper in the ear, nothing to pull to pieces.

Clavigo. It will make some stir.
Carlos. Clavigo's wedding! that is a matter of course. How many a girl in Madrid waits for thee to make her an offer, and if you now play them this trick ?

Clavigo. That cannot be helped now.
Carlos. TTis strange, I have known few men who make so great and general an impression on women as you. In all ranks there are good girls who occupy
their time with plans and projects to become yours. One relies on her heauty, mother on her riches, another on her rank, another on her wit, and another on her comnections. What compliments have been paid to me on your aceonnt: For, inteed, neither my flat nose, nor erisp hair, nor my known contempt for women can bring me such sood luck.

Clavigo. You moek.
Carlos. As if I have not already had in my hands declarations, offers, written with their own white fond little fingers, as bally spelt as an original love-lettor of a girl can only be! How many pretty dnennas have come under my thmmb on this accomnt:

Clavigo. And you did not say a wom of all this?
Carlos. I did not wish to tronble yon with mere trifles, and I cond not have advised you to take auy matter serionsly. O Clavigo, my heart has watched over your fate as over my own! I have no other friend but you; all men are not to be tolerated and you even begin to be umbearable.

Clavigo. I entreat yon, be calm.
Carlos. Burn the honse of a man who has taken ten years to build it, and then send him a confessor to recommend Christian patience! A man onght to look out for no one but himself; people do not deserve -

Clavigo. Are your misantliropic visions returning?
Carlos. If I harp anew on that string who is to blame but you? I said to myself: What would avail him at present the most artvantagems marriage? him, who for an ordinary man has doubtless advanced far enough? But with his renins, with his gifts, it is not probable, it is not possible, that he can remain stationary. I concerted my plans. There are so fow men at once so enterprising and so supple, so highly gifted and so diligent. He is well qualified in all departments. As Recorder, he can rapidly acquire the most impor-
tant knowledge ; he will make himself necessary ; and should a change take place, he becomes ininister.

Clavigo. I avow it. Often, too, were these my dreams.

Carlos. Dreams! As surely as I should succeed in reaching the top of a tower, if I set off with the firm determination not to yield till I had carried my point, so surely would you have overcome all obstacles; and afterward the rest would have given me no disquietude. You have no fortune from your family, so much the better! You would have become more zealous to acquire, more attentive to preserve. Besides, he who sits at the receipt of custom without emiching himself is a great fool; and I do not see why the country does not owe taxes to the minister as well as to the king. The latter gives his name, and the former the power. When I had arranged all that, I then sought out a fit match for you. I saw many a proud family which would have shut their eyes to your origin, many of the richest, who would have gladly supported the maintenance of your rank, to share the dignity of the second king - and now -

Clavigo. You are unjust, you lower my actual condition too much; and do you fancy then that I cannot rise higher, and advance still further ?

Carlos. My dear friend, if you lop off the heart of a young plant, in vain will it afterward and incessantly put forth countless shoots ; it will form, perhaps, a large bush, but it is all over with the kingly attempt of its first growth. And think not that at the court this marriage is regarded with indifference. Have you forgotten what sort of men disapproved your attachment, your union with Marie? Have you forgotten who inspired you with the wise thought of abandoning her? Must I count them all on my fingers?

Clavigo. This thought has already distressed me; yes, few will approve this step.

Carlos. Noboly ; and will not your powerful friends be indignant that yon, without asking their leave, without consulting them, should have hastily sacrificed yourself like a thoughtless child, who throws away his money in the market on worm-eaten muts ?

Clavigo. That is impolite, Carlos, and exaggerated.
Carlos. Not at all. Let one commit an egregious error through passion, I allow it. To marry a chambermaid beeause she is as benutiful as an angel: Well, the man is blamed, and yet people enry him.

Clavigo. People, always the people:
Carlos. You know I do not inquire very curiously after the success of others; but it is ever true that he who does nothing for others does nothing for himself; and if men do not wonder at or envy you you are not happy either.

Clatigo. The world judges by appearances. Oh: he who possesses Marie's heart is to be envied.

Carlos. Things appear what they are; but, frankly, I have always thought that there were hidden qualities that render your happiness enviable; for what one sees with his eyes and can eomprehend with his understanding -

Clatigo. You wish to make me desperate.
Carlos. "How has that haprened?" they will ask in the town. "How has that happened?" they will ask at court. "But, good diod! how has that happened? She is poor, without position. If Clavigo had not had an intrigue with her one would not have known that she is in the world; she is said to $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{x}}$ wellbred, agreealde, witty !" But who takes to himself a wife for that? That passes away in the first years of marriage. "Ah!" says some one, "she must be beantiful, charmingly, ravishingly beautiful." "That explains the matter," says another.

Clavigo. (troubled, lets " dorp sigh rserepe) Alas:
Carlos. "Beautiful? Oh," says one lady, "very
good! I have not seen her for six years." "She may well be altered," says another. "One must, however, see her, he will soon bring her forth," says a third. People ask, look, are eager, wait, and are impatient; they recall the ever-proud Clavigo, who never let himself be seen in public without leading out in triumph some stately, splendid, haughty Spaniard lady, whose full bosom, blooming cheeks, impassioned eyes - all, all, seemed to ask the world encircling her: "Am not I warthy of my companion?" and who in her pride lets flaunt so widely in the breeze the train of her silken robe, to render lier appearance more imposing and remarkable. And now appears the geutleman and surprise renders the people dumb - he comes accompanied by his tripping little Frenchwoman, whose hollow eyes, whose whole appearance announces consumption, in spite of the red and white with which she has daubed her death-pale countenance. Yes, brother! I become frantic, I run away, when people stop me now and ask, and question, and say they cannot understand -

Clavigo. (seizing his hand) My friend, my brother, I am in a frightful position. I tell you, I avow, I was horror-struck when I saw Marie again. How changed she is ! - how pale and exhausted! Oh! it is my fault, my treacheries !"-

Carlos. Follies! visions! She was in consumption when the romance of your love was still unfolding. I told you a thousand times, and . . . But you lovers have your eyes, nay, all your senses closed. Clavigo, it is a shame. All, yes, all to forget thus! A sick wife, who will plague all your posterity, so that all your children and grandchildren will in a few years be politely extinguished, like the sorry lamp of a beggar. A man who could have been the founder of a family, which perhaps in future . . Ah! I shall yet turn crazy, my reason fails me.

Clavigo. Carlos, what shall I say to thee? When I saw her again, in the first transpart, my heart went out toward her ; ant alas! when that was gone, compassion - a deep, leartfelt pity was breathed into me: but love . . . Lo: in the warm fulness of joy, I seemed to feel on my neek the cold hand of death. I strove to be cheerful; to play the part of a hapry man again, in presence of thone who surroundel me: it was all gone, all sustiff, so painfully anxious! Had they not somewhat lost their self-pussession they would have remarked it.

Carlos. Hell ! death and devil: and you are going to marry her: (Clavigo rommins chsorled, without giziny any answer.) It is all wer with thee; lost for ever. Farewell, brother, and let me forget all; let me, all the rest of my solitary life turiously curse your fatal blindness. Ah'. to sacrifice all, to render oneself despicable in the eyes of the world, and not even then satisfy thereby a passion, a desire! To contract a malady voluntarily, which, while undermining your immost strength, will make you hideous in the eyes of men!

Clatigo. Carlos! Carlos:
Carlos. Would that yon had never heen elevated, at least yon would never have fallen: With what eyes will they look on all this: "There is the brother," they will say; "he must be a land of spirit : he has put to the last shift Clavigo, who dared not draw the sword." "Ah!" our flaunting courtiers will say, "'Twas to be seen all along that he was not a gentleman." "Ah, ah!" exclaims anther, while drawing his hat over his eyes, "the Frenehman should have come to me:" And he clap himself on the paunch -a fellow, who, perhaps, were mot wothy of heing your groom:

Clatigo. (empresses the must meute distores, and falls into the arms of Carlos amid " torrent of tears)

Save me! My friend! my best friend, save me! Save me from a double perjury! from an unutterable disgrace, from myself. I am undone!

Carlos. Poor hapless fellow! I hoped that these youthful furies, these stormy tears, this absorbing melancholy would have been gone; I hoped to behold you, as a man, agitated no more, no more plunged in that overwhelming sorrow, which in other days you so often uttered on my breast with tears. Be a man, Clavigo, quit yourself like a man!

Clavigo. Let me weep! (Throws himself into a chair.)

Carlos. Alas for you, that you have entered on a career which you will not pursue to the end! With your heart, with your sentiments, which would make a trauquil eitizen happy, you must unite this unhappy hankering after greatness! And what is greatness, Clavigo? To raise oneself above others in rank and consequence? Believe it not. If your heart is not greater than that of others; if you are not able to place yourself calmly above the circumstances which would embarrass an ordinary man, then with all your ribbons, all your stars, even with the erown itself, you are but an ordinary man. Take heart, compose your mind! (Claytgo rises, looks on Carlos, and holds out his hand, which Carlos cagerly seizes.) Come, come, my friend! make up your mind. Look, I will put everything aside, and will say to you: Here lie two proposals on equal scales; either you marry Marie and find your happiness in a quiet citizen-like life, in tranquil homely joys; or you bend your steps along the path of homour to a near goal. - I will put all aside, aud say: The beam of the balance is in equilibrium; your decision will settle which of the two scales will earry the day! Good! But decide! There is nothing in the world so pitiable as an undecided man, who wavers between two feelings, hoping to recoucile them,
and does not understand that nothing can unite them except the doubt, the disquictude, which rack him. Go, and give Marie your hand, act as an hommable man, who, to keep, his word, sacritices the happiness of his life, who regards it a duty to repair the wrong he has committed; but who, wh the other hand, has never extended the sphere of his passions and activity further than to be in a position to repair the wrong he has committed; and thus enjoy the happiness of a tranquil retirement, the approval of a peaceful conscience, and all the blessedness belonging to those who are able to create their own happiness and provide the joy of their families. Decide, and then shall I say - You are every inch a man.

Clavigo. Carlos! Oh, for a spark of your strength — of your courage:

Carlos. It slumbers in thee, and I will blow till it burst forth into flames. Beholl on the one side the fortune and the greatness which await gou. I shall not set off this future with the variegated hues of poetry ; represent it to yourself with such vivacity as it clearly appeared before $y$ ur mind till the hotheaded Frenchman made you lose your wits. But there, too, Clavigo, be a man thoroughly, and take your way straight, without looking to the right or left. May your soul expron, and this great ilea become deeply rooted there, that extraordinary men are extraordinary, precisely hecanse their duties differ from the duties of ordinary men: that he, whose task it is to watch over, to govem, to preserve a great whole, needs not reproath himself with having overlooked triffing circumstances, with having sacrificed small matters to the good of the whole. Thas acts the Creator in nature, and the king in the state; why should not we do the same, in order to resemble them?

Clavigo. Carlos, I am a little man.

Carlos. We are not little when circumstances trouble us, ouly when they overpower us. Yet another breath, and you are yourself again. Cast away the remnant of a pitiable passion, which in these days as little becomes you as the little gray jacket and modest mien with which you arrived at Madrid. What the poor girl has done for you, you have long ago returned; and that your first friendly reception was from her hauds. Oh, another would, for the pleasure of your acquaintance, have done as much and more, without putting forth such preteusions . . . and would you take it into your head to give your schoulmaster the half of your fortune because he taught you the alphabet, thirty years ago? What say you, Clavigo?

Clavigo. That is all very well. On the whole you may be right, it may be so ; ouly how are we to get out of the embarrassment in which we stick fast? Advise me there, help me there, and then lecture.

Carlos. All right! You are, then, resolved.
Clafigo. Give me the power and I shall exert it. I am not able to think; think for me.

Carlos. Thas then. First you will go and meet this person, and then you will demand, sword in hand, the vindication which you incousiderately and involuntarily gave.

Clatigo. I have it already; he tore it and returned it to me.

Cablos. Excelleut! excellent! That step taken alreaty - and you have let me speak so long ? - Your course is so much the shorter! Write him quite coolly: "You find it inconvenient to marry his sister; the reason he can learn if he will repair to-uight to a certain place, attended by a friend, and armed with any weapons he likes." And then follows the signature. Come. Clavigo, write that: I shall be your second-and the devil is in it if - (Clavigo approaches the table.) Listen! A word! If I think
aright of it, it is an extravagant proposal. Who are we to risk our lives with a mad adventurer? Besiles, the man's conduct, his standing, do not deserve that we regard him as an "qual. Listen, then: Now if I were to bring forward a rininal charge against him, that he arrived secrelly at Madrid, got himself announced under a pendonym with an accomplice, at first gained your contidence with friendly words, and thereafter fell upon you all of a sudden, forcibly whtained a declaration, and afterward went off to spmand it abroad - that will prove his min: he shall leam what it means - to invade the tranquillity of a Spaniard under his own roof.

Clavigo. You are right.
Carlos. But till the lawsuit has lwan, in which interval the gentleman might phay all sonts of tricks, if now we could meanwhile play a dead-sure game, and seize him tight by the head.

Clavigo. I uderstand, and know you are the man to carry it out.

Carlos. Ah: well: if I, who have leen at it for five and twenty years, aul have witnessed tears of anguish trickling down the cheeks of the foremost men, if I cannot unravel such child's play: So then, give me full power ; you need to arthing, write nothing. He who orders the imprisomment of the brother pantomimically intimates that he will have nothing to do with the sister.

Clavigo. No. Carlos! Let it efr as it may, I cannot, I will not suffer that. Beaumarehais is a worthy man, and he shall not languish in an ignominious prison on accomnt of his righteons cause. Another plan, Carlos, another:

Carlos. Bah! bah! Stuff and nonsence: We will not devour him. He will he well longed and well cared for, and thereafter he cannot hold out lones: for, observe, when he perceives that we are in earmest,
all his theatrical rage will cease; he will come to terms, return smarting to France, and be only too thankful, if we secure a yearly pension for his sister - perhaps the only thing he had in view.

Clavigo. So be it then! Only let him be kindly dealt with.

Carlos. Leave that to me. - One precaution more ! We cannot know but that it may be blabbed out - that the thing may get wind, and then he gets over you, and all is lost. Therefore, leave your house, so that not even your servants know where you have gone. Take with you only absolute necessaries. I shall despatch you a fellow, who will conduct you and bring you to a place where the holy Hermandad herself will not find you. I have always in readiness a few of these mouseholes. Adieu:

Clavigo. Good-bye:
Carlos. Cheer up! cheerily! When it is all over, brother, we will enjoy ourselves.

Exit.

## Scene II. - Guilbert's abode.

Sophie Guilbert, Marie Beaumarchais at work.
Marie. With such violence did Buenco depart ?
Sophie. It was natural. He loves you, and how could he endure the sight of the man whom he must doubly hate?

Marie. He is the best, most upright citizen I have ever known. (Showing her work to her sister.) It seems to me I must do it thus. I shall take in that and turn the end up. That will do nicely.

Sophie. Very well. And I an going to put a straw-coloured ribbon on my bonnet; it becomes me best. Do you smile?

Marie I am laughing at myself. We girls are a queer set of people, I must say: hardly are our pirits but a little raised when straghtway we are busy with fincre and ribhons.
sophes. You camm well aph that to yourself; from the moment Clango forsonk you, mothing combl give you the least pheasure (Minas staits "p and looks tourerd the door.) What is the matter?

Marie. (curinus) I thought I heart some one come in! My poor heart: O, it will destroy me yet: Feel how it heat with that gromotless terror

Sorme. You look pate. be calm, I besecth you, my love:

Makie. (pointiny to hor chest) I feel here an oppression - a sudden pain. It will kill me.

Sopine. Be careful.
Mabie. I am a foolish, hapless girl. Pain and joy with all their force have undermined my foor life. I tell you'tis hut half a joy that I have him again. Little shall I enjoy the hapminess that awaits me in his arms; perhaps not at all.

Some. My sister, my only luve: You are wearing yourself out with these risions.

Marie. Why shall I deceive myself?
Sorme. You are young and happy, and can hope for all.

Marif. Hope: O, the only sweet balm of life: How often it charms my soul! hapy youthful dreans hover before me and accompany the heloved form of the peerless one, who now is mine again. O Sophie, he is so winsome: Whilst I saw him not, he has - I know not how 1 shall express it ; - all the qualities which in former days lay hid in him through his diffidence have unfolded themselves. He has become a man, and must with this pure feeling of his. with which he advances, that is so entirely devoid of pride and ranity - he must captivate all hearts. -

And he shall be mine? No, my sister, I was not worthy of him - and now I am much less so!

Sophie. Take him, however, and be happy. I hear your brother:

Beavmarchais enters.

Beaumarchais. Where is Guilbert?
Sophie. He has been gone some time; he cannot be much longer.

Marie. What is the matter, brother? (Springing up and falliny on his neck.) Dear brother, what is the matter?

Beaumarchais. Nothing, nothing at all, my Marie !
Marie. If I am thy Marie, do tell me what is on thy mind!

Sopire. Let him be. Men often look vexed without having aught particular on their mind!

Marie. No, no. I have seen thy face only a little while, but already I read all thy thoughts; all the feelings of thy pure and sincere soul are stamped on thy brow. There is somewhat which makes thee anxious. Speak, what is it?

Beaumarcifais. It is nothing, my love. I hope that at bottom it is nothing. Clavigo -

Marie. How?
Beaumarchais. I was at Clavigo's house. He is not at home.

Sopire. And does that perplex you?
Beaumarchais. His porter says he has gone he knows not where; no one knows how long. If he should be hiding himself! If he be really gone: Whither? for what reason?

Marie. We will wait.
Beaumarchars. Thy tongue lies. Ah! the paleness of thy cheeks, the trembling of thy limbs, all speaks and testifies that thou canst not wait. Dear
sister! (Clasps her in his arms.) On this heating, painfully trembling heart I vow, - hear me, 0 (iod, who art righteous! hear me, all His saints:- thou shalt he avenged if he - my senses abaudon me at the thought - if he fail, if he make himself guilty of a frightful, donble perjury; if he mock at our misery . . No, it is, it is not possible, not possible - Thou shalt be avenged.

Sophre. All too soon, too precipitate. Be careful of her health, I beseech you, my brother. (Marie sits down.) What ails thee? You are fainting.

Mafie. No, no. You are so anxions.
Sophie. (gives her weter) Take this glass.
Marie. No, no! what avails that? Well, for my own sake, give it me.

Bemumarchats. Where is Guilbert? Where is Buenco? Send for them, I entreat you. (Sopine exit.) How dost thou feel, Marie?

Marif. Well, quite well! Think'st thou then, brother-

Beaumarchais. What, my love?
Marie. Ah:
Beaumarchats. Is your heathing painful?
Marie. The disordered beating of my heart oppresses me.

Beacmarciats. Have you then no remedy? Do you use no anodyne?

Marie. I know of only one remely, and for that I have prayed to Gorl many a time and oft.

Beaumarchafs. Thou shalt have it, and I hope from my hand.

Marie. That will do well.
Sorime enters.
Sophie. A courier has just brought this letter; he comes from Araujuez.

Beaumarchais. That is the seal and the hand of our ambassador.

Sophe. I bade him dismount and take some refreshment; he would not, because he had yet more dispatches.

Marie. Will you, my love, send the servant for the physician?

Sopme. Are you ill? Holy God! what ails thee?
Marie. You will make me so anxious that at last I shall scarcely dare ask for a glass of water. . . . Sophie! Brother!- What is in the letter? See, how he trembles! how all courage leaves him!

Sophie. Brother, my brother! (Beaumarchais throws himself specchless into a chair and lets the letter fall.) My brother! (Lifts up the letter and reads it.)

Marie. Let me see it! I must-(tries to rise). Alas: I feel it. It is the last. Oh, sister, spare not, for mercy's sake, the last quick death-stroke ! - He betrays us!

Beaumarchais. (springing up) He betrays us! (Beating on his brow and breast.) Here! here! All is as dumb, as dead before my soul, as if a thunderclap had disordered my senses. Marie! Marie! thou art betrayed! - and I stand here! Whither ? - What ? -I see nothing, nothing! no way, no safety! (Throws himself into a seat.)

## Guilbert enters.

Sophie. Guilbert! Counsel! Help! We are lost! Guilbert. My wife!
Sophif. Read! read! The ambassador makes known to our brother: that Clavigo has made a criminal complaint against him, under the pretext that he introduced himself into his house under a false name; and that, taking him by surprise in bed and presenting
a pistol, he compelfed him to sign a disgraceful vindication; and if he dh not quickly withdraw from the kingdom they will get him thrown into prism, from whieh the ambassadon himself, perhaps, will not be able to deliver him.

Beaumarmas. (springiny "p ) Indeed, they shall do so: they shall do su: shall get me imprisoned; but from his corpe, from the phace where I shall have glutted my wengeane with his hoor. Ah! the stern, frightful thirst after his hoorl fills my whole soul. Thanks to There, (ind in heaven, that Thou vouchsafest to man, amil burning, insupportable wrongs, a solace, a refreshment: What a thirst for vengeance I feel in my hreast! how the glorious feeling, the lust for his blood, raises me out of my utter dejection, out of my slugyish imlecision; raises me above myself! Vengeance! How I rejoice in it: how all within me strives after him, to seize him, to destroy him.

Sorme. Thou art terrible, brother
Beacmarchais. So much the better. - Ah! No sword, no weapon! with these bands will I strangle him, that the trimm may be mine! all my own the feeling: I have destroyed him!

## Marie. My heart! my heat!

Beacmarchais. I have not been able to save thee, so thon shalt be arenged. I pant after his footsteps, my teeth lust after his flesh, my gums after his hood. Have I become a frantic will beast? There burns in every vein, there glows in every nerve, the desire after him, after him:-I could hate for ever, who should make away with lim hy poism, who should rid me of him by assassination. Oh, hef me, Guilhert, to seek him out. Where is liumen? Itelp me to tind him!

Gullbert. Save yourself! save yourself! you have lost your reason.

Marie. Flee, my brother:

Sophie. Take him away; he will cause his sister's death.

Buenco appears.
Buenco. Up, sir! away! I foresaw it. I gave heed to all. And now they are in hot pursuit; you are lost if you do not leave the town this moment.

Beaumahchais. Never! where is Clavigo? -
Buexco. I du not know.
Beacmarciais. Thou knowest. I entreat you on my knees, tell me.

Sopirf. For God's sake, Buenco!
Marie. Ah! air! air! (Fulls buck.) Clavigo!
Buerco. Help! she is dying!
Sopine Forsake us not, God in heaven;-hence, my brother, away!

Beaumarehass. (fuells down before Marie, who despite curiry aid does not recover) To forsake thee! to forsake thee!

Sopure. Stay, then, and ruin us all, as you have killed Marie. You are gone, then, O my sister, through the heedlessness of your own brother:

Beaumarchais. Stop, sister!
Sophif. (mocking) Saviour: - Avenger : - help yourself:

Beaumarchais. Do I deserve this?
Sophif. Give her to me again! And then go to the prison, to the stake; go, pour forth thy blood and give me her again.

Beaumarmals. Sophie!
Sopilie. Ha! she is gone; she is dead - save yourself for us! (falling on his neck) my brother, for us! for our father! Haste, haste! That was her fate! she has met it! And there is a God in heaven; to Him leave vengeance.

Bubvco. Hence ! away ! Come with me; I will hide you till we find means to get you out of the kingdom.

Beaumarciats. (falls: on Marie and kisses her) Sister dear: (The!y tom him "uren!, he mensps sorme, she discongey's herself. T'hoy rmooe Masies, and Buedco and Bealmamolats ietire.)

## Gehmert, " Physhias.

Sormes. (ecturning forme the romen to which they had tuken Marae) Too late: 'he is gone: she is dead!

Gullbert. Come in, sir: See for yourself: It is not possible : $\quad$ Écit.

## ACT V.

Scene I. - The Street before the house of (iculbert. Night. (The house is upen, and beforer the door stemds theee mon clod in blutl merntles, holding torehes. Clavigo enturs, wrompel in "remph, his sworel umed his "rim; "SERvist yors bufore him with " toreh.)

Clayigo. I told you to awoid this street.
Servant. We must have gone a great way round, sir, and you are in such haste. It is not far hence where Don Carlos is lodged.

Clavigo. Torches there:
Sbrinat. A funeral. Come on, sir.
Claviso. Marie's abole: I funeral! A deathagony shudders through all my limis: (in, ask whom they are going to bury.

Serbast. (to the mon) Whom are you gening to burs?
Tine Mex. Marie de Beammerthis. (Clavioo sits down on a stone rend rowers himsulf with "houk.)

Servint. (comes buck) They are gaing to bury Marie de Beaumarchais.

Clavigo. (springing up) Must thou repeat it? Repeat that word of thunder which strikes all the marrow out of my bones?

Servant. Peace, sir! Come on, sir. Consider the danger by which you are surrounded.

Clafigo. To hell with thee, reptile! I remain.
Servant. O Carlos! O that I could find thee:Carlos! - he has lost his reason.
[Exit.
Scere II. - Clayigo. The Mutes in the distance.
Clavigo. Dead! Marie dead! Torches! her dismal atteudants! It is a trick of enchantment, a night vision, that terrifies me; that holds up to me a mirror, in which I may see foreboded the end of all my treacheries. But there is still time. Still! - I tremble!my heart melts with horror! No! no! thou shalt not die - I come, I come! Vanish, ye spirits of the night, who with your horrible terrors set yourselves in my way. (He goes up to them.) Vanish - they remain! Ha! they look round after me! Woe! woe is me! They are men like myself. It is true! true! Canst thou comprehend it? She is dead. It seizes me amid all the horrors of midnight - the feeling - she is dead. There she lies, the flower at your feet! and thou - $O$ have mercy on me, God in heaven - I have not killed her! Hide yourselves, ye stars; look not down! Ye, who have so often beheld the villain, with feelings of the most heartfelt happiness, leave this threshold; through this very street float along in golden dreams, with music and song, and enrapture his maiden listening at the secret casement and lingering in transport. And now I fill the house with wailing and sorrow - and this scene of my bliss with the funeral song - Marie! Marie! take me with thee! take me with thee! (Mournful music breathes forth a feu sounds from within.) They are setting out on the
way to the grave. Stop! stop: Shut not the coffin. Let me see her once mure. (Ho ritas up to the housis.) Ha! into whose presence am I ruhing? Whom (1) face in his terrible somow! Her friends! her hother: whose breast is panting with raving grief: (The musir recommences.) she call: me: she calls me: I come: What anguish is this which overwhelms me! What shuddering withholds me?
[The musie beyins for the thirel time whe continuss. The torches more bujure the domer: three others come out to thom, "rhe" porny, thrmesters in order to emelose the finkroul promessime, which
 the biere, "poon which lios the regtian, monerol.

Scene III. - Gulbbert and Buesco (in deep mourning).

Clavigo. (cominy foruremel) Stay:
Guilbert. What voice is that?
Clavigo. Stay: (The hertiors stop.)
Buexco. Who dares to interrmp the solemn funeral? Clavigo. Set it down.
Gulbert. Ha:
Buexco. Wretch: are thy deeds of shame not ret ended? Is thy victim not safe from thee in the coffin ?

Clavigo. No more: Make me not frantic. The wretched are dangerous: I must see her. (Ife tomers off the poll and the lid of the confin. Manies is sim lying within it, clad in white, hir hamds rlaspoll bujum her; Clavigo steps back and corers his. jume.)

Buesco. Wilt thon awake her to murder her again?
Clavigo. Poor mocker: Marie: (He fulls domen before the coffin.)

Scene IV. - Enter Beaumarchais. The preceding.
Beaumarciais. Buenco has left me. They say she is not dead. 1 must see, spite of hell, I must see her. Ha! torches! a funeral! (He runs hastily up to it, gazes on the coffin, and falls down speechless. They raise him up; he is as if depriced of sense; Guilbert holds him.)

Clavigo. (who is stending on the other side of the coffin) Marie: Marie!

Beavmarchais. (springing up) That is his voice. Who calls Marie? At the sound of that voice what burning rage starts into my veins!

Clavigo. It is I. (Beaunaficiass staring wildly around and iprespiay his seeord. Guilbert holds him.) I fear not thy hazing eyes, nor the perint of thy sword. Oh! look here, here, on these closed eyes - these clasped hands!

Beaumarimas. Dost thou show me that sight? (He tertes limself loose, runs upon Clavigo, who instantly dians; they fight; Beaumarchais pierces him therough the breust.)

Clavigo. (fulling) I thatk thee, brother; thou marriest us. (He fulls upon the coffin.)

Beaumarchais. (tearing him away) Hence from this saint, thou fiend!

Clavigo. Alas! (The bearers raise up his body and support him.)

Beaumarchais. His blood! Look up, Marie, look upon thy bridal ornaments, and then close thine eyes for ever. See how I have consecrated thy place of rest with the blood of thy murderer! Charming ! Glorious!

Scene V. - Eintor sionne: The Preceding.
Sopher. My hrothes! () my (ionl, what is the matter?

Beacmaramas. Jraw mearer, my love, and see! I hoped to have strewn her haital hed with roses ; see the roses with which 1 :mbon her on her way to heaven:

Sorme. We are lost:
Clatigo. Save youself, rash one : sabe yourself, ere the dawn of day. May (ind, whon sont fon for avenger, conduct you! Sondio, fongione brothers. friends, forgive me.
beacmabenas. How the sight of his guching hood extinguishes all the ghwing vengemee within me: how with his departing life smines all my rage: (Goiny up to him.) Die. I formive the

Clavjeon. Yowr ham! and souts, Sophie: and yours: (BuENCO hesitutes.)

Sophe. Give it him, Buenco
Clavigo. I thank yom: yom are as somed as ever: I thank yom. And thom, 1 , girit of my limover, if thon still hoverest aromod this form, low down, see these heavenly favoms, bestow thy hesing. and do thou too forgive me. I come: I comm: sibe youself, my brother. Tell me, did she forgiw me! How did she die?

Sopher. Her last word was thy mhange name. She dequated withont taking learo of as.

Clavigo. I will follow her and hear your farewells to her.

Scene VI. - Carlos, a Servant. The Preceding.
Carlos. Clavigo! murderers!
Claytgo. Hear me, Carlos! Thou seest here the victim of thy prudence; and now, I conjure thee, for the sake of that blood, in which my life irrevocably flows away, save my brother.

Carlos. O my friend! (To the Servant.) You standing there? Fly for a surgeon. [Exit Servant.

Clavigo. It is in vain; save, save my unhappy brother! thy hand thereon. They have forgiven me, and so forgive I thee. Accompany him to the frontiers, and-oh!

Carlos. (stemping with his feet) Clavigo! Clavigo!
Clavigo. (drawing nearer to the coffin, upon which they luy him down) Marie! Thy hand! (He unfolds her hunds and grasps the right hand.)

Sophie. (to Bedumarchais) Hence, unhappy one, away!

Clayigo. I have her hand, her cold, dead hand. Thou art mine. Yet this last bridal kiss! Alas!

Soprime. He is dying! Save thyself, brother! (Beaumarciats fulls on Sophie's neck. She returns the embrace and makes a sign for him to withdraw.)

## Egmont

## A Tragedy in Five Acts

Translated by Anna Swanwick
This tragedy was commenced in the year 17T5, whell Goethe was twenty-six years of age - but it was not fimished mutil eleven years later. A rongl draft of the whole was made in 1882, but it was only completed and finally rewritten during Goethe's residence in Rome, in 1780.

## Introduction to Egmont

In Schiller's eritique upon the tragedy of Egmont, Goethe is censured for departing from the truch of history in the delineation of his hero's character, and also for misrepresenting the cirmmstames of his domestic life. The Egmont of history left hehimd him a numerous fanily, anxiety for whe welfare detanod him in Brussels when most of his friends sught afoty in flight. His withdrawal wouk hawe entailed the confiscation of his property, and he shrank from expering to privation those whose happiness was dearer wh him than life; - a consideration which he mepertedy urged in his conferences with the Prince of Orange, when the latter insisted unen the newessity of escale. We see here, not the victin of a blim and foodardy confidence, as portrayed in Conethe's drama, but the husband and father, regardless of his persomal safety in anxiety for the interests of his family:

I shall not inguire which conception is hest sutiter for the purposes of art, hut mermy suljun a fow extracts from the same critipue, in whinh schiller dows ample justice to (Bethe's ahmiralde delineation of the age and country in which the drana is cant, and whinh are peculiarly valuahle from the $\mathrm{l}^{k+1}$ of sn comperent an authority as the historian of the Fall of the Netherlands.
"Egmont's tragical death resulted from the relation in which he stool to the nation and the envemment : hence the action of the drama is intimately comented
with the political life of the period - an exhibition of which forms its indispensable groundwork. But if we consider what an infinite number of minute circumstances must concur in order to exhibit the spirit of an age, and the political condition of a people, and the art required to combine so many isolated features into an intelligible and organic whole; and if we contemplate, moreover, the peculiar character of the Netherlands, consisting not of one nation, but of an aggregate of many smalier states, separated from each other by the sharpest contrasts, we shall not cease to wonder at the creative genius, which, trimmphing over all these difficulties, conjures up before us, as with an enchanter's wand, the Netherlands of the sixteenth century.
" Not only do we behold these men living and working before us, we dwell among them as their familiar associates ; we see, on the other hand, the joyous sociability, the hospitality, the loquacity, the somewhat boastful temper of the people, their republican spirit, ready to boil up at the slightest innovation, and often subsiding again as rapidly on the most trivial grounds; and, on the other hand, we are made acquainted with the burdens under which they groaned, from the new mitres of the bishops, to the French psalms which they were forbidden to sing; - nothing is omitted, no feature introduced which does not bear the stamp of nature and of truth. Such delineation is not the result of premeditated effort, nor can it be commanded by art; it can only be achieved by the poet whose mind is thoroughly imbued with his subject; from him such traits escape unconsciously, and without desigu, as they do from the individuals whose characters they serve to portray.
"The few scenes in which the citizens of Brussels are introduced appear to us to be the result of profound study, and it would be difficult to find, in so
few words, a more armirable historical monument of the Netherlands of that perioul.
"Equally graphic is that portion of the picture which portrays the spirit of the govermment, though it must be confessed that the artist has here somewhat suftemed down the harsher features of the original. This is especially true in reference to the character of the Duchess of Parma. Defore his Duke of Alva we tremble, without ever turning from him with aversion; he is a firm, rigid, inaccescible charater; 'a brazem tower without gates, the garrison of which must be furnished with wings. The prudent forecat with which he makes his arrangenments for Egmont's armst excites our admitation, while it removes him from war sympathy. The remaining characters of the drama are delineated with a few masterly strokes. The subtle, taciturn Orange, with his timid, yet comprehensive and all-combining mind, is depirted in a single scene. Both Alva and Egmont are mirmed in the men by whom they are surromeded. This monde of delineation is admirable. The poet, in order to concentrate the interest upon Egmont, has isolated his hero, and omitted all mention of Count Hom, who shares the same melancholy fate."

The Appendix to Schiller's "History of the Fall of the Netherlands" contains an interesting account of the trial and execution of the Commts Emmont and Horn, which is, however, too long for insertion here.

## DRAMATIS PERSONÆ

Margaret of Parma, Danghter of Charles V., and Regent of the Netherlands.
Count Egmont, Prince of Gaure.
Wilelan of Orange.
The Deke of Alva.
Ferbinand, his Natural son.
Machavel, in the service of the Regent.
Ricualin, Egmont's Private Secretary.
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Silva, } \\ \text { Gomez, }\end{array}\right\}$ in the service of Alva.
Clara, the belored of Egmont.
Her Mother.
Brackenburg, a Citizen’s Son.
Soest, a Shopkeeper,
Jetter, a Tailor,
A Carprnter,
A Soapboller;
Citizens of Brussels.
Buyer, a Hohander, a Soldier under Egmont.
Ruysum, a Frieslander, an invalid Soldier and deaf. Vansen, a Clerk.

People, Attendants, Guards, etc.
The Scene is laid in Brussels.

## Egmont

$$
\text { ACT } 1
$$

Scene I. - Soldiers and Citions (with cross-huris).
 Butck, liusacm.

Soest. Come, shoot away, and have done with it: You won't beat me: Three black rings, you never made such a shot in all your life. And an l'm master for this year.

Jetter. Master and king to boot; who envies you? You'll have to pay double reckoning ; 'tio only fair you should pay for your dexterity.

Buyck. Jetter, I'll byy your shot, share the prize, and treat the eompany. I hate ahreaty been here so long, and am a debtor for so many civilities. If I miss, then it shall be as if you had shon.

Soest. I ought to hase a vone, for in fact 1 am the loser. No matter! Come, buyck, shoo away.

Buyck. (shoots) Now, cormral, houk on:- Une: Two! Three: Four:

Soest. Four rings! So be it!
All. Hurrah! Long live the king: Hurrah! Hurrah :

Buyck. Thanks, sirs, master exen were too mach: Thanks for the honour.

Jetter. You have no one to thank but yourself.
Ruysum. Let me tell you!-
Soest. How now, gray-beard?
Ruysum. Let me tell you! He shoots like his master, he shoots like Egmont.

Buyck. Compared with him I am only a bungler. He aims with the rifle as no one else does. Not only when he's lucky or in the vein ; no! he levels, and the bull's-eye is pierced. I have learned from him. He were, indeed, a blockhead, who could serve under him and learn nothing ! - But, sirs, let us not forget: A king maintains his followers; and so, wine here, at the king's charge !

Jetter. We have agreed among ourselves that each -

Buyck. I am a foreigner and a king, and care not a jot for your laws and customs.

Jetter. Why, you are worse than the Spaniard, who has not yet ventured to meddle with them.

Ruysum. What does he say?
Soest. (loud to Ruysum) He wants to treat us; he will not hear of our clubbing together, the king paying only a double share.

Ruysum. Let him: under protest, however! 'Tis his master's fashion, too, to be munificent, and to let the money flow in a good cause. (Wine is brought.)

All. Here's to his Majesty! Hurrah!
Jetter. (to Buyck) That means your Majesty, of course.

Buyck. My hearty thanks, if it be so.
Soest. Assuredly! A Netherlander does not find it easy to drink the health of his Spanish Majesty from his heart.

Ruysum. Who?
Soest. (aloud) Philip the Second, King of Spain.
Ruysum. Our most gracious king and master! Long life to him.

Soest. Did you not like his father, Charles the Fifth, better?

Ruysum. God bless lim! He was a king, inteed! His hand reached over the whole earth, and he was all in all. Yet, when he met you, hed wreet $y$ min just as one neighbour greets incther, - and if you were frightened, he knew so well how to put you at your case ay, you understime me - he walked out, rocle ont, junt as it came into his head, with rery few followers. We all wept when he resigned the govermment here to his son. You understand me - he is another sort of man. he's more majestic.

Jetrea. When he was here be never appeared in public, except in pomp and royal state. He speaks little, they say.

Soest. He is no king for nis Netherlanders. Our princes must be joyous and free like ourselves, must live and let live. We will neither be despised nor oppressed, good-matured forls though we be.

Jetter. The king, methinks, were a macions sovereign enough, if he had only better comedloms.

Soest. No, no: He has modfection for us Netherlanders; he has no heart for the people: he loves us not; how then ean we love him? Why is everybuly so fond of Coment Egmont? Why are we all so devoted to him? Why, because che caln read in his face that he loves us; because jnousuess, pren-heartedness, and good nature eprak in his eves; becanse he possesses nothing that he does not share with him who needs it, ay, and with him who needs it not. Long live Count Egmont: Buyck, it is for you to give the first toast ; give us your master's health.

Buyck. With all my heart; here's to Count Egmont! Hurrah!

Ruysum. Conqueror of St. Quintin.
Burck. The hero of Gravelines.
All. Hurrah!

Ruysum. St. Quintin was my last battle. I was hardly able to crawl along, and could with difficulty carry my heavy rifle. I managed, notwithstanding, to singe the skin of the French once more, and, as a parting gift, received a grazing shot in my right leg.

Burck. Gravelines! Ha, my friends, we had sharp work of it there! The victory was all our own. Did not those French dogs carry fire and desolation into the very heart of Flanders? We gave it them, however: The old, hard-fisted veterans held out bravely for awhile, but we. pushed on, fired away, and laid about us till they made wry faees, and their lines gave way. Then Egmont's horse was shot under him; and for a long time we fought pell-mell, man to man, horse to horse, troop to troop, on the broad, flat sea-sand. Suddenly, as if from heaven, down came the cannonshot from the mouth of the river, bang, bang, right into the midst of the French. These were English who, under Admiral Malin, happened to be sailing past from Dunkirk. They did not help us much, 'tis true; they could only approach with their smallest vessels, and that not near enough : - besides, their shot fell sometimes among our troops. It did some good, however! It broke the French lines, and raised our courage. Away it went. Helter-skelter! topsy-turvy! all struck dead, or forced into the water; the fellows were drowned the moment they tasted the water, while we Hollanders dashed in after them. Being amphibious, we were as much in our element as frogs, and hacked away at the enemy, and shot them down as if they had been ducks. The few who struggled through were struck dead in their flight by the peasant women, armed with hoes and pitchforks. His Gallic Majesty was compelled at once to hold out his paw and make peace. And that peace you owe to us, to the great Egmont.

All. Hurrah for the great Egmont! Hurrah! Hurrah !

Jetter. Had they but ajpointed him Regent instead of Margaret of Parma:

Soest. Not so! Truth is truth! I'll not hear Margaret abused. Now it is my turn. Long live our gracious lady:

All. Long life to her:
Soest. Truly, there are exrellent women in that family. Long live the Regent:

Jetter. I'rudent she is, and moderate in all she does; if she would only not lowld so fast and stiftly with the priests. It is partly her fault, too, that we have the fourteen new mitres in the land. Of what use are they, I should like to know! Why, that foreigners may be shoved into the good benefieses, where formerly abbots were chosen ont of the chathers ! And we're to believe it's for the sake of religion. We know better. Three bishops were enough for us; things went on decently and reputahy. Now each must busy himself as if he were needed; and this gives rise every moment to dissmsions and ill-will. And the more you agitate the matter, so much the worse it grows. (They drink.)

Soest. But it was the will of the king ; she camot alter it, one way or another.

Jetter. Then we may not even sing the new psalms, but ribald songs, as many as we please. And why? There is heresy in them, they say, and heaven knows what. I have sung some of them, however; they are new, to be sure, but I see no harm in them.

Burck. Ask their leave, forsonth! In our province we sing just what we please. That's because Comet Egmont is our stadtholder, who does not trouble himself about such matters. In Ghent, Ypres, and throughout the whole of Flanders, anyboly sings them that chooses. (Aloud to Rrysim.) There is mothing more harmless than a church hymm-is there, father ?

Ruysum. What, indeed! It is a godly work, and truly edifying.

Jetter. They say, however, that they are not of the right sort, not of their sort, and, since it is dangerous, we had better leave them alone. The officers of the Inquisition are always lurking and spying about; many an honest fellow has already fallen into their clutches. They had not gone so far as to meddle with conscience! If they will not allow me to do what I like, they might at least let me think and sing as I please.

Soest. The Inquisition won't do here. We are not made like the Spaniards, to let our consciences be tyramised over. The nobles must look to it, and clip its wings betimes.

Jetter. It is a great bore. Whenever it .comes into their worships' heads to break into my house, and I am sitting there at my work, humming a French psalm, thinking nothing about it, neither good nor bad - singing it just because it is in my throat; forthwith I am a heretic, and am clapped into prison. Or, if I am passing through the comtry, and stand near a crowd listening to a new preacher, one of those who have come from Germany, instantly I am called a rebel, and am in danger of losing my head! Have you ever heard one of these preachers?

Soest. A worthy set of people! Not long ago I heard one of them preach in a field, before thousands and thousands of people. He gave us a sort of dish very different from that of our humdrum preachers, who, from the pulpit, choke their hearers with scraps of Latin. He spoke from his heart ; told us how we nad till now been led by the nose, how we had been kept in darkness, and how we might procure more light ; - - ay, and he proved it all out of the Bible.

Jetter. There may be something in it. I always said as much, and have often pondered over the matter. It has long been running in my head.

Buyck. All the penple rmanter them.
Soest. Nu womder, sine they hear both what is good and what is new.

Jetter. And what is it all atmot? Surely they might let every we freach after his wwin fashion.

Buyck. Come, sis: Whik you are talking, you forget the wine and the Prine of orange.

Jetter. We must mot forget him. He's a very wall of defence. In thanking of him, whe fancies that if one could only lide behind him, the devil himself could not get at one. Nere's to William of (hange: Hurrah:

All. Hurah! Hurrah:
Soest. Niw, gray-bearl, let's have your toast.
Ruysum. Here's to old soldiers: To all soldiers: War for ever:

Butck. Bravo, old fellow. Here's to all soldiers. War for ever:

Jetrea. War: War! Ion ye kmow what ye are shouting about? That it should slip glibse from your tongue is natural enongh; but what wretheel work it is for us, I have not words to tell you. To be stmmed the whole year romm by the beating of the drum; to hear of nothing except how one tron marched here, and another there; how they eane wer this height and halted near that mill; how many were left dead on this field, and how many on that: bow they press forward, and how one wins, and another loses, withont being able to comprehem what they are tighting about; how a town is taken, how the eitizens ane put the sword, and how it fares with the pur women and immocent chidren. This is a griof and a trouble, and then one thinks every monemt, "Here they come: It will be our turn next."

Sobst. Therefore every citizen must le practised in the use of arms.

Jetter. Fine talking, inded, for him who has
a wife and children. And yet I would rather hear of soldiers than see them.

Buyck. I might take offence at that.
Jetter. It was not intended for you, countryman. When we got rid of the Spanish garrison we breathed freely again.

Soest. Faith! they pressed on you heavily enough.
Jetter. Mind your own business.
Soest. They came to sharp yuarters with you.
Jetter. Hold your tongue.
Sorst. They drove him ont of kitchen, cellar, chamber- and bed. (They luugh.)

Jetter. You are a blockhead.
Buyck. Peace, sirs! Must the soldier cry peace? Since you will not hear anything about us, let us have a toast of your own - a citizen's toast.

Jetter. We're all ready for that! Safety and peace:

Soest. Order and freedom!
Buyck. Bravo! That will content us all.
[They ring their glasses together, and joyously repeet the words, but in such a manner that euch utters a different sound, ond it becomes a liind of chant. The old man listens, and at lenyth joins in.
All. Safety and peace! Order and freedom!

Scene II. - Pulace of the Regent.
Margaret of Parma (in a lunting dress). Courtiers, Pages, Servants.

Regent. Put off the hunt, I shall not ride to-day. Bid Machiavel attend me. [Excent all but the Regent.

The thought of these terrible events leaves me no repose! Nothing can amuse, nothing divert my mind.

These images, these carres, ine always before me. The king will now say that these are the matural fonit. of my kindness, of my clemency; yet my consmeme assures me that I have almund the wisest, the mont prudent course. Onght I somer to have kimdted and spread abroad these flames with the herath of wath? my hope was to keep them in, (1) let them smoulter in their own ashes. Yes, min innal whatem, and my knowledge of the cirmmiances, justify my comduct in my own eyes: but in what linht will it apmar to my brother? For can it low denied that the insolence of these formig teachers wates daily mome andacious? They have desectated our sancturies, unsettled the dull minds of the people and conjured up amongst them a spirit of delusion. Impure spirits have mingled among the insurgents, horrihle deeds have been perpetrated, which to think of makes one shudder, and of these a circmonstantial aceoment most be transmitted to conrt instantly. Prompt and minute must be my communication, lest rummur outrun my messenger, and the king suspect that some particulars have been purposely withheld. I can see no means, severe or mild, by which to stem the evil. Oh, what are we great ones on the waves of humanity? We think to control them, and are ourselves driven to and fro, hither and thither.

## Enter Machiayel.

Regent. Are the despatches to the king prepared? Macmayel. In an hour they will be ready for your sigmature.

Regent. Have you made the report sufticiently cireumstantial?

Macharel. Full and circumstantial, as the kinge loves to have it. I relate how the rate of the irmonclasts first broke out at st. Omer. How a furious
multitude, with staves, hatchets, hammers, ladders and cords, accompanied by a few armed men, first assailed the chapels, churches, and convents, drove out the worshippers, forced the barred gates, threw everything into confusion, tore down the altars, destroyed the statues of the saints, defaced the pictures, and dashed to atoms and trampled under foot whatever that was consecrated and holy came in their way. How the crowd increased as it advanced, and how the inhabitants of Ypres opened their gates at its approach. How, with incredible rapidity, they demolished the cathedral, and burned the library of the bishop. How a vast multitude, possessed by the like frenzy, dispersed themselves through Menin, Comines, Verviers, Lille, nowhere encountered opposition; and how, through almost the whole of Flanders, in a single moment, the monstrous conspiracy declared itself and was accomplished.

Regent. Alas! Your recital rends my heart anew; and the fear that the evil will wax greater and greater adds to my grief. Tell me your thoughts, Machiavel!

Machlavel. Pardon me, your Highness, my thoughts will appear to you but as idle fancies; and though you always seem well satisfied with my services, you have seldom felt inclined to follow my advice. How often have you said in jest: "You see too far, Machiavel! You should be an historian; he who acts must provide for the exigency of the hour." And yet, have I not predicted this terrible history? Have I not foreseen it all?

Regent. I, too, foresee many things without being able to avert them.

Machavel. In one word, then : - you will not be able to suppress the new faith. Let it be recognised, separate its votaries from the true believers, give them churches of their own, include them within the pale of social order, subject them to the restraints of law, -
do this, and you will at once tranquillise the insurgents. All other measures will prove abortive, and you will depopulate the combtry.

Rerestr. Have you forgoten with what aversion the mere surgestion of toleration was rejected by my brother? Know you not, how in every letter he urgently recommends to me the maintenance of the true faith? That he will not hear of tranquillity and order being restored at the expense of religion! Even in the provinces, does he not mantain sies, unkown to us, in order to aseertain who inclines to the new doctrines? Has he not, to our astonishment, mamed to us this or that individual residing in our very neighbourhood, who, without its being known, was obnoxious to the charge of heresy? I oes he not enjoin harshness and severity ? and an I to be lenient? Am I to recomment for his atoption measures of indulgence and toleration? Should I not thas lose all credit with him, and at once forfeit his confidence?

Machayel. I know it. The king commands, aml puts you in full possession of his intentions. You are to restore tranquillity and pease ly measures which cannot fail still more to embitter men's minds and which must inevitably lindle the flames of war from one extremity of the country to the other. Consider well what you are doing. The principal merchants are infected-nobles, citizens, soldiers. What avails persisting in our opinion when everything is changing around us? Oh, that some good gemims would suggest to Philip that it better becomes a monarch to govern burghers of two different creeds, than to excite them to mutual destruction:

Regent. Never let me hear such words again. Full well I know that the policy of statesmen rarely maintains truth and fidelity; that it excludes from the heart candour, charity, toleration. In secular atfairs, this is, alas! only too true; but shall we tritte with

God as we do with each other? Shall we be indifferent to our established faith, for the sake of which so mauy have sacrificed their lives? Shall we abandon it to these far-fetched, uncertain, and self-contradicting heresies?

Macinayel. Think not the worse of me for what I have uttered.

Regent. I know you and your fidelity. I know, too, that a man may be both honest and sagacious, and yet miss the best and nearest way to the salvation of his sonl. There are others, Machiavel, men whom I esteem, yet whom I needs must blame.

Machiayel. To whom do you refer?
Regent. I must confess that Egmont caused me to-day deep and heartfelt annoyance.

Macmiayel. How so?
Regent. By his accustomed demennour, his usual indifference and levity. I received the fatal tidings as I was leaving church, attended by him and several others. I did not restrain my anguish, I broke forth into lamentations, loud and deep, and turning to him, exclaimed, "See what is going on in your province! Do you suffer it, count, you in whom the king confided so implicitly ?"

Machiavel. And what was lis reply?
Regent. As if it were a mere triffe, au affair of no moment, he answered: "Were the Netherlanders but satisfied as to their constitution, the rest would soon follow."

Machinyel. There was, perhaps, more truth than discretion or piety in his words. How can we hope to acyuire and to maintain the confidence of the Netherlander when he sees that we are more interested in appropriating his possessions than in promoting his welfare, temporal or spiritual? Does the number of souls saved by the new bishops exceed that of the fat benefices they have swallowed? And are they not
for the most part foreinume? As yet, the uffion of stadtholder has beal hold we Nethridmans: hom dn not the Spaniarls hetray their areat and imesi-tible desire to possers themselves of these flates! Will not people prefer hoing gowned by their wan
 rather than by foreigurs, whe, from their firet motrance into the lamb, ondabome to maich thmas laes at the general exponse, who measure weryhing ly a foreign standarl, and exercise their authority withont cordiality or sympathy?

Regent. You take jart with our mbments?
Machatel. Assuredly mot in my hart. Womld that with my understanting I cond be wholly on our side.

Regevt. If such is your opinim, it ware botor I should resign the remency then for buth borment and Orange entertained great hopes of oceupying this position. Then they were adversarice: now they are leaghed against me, and have become friemls - inseparable friends.

Machiatel. A damgerons pair.
Regent. To speak candidly, I fear ()range - I fear for Egmont. - Orange moditates some dangerous scheme, his thoughts are far-reaching, he is peservent, appears to accede to everything, never contratiets, amt while maintaining the show of reserence, with clar foresight accomplishes his own desigus.

Maćhavel. Egimont, on the contrary, adsances with a bold step, as if the world were all his wom.

Regent. He bears his hoad as promdly as it the hand of Majesty were not suspemed wer him.

Machayel. The eres of all the people are fixed upon him, and he is the idol of their hearts.

Regent. He has never assumed the lonst dismuise, and carries himself as if no me hand a right to call him to account. He still bears the name of Egmont.

Count Egmont is the title by which he loves to hear himself addressed, as though he would fain be reminded that his ancestors were masters of Guelderland. Why does he not assume his proper title, - Prince of Gaure? What object has he in view? Would he again revive extinguished claims?

Machiavel. I hold him to be a faithful servant of the king.

Recent. Were he so inclined, what important service he could render to the government! Whereas now, without benefiting himself he has caused us unspeakable vexation. His banquets and entertainments have done more to unite the nobles and to knit them together than the most dangerous secret associations. With his toasts his guests have drunk in a permanent intoxication, a giddy frenzy, that never subsides. How often have his facetious jests stirred up the minds of the populace? and what an excitement was produced among the mob by the new liveries and the extravagant devices of his followers!

Machiavel. I am convinced he had no design.
Regent. Be that as it may, it is bad enough. As I said before, he injures us without benefiting himself. He treats as a jest matters of serious import ; and, not to appear negligent and remiss, we are forced to treat seriously what he intended as a jest. Thus one urges on the other; and what we are endeavouring to avert is actually brought to pass. He is more dangerous than the acknowledged head of a conspiracy; and I am much mistaken if it is not all remembered against him at court. I cannot deny that scarcely a day passes in which he does not wound me - deeply wound me.

Machiavel. He appears to me to act on all occasions according to the dictates of his conscience.

Regent. His conscience has a convenient mirror. His demeanour is often offensive. He carries himself
as if he felt he were the manter here, and were withheld by courtesy almo from making us ferl his supremacy; as if he wouk mot exally drive us out of the country ; therell ho 110 need for that.

Machatele I entreat yom, but mot ton harsh a construction upon his frank and juyons temper, which treats lightly matters of eerims moment. You but injure gourself and him.

Regent. I interpret mathing. I spuak only of inevitable consequences, and I kinw him. His patent of nobility and the (intlen Flece unon his breast strengthen his confidener, his audacity: Buth can protect him against any sublen onthreak of royal displeasure. Consider the matter closely, and he is alone responsible for the whole mischief that has broken out in Flanders. From the first, he eomived at the proceedings of the foreign teathers, avoridel stringent measures, and perhaps rejoiced in seeret that they gave us so muel to do. Let me aloner on this oecasion, I will give utterance to that which weighs upon my heart; I will not shoob my arrow in vain. I know where he is volnerable. For he is vulnerable.

Machlayel. Have you smmmond the comeil? Will Orange attend?

Regent. I have sent for him to Antwerp. I will lay upon their shoulders the burden of responsibility ; they shall either strenuonsly coiperate with me in quelling the evil, or at once declare themselses retols. Let the letters be completed withont delay, and bring them for my signature. Then hasten to despateh the trusty Vasea to Madrid; he is faithful and indefatigable; let him use all diligence, that he may not be anticipated by common mport, that my brollem may receive the intelligence fir:t throng him. I will myself speak with him ere he departs.

Macharel. Your orders shall be promptly and punctually obeyed.

Scene III. - Citizen's House.

Clara, her Mother, Braceenburg.

Clara. Will you not hold the yarn for me, Brackenburg?

Prackenburg. I entreat you, excuse me, Clara.
Clari. What ails you? Why refuse me this trifling service?

Brackenburg. When I hold the yarn, I stand as it were spellbound before you, and cannot eseape your eyes.

Clara. Nonsense! Come and hold!
Mother. (linitting in her armchair) Give us a song! Brackenburg sings so good a second. You used to be merry once, and I had always something to laugh at.

Brackenburg. Once!
Clard. W'ell, let us sing.
Brackenburg. As you please.
Claba. Merrily, then, and sing away. 'Tis a soldier's song, my favourite. (She winds yarn, and sings with Brackentider.)

The lrum is resounding,
And shrill the fife plays;
My love, for the battle,
His brave troop arrays ;
He lifts his lance high,
And the people he sways.
My hlood it is hoiling!
My heart throhs pit-pat!
Oh, had I a jacket,
With hose and with hat!
How boldly I'd follow,
And march through the gate ;
Through all the wide province
I'd follow him straight.

The foe viell. we (apture
Or shoot them! Ah, me!
What heat-thrilling rapture
A soldier to lee:
(During the sony, Brawenbiri: hus firquatly looked ut Clara; at lrmyth his roier folter's, his eyes , ill with tecurs, he lets the sherin firll, and goes to the window. Clarais fimishes the song alone, her mother motions to her', half displeatsord, she rises, aedeances afore strps tmemrthim, turns buck as if irresolute, and ayain sits down.

Mother. What is going on in the street, Brackenburg? I hear soldiers marching.

Brackenburg. It is the regent's body-guard.
Clara. At this hour? What can it mean? (She rises and joins Brackenbem: "t the eriment:) That is not the daily guard; it is more numerous: ahmost all the troops! Oh, Brackenburg, go! Learn what it means. It must be something umusual. (io, good Brackenburg, do me this faromr.

Brackenburg. I angoing! I will return immediately. (He offers his heme to Claps, and she gises him hers.)
[Est Dhackexburg.
Mother. Thon sendest him away so som:
Clara. I ann curious; and, hesides -- do not be angry, mother - his presence pains me. I never know how I ought to behave toward him. I have done him a wrong, and it goes to my very heart to see how deeply he feels it. Well, it can't be helped now !

Motner. He is such a truc-hearted fellow:
Clara. I camot help it, I must treat him kindly. Often, without a thought, I roturn the gintle, loving pressure of his hand. I reproach meself that 1 am deceising him, that I am nomithing in his hourt a vain hope. I am in a sal plight! Gonl knows I
do not willingly deceive him. I do not wish him to hope, yet I cannot let him despair!

Mother. That is not as it should be.
Clara. I liked him once, and in my soul I like him still. I could have married him; yet I believe I was never really in love with him.

Mother. Thou wouldst always have been happy with him.

Clara. I should have been provided for, and have led a quiet life.

Mother. And throngh thy fault it has all been trifled away.

Clara. I am in a strange position. When I think how it has come to pass, I know it, indeed, and I know it not. But I have only to look upon Egmont, and I understand it all; ay, and stranger things would seem natural then. Oh, what a man he is! All the provinces worship him. And in his arms should not I be the happiest creature in the world ?

Mother. And how will it be in the future?
Clara. I only ask does he love me? - does he love me? - as if there were any doubt about it.

Mother. One has nothing but auxiety of heart with one's children. Always care and sorrow, whatever may be the end of it! It cannot come to good! Thou hast made thyself wretched! Thou hast made thy mother wretched, too.

Clara. (quietly) Yet thou didst allow it in the begimning.

Mother. Alas! I was too indulgent; I am always too indulgent.

Clara. When Egmont rode by, and I ran to the window, did you chide me then? Did you not come to the window yourself? When he looked up, smiled, nodded, and greeted me, was it displeasing to you? Did you not feel yourself honoured in your daughter?

Mother. Go on with fonr remondes.
('lables. (with ramotion) Thru, when he: protal more ficquently, amb we felt sme that it was on my arontht

 behind the wimfow-pant innt aw:ated hims

 And then, one exening. winnt empeloped! in his manthe, he smphised us as wreat at omr lamp, who hasied herself in receiving him, while I remaincoi, bast in astonishment, as if fastemed to may dair !

Motner. Could I imacine that the prodent ('lasa wonld so som be cartied away hy this unhaply love? I must now enture that, my damhter.
('LaRs. (burestimy into torms) Mother: How can you? Von take pleature in tomentine me:

Mother. (orepinty) $d y$, were away: Make me yet mone wretehed by thy orivef. Is it mon mivery enough that my only damerhter is a matamay

Clabis. (rising "hd spmetient moll.1) I (astawny: The beloved of Egmont a castaway : - What princess would not enve the poor Clara a phare in his heat Oh, mother, - my own mother, von were not wont to speak thas! Dear mother, he kind:- Let the perple think, let the neighbours whisurd, what they likethis chamber, this lowly homse, is a paradise smee Egmont's love has had its ahoule in it.

Mother. One camot help liking him, that is trme. Me is always so kind, frank, amd uph-hemuled.

Claras. There is mot a drop of fialse hand in his reins. And then, mother, he is inderd the great Fgmont ; yet, when he romms ta mos, how temter he is, how kind! Jow he tries to ennecal from me his rank, his bravery ! llow anxinu lo is ahout me! so entirely the man, the friend. the lower.

Mother. Do yon expect him to-day?

Clara. Have you not seen how often I go to the window? Have you not noticed how I listen to every noise at the door? - Though I know that he will not come before night, yet, from the time when I rise in the morning, I keep expecting him every moment. Were I but a boy, to follow him always, to the court and everywhere! Could I but carry his colours in the field:-

Mother. You were always such a lively, restless creature; even as a little child, now wild, now thoughtful. Will you not dress yourself a little better?

Clara. Perhaps, mother, if I have nothing better to do. - Yesterday, some of his people went by singing songs in his honour. At least his name was in the songs ! The rest I could not understand. My heart leaped up into my throat, - I would fain have called them back if I had not felt ashamed.

Motifer. Take care! Thy impetuous nature will ruin all. Thou wilt betray thyself before the people; as, not long ago, at thy cousin's, when thou foundest out the woodcut with the description, and didst exclaim, with a cry: "Count Egmont!" - I grew as red as fire.

Clara. Could I help crying out? It was the battle of Gravelines, and I found in the picture the letter C. and then looked for it in the description below. There it stood, "Count Egmont, with his horse shot under him." I shuddered, and afterward I could not help langhing at the woodcut figure of Egmont, as tall as the neighbouring tower of Gravelines, and the English ships at the side. - When I remember how I used to conceive of a battle, and what an idea I had, as a girl, of Cumnt Egmont; when I listened to descriptions of him, and of all the other earls and princes ; and think how it is with me now!

Enter himekenberg.
Clara. Well, what is whine in!
Brackerbotio. Nithimermam is known. It is rumoned that an insurvetion hats lately haken omt in Flanders; the regent in atail of its spatime here The castle is strongly ganisumb, tho hombers am crowding to the gates, ami the streth are dhronged with prople. I will hasten at ince 10 my wh father. (As if chout to go.)

Chaka. Shall we see yon tu-mormes? 1 mast change my dress a litule. I am expertine my consin, and I look too untidy. Cime mother, help me a moment. Take the book, Backmburg, and hring me such another story.

Motmal. Farewell.
Beackexbetag. (ertomding his hemd) Your hand:
Clara. (refusing hers) When your come mext.

 again at once; and yel, when she takes me at my word, and lets me leave her. I feed an if I could wn mad. - Wretched min: Does the fote of thy fatherland, does the growing distmonce fail thove thee? - Are countryman and shand the rame to then? and carest thon not who mese, and who is in the right? - I was a different ont of follow is a schoolboy :- Then, when an exprise in cratery was given, "Prutus' Speech for Likerty," for imbame. Frit\% was ever the first, and the rewtre whld aty: "If it were only spoken mome deliberately the wom now all hudded together." - Then my home builed, and longed for action. - Now I drave aloms, hamb he the eyes of a mailen. I eamme hate her: bu the alas,
 entirely rejecten mu - mit entirely - yn hali hase is no love:- I will embure it mo longer: - C'an it be
true what a friend lately whispered in my ear, that she secretly admits a man into the house by night, when she always sends me away modestly before evening? No, it cannot be true! It is a lie! A base, slanderons lie! Clara is as innocent as I am wretched. - She has rejected me, has thrust me from her heart - and shall I live on thus? I cannot, I will not endure it. Already my native land is couvulsed by internal strife, and do I perish abjectly amid the tumult? I will not endure it! When the trumpet sounds, when a shot falls, it thrills through my bone and marrow! But, alas, it does not ronse me! It does not summon me to join the onslaught, to rescue, to dare. - Wretched, degrading position! Better end it at once! Not long ago I threw myself into the water; I sank - but nature in her agony was too strong for me; I felt that I could swim, and saved myself against my will. Could I but forget the time when she loved me, seemed to love me:- Why has this happiness penetrated my very bone and marrow? Why have these hopes, while disclosing to me a distant paradise, consumed all the enjorment of life? - And that first, that only kiss:- Here (laying his hand upon the table), here we were alone, - she had always been kind and friendly toward me, - then she seemed to soften, - she looked at me, - my brain reeled, - I felt her lips on mine, - and - and now? - Die, wretch ! Why dost thou hesitate? (He drous a phial from his pocket.) Thou healing poison, it shall not have been in vain that I stole thee from my brother's medicine chest! From this anxious fear, this dizziness, this death-agony, thou shalt deliver me at once.

## ACl 11.

Scene I. - Squmir in Brussels.
Jetter and " Mastri ('arprythe (merting).
Carparter. I id I mot tell yom betmeham! Eight days ago at the guild I sitid there would lee serions disturbances:

Jetter. Is it really true that they hatwe phaterend the churches in Flanders?

Carpesteh. They have ulterly deatroged moth churches and chapels. They have left mothing stambing but the four bare walls. The low ot tahble: And this it is that damages our gond canoe. We ought rather to have laid on claims before the regent, formally and decidedly, and then have stood hy them. If we speak now, if we assemble now, it will be said that we are joining the insurgents.

Jetter. Ay, so every one thinks at tirst. Why should yon thrust your nose into the mess? The neck is closely comected with it.

Carpenter. I am always measy when tmmultarise among the mob - among pentle who have mothing to lose. They use as a pretext that th which w. also must appeal, and phange the country in misery.

> Entor soest.

Soest. Good day, sirs: What news? Is it trme that the image-breakers are emming straight in this direction?

Carpenter. Here they shall wheh mothims at and rate.

Sofstr. I soldier came int" m- tur just mow t"


The regent, though so brave and prudent a lady, has for once lost her presence of mind. Things must be bad, indeed, when she thus takes refuge behind her guards. The castle is strongly garrisoned. It is even rumoured that she means to flee from the town.

Caipenter. Forth she shall not go! Her presence protects us, and we will ensure her safety better than her mimstachioed gentry. If she only maintains our rights and privileges, we will stand faithfully by her.

Enter a Soapboiler.
Soapboller. An ugly business this! a bad business! Troubles are beginning; all things are going wrong! Mind you keep quiet, or they'll take you also for rioters.

Soest. Here come the seven wise men of Greece.
Suapboller. I know there are many who in secret hold with the Calvinists, abuse the bishops, and care not for the king. But a loyal subject, a sincere Catho-lic:-(By degrees others join the speakers and listen.)

Enter Yansen.
Vansen. God save you, sirs! What news?
Carpenter. Have nothing to do with him, he's a dangerous fellow.

Jetter. Is he not secretary to Doctor Wiets?
Cabpexter. He has had several masters. First he was a clerk, and as one patron after another turned him off, on account of his roguish tricks, he now dablles in the business of notary and advocate, and is a branly drinker to boot. (More people gather round and stand in groups.)

Tansen. So here you are putting your heads together. Well, it is worth talking about.

Soest. I think so, too.

Vassex. Now, if only ome of yon ham hamt amb another hoad ammeh for the work, we minh break the Spanish fettore at onne.
sobst. Sirs: yon mant mot talk thas. We have taken our vath to the kins.

Vasisex. Amt ha king whe. Mark that:

Others. Hearken whim; hos a diver fellow. He's sharp enoush.

Vasses. I ham inn whater one whe persessed a collection of parchnents, athmes whinh wiph haters of ancient eonstitutions, contants, and privilows. He set great store, tom, he the ramet buks. Whe of these contamed our whole constitution: low, at tirst, we Netherlanders han primes of , wor who womemed according to hereditary laws, rights, amb usages how
 long as he governed them mpitally: amt how they were immediately on thein what the moment he was for overstepping his bomuls. The states were down upon him at once: for every pronce, howere small, had its own chamber amb repesentatios.

Cabpester. Hoh your tombe: we kinew that long ago: Every honest citizen learns as much ahom the constitution as he needs.

Jetrer. Let him spak: one may always learn something.

Somst. He is quite right.
Several Cltizets. (ion min (fom: One domes mot hear this every day.
 the present; and as yom tamely follow the tank inherited from your fathers, whin bin themmment do with gom just as it phande. Yinn make nu impury into the origin, the hisury, of the righ if a rement: and, in eonsequene of this nowlisemere, the spamat has drawn the net owremers cars

Soest. Who cares for that, if one only has daily bread?

Jetter. The devil: Why did not some one come forward and tell us this in time?

Tansen. I tell it you now. The King of Spain, whose good fortune it is to bear sway over these provinces, has no right to govern them otherwise than the petty princes who formerly possessed them separately. Do you understand that?

Jetter. Explain it to us.
Thasen. Why, it is as clear as the sun. Must you not le governed according to your provincial laws? How comes that?

A Citizes. Certainly!
Vaxsen. Has not the burgher of Brussels a different law from the burgher of Antwerp? The burgher of Autwerp from the burgher of Ghent? How comes that?

Avother Citizen, By heaven!
Vaxsen. But if you let matters run on thus they will soon tell you a different story. Fie on you! Plilip, through a woman, now ventures to do what neither Charles the Bohl, Frederick the Warrior, nor Charles the Fifth could accomplish.

Soest. Yes, yes! The old princes tried it also.
Yavsen. Ay! but our ancestors kept a sharp lookout. If they thonght themselves aggrieved by their sovereign, they would perhaps get his son and heir into their hands, detain him as a hostage, and surrender him only on the most favourable comlitions. Our fathers were men! They knew their own interests! They knew how to hay hold on what they wanted, and to get it estahlished! They were men of the right sort; and hence it is that our privileges are so clearly defined, our liberties so well securen.

Soest. What are you saying about our liberties?
All. Our liberties! Our privileges! Tell us about our privileges.

Varsen. All the provinces have their peculiar advantages, but we of brabant are the most splemdidy provided for. I have reat it all.

Soest. Say on.
Jetter. Let us hear.
A Cimizes. Pray du.
Vassex. Fïnt, it stands writen:- The l huke of Brabant shall be to us a gend and fathful sovereign.

Soest. (inod! Stands it wo!
Jetter. Faithfil? Is that tome?
Yassex. As 1 tell yom. He is lumed to us as we are to him. Secondly : in the exercine of his authority he shall neither exert arhitary power mas exhith caprice himself, nor shall he, eithor directly or indirectly sanction them in others.

Jetiel. Bavo: liavo! Not exert arhitrary power.

Sobst. Nor exhibit caprice
ANotnel. And not sanction them in whers: That is the main point. Not sanction them, either direetly or indirectly.

Vansen. In express words.
Jetter. Get us the book.
A Cimizen. Yes, we mmst see it.
Others. The look: The bow :
Axother. We will to the regent with the book.
Another. Sir doetor, you shall be pokesman.
Sompoller. Oh, the dolts:
Otuers. Something mone omt of the hom:
Soapbone: I'll knock his teeth dewn his throat if he says another word.

Peorle. Wrell see whe dares tw liy hamis unem him. Tell us alout our privilowes! Have we ang more privileges ?

Vases. Many, very ghol and very wholesome ones, too. Thus it stamis: The swereign shall mothom benefit the clergy, nor increase their number, without
the consent of the nobles and of the states. Mark that: Nor shall he alter the constitution of the country.

Soest. Stands it so?
Vansen. I'll show it you, as it was written down two or three ceuturies ago.

A Citfeen. And we tolerate the new bishop? The nobles must protect us, we will make a row else !

Others. Aud we suffer ourselves to be intimidated by the Inquisition?

Vaseser. It is your own fault.
People. We have Egmont! We have Orange! They will protect our interests.

Yansen. Four brothers in Flanders are beginning the good work.

Soapboller. Dog! (Strikes him.)
Others oppose the Soapbolier, and exclam. Are you also a Spaniard ?

Axother. What! This honourable man?
Another. This learned man?
(They uttued the Soapboiler.)
Carpenter. For heaven's sake, peace:
(Others mingle in the fray.)
Caprenter. Citizens, what means this?
(Boys whistle, throw stones, set on clogs; citizens stend and yupe, people come running up, others walk. quietly to and fro, others pley "ll sorts of preuts, shout and huzac.)
Others. Freedom and privilege! Privilege and freedom!

Enter Egmont with followers.
Egmont. Peace! Peace! good people. What is the matter? Peace, I say! Separate them.

Cappenter. My good lord, you come like an angel from heaven. Hush! See you nothing? Count Eg. mont! Honour to Count Egmont!

Egmont. Here, tom: What are you about? Burgher against bugher: Hows wom the nejghworhood of our roval mistres (Inmes at hamior the this frenzy? Disperse yousetres, and an abmin your basiness. Tis a bad sign when you thas keep holiday on working days. How dial the dixturtame bergin?
(Thee trimult yridulenlly sulsiots, wat the prople grether around Einosst.)
Canmeter. They are fighting ahment their pivileges. Egmovt. Which they will forfeit throunh their own folly - and who are you ! You seem honest people.

Carpenter. 'Tis our wish to be so.
EgMoxt. Your calling ?
Canrenter. A carpenter, and master of the guild.
Egmont. And yon?
Soest. A shopkecper.
Egmoxt. And you?
Jetter. A tailor.
Egmont. I remember, you were emploved upon the liveries of my people. Your name is , Jetter.

Jetter. To think of your (rme remembering it:
Egmont. I do not easily forert any un whom I have seen or conversed with. Do what you am, grout people, to keep the peace; gou stam! him hand mon repute already. Provoke wot the king still farther. The power, after all, is in his hamls. An homest burgher, who maintams himsolf inhustrimsly, has everywhere as much fredon as he mods.

Cabpenter. To be sure: that is just our misfortune: With all due deference, your (idam, 'tis the idle portion of the community, your drankats and vagabouds, who guturel for want of sumethime tw do. and clamour about privilege bexmen they are hangre: they inpose upon the curions and the imbluns, amb. in order to obtain a put wi here. bxate divmintmes that will bring misery ufnil thmamuls. That is just what they want. We keep our houes amb dhests tow
well guarded; they would fain drive us away from them with firebrands.

Egmont. You shall have all needful assistance; measures have been taken to stem the evil by force. Make a firm stand against the new doctrines, and do not imagine that privileges are secured by sedition. Remain at home; suffer no crowds to assemble in the streets. Sensible people can accomplish much. (In the meantime the crowd has for the most part dispersed.)

Carpenter. Thanks, your Excellency - thanks for your good opinion! We will do what in us lies. (Exit Enmoxt.) A gracions lord! A true Netherlander: Nothing of the Spaniard about him.

Jetter. If we had only him for a regent. 'Tis a pleasure to follow him.

Soest. The king won't hear of that. He takes care to appoint his own people to the place.

Jetter. Did you notice his dress? It was of the newest fashion - after the Spanish cut.

Carpenter. A handsome gentleman.
Jetter. His head now were a dainty morsel for a headsman.

Soest. Are you mad? What are you thinking about?

Jetter. It is stupid enough that such an idea should come into one's head! But so it is. Whenever I see a fine, loug neek, I cannot help thinking how well it would suit the block. These cursed executions! One cannot get them out of one's head. When the lads are swimming, and I chance to see a naked hack, I think forthwith of the dozens I have seen beaten with rods. If I meet a portly gentleman, I fancy I already see him being roasted at the stake. At night, in my dreams, I am tortured in every limb; one cannot have a single hour's enjoyment ; all merriment and fun have long been forgotten. These terrible images seem burnt in apon my brain.

Scene II. - Ecimont's lipsidinte.
His Secretary (at a desk with purpers. He rises impu. tiontly).

Secretary. He is not yet here! And lhave hom waiting already for two homrs, fen in haml, the pane before me; and just to-day 1 amm anxions to lio. ift early. The floor burns under my feet. I can wilh difficulty restrain my impatience. " De punctual Ln the hour." Such was his parting injumetion: mw he comes not. There is so much hasines th in thand I shall not have fimished before minhight. He werlooks one's faults, it is true; methinki it womld la. better, though, were he more atrict, su he disminsed one at the appointed time. Whe comblhen amane one's plans. It is now full two horess since he cance away from the regent; who knows whom he may have chanced to meet by the way?

Enter Eimont.
Egmont. Well, how do matters look?
Secretary. I an ready, and three conriers are waiting.

Egmont. I have detained you too loms: ram lomk somewhat out of humomr.

Secretary. In obedience t" yomr command lame been in attendance for some time. Here are the jaters.

EgMont. Doma Elvira will be angry with me when she learns that I have detamed yous.

Secretary: You are pleased to just.
Egmort. No, no. Re min indmol. I admire
 that you should have a friem at the amstle. What say the letters?

Secretary. Much, my lord, but withal little that is satisfactory.

Egriont. 'Tis well that we have pleasures at home; we have the less occasion to seek them from abroad. Is there much that requires attention?

Secretary. Enough, my lorl ; three couriers are in attendance.

Egmont. Proceed! The most important.
Secretary. All are important.
Egnont. One after the other; only be prompt.
Sectetary. Captain Breda sends an accomnt of the occurrences that have further taken place in Ghent and the surrounding districts. The tumult is for the most part allayed.

Egnost. He doubtless reports individual acts of folly and temerity?

Secretary. He does, my lord.
Egmont. Spare me the recital.
Secretary. Six of the mob who tore down the image of the Virgin at Verviers have been arrested. He inquires whether they are to be hanged like the others.

Egmoxt. I an weary of hanging; let them be flogged and discharged.

Sechetaliy. There are two women ; are they to be flogged also?

Egroxt. He may admonish them and let them go.
Secretary. Brink, of Breda's company, wants to marry ; the eaptain hopes you will not allow it. There are so many women among the troops, he writes, that when on the mareh they resemble a gang of gipsies rather than regular soldiers.

Egmont. We must overlook it in his case. He is a fine young fellow, and moreover entreated me so earnestly before I came away. This must be the last time, however; though it grieves me to refuse the poor fellows their hest pastime; they have enough without that to torment them.




ExmoxT. If the be an homes madden, and thes
 cession; and if they have any promery, let himbetain as mmeh as will prition the girl.
 discovered passing serpety thmon (manmes. 110 swore that he was on the puint of loating for france. Aceording to orders, he omght the belemeded.

Egmonts. Let him lox combluted quietly to the frontier, and there almomished that the next time he will not escape so casily.

SECRETARY. A letter from yomr stewaml. He writes that money romes in showly: ho ean with difticulty send yon the requiral sum within the week: the late disturbances have thown everything into the greatest confusion.

Eimont. Money mast be hanl: It is por him to look to the means.
sechetary. He says he will do his htmose and at length proposes to sine ant impnison liayment, who has been so long in your debd.

Eamont. But he has promicel to pry :
Secretary. The last time he tixed a fortminht himself.

Egiont. Well, grant him another forthight ; after that he may proceed agminst him.

SEcherary. You do well. His manamment of the money proceeds not from mahility, hat trmm wat of inelination. He will witho no longer when heres ses that yon are in earnest. Thr stewand furtlex furnmes to withhold, for half a momh, the pername whinh !om allow to the old soldiers, widnos, aml ofhros. In the meantime some experliont may ley devised; they must make their arrangements amondingly.

Egmont. But what arrangements can be made here? These poor people want the money more than I. He must not think of it.

Secretary. How then, my lord, is he to raise the required sum?

Egmoxt. It his business to think of that. He was told so in a former letter.

Secretary. And therefore he makes these proposals.

Egmont. They will never do ; - he must think of something else. Let him suggest experients that are admissible, and, above all, let him procure the money.

Secretary. I have again before me the letter from Count Oliva. Pardon my recalling it to your remembrance. Above all others, the aged connt deserves a detailed reply. You proposed writing to him with your owu hand. Doubtless, he loves you as a father

Egnont. I cannot command the time; - and of all detestable things, writing is to me the most detestable. You imitate my hand so admirably, do you write in my name. I am expecting Orange. I cannot do it ; - I wish, however, that something soothing should be written to allay his fears.

Secretary. Just give me a notion of what you wish to commmicate; I will at once draw up the answer, and lay it before you. It shall be so written that it might pass for your hand in a court of justice.

Egnont. Give me the letter. (After glancing over it.) Good, honest, old man! Wert thou so cantious in thy own youth? Didst thou never mount a breach? Didst thou remain in the rear of battle at the suggestion of prudence ? - What affectionate solicitude! He has, indeed, my safety and happiness at heart, but considers not that he who lives but to save his life is already dead. - Charge him not to be anxious on my account; I act as circumstances require, and shall be upon my guard. Let him use his influence
at court in my faromr, and he assumed of my warmest thanks.

Sechetari: Is that all! Howererts still mome.
Egmoxt. What an lay! If you chome w write more fully, dos. The mater turns unn a simgle point ; he would hate me live an I camot live. That I am joyous, live fant, take matters canily, is my crmal fortune; nor would I exchange it for the safety of a sepulchre. My bood remele against the spanish monde of life, nor have 1 the leas inclination to resulate my movenents by the new and cantins masures of the court. Do I live only to chink of life? Am I to forego the enjoyment of the present moment in order to secure the next? And must that in its turn be consumed in anxieties and ille fars?

Sechetary. I entreat yon, my lond, he not so harsh toward the venerable man. You are wont to be friendly toward every one. Say a kindly word to allay the anxiety of your noble frimbl. Sine how considerate he is, with what lelieacy he wame rom.

Egnost. Yet he hams comtinually on the same string. He knows of ohl how 1 detet these admomitions. They serve only toperpex ame are of mavail. What if I were a sommamblist, and trod the gidly summit of a lofty house, - wre it the part of frimelship to call me by my name. Whan me ni my haner, to waken, to kill me? Let earh choose his wwath, and provide for his own satety.

Secretahy. It may berome you to be withnut a fear, but those who know and lwe you-

Egnoxt. (looking nirit the lithi) Then he mealls
 the wantonness of comviviality anl winn: and what conclusions and inforonces ware thone drawn and circulated throughnut the whole kinelom: Wedl, we had a cap and bells cmhmimom wh the sheeves of wur servants' liveries, and afterwand porhamed this semes-
less device for a bundle of arrows; - a still more dangerous symhol for thuse who are bent upon discovering a meaning where nothing is meant. These and similar follies were conceived and brought forth in a moment of merriment. It was at our suggestion that a nohle tronp, with beggars' wallets and a self-chosen nickname, with mock humility recalled the king's duty to his remembrance. It was at our suggestion, too well, what does it siguify? Is a carnival jest to be constrmed into high treason? Are we to be grudged the scanty, variegated rags, wherewith a youthful spirit and heated imagination would adorn the poor nakedness of life? Take life too serionsly, and what is it worth? If the morning wake us to no new joys, if in the evening we have no pleasures to hope for, is it worth the trouble of dressing and undressing? Does the sun shine on me to-lay that I may reflect on what happened yesterday? That I may endeavour to foresee and control what can neither be foreseen nor controlled, - the destiny of the morrow? Spare me these reflections, we will leave them to scholars and courtiers. Let them ponder and contrive, creep hither and thither, and sureptitionsly achieve their ends. If you can make use of these suggestions, without swelling your letter into a volume, it is well. Everything appears of exasgerated importance to the good old man. 'Tis thus the frieud, who has long held our hand, grasus it more wamly ere he quits his hold.

Secretify. Pardon me, the pedestrian grows dizzy when he beholds the charioteer drive past with whirling speet.

Egnoxt. Child! Child! Forbear! As if goaded by invisible spirits, the sum-steeds of time bear onward the light car of our destiny; and nothing remains for us, but, with calm self-possession, firmly to grasp the reins, and now right, now left, to steer the wheels here from the precipice and there from the rock. Whither
he is hasting, who knows? He hardly remmoners whence he cantr:

Sberepary. My lord: my lord!
Egmont. 1 stand high, hut 1 ain amb must rise yet
 Not yet have I attane the hofint of my ambition; that once achicved, I wont to stand limmly and withont
 blast, ay, at false step of my wh! fonipitate me into the abyss, so be it! I shatl lie thore with thonsands of others. I have never distained, orem for at trithing stake, to throw the blomly die with my gallant connrades; and shall I hesitate now, whin all that is mone precious in life is set upont the ast !

Secretary: Oh, my lomet ynu know mot what pou say! May Heaven motect you!

Egmont. Collect your palars (hame in manm. Despatch what is most urent, that the courmon mas set forth before the gates are dhaml. Theren mas wait. Leave the coments letter till b-mmpow frail not to visit Elvial and great her fom me. Inform yourself conceming the regent's hath. She cammot be well, though she would fain anmal it.
[ \& , it shblematis.
Enter Orminis.
Egmont. Weleme, Omue; ynn innar somewhat disturbed.

Oravge. What say you to our conferme with the regent?

Egmont. I fomm mothing extrmatinary in her manner of receiving us. I have oftem sem her thus before. She appeared to bue the smewhat imbisposed.

Oravge. Marked rom hat that sho was mom rob served than usual? sho laman lamomsly apmosing our conduct during the late indmontion; glated
at the false light in which, nevertheless, it might be viewed ; and finally turned the discourse to her favourite topic - that her gracious demeanour, her friendship for us Netherlanders, had never been sufficiently recognised, never appreciated as it deserved; that nothing came to a prosperous issue; that for her part she was begiming to grow weary of it; that the king must at last resolve upon other measures. Did you hear that?

Eisiont. Not all; I was thinking at the time of sompthing else. She is a woman, good Orange, and all women expect that every one shall submit passively to their gentle yoke; that every Hercules shall lay aside his lion's skin, assume the distaff, and swell their train; and, because they are themselves peaceably inclined, imagine, forsooth, that the ferment which seizes a nation, the storm which powerful rivals excite against one another, may be allayed by one soothing word, and the most discordant elements be brought to unite in tranquil harmony at their feet. 'Tis thus with her; and since she caunot accomplish her object, why, she has no resource left but to lose her temper, to menace us with direful prospects for the future, and to threaten to take her departure.

Orange. Think you not that this time she will fulfil her thireat?

Egnont. Never! How often have I seen her actually prepared for the journey? Whither should she go? Being here a stadtholder, a queen, think you that she could endure to spend her days in insignificance at her brother's court, or to repair to Italy, and there drag on her existence among her old family connections?

Orange. She is held incapable of this determination, because you have already seen her hesitate and draw lack; nevertheless, it is in her to take this step; new circumstances may impel her to the long-delayed
 send awther?




 that, and the day fullonsins hase for deal wath -mher

 ure, and half a year womld ho consummel mata- the at single province. With lima al-n time wanlal for, hin head grow dizzy, and things hold 1 gh lhmi whtman
 ing to the plan whirh he hanl fowion-ly manken mat.
 to keep his vessel wff the roms.

Orasiof. What if the kiner worn alyionl thtry an experiment?

Egnost. Which homh! hn-?
Orasige. Jo try how the lunty womld wot whthout the liead.

Egmont. What?



 secrets of mature, so I huld it tw in. lh.. lus . it th... very vocation of a printe, lu ampaint himwli with the dispositions and intantions al al! fantio. ! ! mb... reason to foar an mutbmak. I!m himer has lu:


 way?
 old, has attempted muth. ant mot- lhat the wnlit
cannot be made to move according to his will, he must needs grow weary of it at last.

Orange. One thing he has not yet attempted.
Egmont. What?
Orange. To spare the people, and to put an end to the princes.

Egnont. How many have long been haunted by this dread? There is no cause for such anxiety.

Orange. Once I felt anxious; gradually I became suspicious; suspiciou has at length grown into certainty.

Eimont. Has the king more faithful servants than ourselves?

Orange. We serve him after our own fashion; and, between ourselves, it must be confessed that we understand pretty well how to make the interests of the king square with our own.

Egmost. And who does not? He has our duty and submission in so far as they are his due.

Oravge. But what if he should arrogate still more, and regard as disloyalty what we esteem the maintenance of our just rights?

Efmoxt. We shall know in that ease how to defend ourselves. Let him assemble the Knights of the Golden Fleece; we will submit ourselves to their decision.

Orange. What if the sentence were to precede the trial? pumishment the sentence?

Egmont. It were an injustice of which Philip is incapalle; a folly which I cannot impute either to him or to his counsellors.

Oravge. And what if they were both unjust and foolish?

Egnont. No, Orange, it is impossible. Who would venture to lay hands on us? The attempt to capture us were a vain and fruitless enterprise. No, they dare not raise the stantard of tyramy so high. The breeze
that should waft these tilime over the lame womb
 they have in viow! The king athom has for fower
 attempt on lives by asar-inatim! They amma intend it. A temible lemon would mate the matm people. Direful hate and whal alamann from the crown of spain winled, in the instath, he formbly declared.

Ormage. The flames whal then rand wey mor grave, and the hook of our momic- flow, a sam what tion. Let us consider, Firnom.

Orange. Alya is on the was.
Egmostr. I dunt heliew it.
Orange. I know it.
Egmont. The regent appearal to knm mothing of it .

Oravge. And, therefure the strmener is my comviction. The regent will give pare th him. I kluw his bloodthirsty diswsition, ant he hings ant inmy with him.

Egmost. To hamase the farimen anow! The people will he examerated the that degree

Oravoe. Their leaders will le serured.
Egmont. No: No!
Onavger Let as retime earh th his jmwine. There we can strengthen omselves; the dukir will mut begin with open violemere.

Egmoxt. Mast we mot greet him whan he enmes?
Oravae. Wre will helay.
Egmont. What if, mins artabl, he thould summon us in the king's name?

Oravar. We will answ wandery
Eqmoxt. And if ho ic memt
Orasere. Wre will pxman meredes.
Egmont. If he inmin!

Orange. We shall be the less disposed to come.
Egmont. Then war is declared; and we are rebels. Do not suffer prudence to mislead yon, Orange. I know it is not fear that makes you yield. Consider this step.

Orange. I have considered it.
Egmont. Consider for what you are answerable if you are wrong. For the most fatal war that ever yet desolated a country. Your refusal is the signal that at once summons the provinces to arms, that justifies every cruelty for which Spain has hitherto so anxiously sought a pretext. With a single nod you will excite to the direst confusion what, with patient effort, we have so long kept in abeyance. Think of the towns, the nobles, the people ; think of commerce, agriculture, trade! Realise the murder, the desolation! Calmly the soldier beholds his comrade fall beside him in the battle-field. But toward you, carried down by the stream, will fluat the corpses of citizens, of children, of maidens, till, ayhast with horror, you shall no longer know whose canse you are defending, since you will see those for whose liberty you drew the sword perish around you. And what will be your emotions when conscience whispers, "It was for my own safety that I drew it?"

Orange. We are not ordinary men, Egmont. If it becomes us to sacrifice ourselves for thousands, it becomes us no less to spare ourselves for thousandis.

Egmont. He who spares himself becomes an object of suspicion even to himself.

Oravie. He who is sure of his own motives can with conficlence advance or retreat.

Egnoxt. Your own act will render certain the evil that you dread.

Orange. Wisdom and courage alike prompt us to meet an inevitable evil.

Egmoxt. When the danger is imminent the faintest hope should be taken into account.

Orange. We have mot the smallest fonting left; we are on the ver hrink of the prempe.

Ecmoxt. Is the kimg's favar an gromul sumpow?

Egmoxt. By hearens: he is homenl. I ammen mdure that he should be: -1 momly thomght of: He is Charles's som, and incapmble of mammess.

Oravge. Kings of courte 小umuthing meam.
Egmont. He shomh be better known.
Oravie. Our knowholger commels nos not to wait the result of a dangerom $\mathrm{x}_{1}$ neriment.

Egmont. No experiment is limerons the result of which we have the counge tw in ent.

Orange. Yon are imitaten, Femmat.
Egmont. I must see with my wwor eyes.
Oravge. Oh, that for uno yous sall with mine: My friend, hecanse your eyes arr on'll fom imatine that you see. I go: Awat Alva's arrival, am from be with you! My refusal to flu so may perhaps save you. The dragon may dean the prey mot worth seiz. ing if he camot swallow us beth. l'erhap he mas delay in order more surely wexme his purpese: in the meantime you may see mattors in their true light. But, then, be prompt: Lase not in monnt: Save, -oh, save rourself: Farewrll:-Lat mothing escape your vigilance:- how many trwis he hims. with him; how he garisums the town; what fince the regent retains: how your frimes are frepred. sime me tidings - Vigmont -

Egmost. What would you?
Oravae. (grespiny his liomp) be persuaded: (in with me:

Egmont. What? Tears (hange?
Oravge. To weep for a lost friem is not mmanly.
EgMostr. You deem me lowt?
Ornager You ar lust: Consider: Only a hime respite is left you. Farewell. [Eいit.

Egmont. Strange that the thoughts of other men should exert such an influence over us. These fears would never have entered my mind; and this man infects me with his solicitude! Away! 'Tis a foreign drop in my blood! Kind nature cast it forth! And to erase the furrowed lines from my brow there yet remains, indeed, a friendly meaus.

## ACT III.

## Scene I. - Palace of the Regent.

Margaret of Parma.
Regent. I might have expected it. Ha! when we live inmersed in anxiety and toil we imagine that we achieve the utmost that is possible; while he, who, from a distance, looks on and commands, believes that he requires only the possible. Oh, ye kings! I had not thought it could have galled me thus. It is so sweet to reign ! - and to abdicate? I know not how my father could do so; but I will also.

## Machiatel appears in the baekground.

Regest. Approach, Machiavel. I am pondering over my brother's letter.

Machlayel. May I know what it contains?
Regent. As much tender consideration for me as anxiety for his states. He extols the firmness, the industry, the fidelity, with which I have hitherto watched over the interests of his majesty in these provinces. He condoles with me that the unbridled people occasion me so much trouble. He is so thoronghly convinced of the depth of my views, so ex-
traordmarily satisfied with the prodence of my conduet, that I must ahmost siy the letter is too politely written for a king - certainly for a bouther.

Machavela. It is mot the tirst time that he hats testified to you his just sulisiation.

Redenct. But the tirst time that it is a mere rhetorical figure.

Macmivel. I elo not moderstamd you.
Regent. Inu somm will. Fion after this peramble he is of opinion that withont sohbiors, withont a smatl army, indeed, I shall alwas cut at sury tigure here: We did wrong, he says, to withdiaw onr (Joops from the provinces at the remonstrance of the inhabitants; a garrison, he thimks, which shall press mon the meek of the borcher, will prevent him, by its weinht, from making any lofty spming.

Machavel. It would imitate the fublie mind to the last degree.

Regent. The king thinks, however, do you hear? -he thinks that a clever grneral, one who never listens to reason, will he able to deal pomply with all parties; - people and mobles, ditizens and peasants; he therefore sends, with a powerful army, the Duke of Alva.

Machlavel. Alya?
Regent. You are surprisel.
Machinvel. You say he semb; he asks, donhless, whether he should send.

Regext. The king asks not, he semds.
Machavel. You will then have an experienced wartior in your service.

Regext. In my service? Slnak your mind, Machiavel.

Machavel. I wonld mot anticipate fon.
Regert. Amd I womld 1 comld dissin!mlate. It wounds me - womels me to che quirk. I hand tather my brother would speat his mind than attach his
signature to formal epistles drawn up by a seeretary of state.

Michlavel. Can they not comprehend?
Recent. I know them both within and without. They would fain make a clean sweep; and since they cannot set about it themselves, they give their confidence t" any one who eomes with a besom in his hand. (H, it seems to me as if I saw the king and his comncil worked upon this tapestry.

Michintrel. So distinctly !
Recient. . No feature is wanting. There are good men among them. The honest Roderigo, so experienced, and so moderate, who does not aim too high, yet lets nothing sink too low; the upright Alonzo, the diligent Freneda, the steadfast Las Vargas, and others who juin them when the good party are in power. But there sits the hollow-eyed Toledan, with brazen front and deep fire-glance, muttering between his teeth about womanish softness, ill-timed concession, and that women can ride tramed steeds well enough, buit are themselves bad masters of the horse, and the like pleasantries, which in former times I have been compelled to hear from political gentlemen.

Macmavel. You have chosen good colours for your picture.

Retientr. Confess, Machiavel, among the tints from which I might select, there is no hue so livid, so jaundice-like as Alva's complexion, and the colour he is wont to paint with. He regards every one as a blasphemer or traitor; for under this head they can all be racked, impaled, quartered, and burnt at pleasure. The good I have atcomplished here appears as nothing seen from a distance, just because it is good. Then he dwells on every outbreak that is past, recalls every distmbance that is quieted, and brings before the king such a picture of mutiny, sedition, and audacity, that we appear to him to be actually devouring one
another, when with ins the transient expmann of a rude people has hern tomg fomotem. Thas he conceives a cordial hatred fir the pere pende; lat virw: them with horror, as lurats and monsters; lowss around for fire and swom, and magines that hy -1 th means homan beings ate mhtume

 regent?

Regent. I am aware of that. He will hing his instructions. I am whe chomb in state affairs whter stand how people cam be suplanted withom boins actually deprived of office. Firm, he will pmoner a commission couched in twoms anm what wheme and equivocal; he will streteh his amthrity, for the power is in his hands; if 1 compham, he will hint at secret instractions: if I desire then them, he will answer evasively; if I insist, he will fowhere a faner of totally different import ; and if this fail wembiy me, he will go on preasisty as if 1 hant nover interfered. Meanwhile he will have ancomplished what I dread, and will have frustrated my mot worished schemes.

Machatel. I wish I mald matradict rom.
Regest. His harshuse aml mully will agam

 work destroyed hefore m! ars, an! has heride : bear the blame of his wrons-linus.

Machatyel. Amat it, vine lighmes.
Regent. I have sumann anfommanni th maman quiet. Let him conm: I will make way for him with the best grace ere he prown mer ante.

Regent. "Tis hamer than ym imanime. II" who is accustomed to mate, (") had daily in his hand the destiny of thomsands, desembs fom the thene as into
the grave. Better thus, however, than linger a spectre among the living, and with hollow aspect endeavour to maintain a place which another has inherited, and already possesses and enjoys.

## Scene II. - Clara's Dwelling.

Clara and her Mother.
Mother. Such a love as Brackenburg's I have never seen; I thought it was to be found only in romance books.

Claka. (walking up, and down the room, humming a song)

> With love's thrilling rapture
> What joy can compare!

Mother. He suspects thy intercourse with Egmont; and yet, if thou wouldst but treat him somewhat kindly, I do helieve he would marry thee still, if thou wouldst have him.

Clara. (sings)

> Blissful
> And tearful.
> Witl thonght-teeming brain;
> Hoping
> And teiring
> In wavering pain;
> Now shouting int riumph,
> Now sunk in despair ; -
> With oves thrilling rapture
> What joy can compare!

Mother. Have done with such baby nonsense!
Clara. Nay, do not abuse it ; 'tis a song of marvellous virtue. Many a time have I lulled a grown child to sleep with it.

Mother. Ay: Thum amt thimk of nothime hat thy love. If only it dial min fut everything elee ont of thy hearl. Thom shmathat have more regarel for Brackenburg, I tell thee. He may make thee hamy yet some day.

Clara. He?
Mother. Oh, yes! A time will come: lime chiddren live only in the presint, and give nu tar to our experience. Youth and hally lase, all ham an end ; and there comes a than when one thanks dind if one has any coner to crepp intw.
 Mother, let that time cont - like death. 'To think of it beforehand is homble: And if it come: It we must - then - we will bear moselves as we may. Live without thee, Egmont: (IIrping.) No: It is, impossible.

Enter Egmont (encolomed in "horsomme's cloal;, his hat dreern oter his fact).

Egmont. Clara:
Clara. (uttors a rey and starts lumi) Egmont:
 and lews "pon him.) O thon whnl, kind, sweet Egmont Art thom come! Ar thon here, indeed:

Egront. Cood evening, mothor:
Mother. (ron save yom, molde -ir: My daumhter has well-nigh pined to ileath beanw you hitw taved away so long; she talks and sings alnut you the livelong day.

Enmost. You will give me sume supmer
Motmer. You to us too muth homme. If we omly had anything -

Clara. Certainly: be grim, monher: I have ponvided everything; there is something mared. Do not betray me, mother.

Mother. There's little enough.
Clara. Never mind! Aud then I think when he is with me I an never hungry ; so he cannot, I should think, have any great appetite when I am with him.

Egmont. Do you think so? (Clara stamps with her foot cued turns pottishly away.) What ails you?

Clafa. How cold you are to-day! You have not yet offered me a kiss. Why do you keep your arms enveloped in your mantle, like a new-born babe? It becomes neither a soldier nor a lover to keep his arms mutfled up.

Efinoxt. Sometimes, dearest, sometimes. When the soldier stauds in ambush and would delude the fue, he collects his thoughts, gathers lis mantle around him, and matures his plan; and a lover-

Motmer. Will you not take a seat and make yourself comfortable? I must to the kitchen, Clara thinks of nothing when you are here. You must put up with what we have.

Ensont. Your good-will is the best seasoning.
[Exit Mother.
Clara. And what theu is my love?
Egmont. Just what thou wilt.
Clara. Liken it to anything, if you have the heart.
Egmont. But first. (He flinys uside his mantle, und uppeters arrayed in a mugnificent dress.)

Claha. Oh, heavens!
Egmoxt. Now my arms are free! (Embraces her.)
(larad. Don't. You will spoil your dress. (She steps buck.) How magnificent! I dare not touch you.

Efmont. Art thon satisfied? I promised to come once arrayed in Spanish fashion.

Claba. I had ceased to remind you of it ; I thought you did not like it - ah, and the Golden Fleece!

Enmont. Thon seest it now.
Clara. And did the emperor really hang it round thy neck?

Egmost. He did, my dild: Am this chain amd Order imest the wearr with the moldent pivileges. On earth I ackmwlodgen nu julde wer my ations. except the gramd mater of the onder, with the assembled chapter of kuiphts.

Clamis. Wh, thom mishter let the whole world at in
 the braiding: and the "mbonsmy: One knows mot where to begin.

Einost. There, lonk thy fill.
Clama. Ant the folden Fleece: Yon whe me its history, and said it is the symbol of ermething great and precious, of everything that ean lin morited and won ly diligence and thil. It is very perdousI may liken it to thy lowe:- even an I wear it next my heart ; - and then -

Egmost. What wilt thon say?
Claba. And then agnin it is mot like.
Egmont. Howso!
Clara. I have not won it by diligence and tuil, I have not deserved it.

Egmont. It is whmine in love. Thon dost deserve it because thon hast mot simght it - and, for the most part, those only ohtain who seek it mot.

Clasa. Is it from thine wha experience that thom hast learned this? Didst thom make that prom row mark in reference to thyself! Thon, whom all the people love?

Egmost. Would that I hat dome monething for them: That I could do anything fon them: It in their own good pleasure tw hase.

Clara. Thon hast douhtese been with the regent to-day?

Eimont. I have.
Clabis. Art thou unen whel terms with her?
EgMont. So it would aftats. We ale kiml and serviceable to each other.

Clara. And in thy heart?
Egmont. I like her. True, we have each our own views; hut that is nothing to the purpose. She is an excellent woman, knows with whon she has to deal, and would be penetrating enough were she not quite so suspicions. I give her plenty of employment, because she is always suspecting some secret motive in my conduct when, in fact, I have none.

Clard. Really none?
Egmoxt. Well, with one little exception, perhaps. All wine deposits lees in the cask in the course of time. Orange furnishes her still better entertainment, and is a perpetual ridulle. He has got the credit of harbouring some secret design ; and she studies his brow to discover his thonghts, and his steps, to learn in what direction they are bent.

Clard. Does she dissemble?
Ecmoxt. She is regent - and do you ask ?
Clari.. Pardon me; I meant to say, is she false?
Egmont. Neither more nor less than every one who has his own objects to attain.

Clara. I shonld never feel at home in the world. But she has a masenline spirit, and is another sort of woman thau we housewives and seanstresses. She is great, steadfast, resolute.

Egmort. Yes, when matters are not too much involvel. For once, however, she is a little disconcerted.

Clara. How is that?
Egmont. She has a moustache, too, on her upper lip, and occasionally an attack of the gout. A regular Amazon.

Clara. A majestic woman! I should dread to appear before her.

Efmont. Yet thon art not wont to be timid! It would not be fear, only maidenly bashfulness.
(Clara casts down her eyes, tukes his hund, and leuns upon him.)

Egmost. I understand there dearent: Thou mavest raise thine eyes. (If liesses h, $1 / 4, \mathrm{~s}$.

Clabs. Let me lo silatt: Ler me embrare the: Let me look into thine "res, and time them evervhing
 and gazes on him.) 'Tidl me: Wh, wll me: lt -ram-
 mont? The great Egmom, whomakis su murh mand
 the support and stay of the provinces?

Egmoxt. No, Clara, I am mot he.
Clarar How?
Eimoxtr seent thon, Clara: Let me sit down:
 rests her arms on his liners. "und henls: "p in his fiem.)


 perplexed, when the atow cornou him lightheartal and gay ; beloved by a peeple who low know their own mind; honomed and extelled ley the intratalne multitule; surrombed by friond: in whom he dame not confide; observed by men whate on the wathe to supplant him; toiling aml striving, often without an objert, generally without a rewari. Wh, hat tue conceal how it fares with him, let me mut anak of his feelings! But this Egmont. Clam, is mhan, meserver, happy, beloved and known by the lact in harts, whinh is also thoroughly kuown th him, and whim ho meses
 embraces her.) This is thy Emment.

Clara. So let me die! The wond has no joy after this !

ACT IV.

Scene I. - A Street.<br>Jetter, Carpenter.

Jetter. Hist! neighbour, - a word!
Cahienter. Go your way and be quiet.
.Jetter. Only one word. Is there nothing new?
Chipenter. Nothing, except that we are anew forbidden to speak.

Jetter. How?
Carpexter. Step here, close to this house. Take heed: Immediately on his arrival, the Duke of Alva published a decree, by which two or three, found conversing together in the streets, are, withont trial, declared guilty of high treason.

Jetter. Alas!
Cabpenter. To speak of state affairs is prohibited on pain of perpetual imprisonment.

Jetter. Alas for our liberty !
Carpenter. Aud no one, on pain of death, shall censure the measures of government.

Jetter. Alas for our heads !
Carpenter. And fathers, mothers, children, kindred, friends, and servants are invited, by the promise of large rewards, to disclose what passes in the privacy of our homes, before an expressly appointed tribunal.

Jetter. Let us go home.
Carpenter. And the obedient are promised that they shall suffer no injury either in person or estate.

Jetter. How gracious:- I felt ill at ease the moment the duke entered the town. Since then it has seemed to me as though the heavens were covered with black crape, which hangs so low that one must stoop down to aroid knocking one's head against it.

Cabpenter. And how do yon like his soldiers? They are a tifferent sunt of cabs from those we have been used to.

Jetter. Fangh: It gives one the ramp, at one's heart to see such at tron math down the strent. As straight as tapers, with fixel low, only one step, however many theme may lay and when they stand and tinel, and you pass whe of them, it serms as thonsh the would look you thromh and thengh: and he lowks on stiff and morose that fon fand your sed a taskinater at every comer. They oftom my sigh. Our militia were mery fellows; they took liberties, stomed their lege astride, their hats over their care, they lised amd let live: These fellows are like manhmes with a deril inside them.

Canpexter. Were such an one to ery . Halt "and to level his musket, think yon me would stand?

Jetter. I should fall deal unon the sint.
Cabpertek. Let us yome:
Jetter. No good can come of it. Farewell.
E'nter soest.
Soest. Friends: Neighmurs:
Cariexter. Hush: Let us go.
Sobst. Have you heard?
Jetter. Only tom much:
Soms. The regent is gone.
Jetter. Then Heaven help us.
C'arrexter. She was shme stay to us.
Soest. Her departme was sulldinand secret. she could not agree with the duke: she has sent word th the wobles that she intemts to return. No me believes it, howerer.

Carperter. God pardun the nobles for letting this new yoke be laid upon un neeks. Thes might have prevented it. Our privileges are gone.

Jetter. For heaven's sake not a word about privileges. I already scent an execution; the sun will not come forth; the fogs are rank.

Soest. Orange, too, is gone.
Carpexter. Then are we quite deserted.
Soest. Count Egmont is still here.
Jetter. Cod be thanked! Strengthen him, all ye saints, to do his utmost; he is the only one who can help us.

## Enter Yansen.

Tansex. Have I at length found a few brave citizens who have not crept out of sight?

Jetter. Do as the favour to pass on.
Vansen. You are not civil.
. Eetter. This is no time for compliments. Does your back itch again? are your wounds already healed?

Yansen. Ask a soldier abont his wounds! Had I carel for blows, nothing good would have come of me.

Jetter. Matters may grow more serious.
Vaxsex. You feel from the gathering storm a pitiful weakness in your limbs it seems.

Carienter. Your limbs will soon be in motion elsewhere if you do not keep quiet.

Cansen. Poor mice! The master of the house procures a new cat, and ye are straight in despair! The difference is very trifling; we shall get on as we did before, only be quiet.

Cabperter. You are an insolent kuave.
Yarsen. Cossip! Let the duke alone. The old cat looks as though he had swallowed devils instead of mice, and could not now digest them. Let him alone, I say; he must eat, drink, and sleep like other men. I am not afraid if we ouly watch our opportmuity. At first he makes quick work of it; by and by, however, he too will find that it is pleasanter to live in the larder, among flitches of bacon, and to rest by night,
than to entrap a few sulitary mive in the granary (in to! I know the stadthdders.

Cafrexter. What anch a follow fan say with impunity: Had I said such is thins I should wet hold myself safe a moment.

Vassex. Do mon make rometres measy (imb
 worms, much less the regent.

Jetter. Slanderer:
Vansen. I know some for whom it would be better if, instead of their wwi high spirits, they had a little tailor's blood in their veins.

Carrentek. What mon yon liy that?
Varser. Hum: I mean the combt.
Jetter. Egmont? What hat he wear?
Vasises. I'm a poor devil, amd comld live a whole year round on what he loses in a single nitht: yet he would do well to give me his remmo for atwelvemonth, to have my heal unn his shoudders for one quarter of an hour.

Jetter. You think yourself very elnem: yet there is more sense in the hais of Fgmont: heal than in your brains.

Vassen. Perhaps so! Not mone shrewhess, however. These gentry are the mont aft wheme themselves. He should be more chary of his comtidenese

Jetter. How his tongue wags: such a gemteman!

Vansen. Just becanse he is not a tailor.
Jetter. You andarious seomblrel.
Vaxsex. I only wish he had yome comatre in his limbs for an hour to make film moner, and phatue and torment him till he were compelled whar the wan.

- Jetter. What nonsense yon talk; why, hesa an saf as a star in heaven.

Vaxsex. Have you ever seen and smufi itendt mit! Off it went!

Carpester. Who would rare to meddle with him? Varsen. Will you interfere to prevent it? Will you stir up an insurrection if he is arrested?

Jetter. Ah:
Thases. Will you risk your ribs for his sake?
Soest. Eh:
Vassen. (mimicking them) Eh: Oh! Ah! Run through the alphabet in your wonderment. So it is, and so it will remain. Heaven help him!
. Tetter. Confound your impudence. Can such a noble, upright man have anything to fear?

Vassen. In this world the rogue has everywhere the adrantage. At the bar, he makes a fool of the judge; on the bench, he takes pleasure in convicting the accused. I have had to copy out a protocol, where the commisary was handsomely rewarded by the court, both with praise and money, because, through his cross-examination, an honest devil, against whom they had a grudge, was made out to be a rogue.

Carpenter. Why, that again is a downright lie. What can they want to get out of a man if he is imnocent?

Varsex. Oh, you blockhead: When nothing can be worked out of a man by cross-examination they work it into him. Honesty is rash and withal somewhat presumptuous: at first they question quietly enough, and the prisoner, proud of his innocence, as they call it, comes out with much that a sensible man would keep back: then, from these answers the inquisitor proceeds to put new questions, and is on the watch for the slightest contradictions; there he fastens his line; and, let the poor devil lose his self-possession, say too much here or too little there, or, Heaven knows from what whim or other, let him withhold sonse triffing circumstance, or at ayy moment give way to fear - then we're on the right track, and J assure you no beggar-woman seeks for rags among the rubbish
with mone care than surla a fathiathe of mone from trifling, erooked, disjointol, mixplamol, misumind, and concealed facts and information, ackumbland or de-
 means of which he maty at lat hamp his vietim in effisy: and the foom devil mity thank Heaven if ho is in a condition to see himself hangen.

Jetter. He has a mealy tompue of his awn.
Cabreater. This may serve woll emongh with thome Wasps laugh at your commens wel.

Vaves. Aceording to the kime of ander. The tall duke, now, has just the lowk of your gantem-phider: not the large-bellied kiml - they illo les dammons; but your long-footed, meagre-horime mantandm, that does not fatten on his dict, am whone thencals are slender, indeed, hat mat the lese temaname

Jetter. Eghont is kinght of the (imanon fiman: who dares lay hands on him! 10 (an lue mime muty by his peers, by the assemblem kaights of his (1xter.
 into this nonsense.

Yassea. Think you that I wioh him ill! I likw it well enough. He is an excellem gentrmath. He
 of mine who wond else have leen langed. Nun takn yourselves off: begone, I advia poll: Yomber 1 wo the patrol again commencins their mom The? du not look as if they would he willing th fratemise with us over a glass. We must wat, and hidu om timue. I have a couple of nieces and a tapser: if, after mjowne themselves in their compmy, they are not tamed, they are regular wolves.

Scene II. - The Palace of Eulenberg, residence of the Duke of Alya.

## Silva and Gomez (meeting).

Silva. Have you executed the duke's commands?
Gonez. Punctually. All the day-patrols have receiver orders to assemble at the appointed time, at the various points that 1 have indicated. Meanwhile, they march as usual through the town to maintain order. Each is ignorant respecting the movements of the rest, and imagines the command to have reference to himself alone; thus in a moment the cordon can be formed, and all the avenues to the palace occupied. Know you the reason of this command?

Silva. I am accustomed blindly to obey; and to whom can one more easily render obedience than to the duke, since the event always proves the wisdom of his commands?

Gonez. Well! Well! I am not surprised that you are become as reserved and monosyllabic as the duke, since you are obliged to be always about his person; to me, however, who am accustomed to the lighter service of Italy, it seems strange enough. In loyalty and obedience, I am the same old sailor as ever; but I am wont to indulge in gossip and discussion; here you are all silent, and seem as though you knew not how to enjoy yourselves. The duke, methinks, is like a brazen tower without gates, the garrison of which must be furnished with wings. Not long ago I heard him say at the talle of a gay, jovial fellow that he was like a bad spirit-shop, with a brandy sign displayed, to allure illers, vagabonds, and thieves.

Silva. And has he not brought us hither in silence?

Gomez. Nothing (onn lue sibl mainst that. If it truth, we, who witheseded the inhlerese with whith be
 thing. How he mhemom warily thromen frionde amb
 through the Swise and their empendmates: maintained
 and withont the slightest himeleranm, at mareh that was
 something.
 quiet as though there ham heen mo dioturhamee?

Gomez. Why, as for that, it was tolembly quint when we arrived.

Silos. The provimes hate herome morh mome tranquil; if there is ant momebient now it is only among those who wish tor extle: and to them, methinks, the duke will ereetlily fore every ontlet.

Giove\%. This survira •ambnt fail to winfor him the favour of the king.

Sins. Amd mothos is mome expelient for u* than to retain his. Shonld the king emone hither, the doke doubtless and all whon he recommends will not wo withont their rewird.

Gomez. Do you really helieve then that the king will come?

Silva. So mamy preparations are mate that the report appears highly poobable.

Gomez. I am not ponvincel, howerer.
Silva. Keep yom thonghte tw yourself, thom. For if it should mot he the kings intration to comer, it is at least certain that he wishes the mhment to be believed.

## Enter Ferminivo.

Ferdivand. Is my father wot yet ahmen?
Silva. We are waitiner themblownands.

Ferdinand. The princes will soon be here.
Gomez. Are they expected to-day?
Ferdinand. Orange and Egmont.
Gonez. (aside to Silita) A light breaks in upon me.

Silva. Well, then, say nothing about it.
Enter the Duke of Alva (as he advances the rest draw back).
Alva. Gomez!
Gonez. (steps forward) My lord!
Alva. You have distributed the guards and given them your instructions?

Goxez. Most aceurately. The day-patrols -
Alya. Enough. Attend in the gallery. Silva will announce to you the moment when you are to draw them together, and to occupy the avenues leading to the palace. The rest you know.

Gonez. I do, my lord.
Alva. Silva!
Silva. Here, my lord!
Alva. I shall require you to manifest to-day all the qualities I have hitherto prized in you: courage, resolve, unswerving execution.

Silva. I thank you for the opportunity of showing that your old servant is unchanged.

Alya. The moment the princes enter my cabinet hasten th arrest Egmont's private secretary. You have made all needful preparations for securing the others who are specified?

Silvi. Rely upon us. Their doom, like a wellealculated eclipse, will overtake them with terrible certainty.

Alva. Have you had them all narrowly watched?
Silva. All. Egmont especially. He is the only one whose dememon since your arrival remains unchangen. The livelung day he is now on one horse
and now on another; he imites guests as minal, is merry and entertaining at table, plats at dice, shows. and at might steals to his mistres. The ofhers, wh the contrary, have made a manfere panse in their mond of life; they remain at home, and, from the ontward aspect of their homes, pon womld inagine that there was a sick man within.

Alva. To work then are they reower in spite of us.
Subva. I shall hing them without fail. In whedience to your commands we load the with whicines honours; they are alamed; camtinsly, yet andomely, they tender their thamks, feel that flight would be the most prudent course, vet nome renture to adme it: they hesitate, are mable to work twerer, while the bond which mites them prevents thair acting hally as indiviluals. They are anxions (1) withdraw themselves from suspieion, and thas only rember themselves more obnoxions to it. I already contemplate with joy the suceessina realisation of your scheme.

Alva. I rejoice only wer what is accomplished, and not easily over that ; in there ever remans gromed for serious and anxions though. Fontune is capricious; the common, the worthless, she oft-times emonbles, while she dishonours with a comtemptible iswe the most maturely-considered sehomes. Await $\mathrm{l}_{\text {me }}$ arrival of the princes, then order (ionne to ormpe the streets, and hasten vourseld warest bimmuts sectotary, and the others who are suecitico. This dome. return, and amounce to my som that he may hing me the tidings of the council.

Silva. I trust this evening I shall dare to apmear in your presence. (Absis "phrourles his son, whe hus hitherto been stanting in the grllery.) I dare now whisper it even to mbself, my mind migives me. The event will, I fear, ive different from what he anticipates. I see before me spirits who, still and thoughtul. weigh in ebon scales the derm of princes and of mans
thousands. Slowly the beam moves up and down; deeply the judges appear to ponder; at length one scale sinks, the other rises, breathed on by the caprice of destiny, and all is decided. [Exit.

Alva. (udrancing with his son) How did you find the town?

Ferdinand. All is quiet again. I rode, as for pastime, from street to street. Your well-distributed patrols hold Fear so tightly yoked that she does not venture even to whisper. The town resembles a plain when the lightning's glare announces the impending storm: no bird, no beast is to be seen, that is not stealing to a place of shelter.

Alva. Has nothing further oceurred?
Ferdinind. Egmont, with a few companions, rode into the market-place; we exchanged greetings; he was mounted on an unbroken charger, which excited my admiration, "Let us hasten to break in our steeds," he exclaimed; "we shall need them ere long!" He said that he should see me again to-day; he is coming here at your desire to deliberate with you.

Alva. He will see you again.
Ferdinant. Among all the knights whom I know here he pleases me the best. I think we shall be friends.

Alva. You are always rash and inconsiderate. I recognise in you your mother's levity, which threw her unconditionally into my arms. Appearances have already allured you precipitately into many dangerous connections.

Ferdinand. You will find me ever submissive.
Alva. I pardon this inconsiderate kindness, this heedless gaiety, in consideration of your youthful blood. Only forget not on what mission I am sent, and what part in it I would assign to you.

Ferdinand. Admonish me, and spare me not, when you deem it needful.

ALVA. (after "punse) My son!
FerminiNo. Fathom:
Alva. The prinees will be heqe anon; Orange and Egmont. It is mot mistrast that has withheld me till now from diselosing to yon what is ahome w take place. They will not depart home:.

Alva. It has heen berdvel to arrest them. You are astonished! Learn what you have tw lo ; the reasons you shatl know when all is areomplisherl. Time fails now to unfold them. With fon alone I wish (w deliberate on the wejohtiest, the mont semet matters: a powerful bond hold ws linkml together: sou are dear and precions to me : m yon l womld lustww everything. Fot the habit of whelience alone would I inpress upon you; I desire also (w implant within yomr mind the power to realise, (o commamd, to exerote: to you I would bequeath a vas inheritamer. th the king a most useful servant: l would fmbum you with the noblest of my possessions, that yon may mot he ashammed to appear among your herethem.

Ferninasd. How deqply lam imphed to fom for this love, which you manibes fin me akone, while a whole kingem stands in fear of ?

Alvia. Now hear what ix to her dome As som in the princes have enterenl, wery armur to the palace will le guarded. This duty is cumtidud to (inme\%. Silva will hasten to arrest Eismont's secomarry, together with those whom we hold most in sumbinn. Son. meanwhile, will take the command of the guards stationed at the gates and in tho comts. Almse all, take care to oceupr the aljomine apartment with the trustiest soldiers. Wait in thr allory till silva ros turns, then bring me any mompurtant paper, as a signal that his commission is cexecuterl. lemamin the antechamber till Orange retires: follos him: I will detain Egmont here as thons l hat some fimther
communication to make to him. At the end of the gallery demand Orange's sword, summon the guards, secure promptly the most dangerous man; I meanwhile will seize Egmont here.

Ferimand. I obey, my father - for the first time with a heary and an anxious heart.

Alva. I pardon you; this is the first great day of your life.

## Enter Silva.

Silva. A courier from Antwerp. Here is Orange's letter. He is not coming.

Alva. Says the messenger so ?
Silva. No, my own heart tells me.
Alra. In thee speaks my evil genius. (After reading the letter he makies a sign to the two, and they retire to the gallery. Alva remains alone in front of the stage.) He comes not! Till the last moment he delays declaring himself. He dares not to come! So, then, the cautious man, contrary to all expectation, is for once cantious enongh to lay aside his wonted caution. The hour moves on. Let the hand travel but a short space over the dial, and a great work is done or lost - irrevocably lost; for the opportunity can never be retrieved, nor can our intention remain concealed. Long had I maturely weighed everything, foreseen even this contingency, and firmly resolved in my own mind what in that case was to be done; and now, when I am called upon to act, I can with difficulty guard my mind from lieing again distracted by conflicting doubts. Is it expedient to seize the others if he escape me? Shall I delay, and suffer Egmont to elude my grasp, together with his friends, and so many others who now, and perhaps for to-day only, are in my hands? Thus destiny controls even thee - the uncontrollable! How long matured: How well prepared! How great, how admirable the plan: How nearly had hope attained
the goal: Anl now, at the lecisive moment. than art placed betwern two wils; as inte a lotery thm dost grasp inte the dark future: what thou hase hatwo remains.still unrollal, th the maknown whether it is a

 mont! Ihid thy steel bear thee hither whinhty amd started not at the seent of blanl, at the eqimit with the naked sword who receiven thoee at the sate! Ihsmount! Lo, now thom hart whe frot in the grate: And now both: Aye, careo him, and fon the lant the stroke his neck for the wallant simive hat hembered thee. And for me nu, choiee is left. The delusinn in which Egmont ventures here torlay canmit a serome time deliver him into my haml: Hark: (Frmmnand and Silva enter hostily.) (heer me onders. I swerve not from my purpere. I hall detain Equmt here as best 1 may till you brime bue tilinse from Silva. Then remain at hand. Thee tow, fate has robbed of the proud honom of arrestine with thine own
 prompt! (To Fermivisp.) divance to meet him. (Alva remuins some moments alune. puciny the chember in silence.)

## Enter Fomont.

Egnoxt. I come to learn the king's commands: to hear what service he demands from our lovalty, whirh remains eternally devotel to him.

Alva. He desires above all th hear your commed.
Egmost. Epon what sulject! Ihas (range conte also? I thought I should fimb him here.

Alvi. I regret that he faik us at this impmiant crisis. The king desires yan commel. your opinion as to the best means of trammilli-iner there sates. He trusts, indeel, that foll will zealomely minemate with him in quelling these disturbances, and in seenting to
these provinces the benefit of complete and permanent order.

Egmont. You, my lord, should know better than I that tranquillity is already sufficiently restored, and was still more so till the appearance of fresh troops again agitated the public mind, and filled it anew with anxiety and alarm.

Alva. You seem to intimate that it would have been more advisable if the king had not placed me in a position to interrogate you.

Egmont. Pardon me: It is not for me to determine whether the king acted advisedly in sending the army hither, whether the might of his royal presence alone would not have operated more powerfully. The army is here, the king is not. But we should be most ungrateful were we to forget what we owe to the regent. Let it be acknowledged! By her prudence and valour, by her judicious use of authority and force, of persuasion and finesse, she pacified the insurgents, and, to the astonishment of the world, succeeded, in the course of a few months, in bringing a rebellious people back to their duty.

Alva. I deny it not. The insurrection is quelled ; and the people appear to be already forced back within the bounds of obedience. But does it not depend upon their caprice alone to overstep these bounds? Who shall prevent them from again breaking loose? Where is the power capable of restraining them? Who will be answerable to us for their future loyalty and submission? Their own good-will is the sole pledge we have.

Egmont. And is not the gool-will of a people the surest, the noblest pledge? By heaven! when can a monarch hold himself more secure, ay, against both foreign and domestic foes, than when all can stand for one, and one for all?

Alya. You would not have us believe, however: that such is the case here at present?

Egmoxt. Let the king perdain a genemb pardon; he will thas tanamillier the pmblie mind: and it will be seen how seedily hathy and affection will mam when contidence is resturad.

Abse. How: aml wher these who have insultend the majesty of the kings. whon hare violated the sanctuaries of our religion, to go :hnow molallened: living witnesses that enomous ammes may be perpotated with impunity:

Egmoxt. And ought mot a crime of fremze of intoxication, whe excused rather than emelly chastised? Especially when there is the sume hole, nay, mone, where there is positive cetainty that the evil will never again recur? Would mot smereigns thas be more secure? Are not those monardhe mast extolled by the world and ly pusterity who can pardn, pity, despise an offense against their dignity : Are they not on that account likene? t" (iad himself, who is far too exalted to be assailed by evory inle haophome!
"Alva. And, therefore, should the king contend for the hononr of God and of religion, we for the authonty of the king. What the sureme power disedains to avert, it is our duty to avenge. Weme I to cemmed, no guilty person shomld live to rejoise in his immuity:

Egmont. Think you that ron will be able wemeh them all? Do we not daily hear that fear is drwing them to and fro, and forcing then ont of the land? The more wealthy will escape to other combries with their property, their children, and their friemds: while the poor will carry their industrious hames to our neighbours.

Alva. They will, if they camot lo prevented. It is on this account that the lime desires momsel amd aid from every prince, zenhos mimeration from every stadholder; not merely a kesciption of the present posture of affairs, ir conjectures as to what might take place were events suffered to hohl on their course
without interruption. To contemplate a mighty evil, to flatter oneself with hope, to trust to time, to strike a blow, like the clown in a play, so as to make a noise and appear to do something, when in fact one would fain do nothing; is not such conduct calculated to awaken a suspicion that those who act thus contemplate with satisfaction a rebellion, which they would not indeed excite, but which they are by no means unwilling to encourage?

Egnont. (ubout to brenk forth, restruins limself, und "fter " brict puuse, speutis with composure) Not every design is obvions, and many a man's design is misconstrued. It is widely rumoured, however, that the object which the king has in view is not so much to govern the provinces according to uniform and clearly definel laws, to maintain the majesty of religion, and to give his people miversal peace, as unconditionally to subjagate them, to rob them of their ancient rights, to appropriate their possessions, to curtail the fair privileges of the nobles, for whose sake alone they are ready to serve him with life and limb. Religion, it is said, is merely a splendid device, behind which every dangerous design may be contrived with the greater ease ; the prostrate crowds adore the sacred symbols pietured there, while behind lurks the fowler ready to ensnare them.

Alci. This I must hear from you?
Egyont. I speak not my own sentiments! I but repeat what is loudly rumoured, and uttered now here and now there by great and by humble, by wise men and fools. The Netherlanders fear a double yoke, and who will le surety to them for their liberty?

Alri. Liberty: A fair word when rightly understood. What liberty would they have? What is the freedom of the most free? To do right! And in that the monarch will not hinder them. No! No! They imagine themselves enslaved when they have not the
power to injure themselses and others. Wombled it not be better to abdicate at wore rather than rule sum a people? When the combtry is theatemed by foremin invaders, the burghers, wermiod maly with their imme-
 foe, and when the king sendires their aid, thee ghared among themselves, amb chas, as it were, omepire with the enemy. Far betwr is it turemnseribe thoir power, to control and gnide them fir their gonl, as children are controlled :md smided. Trust meatemple grows aeither old nor wise, a people remains ahwas in its infancy.

Egmoxt. How rarely dens a king attan windom: And is it not fit that the many shomblemtide their interests to the many molher than the whe! Amb not even to the one, bat to the few sermants of the one, men who have grown wh mater the ame of their
 lege of these favoured imdivilinals.

Alva. Perhaps for the very reason that they are not left to themselves.

Egnont. And therefore they womld fain leave mo one else to his own gutance. Lat them do what the like, however; I have replied to your questions, amil I repeat, the measures ron propes will nevor sumceed! They camot succoed! I know my (anmormen. They are men wothy to thall (ionds anth: each complete in himself, a litte king. standiat.antion capable, loyal, attached thememt an-mme. It mos be dithent to win their anflitence hat it is same to retain it. Firm and mbenting? Thos mas bermand but not subdued.

Alva. (who derin!! this sperth homs lomked rimmed several times) Would you venture whent what you have uttered in the kings presme?

Egmont. It were the wome if in hi- premenere 1 were restramed by fear: The bether for him and for
his people if he inspirel me with confidence, if he encouraged me to give yet freer utterance to my thoughts.

Alva. What is profitable I can listen to as well as he.

Egmont. I would say to him - 'Tis easy for the shepherd to drive before him a fluck of sheep; the ox chaws the plough without opposition ; but if you would ride the noble steed, yon must study his thonghts, yon must require nothing unreasonable, nor unreasonably, from him. The burgher desires to retain his ancient constitution; to be governed by his own countrymen; and why? Becanse he knows in that case how he shall be ruled, because he can rely upon their disinterestedness, upon their sympathy with his fate.

Alys. And ought not the regent to lee empowered to alter these ancient usages? Should not this constitute his fairest privilege? What is permanent in this world? And shall the constitution of a state alone remain unchanged? Must not every relation alter in the course of time, and, on that very account, an ancient constitution become the sonrce of a thousand evils, hecause not adapted to the present conclition of the people? These ancient rights afford, doubtless, convenient loopholes, through which the crafty and the powerful may creep, and wherein they may lie concealed to the injury of the people and of the entire commonity ; and it is on this account, I fear, that they are held in such high esteem.

Egmont. And these arhitrary changes, these unlimited encroachments of the supreme power, are they not indications that one will permit himself to do what is forbilden to thousands? The monareh would alone be free, that he may have it in his power to gratify his erery wish, to realise his every thought. And though we should confide in him as a good and virtu-
ous sovereign, will hre he ancwialde to us for his sumcessors? 'lhat monte whe mone after him shatl rule without consideration, withont fintheatimen Shat who
 hither his revants, his minins, whe, withut kumbledge of the eomutry aml it- ramiranments, homh wern
 opposition, and know hemodres exemp from all responsibility!
 There is mothing mome natural than that a kine -hand choose to retain the fuwrer in his nwn hands, amt that he
 who hest molerstand him, who hesime tom merstand him, aut who will uncoutitumally exerute his will.

Egmoxt. And just as matural is it that the humer should prefer being governed be wem ham reated in the same land, whose nutions of right and wrong are in harmony with his own, and whon he can regat as his broher.

Alvi. And yet the moble methinks, has shared rather unequally with these brethren of his.

Egnort. That took phare centurise aso and is now submittel to without enry. Dint should new men, whose presence is not neded in the ambery, lue semt th emich themselves a seoment time at the cont of the
 their bohl, unserupulous rapacity, it would excite a fer- ment that wouk mot som the quelled.

Alra. Lion utter worle to whilh I ought not to listen;-I, too, am a formigner.

Egmoxt. That they are sumen in yan preseme is a sufticient proof that they have no reforme to wom.

Alva. Be that as it may. I womblather mot hear them from rom. The king sont me here in the home that I should ohtain the -mpurt of the mindes. The king wills, and will have his will inesed. After pro-
found deliberation, the king at length discerns what course will best promote the welfare of the people; matters cannot be permitted to go on as heretofore; it is the king's intention to limit their power for their own good; if necessary, to force upon them their salvation: to sacritice the more dangerons burghers in order that the rest may find repose, and enjoy in peace the blessing of a wise govermment. This is his resolve; this I am commissioned to announce to the nobles; and in his name I require from them advice, not as to the course to be pursued - on that he is resolved - but as to the best means of carrying his purpose into effect.

Egmoxt. Your words, alas : justify the fears of the people, the universal fear: The king then has resolved as no sovereign ought to resolve. In order to govern his subjeets more easily, he would crush, subvert, nay, ruthlessly destroy, their strength, their spirit, and their self-iespect! He would violate the inmost core of their individuality, doubtless with the view of promoting their happiness. He would annihilate them, that they may assume a new, a different form. Oh: if his purpose be good, he is fatally misguided! It is not the king whom we resist ; - we but place ourselves in the way of the monarch, who, unhappily, is about to take the first rash step in a wrong direction.

Alya. Such being your sentiments, it were a vain attempt for us to endeavour to agree. You must, indeed, think poorly of the king, and contemptibly of his counsellors, if you imagine that everything has not already been thought of and maturely weighed. I have no commission a second time to balance conflict. ing arguments. From these people I demand submission; - and from yon, their leaders and princes, I demand counsel and support as pledges of this unconditional duty.

Egmost. Demand wur heads, and rour object is attained; to a moll wn! it mus he indifferent whether he storj his neck tw owh it rak" ar lay it ulan the block. I have sumen mun to little pripere. I have agitated the air, hat aremmpliand mathing

> Euter Fehanian!.

Ferdnand. Pardon mutusion. Here is a letter, the bearer of which membly demands an answer.

AlNa. Allow me th prone its contents. (S'tos aside.)

Ferminast. (on Eivant) Tis a male steed that your people have hompht to carry yon ansay.

Egnost. I have sen wher. I have hal him sume time; I think of parting with him. If he pleases yon we shall probably swn ande of th the pate

Fermanal. We will think ahnet it. (Ales motions to his som. ullu, retios to the hanh!nommb.)

Egmont. Farewell: Allww me whe; for, by heaven, I know mot what mase I can soy

Ald. Fontmately for rint, hame prement ya from making a fuller diochesure of whe sentinents. You incautionsly lay hare the pensore of your heart. and your own lips furnish mitmone athet sum mone fatal than eould be produced by shm hiturest adrersary.

Egnoxt. This repmach dinumb meme I know my own heart: I know with what home zeal I am devoted to the king: I know that my allomano in more true than that of many who, in his wrime and
 should terminate su mationturily, amb that that. in spite of our oppoing vinwe thenvin of the king. our master, and the weltary of wir comatry mas speedily unte us: anmbur anfornow, the prombe

in a more propitious moment, accomplish what at present appears impossible. In this hope I take my leave.

AlVA. (who at the same time makes a sign to Ferdinand) Hold, Egmont:- Your sword! - (The centre door opens ame diseloses the gullery, which is oecupied with guareds, who remain motionless.)

EgMont. (effer a pause of astomishment) This was the intention? For this thou hast summoned me? (Giresping his sword as if to defend himself.) Am I then weaponless?

Alva. The king commands. Thou art my prisoner. (At the sume time guturds enter from both sides.)

Egmont. (ufter a puuse) The king? - Orange! Orange! (After "putse, resigning his sucord.) Take it: It has been employed far oftener in defending the cause of my ling than in protecting this breast. (He retires by the centre door, followed by the guard and Alva's son. Alva remuins standing while the curtain fulls.)

## ACT V.

Scene I. - A Street. Twilight.
Clara, Brackenburg, Burghers.
Brackenburg. Dearest, for heaven's sake, what wouldst thou do?

Clara. Come with me, Brackenburg! Thou canst not know the people, we are certain to rescue him ; for what can equal their love for him? Each feels, I could swear it, the burning desire to deliver him, to avert danger from a life so precious, and to restore freedom to the most free. Come: A voice only is wanting to call them together. In their souls the memory is still fresh of all they owe him, and well

they know that his minhty arm alone shields them from destruction. Fin his sake, for them won sake,
 At most our lives, which, if he jerish, are nut whent preserving.

Brackendita. I'nhapry girl: Thon seest mot the power that holds us fettored at with bambs of irm.

Clara. To me it too mot ander invincible. Lot us not lose time in ille wombs. Here comes some of our old, honest, valiant hurghems: Hark ve, friends: Neighbours! Hark:-say, how fares it with ligmont?

Carpexter. What Joe the gir\} want? Tell her to hold her peace.

Clama. Step nearer, that wo may yeak bow, till we are united and more strong. Not a moment is to be lost. Audacious tyrams, that dated to fetter him, already lifts the dagger agamst his life. (the my friends: With the advancing twilight my anxiety grows more intense. I dreal this night. Come: Let us disperse; let us hastom from quater th yuarter, and eall ont the bughers Let wery ome grasp his ancient weapons. In the market-place we meet again, and every one will be carriol inward hy our gathering stream. The amb will sum thomes surromaded, overwhelmed, and the rompelled tw geht. How ean a handful of shaye meint us: Aml har will return among us, he will see himblif besend, ant can for once thank us, us, who are almany so domply in his debt. He will behold, promanee, as, doulatere, be will again behold the moms mellawn in the free theavens.

Carpexter. What ails thee maidon?
Clara. ('an re misumbratand mu! I speak of the count: I speak of Fommont?

Jettra. Speak not the mame' 'tis 小maly:
Claris. Not spealk his mame? Hoin! Nout Figmont's name? Is it mot on wery tongm! Where
stands it not inscribed? Often have I read it emblazoned with all its letters among these stars. Not utter it? What mean ye? Friends! good, kiud neighbours, ye are dreaming; collect yourselves. Gaze not upon me with those fixed and anxious looks! Cast not such tinid glances on every side! I but give utterance to the wish of all. Is not my voice the voice of your own hearts? Who, in this fearful night, ere he seeks his restless couch, but on beuded knee will, in earnent prayer, seek to wrest his life as a cherished boon from heaven? Ask each other! Let each ask his own heart! And who but exclaims with me," Egmont's liberty, or death !"

Jetter. (iod help us: This is a sad business.
Clara. Stay! Stay: Shrink not away at the sound of his name, to meet whom ye were wont to press forward so joyously :- When rumour announced his approach, when the cry arose, "Egmont comes! He comes from Ghent!" - then happy, indeed, were those citizens who dwelt in the streets through which he was to pass. Aud when the neighing of his steed was heard, did not every one throw aside his work while a ray of hope and joy, like a sunbeam from his countenance, stole over the toil-worn faces that peered from every window? Then, as se stood in the doorways, ye would lift up your children in your arms, and, pointing to him, exclaim: "See, that is Egmont, he who towers above the rest! 'Tis from him that ye must look for better times than those your poor fathers have known." Let not your children inquire at some future day," Where is he? Where are the better times ye promised us?" - Thus we waste the time in idle words : do nothing, - betray him.

Soest. Shame on thee, Brackenburg! Let her not run on thus! Prevent the mischief!

Brackerburg. Dear Clara! Let us go! What will your mother say ? Perchance -

Clara. Thinkest thou I am a child, or frantir? What avails perchanse! - With no vain hope mast thou hide from me thiz drantful certainty. . . . J" shall hear me amd ! 1 will: for I see it, ! ame werwhelmed, ye eanmon hankion th the voloont yur wwn hearts. Through the purabt peril aint hat ofte oftamen into the past, - the mernt jate. Stat forme thmoth forward into the futner. (imble ve live. womla for live, were he to periah! With hime rejpirs the litet breath of freerlonn. What Wan he not toron! Fon
 His bhod flowed, his wombl- wore healend for vom

 hovering around. P'erhaps hothink- of yon - - perthaps he hopes in you, - he what hat leten wromsthned whly to grant favoms (1) others and (w fultil their payder

Chrpester. Come, gosij].
Clara. I have neither the arms nor the viranle of a man ; but I have that which ye all lask - enmrase amb contempt of danger. Oh, that my heath ronlel kimble your souls! That, preseine sm to this lownon, I enold arouse and animate yon! ('mme: I will marelt in your midst : - As a watme hanmer, thonsh weapenles, leads on a gallant army ut warrins, su thall my -pirit hover, like a flame, orer ronr pank: while lure and commge shall mite the dis], wem and wavering multitude into a terrible host.

Jetter. Take her away: I pity hor: lume thins:
[Erunt lbranners

Brackexblet: Clara: Sinet thom for whe wo are?

Clara. Where: ['mbethedman of haven, which has so often seemed to arrh itwif mon ghmomsty as the noble Egmont paseet hanmath Fonn these windows I have seen them lonk finth. fom ur fire hams one above the other; at the fons the cowath have
stood, bowing and scraping, if he but chanced to look down upon them! Oh, how dear they were to me when they honoured him. Had he been a tyrant they might have turned with indifference from his fall! But they loved him! Oh, ye hands so prompt to wave caps in his honour, can ye not grasp a sword? Brackenburg, and we? - do we chide them? These arms that have so often embraced him, what do they for him now? Stratagem has accomplished so much in the world. Thou knowest the ancient castle, every passage, every secret way. Nothing is impossible, suggest some plan -

Brackenburg. That we might go home!
Clara. Well:
Brackenburg. There, at the corner, I see Alva's guard ; let the voice of reason penetrate to thy heart! Dost thou deem me a coward? Dost thou doubt that for thy sake I would peril my life? Here we are both mad, I as well as thou. Dost thou not perceive that thy scheme is impracticable? Oh, be calm! Thou art beside thyself.

Clara. Beside myself! Horrible! You, Brackenburg, are beside yourself. When you hailed the hero with loud acclaim, called him your friend, your hope, your refuge, shouted vivats as he passed; - then I stood in my corner, half opened the window, concealed myself while I listened, and my heart beat higher than yours who greeted him so loudly. Now it again beats higher! In the hour of peril you conceal yourselves, deny him, and feel not, that if he perish, you are lost.

Brackenburg. Come home!
Clara. Home?
Brackenburg. Recollect thyself! Look around thee! These are the streets in which thou wert wont to appear only on the Sabbath-day, when thou didst walk modestly to church; where, over-decorous perhaps thou wert displeased if I but joined thee with a kindly
greeting. And mow thon dont taml, suma, and ant before the exes of the whin world. Recenter thaself, love: How (an havamil as,

 home lies? [Errunt.

Sceve II. - . 1 Prison.

## Lighted by al lamp. "romely in the lumbiyromat.



 free how, coling my tomples with a mothe wrents of love: Amilst the dim if hathe. wht the wave of life, I rested in thine arms, hembme liwhty an armw-
 and boughs, when the smmute if the lofty trens swome creaking in the blast, the inmont ane of on! leat remained umoved. What agiatm the now! What shakes thy firm aml steadfast mind? I forl it: tis the sound of the murderns axe ghawine at the mot. Yet I stand erect, hat an inward hanher rums thenugh
 it undermines the firm. ithe lofty stom, and we the bark withers, thy verdant arown falls ardings the earth.

Yet wherefore now, thom wha lant sn often chased the weightiest cares like hublus orm the how, wherefore canst then not dissipne thi- dim furmming whinh incessantly haunts thee in a thomand limemont hapes? Since when hast thou tremband at the aprowach of death, amid whose varyine forms thon wert wont calmly to dwell, as with the wher thates of this familiar earth? But 'tis not he, the suhten fone, to encounter whom the sound bosom emulously pants;

- 'tis the dungeon, emblem of the grave, revolting alike to the hero and the coward. How intolerable I used to feel it, in the stately hall, girt round by gloomy walls, when, seated on my cushioned chair in the solemn assembly of the princes, questions which scarcely required deliberation were overlaid with endless discussions, while the rafters of the ceiling seemed to stifle and oppress me. Then I would hurry forth as soon as possible, fling myself mpon my horse with deep-drawn breath, and away to the wide champaign, man's matural element, where, exhaling from the earth, nature's richest treasures are poured forth around us, while, from the wide heavens, the stars shed down their blessings through the still air; where, like earthborn giants, we spring aloft, invigorated by our mother's touch; where our entire humanity and our human desires throb in every vein; where the desire to press forward, to vanquish, to snateh, to use his clenched fist, to possess, to conquer, glows through the soul of the young hunter; where the warrior, with rapid stride, assumes his inborn right to dominion over the world, and, with terrible liberty, sweeps like a desolating hailstorm over field and grove, knowing no boundaries traced by the hand of man.

Thon art hut a shadow, a dream of the happiness I so long possessed ; where has treacherous Fate conducted thee? Did she deny thee to meet the rapid stroke of never-shumed death in the open face of day only to prepare for thee a foretaste of the grave, in the milst of this loathsome corruption? How revoltingly its rank odour exhales from these damp stones! Life stagnates, aud my foot shrinks from the couch as from the grave.

O care, care! Thou who dost begin prematurely the work of murder, forbear; - since when has Egmont been alone, so utterly alone in the world? 'Tis doubt renders thee insensible, not happiness. The justice of
the king, in which thromeh life thou hast comfoled, the friendship of the revent, whirh, thon mar'st conters it, was akin to love, - hate these sudidenly ramished, like a meteor of the night, and left thee alome mon thy gloomy path? Will not (Tange, at the head of thy friends, contrive some darmer seheme! Will not the people assemble, and with grtherimg might attompt the rescue of their faithful frimel?

Ye walls, which thas sind me remme, stratrate me not from the well-intentioned zeal of somany kimlly souls. And may the combare with whith my aldame was wont to inspire them now return again fonm their hearts to mine. Yes: they assmmbe in thousimds : they come! they stand beside me: theil pious wish rises urgently to heaven, and implores a miracle: and if no angel stoops for my deliveramee, I see them grasp eagerly their lance and sword. The wates are fored, the bolts are riven, the walls fall hemeath their conquering hands, amb Egmont advances, joyoushy, to hail the freedom of the rising monn. How many wellknown faces receive me with loud ardaim: O ('lara! wert thon a man I should see thee here the rery first, and thank thee for that which it is galling to owe even to a king - liberty.

Scene III. - Claica's House.
Clara. (enters from hor whmere with alomp and a glass of water; she plarese the glass npon the twhle whe steps to the uindous) Brackenhurs, is it you? What noise was that? No one yot? No one: I will set the lamp in the window, that he may see that I am still awake, that I still wateh for him. He promised me tidings. Titings ? hormble rertainty : - Emont condemned:- what tribunal has the right to summon him? - And they dare to condemn him:-- Does the
king condemn him, or the duke? And the regent withdraws herself! Orange hesitates, and all his friends? - Is this the world, of whose fickleness and treachery I have heard so much, and as yet experienced nothing? Is this the world? - Who could be so base as to bear malice against one so dear? Could villainy itself be audacious enough to overwhelm with sudden destruction the object of a nation's homage? Yet so it is it is - O Egmont, I held thee safe before God and man, safe as in my arms! What was I to thee? Thou hast called me thine, my whole being was devoted to thee. What am I now? In vain I stretch out my hand to the toils that envirou thee. Thou helpless and I free:- Here is the key that unlocks my chamber door. My going out and my coming in depend upon my own caprice; yet, alas, to aid thee I am powerless:-Oh, lind me that I may not despair ; hurl me into the deepest dungeon, that I may dash my head against the damp walls, groan for freedom, and dream how I would rescue him if fetters did not hold me bound. - Now I am free, and in freedom lies the anguish of impotence. - Conscious of my own existence, yet unable to stir a limb in his behalf, alas! even this insignificant portion of thy being, thy Clara, is, like thee, a captive, and, separated from thee, consumes her expiring energies in the agonies of death. - I hear a stealthy step, - a cough - Brackenburg, - 'tis he! - Kind, whappy man, thy destiny remains ever the same; thy love opens to thee the door at night, alas! to what a doleful meeting. (Enter Brackenburg.) Thou comest so pale, so terrified! Brackenburg! What is it?

Brackenburg. I have sought thee through perils and circuitous paths. The principal streets are occupied with troops; - through lanes and byways have I stolen to thee !

Clara. Tell me, how is it?

Brackenburc. (seoting himself) O Clara, let m. weep. I loved him mo. He was the rich man whon lured to hetter pastmre the \}n"r man's sulitary lamb. I have never cursed him. limi hase aratod the with a true and tender heart. My life wis combumel in anguish, and each day I hopnol woul! whd my misery.

Clara. Let that be forgulam, Backimbury: Finget thyself. Speak to me of him: Is it true! Is he condemued?

Brackenburt. He is: I khow it.
Clara. And still lives!
Brackenabra. Yes, he still lives.
Clara. How canst thou he sure of that? Tyramy murders the hero in the night: His homl flows rancealed from every eye. The penple, stmmen and bewildered, lie buried in slemp dremm of deliveranee, drean of the fulfilnent of their impotmit winks, while. indignant at our supineness, his sirit abmulons the world. He is no more: Deceim mut not decedve not thyself :

Brackenburf. No, - he lives: and the spaniards, alas, are preparing for the peopls, on whom they are about to trample, a terrible spectacle, in math to emsh for ever, by a violent blow, each hear that yet pants for freedom.

Clara. Proceed! Calmly pronounce my deathwarrant also! Near and more near I aproach that blessed land, and already from those realms of peace I feel the breath of consolation. Sily (in.

Brackenburg. From casmal winds, droped here and there by the grarls, I lemmel that arembly in the market-place they were prparing sume torild spectacle. Through hyway famitior lame I sulu to my cousin's house and from in hark wimhw lonkel out upon the market-plare. Therfers wave to aml fro, in the hands of a wide cirnlo of spani-h soldiers. I sharpened my unacenstomed sight, amb of of the
darkness there arose before me a scaffold, black, spacious and lofty ! The sight filled me with horror. Several persons were employed in covering with black cloth such portions of the woodwork as yet remained white and risible. The steps were covered last, also with hack;-I saw it all. They seemed preparing for the celebration of some horrible sacrifice. A white crucifix, that shone like silver through the night, was raised on one side. As I gazed, the terrible conviction strengthened in my mind. Scattered torches still gleamed here and there ; gradually they flickered and went ont. Suddenly the hideous birth of night returned into its mother's womb.

Clara. Hush, Brackenburg! Be still! Let this veil rest upon my soul. The spectres are vanished; and thou, gentle night, lend thy mantle to the inwardly fermenting earth; she will no longer endure the loathsome burden, shuddering, she rends open her yawning chasms, and with a crash swallows the murderons scaffold. And that God, whom in their rage they have insulted, sends down his angel from on high ; at the hallowed touch of the messenger bolts and bars fly back; he pours around our friend a mild radiance, and leads him gently through the night to liberty. My path leads also through the darkness to meet him.

Braceenburg. (detaining her) My child, whither wouldst thou go? What wouldst thou do?

Clara. Softly, my friend, lest some one should awake! Lest we should awake ourselves! Knowest thou this phial, Brackenburg? I took it from thee once in jest, when thou, as was thy wont, didst threaten, in thy impatience, to end thy days. And now, my friend -

Brackenburg. In the name of all the saints!
Clara. Thou canst not hinder me. Death is my portion! Grudge me not the quiet and easy death
which thou hadst prepared for thyself. Give me thine hand! At the moment when I unclose that dismal portal through which there is no return, I may tell thee, with this pressure of the hand, how sincerely I have loved, how deeply I have pitied thee. My brother died young: I whose thee to fill his place; thy heart rebelled, thon didst torment thyself and me, demanding, with ever-increasing fervour, that which fate had not destined for thee. Forqive me and farewell! Let me call thee brother. 'Tis a name that embraces many names. Receive, with a true heart, the last fair token of the departing spirit - take this kiss. Death unites all, Brackenburg - us too it will unite!

Brackenblrg. Let me then die with thee: Share it! oh, share it! There is enough to extinguish two lives!

Clara. Hold! Thou must live, thou canst live. Support my mother, who, without thee, would be a prey to want. Be to her what I can no longer be; live together, and weep for me. Weep for our country, and for him who could alone have upheld it. The present generation must still enlure this bitter woe; vengeance itself could not obliterate it. Poor souls, live on, through this gap in time, which is time no longer. To-day the world suddenly stauds still, its course is arrested, and my pulse will beat but for a few minutes longer. Farewell:

Brackenburg. Oh, live with ns, as we live only for thy sake! In taking thine own life thon wilt take ours also; still live and suffer. We will stand by thee; nothing shall sever us from thy side, and luve, with ever-watchful solicitude, shall prepare for thee the sweetest consolation in it, loving arms. Be ours: Ours! I dare not say, mine.

Clara. Hush, Brackenhurg! Thou feelest mot what chord thon touchest. Where hope appears to thee, I see only despair.

Brackenburg. Share hope with the living! Pause on the brink of the precipice, cast one glance into the gulf below, and then look back on us.

Clara. I have conquered ; call me not back to the struggle.

Brackenburg. Thou art stunned; enveloped in night, thou seekest the abyss. Every light is not yet extinguished, yet many days :-

Clara. Alas! Alas! Cruelly thou dost rend the veil from before mine eyes. Yes, the day will dawn! Despite its misty shroud it needs must dawn. Timidly the burgher gazes from his window, night leaves behind an ebon speck; he looks, and the scaffold looms fearfully in the morning light. With reawakened anguish the desecrated image of the Saviour lifts to the Father its imploriug eves. The sun veils his beams, he will not mark the hero's death-hour. Slowly the fingers go their round - one hour strikes after another-hold! Now is the time. The thought of the morning seares me into the grave. (She goes to the window as if to look out, and drinks secretly.)

Brackenburg. Clara! Clara!
Clara. (goes to the table and drinks water) Here is the remainder. I invite thee not to follow me. Do as thou wilt: farewell. Extinguish this lamp silently and without delay; I am going to rest. Steal quietly away, close the door after thee. Be still! Wake not my mother: Go, save thyself, if thou wouldst not be taken for my murderer.
[Exit.
Brackenburg. She leaves me for the last time as she has ever done. What human soul could conceive how cruelly she lacerates the heart that loves her. She leaves me to myself, leaves me to choose between life and death, and both are alike hateful to me. To die alone: Weep, ye tender souls! Fate has no sadder doom than mine. She shares with me the death-potion, yet sends me from her side! She draws
me after her, yot thrats ma hask into life: Wh, Egmont, how emviahle a lut fall- (w lhow: the goxs before thee: The "Town of viotary from hev haml is

 tinguishable jealonsy eron tor gon distant realma! Earth is no lomper a taryins flate for thas, and hell and heaven both otter eprad torture Now welornue to the wretched the dread hamel of amihalation. [E, it.



 denly expiess. Ther serme chentes to

Scene IV. - 1 Prison.

Egmont is discorfed shrpinef on "t mmble. 1 rostling of leeys is hruide ; the domi "p" us: sirmats efter
 companied by soldiers: Einment strits fiom his sleep.

Egmont. Who are ye that thas muldy banish slumber from mar ares! What matar theev valone and insolent grances? Why this fermblyomeson? With what dream of homom (embe ve lo de! mede my halfawakened soul?

Simis. The duke sends us to anmonnce your sentence.

Egmost. Do vou also bring the headsman who is to execute it ?

Silvi. Listen, and yom will know the doom that awaits yom.

Egmost. It is in kenpiner with therost of youn infamons procedings. Matched in nisht and in night
achieved, so would this audacious act of injustice shroud itself from observation!-Step boldly forth, thou who dost bear the sword concealed beneath thy mantle; here is my head, the freest ever severed by tyranny from the trunk.

Silva. You err! The righteous judges who have condemned you will not conceal their sentence from the light of day.

Egmont. Then does their audacity exceed all imagination and belief.

Silva. (takes the sentence from an attendant, unfolds it, and receds) " In the king's name, and invested by his Majesty with authority to judge all his subjects of whatever rank, not excepting the knights of the Golden Fleece, we declare - "

Egmont. Can the king transfer that authority?
Siliva. "We declare, after a strict and legal investigation, thee, Henry, Count Egmont, Prince of Gaure, guilty of high treason, and pronounce thy sentence :That at early dawn thou be led from this prison to the market-place, and that there, in sight of the people, and as a warning to all traitors, thou with the sword be brought from life to death. Giveu at Brussels." (Date and year so indistinctly read as to be imperfectly heard by the audience.) "Ferdinand, Duke of Alva, President of the Tribunal of Twelve." Thou knowest now thy doom. Brief time remains for the impending stroke, to arrange thy affairs, and to take leave of thy friends.
[Exit Silva with followers. Ferdinand remains with two torch-bearers. The stage is dimly lighted.
Egmont. (stands for a time as if buried in thought, and allows Silva to retire without looking round. He imagines himself "lone, and, on raising his eyes, beholds Alva's son) Thou tarriest here? Wouldst thou by thy presence augment my amazement, my horror? Wouldst thou carry to thy father the welcome tidings
that in unmanly fashion 1 despair. Go: Tell him that he deceives neither the world nor me. At tirst it will be whispered camtinusly hohind his back, then spoken more and nome loudly, and when at some future day the ambitions man lexeends from his proud eminence, a thousam roines will prechan - that 'twas not the welfare of the state, mot the homme of the king, not the tranguillity of the forines, that hrought him hither. For his "won seltish emls hre, the wartior, has eounselled war, that in war the value of his services might be enhanced. He hats exeited this monstrons insurrection that his pressuce might he weemed necessary in order to quell it. Aml I fall a victim to his mean hatred, his contemptible envy. Yes, l knww it, dying and mortally wounded I may utter it: long has the proud man envied me, long has he meditated and planned my ruin.

Even then, when still romg, we plaved at dice together, and the heals of sold, we aftur the wher, passed rapidly from his side to mine: he would look on with affected composure, while inwardly comsumed with rage, more at my suceess than at his own loss. Well do I remember the tiery slanee, the tratherous pallor that overspread his features, when at a public festival, we shot for a wared lefore assembled thonsands. He challenged me, and luth mations stum ly; Spaniards and Netherlankers wagered on cither sile: I was the victor; his lall missent, mine hit the mark. and the air was rent hy ardamations from my frimols. His shot now hits me. Tell him that I kime this, that I know him, that the whth deopises arey trophy that a paltry spirit erention forld hy has and surrep titious arts. And thom: If it he prosible for a som to swerve from the manmes of his fathor, practise shame betimes, while thon ant cmmendled th forl shame for him whom thou wouldst fain revere with thy whole heart.

Ferdinand. I listen without interrupting thee! Thy reproaches fall like blows upon a helmet. I feel the shock, but I am armed. They strike, they wound me not; I am sensible only to the anguish that lacerates my heart. Alas! Alas! Have I lived to witness such a scene? Am I sent hither to behold a spectacle like this?

Egmont. Dost thou break out into lamentations? What moves, what agitates thee thus? Is it a late remorse at having lent thyself to this infamons conspiracy? Thou art so young, thy exterior is so prepossessing. Thy demeanour towards me was so friendly, so unreserved! So long as I beheld thee, I was reconciled with thy father; and crafty, ay, more crafty than he, thou hast lured me into the toils. Thou art the wretch! The monster! Whoso confides in him does so at his own peril ; but who could apprehend danger in trusting thee? Go! Go! rob me not of the few moments that are left to me! Go, that I may collect my thoughts, forget the world, and first of all thee!

Ferdinand. What can I say? I stand and gaze on thee, yet see thee not; I am scarcely conscious of my own existence. Shall I seek to excuse myself? Shall I assure thee that it was not till the last moment that I was made aware of my father's intentions? That I acted as a constrained, a passive instrument of his will? What signifies now the opinion thou mayest entertain of me? Thou art lost; and I, miserable wretch, stand here only to assure thee of it, only to lament thy doom.

Egmont. What strange voice, what unexpected consolation comes thus to cheer my passage to the grave? Thon, the son of my first, of almost my only enemy, thou dost pity me, thou art not associated with my murderers? Speak! In what light must I regard thee?

Ferdinand. Cruel father: Yes, I recognice thy nature in this commam. Thm didst know my hame my disuesition, which than hat -n mifun fensumed as
 me into thine own likemw thon hat smot num hither Thou dost compel me twholl this man wh the werge of the yawning grave, in the grabl of antatray doom, that I may experiemee the pmommetot ammish; that thus, rendered callus berory fatr. I maty home forth meet every event with a hoart mamsed.

Egmont. I am amazel! lee calm: Act, speak like a man.

Femmand. Oh, that I were a wman! That they might say - what moves, what agitates thene? Tribl me of a greater, a more monstrons crime make mothe spectator of a more direful ded: ! will thank thee, I will say: this was nothing.

Egmost. Thou dost forget thysilf. Consiter where thou art!

Ferdinand. Let this passion mase let bue give remt to my anguish! I will mot seem anmunal when my whole imer being is convulsen. Thee monst I behm here? Thee? It is homble: Thou mumemambet me not! How shombst thou muhotamb me? Eifmont! Egmont! (Fielliz! un his meck.)

Egmont. Explain this mestery.
Ferminand. It is momytery.
Egmont. Why art thou monel so deelly by the fate of a stranger?

Ferdnand. Not a stranger: Thmant motramer to me. Thy name it was that, +ron from my hembl. shone before me like a tar in heaven! How winn have I made inquiris conceming thon and liswom th the story of thy deets. The yonth is the han" in the boy, the man of the gouth. Thus didt thm walk before me, ever before me: 1 -aw the withent mote and followed after, step hy wh: at lomith I hand to
see thee - I saw thee, and my heart flew to thy embrace. I had destined thee for myself, and when I beheld thee, I made choice of thee anew. I hoped now to know thee, to live with thee, to be thy friend, - thy - 'tis over now and I see thee here!

Egmont. My friend, if it can be any comfort to thee, be assured that the very moment we met my heart was drawn toward thee. Now listen! Let us exchange a few quiet words. Tell me: is it the stern, the settled purpose of thy father to take my life?

Ferdinand. It is.
Egmont. This sentence is not a mere empty scarecrow, designed to terrify me, to puuish me through fear and intimidation, to humiliate me, that he may then raise me again by the royal favour?

Ferdinand. Alas, no! At first I flattered myself with this delusive hope; and even then my heart was filled with grief and anguish to behold thee thus. Thy doom is real! is certain! No, I cannot command myself. Who will counsel, who will aid me to meet the inevitable?

Egmont. Hearken then to me! If thy heart is impelled so powerfully in my favour, if thon dost abhor the tyranny that holds me fettered, then deliver me! The moments are precious. Thon art the son of the all-powerful, and thou hast power thyself. Let us fly! I know the roads; the means of effecting our escape cannot be unknown to thee. These walls, a few short miles, alone separate me from my friends. Loose these fetters, conduct me to them; be ours. The king, on some future day, will doubtless thank my deliverer. Now he is taken by surprise, or perchance he is ignorant of the whole proceeding. Thy father ventures on this daring step, and majesty, though horror-struck at the deed, must needs sanction the irrevocable. Thou dost deliberate? Oh, contrive for me the way to freedom! Speak; nourish hope in a living soul.


 seizes my heart, amb rombs it an what tans. I has myself spread the net. I kimw its firm, imextamal. knots; I know that every aremm is lamed alike tw courage and to stratagem. I ferel that I, tw, like the self, like all the rest, am fottomal. Thimk'r thom that I should give way to lammation if any mean- it safety remained untried! I have thmwn myedf at his feet, remonstrated, implomen. Hh has ant mu hithow. in order to blast in this fatal monment wers temnant of joy and happiness that yet survivel withom my heart.

Egmont. And is there medelimpmes
Ferdinasd. Nole:
Egmont. (stempiny his font) No deliwram".!.. Sweet life: Sweet fleasant hahiturle of existom and of activity! from thee mant I part: Nit in the $111-$ mult of battle, amid the din of :1ms, the exitument of the fray, dost thou seme me a hasty faremell : Hime in no hurried leave; thon doet not abrilge the moment of separation. Once more let me clarp thy hamb, gaze once more into thine eyes, feel winh ken emmtion thy beauty and thy worth, then rembutely twar mymit away, and say :- depart:

Ferdnand. Must I stame ly amb look lawisely on; unable to save thee or we give the aill! What voice avails for lamentation! What heart hat must break under the pressure of such anguish!

Egmontr. Be calm:
Ferdinand. Thou camst lee ealm, thou canst renounce; led on by neessity, thom canst mance the the direful struggle with the conting on a lem. What calls I do? What ought I to do! Than 小ow conquer the self and us; then art the vintu: I survive hethm!ab and thee. I have lust my light it the banquet, my
banner on the field. The future lies before me dark, desolate, perplexed.

Egmont. Young friend, whom, by a strange fatality, at the same moment I both win and lose, who dost feel for me, who dost suffer for me the agonies of death, -look on me; - thou wilt not lose me. If my life was a mirror in which thou didst love to contemplate thyself so be also my death. Men are not together only when in each other's presence; - the distant, the departed, also live for us. I shall live for thee, and for myself I have lived long enough. I have enjoyed each day; each day I have performed, with prompt activity, the duties enjoined by my conscience. Now my life ends, as it might have ended, loug, long ago, on the sands of Gravelines. I shall cease to live; but I have lived. My friend, follow in my steps, lead a cheerful and a joyous life, and dread not the approach of death.

Ferdinand. Thou shouldst have saved thyself for us, thou couldst have saved thyself. Thou art the cause of thine own destruction. Often have I listened when able men discoursed concerning thee; foes and friends, they would dispute long as to thy worth; but on oue point they were agreed, none ventured to deny, every one confessed, that thou wert treading a dangerous path. How often have I longed to warn thee: Hadst thou then no friends?

Egmont. I was warned.
Ferdinand. And when I found all these allegations, point for point, in the indictment, together with thy answers, containing much that might serve to palliate thy conduct, but no evidence weighty enough fully to exculpate thee -

Egmont. No more of this. Man imagines that he directs his life, that he governs his actions, when in fact his existence is irresistibly controlled by his destiny. Let us not dwell upon this subject; these reflec-
tions I can dismise with mas-mot somy appehensions for these provinwe ; yet they tow will he ramed for. Could my Wowl fhw for many hing pame to my people, how freely shoulh it ins: Ahas: This may
 when the power to and is 1 longer hiss. It hom camst restrain or guide the fatal purwer of thy father, do so. Alas, who can? - Farewell:

Ferdivand. I camod habe thee
 to thy eare. I have worthy men in my rentier ; let them not be dispersed, let them mot become destitute: How fares it with lichard, my sectetary ?

Ferdnand. He is gone before thee. They have beheaded him as thy acomplice in high treasom.

Egmoxt. Poor soul:- Let one worl, and then farewell, I can no more. Howerw fuwerfnlly the spirit may be stirred, mature at bugth inesiotibly asserts her rights; and like a dihl, wh, enveloped in a serpent's folds, enjors refreshing slumber, so the weary one lays himself down tw res before the gates of death, and sleeps sommly, as thomeh a wilsome journey yet lay before him. - One worl more. - I know a maiden; thon wilt mot despise hes lecause she was mine. Since I can rommem her to thy care, I shall die in peace. They soul is nolde! in such a man a woman is sure to find a protector. Lives my old Adolphus? Is he free?

Ferdinand. The active old man, who always attended thee on horseback?

Egmont. The same.
Ferdinand. He lives, he is free.
Egmont. He knows her dwelling: let him quide thy steps thither, and rewand him th his dying lay for having shown thee the way th this jewel. - Finnwell: Ferdinasp. I cammet habe there.
Egmons. (urging him throm the dome barewell:

Ferdinand. Oh, let me linger yet a moment !
Egmont. No leave-taking, my friend.
[He arcompanics Ferdinand to the door, and then tears himself azay; Ferdinand, overwhelmed with gricf, hastily retires.
Egmont. Hostile inan! Thou didst not think thou would render me this service through thy son. He has been the means of relieving my mind from the pressure of care and sorrow, from fear and every anxions feeling. Gently, yet urgently, nature claims her final tribute. 'Tis past:--'Tis resolved! And the reflections which, in the suspense of last night, kept me wakeful on my couch, now lull my senses to repose with invincible certainty. (He seats himself upon the couch ; music.) Sweet sleep! Like the purest happiness, thou comest most willingly, uninvited, unsought. Thou dost loosen the knots of earnest thoughts, dost mingle all images of joy and of sorrow; unimpeded the circle of inner harmony flows on, and, wrapped in fond delusion, we sink away and cease to be.
[He slecps; musie accompanies his slumber. Behind his couch the wall appears to open and discovers a brilliant apparition. Freedom in a celestial garb, surrounded by a glory, reposes on a cloud. Her features are those of Clara, and she inclines towards the sleeping hero. Her countenance betokens compassion, she seems to lament his fate. Quickly she recocers herself, and with an cneouraging gesture exhibits the symbols of freedom, the bundle of terrows, with the staff and cap. She eneourages him to be of good eheer, and while she simnifies to him that his death will seeure the frectom of the provinees, she hails him as a conqueror, and extends to him a laurel crown. As the mereath approaches his head, Egmont mores like one aslecp, and reelines
with his fuer tournmes liex. Sher loulds the
 masice is livoret in thre distunter ; "t the firsot soumel the rision disetpperes. Ther mesier
 The mrisen is diml! illuminuted by the tharn. —His first impulsi is to lift his herued to his head; he stands "p, and grizes round, his hand still "preisst.
The erown is vanished! lemantiful vision, the light of day has frighted thee: Yes, they revealed themselves to my sight uniting in one radiant form the two sweetest joys of my heart. Jivine liberty borrowed the mien of my beloved one; the lovely maiden arrayed herself in the eelestial garh of my friend. In a solemn moment they appeared muited, with aspect more earnest than tender. With hlool-stained feet the vision approached; the waving folls of her robe also were tinged with hlood. It was my hoon, and the blood of many have hearts. No: It shall not be shed in vain! Forward! Braws fenple: The goddess of liberty leads yom on: Ame as the sea lireaks through and destroys the harriers that wonld oppose its fury, so do ye overwhehm the halwark of tyramy, and with her impetuons flonl swerp it away from the land which it usurps. ( / Proms.)

Hark! Hark! Huw often has this somme smmmoned my jovous steps to the field of hattle and of victory! How bravely did I trad, with my gallant comrades, the dangeroms path of fante: And now from this dungeon 1 shall go forth to mest a glorions death; I die for freedom, for the cance of which 1 have lived and fonght, and for whith 1 now offer muself up a somrowing sacrifice. (The mutionommt is verupied but Spanish solliers with hallurts.)

Yes, lead them on! ('lose your ranks: ve terrify me not. I am accustomed to stand amid the semped
ranks of war, and environed by the threatening forms of death; to feel, with double zest, the energy of life. (Drems.)

The foe closes round on every side! Swords are flashing; courage, friends! Behind are your parents, your wives, your children! (Pointing to the guard.)

And these are impelled by the word of their leader, not by their own free will. Protect your homes! And to sare those who are most dear to you, be ready to follow my example, and to fall with joy.
[Drums. As he udvances through the guards towards the door in the buckiground the eurtain fulls. The music joins in, and the scene closes with a symphony of vietory.

## The Wayward Lover

A Pastoral Drama in Verse and in One Act

Translated by Edgar A. Bowring, C. B.

 whilst Gorthe at the age of eightern, was still a - -mbunt at Leipsic. It commenorates his at adment in Katarinat somekopf. the circmmstancos of which are illustrated be the charatters of Eridon and Amina.

## DRAMATIS PERSONÆ

| Egle. | Eridon. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Amina. | Lamon. |

## The Wayward Lover

## SGENEI.

AMINA and Edile are sittiley wen whe site of the themter making !forlamels. L.AMON fut is, brimginey " bustiat of llourers.

I've brought more flowers.

> E:GLE.

Oh, thanks :

## 

How fair they are: Just see!
This pink is thine.
E:CLE.

The rose ! -
L.AMハN。

Wear hild, lhat's mot for thete:
Amina shall to-tay renedie this flowere fair:
I think a rose looks bos contrablel with hack hair.

## E:CIE.

And this thou callest polite, whliging in a lover?

## LAMON.

For one who loves, thou'rt slow my nature to discover. I'm perfectly a ware thou lovest only me, And my true heart in turn will ever beat for thee; Thon knowest it. Yet thon seekest still stronger chains than these?
Is it so wrong to think that other maids can please? I let thee say that fouth is handsome, this one charming,
Or full of wit, and I see nothing there alarming, But say so too.

EGLE.
Ne'er lose thy temper, nor will I. Both make the same mistake. To words of flattery Oft listen I well pleased ; soft words dost thou address, When I'm not there to hear, to many a shepherdess. The heart should never deem a little jesting hard; 'Gainst fickleness a mind that's cheerful is a guard. I'm subject less than thou to jealousy's dominion.
(To Amina.)

Thou smilest at us? Say, dear friend, what's thy opinion?

> AMINA.

I've none.
EGLE.
And yet thou knowest I'm happy whilst thou'rt sad.

AMINA.
How so?
EGLE.
How so! Instead of being, like us, glad, And making all Love's sulks hefore your laughter fly,

Thy pain begins whemer thy lover meds thine eye
1 never knew a mon: m, measat, solfish weature.
Thou think'st he lowes thee No, I better know his nature ;
He sees that thon oheyent. The tymant loves thee solely
Because thou art a maid who will ohey him wholly:

> AMIA.

He oft obeys me, too.

> E:CLE.

To be still more thy master.
Thou watchest all his looks, for fear of some disaster ; The power that in our looks bame Natum has instalted, Whereby mankind are cownd, amd dammingly onthralled,
Hast thon to him tranferred, ame thon an handy now If he looks only pleased. With deaply wrimked how, Contracted eyebrows, eves all will and dank as might, And tightly fastened lips, a ber whming sight, Appears he every day, till kisses. hats, hatmones, Disperse each wintry choud that dier his forehead hangs.

## AMINA.

Thou knowest him not enmgh, thon never wert his lover ;
It is not selfishness that momls his furduad orem.
A whimsieal chagrin apen his busom prese
And spoils for both of the the tinest smanmer lays:
And yet I'm well content that when my vine he hears. And all my coaxing words, each whim som disapuears.

## ECLE.

A mighty bliss, indeed, whinh one full well might spare:
But name one single jus that he allownot the eer.

How throbbed thy breast, whene'er a dauce appeared in view !
Thy lover flies the dance, and takes thee with him, too. No wouder he can't bear thy presence at a feast; He hates the very glass touched by thee in the least. As rivals deems he e'en the birds that chance to please thee;
How could he happy be, to see another seize thee, And press thee to his heart, and whisper words of love, As in the whirling dance before his eyes ye move?

## AMINA.

Pray be not so unfair, without the least objection He let me join this feast, with thee as my protection.

EGLE.
Thou'lt learn the truth soon.

AMINA.
How?

EGLE.
Now, wherefore comes he not?

AMINA.
He little loves the dance.

EGLE.
'Tis nothing but a plot.
If thou returnest well pleased, he'll ask thee in a trice:-
" You had a happy day?"-." Yes." - "That is very nice.

You played ?" - "At forfeits."-"Ah! was Inmon also there?
You danced ?" - " Yes, round the tree." - "I fain hat seen the pair.
He danced right well? Aud what reward received the youth?"
AMINA (smiling).

Yes.

> EGLE.

Smilest thou ?

$$
\mathrm{AMINA}
$$

Yes, my friend, that is his tone, in truth. More flowers!
LAMON:

The best are these.

AMINA.
It is with joy I see
How he the world doth grudge the slightest look from me;
I in this envy see how deep my lover's love, And this proud consciousness doth all my pangs remove.

EGLE.
I pity thee, poor child. No hope for thee remains, Since thou thy misery lovest; thou dost hut shake thy chains;
And makest thyself believe 'tis music.

AMINA.
For this bow
One ribbon still I need.

EGLE (to LAMON).
A little time ago
Thou stolest one from me, at that last feast in May.

LAMON.
I'll fetch it.
EGLE.
Make good haste ; return without delay.

## Scene II.

Egle, Amina.

AMINA.
He sets but little store on what his love presented.

EGLE.
With his demeanour I myself am not contented. For playful sigus of love too little careth he, Which please a feeling heart, however small they be. And yet believe me, friend, the torment is far less To be too little loved, than worshipped to excess. Fidelity I prize ; 'tis that alone can give With certainty true calm, to last us whilst we live.

## AMINA.

Ah, friend! indeed a heart thus tender is a prize. 'Tis true he grieves me oft, yet pities he my sighs. If from his lips a sound of blame or wrath is heard, I've nothing more to do than speak a kindly word, And straightway he is changed, his anger disappears, He even weeps with me, when he observes my tears, Falls humbly at my feet, and begs me to forgive.

EGLE.
And thou forgivest him?
AMINA.
Yes.

EGLE.
What a way to live!
The lover who offends to mo pardnaing ever!
Take pains to win his love, and be rewarded never:

AMINA.
What cannot e'er be changed -

E(iles.
Not changed? 'Twould easy be
To alter him.
AMINA.
How so?
EGLE.
I'll teach the way to thee.
The source of all thy griefs, the diseontent opressive Of Eridon -

AMINA.
Is what?
EGLE:
Thy temderness excessive.

AMN゙A.
I thought my plan would lowe recipnocal engender.

## EGLE.

Thou'rt wrong ; be harsh and cold, and thou wilt find him tender.
Just try this course for once, make him some pain endure:
A man prefers to strive, he cares not to be sure.
If Eridon should come to spend with thee an hour, He knows it but too well, thou'rt wholly in his power.
No rival is at hand, with whom to disagree,
He knows thou lovest him far more than he loves thee.
His bliss is far too great, he well deserves our laughter ;
As he no pangs e'er feels, he needs must pangs run after.
He sees that in the world thou lovest him alone,
He cloubts, because by thee no doubts are ever shown.
So treat him that he'll think thou carest little for him;
He'll storm, indeed, but that will very soon pass o'er him.
One look from thee will then please more than now a kiss;
Make him afraid, and he will then soon know true bliss.

## AMINA.

Yes, that is very well; but then I'm quite unable To carry out thy plan.

EGLE.
Thy courage is unstable.
Go, thou art far too weak. Look there!

AMINA.

> My Eridon!

EGLE.
I thought so. Ah, my poor child! he comes, and thou anon
Dost shake with joy: that ne'er will do. To make him change,

Thou must, when he apmers, a calmer mien arrange; That heaving of thy breat: Thy face, tow, all antw: And then -

AMば,
O let me he, Amina loves not so.

> Scexe hit.

Eridon adrances slom? , with, his arms mosserd. Amisi ariscs and reans to mot him. EiLE continnos settiny orer her wows
amsi (tutiong him by the hand).
My own dear Eridon :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ERidos (fissing hev hund). } \\
& \text { My darling! } \\
& \text { EGle ("sidd). Ah, how pleasant } \\
& \text { AMrat. }
\end{aligned}
$$

What flowers! Explain, my friend, who gave thee such a present?

Eridon.
Who? My own loved one.
IMINA.
What: my gift of yesterday,
As fresh as they were then?

## EKIINN.

Whaterer thou givest, say,

Is it nut dear to me? But those I gave thee?

AMINA.
Oh,
I in this festal wreath have placed them.

## ERIDON.

Be it so!
Love in each young man's heart, and euvy in each maid Wilt thou excite.

## EGLE.

Rejoice to find thy love repaid
By such a maiden's love, for which so many vie.

## ERIDON.

I cannot happy be to hear so many sigh.

## EGLE.

Thou shouldst be ; few men's lot with thine could e'er compare.
ERIDON (to AMINA).

Now speak about the fête; will Damon, too, be there?

## Egle (interrupting).

That he would present he, I heard him say by chance.
ERIDON ( to AMINA).

My child, and who will be thy partner in the dance?
[As Amina does not answer he turns to Egle.
Take care to choose for her the one she holds most dear.

## AMINA.

That cannot be, my friend, since thou wilt not be near!

## ECiLE.

Now, hear me, Erimn, I mano hear it more, Strange phasure is it thas th phate Amina sore Forsake her if thon thinket that shors no hager true. But if hou thinkest she loves, this course no more phrsue.

## ERILON.

I never plague her.

## EGLE.

No? How trange are all thy measures From jealousy to cast a glow upon her pleasures, To doubt, although the fact is knows to thee full clearly,
If she-
ERILON.

Wilt thou be bail that she doth love me dearly ?

## AMINA.

I love thee not?

## ERIDON.

What proof hast thou at thy command ? Who let bold Damon steal a mesegy from her hand? Who took that ribbon fair which youthful Thirsis brought?

## AMINA.

My Eridou ! -

## ERHON:

All this was not a dream, methought.
And what was their reward? Thou kisess canst bestow !

AMINA.
Canst thou not, dearest, too?

## EGLE.

Oh, peace, he'll nothing know !
Whate'er there was to say thou said'st it o'er and o'er. He listens for a time, and then complains once more. And what's the use? If thou his charges shouldst disclaim,
He'll go away in peace, and next time do the same.

ERIDON.
With justice, too, perchance.

AMINA.
What: I unfaithful? oh,
Amina false, my friend? Dost thou believe it?

ERIDON. No!
I cannot, will not.
AMINA.
Say, in all my life did I
E'er give occasion?
ERIDON.
Thou dost oft a cause supply.

AMINA.
When was I faithless?
ERIDON.
Ne'er: Hence all these cares of mine:
Through levity thou err'st, and never by design.

As trifles thou dost hold the things I weighty deem; The things that vex me most to thee as nothing seem.

EGLEE
Well! If she deems them nought where is the mis. chief, pray?

> ERIDON.

She often asked the same; it vexes me, I say.
EGLE.
What then? Amina ne'er forgets her own position.

> ERIION.

Too much to deem her true, too little for suspicion.
EGLE.
More than a woman's heart e'er loved she loveth thee.

## ERIDON.

And dances, pleasures, games, she loves as much as me.

EGLE.
Who cannot this endure should only love our mothers :

## AMINA.

Peace, Egle! Eridon, my joy thy language smothers. Our friends will tell thee how I think of thee all day, E'en when we're far from thee, and full of mirth and play;
How oft I with chagrin, that spoils my pleasure, cry, "I wonder where he is!" hecanse thou art not nigh. If thou believest me not, $O$ come w-day with me, And settle for thyself if I'm untrue to thee. I'll dance with thee alone, I'll never leave thy side,

This arm shall cling to thine, this hand in thine abide.
If my behaviour then the least mistrust should wake -

## ERIDON.

To keep oneself in check, no proof of love can make.

## EGLE.

Behold her falling tears! they're flowing in thy honour ; Ne'er thought I that thy heart so basely looked upon her.
The boundless discontent, incessant and diseased, Which ever asks for more, the more it is appeased, The pride which will not let within thy sight appear The guileless joys of youth her bosom holds so dear, Within thy hateful heart alternately they reign, Thon heedest not her love, thou heedest not her pain. She's dear to me, and thou no more shall treat her ill; To tly thee will be hard; to love thee, harder still.

> amina (aside).

Ah, wherefore must my heart with love be flowing o'er:

Eridon (standing still for a moment, and then timidly "pppoaching amns and taking her hand).
A mina, dearest child! Canst thou forgive ouce more?

AMINA.
Have I not granted oft forgiveness full, complete?

## ERIDON.

Thou noble, best of hearts, let me before thy feet -

## AMINA．

Arise，my Eridon：
E:IFF.

Thy many thanks withhold：
What one too warmly feels，will suon again grow and．

## ERIIかバ。

And all this warmth of heart with which I honomr her－
EtiLE.

A greater bliss would be，if somewhat lese it were．
More calmly would ye live，and all her fain and thine－

## FRILON：

Forgive me once again，more wislom shall he mine．

## AMINA．

Dear Eridon，now go，a nosegay pick for me：
If gathered by thy hant，how ehamming it will he：

ERIDON．
Thou hast a rose there now ：

AMINA．
Her Lamon gave me this
It suits me well．

> ERIDOA (torichily).

Indeed－

A）！N土．
O take it not amies，
And thou shalt have it，de：$\because$ ．

ERIDON (embracing her, and kissing her hand). I'll bring thee flowers with speed. [Exit.

Scene IV.
Amina, Egle. Presently Lamon.

EGLE.
O poor, good-hearted child, this plan will ne'er succeed! The more that it is fed, more hungry grows his pride. Take heed, 'twill rob thee else of all thou lovest beside.

## AMINA.

One care alone I have, lest he should not be true.

## EGLE.

How charming! One can see thy love is very new. 'Tis always so at first ; when once one's heart is given, One thinks of nothing else but love from morn till even. If we, then, at this time a tonching novel read, How greatly this one loved, and that one, true indeed, That hero soft of heart, so bold when dangers hover, So mighty in the fight, because he was a lover, Our head 'gins whirling round, we deem it our own story.
We fain would wretched be, or covered o'er with glory. A youthful heart soon takes impressions from a novel; A loving heart still less inclines on earth to grovel ; And so we long time love, until we find that we, Instead of being true, were fools to a degree.

> AMINA.

Yet that is not my case.

E(iLE.
A patient of will tell
The doctor in a rage that he is sound and well.
Do we believe him! No. Despite his opposition, His medicine he must take. And that is thy condition.

## AMIN.

'Tis true of children, yes; but 'tis not true of me; Am I a child?

> EGLE.

## Thou lovest!

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { AMINA! } \\
& \text { Thou, too! }
\end{aligned}
$$

## EGLE.

Yes, love as we!
First moderate the storm which hurries thee along! One can be very calm, although one's love is strong.
LAMON.

Here is the ribbon:
AMINA.

Thanks:

EGLE.
Thou art a laggard wooer !

## LAMON:

I was upon the hill when Chluris called me to her, And made me deck her hat with Howers ere she dismissed me.

EGLE.
And what was thy reward ?
LAMON.
Mine? None; she only kissed me. Whatever one may do, no maiden can afford To give a greater prize than kisses in reward.

Amina (showing Egle the wreath with the loop). Is all now right?

EGLE.
Yes, come!
[She hangs the wreath on Amina so that the loop comes on the right shoulder. In the meantime she tullis to Lamon.

To-day right merry be !

## LAMON.

Right noisy be to-day. We feel not half the glee When we demurely meet, discussing in full quorum Our loved one's whims, or else the duties of decorum.

## EGLE.

Thou'rt very right.
LAMON.
O, yes!

EGLE.
Amina! Sit thou here!
[Amina sits down. Egle puts flowers in her hair, while she continues.
Come, give me back the kiss that Chloris gave thee, dear !

## LAMON (kissiny her).

Most gladly. Here it is.

> AnINA.
> How very strange ye are!
> EGLE.

Were Eridon the same, thou wouldst be happier far.

AMIN゙.
He ne'er, instead of me, wonld kiss another maid.
LAMON.

Where is the rose ?
Eile.

Wheu he attempted to upbraid, She gave it him for peace.

## AMINA.

I wish to be polite.
LAMON.
If thou dost pardon him, he'll pardon thee. ! !uite right: Yes, each the other plagues in turn, I clearly sece.

EGLE.
EgLE (as a sign that she is ready with the decoration for the houd).
There!

> LAMON.

Good !
AMINA.
I wish the flowers were ready now for me That Eridon should bring.

EGLE.
Do thou await him here. I'll go and deck myself. Come also, Lamon, dear ! We'll leave thee here alone, but soon be back again.

Scene V.
amina (Presently Eridon).
What enviable bliss! Oh, what a tender swain! How wish I that it but depended upon me My Eridon content, myself made blest, to see!
Did I not to his hands such influence o'er me give, Far happier he would be, and I in peace should live. If to o'ercome this power I seeming coldness try, At my indifference he'll into fury fly.
I know his wrath, and dread to feel it ; thou, my heart, Wouldst very badly play so difficult a part.
Yet, if thou wouldst succeed as fully as thy friend, And 'stead of serving him, his will to thine wouldst bend,
To-day's the very time; I never must allow
The chance to pass . . . He comes! My heart, take courage now :

## ERIDON (giving her flowers).

They're not so very good, my child! pray, pardon me, I gathered them in haste.

AMINA.
Enough, they are from thee.

ERIDON.
They're not so blooming quite, as those fair roses were That Damon stole from thee.

## AMINA (placimy them in her bosume).

I'll keep them safely there.
There where thou art enshrined, these flowers should also blow.

> ERHON:

If there alone they're safe -

AMINA.
Hast thon suspicions? -

ERIDON.
No:
I've none, my child; 'tis fear alone I feel to-day.
The best of hearts forgets, milst merry sport and lhy, When happy in the dance, and at the noisy fête, What duty may enjoin, and wishom may dictate.
Thou may'st perhaps think of me, when in this jerous vein,
Yet thou dost not attempt the freedom to restrain
Which youths allow themselves to practise, hit by bit, If maidens but in jest a liberty permit.
Their idle pride presumes to treat as love ere long A pleasant playful mien.

AMINA.
Enough, if they are wrong.
'Tis true that loving sighs pursue me the score:
Yet thon dost hold my heart, and say, what wouldst thou more?
Poor fellows! upon me thou mightest let them look;
They think that wonder -
ERIDON.
No, such thoughts I will not brook.
'Tis that that vexes me. Well know I thru art mine:

Yet one of them perchance the same thing may opine, And gaze upon thine eyes, and think to give a kiss, And triumph in the thought that he has spoiled my bliss.

> AMINA.

Destroy his triumph, then! Beloved one, with me go ; Let them the preference see which thou -

ERIDON.
I thank thee, no!
That sacrifice to claim would show a cruel will;
Thou, child, wouldst be ashamed of one who danced so ill;
I know whom in the dance as partner thou approvest; The one who dances best, and not the one thou lovest.

## AMINA.

That is the truth.

> ERIDON (with restrained irony).

Ah, yes, I often have regretted
The gifts of Damaris, so light of foot, and petted! How well he dances!

AMINA.
Yes, none like him in the dance.

ERIDON.
And each maid -
AMINA.
Prizes him -

ERIDON.
Adores him for't!

## AMLNA．

Perchance．
ERILON：
Perchance？The devil：Yes：

## АМバィ．

What mean those strange grimaces？
ERIUMN.

Thou askest？Thou＇lt drive me mart．Thy condnct a disgrace is ！

## AMIN．

Mine？Art not thon the calluse of my and thy great woe？
Oh，cruel Eridon！How canst thon treat me so？

## ERILONS．

I must；I love thee well．＂Tis love that makes me vex thee．
Loved I not thee so much I never shomh perplex thee． My feeling，tender heart with ecstasy heats high， When thy hand presses mine，when on me smiles thine eye．
I thank the gods who give such Wise without alloy， Yet only I demand that none shall share my joy：

AMINA．
Of what dost thou complain？No others share it now．

## ERILON．

Yet thou endurest them！Nu hatren feelest thou？

AMINA.
I hate them? Why should I?

ERIDON.
Because they dare to love thee.

AMINA.
A pretty ground!

ERIDON.
I see thou lettest their sighing move thee. Their feelings thou must spare; and lessened is thy pleasure,
Unless thon -
AMINA.
Eridon's injustice knows no measure !
Does love require that we humanity should shun? A heart that truly loves, can late no other one. This tender feeling ne'er with such base thoughts can dwell,
Never at least with me.

ERIDON.
Thou vindicatest well
The gentle sex's proud and high prerogative, If twenty blockheads kneel, the twenty to deceive ! To-day's a day when pride may specially enfold thee. To-day thou'lt many see, who as a goddess hold thee; Fnll many a youthful heart will throb for thee right hard ;
Remember me, when swarms of fools around thee run; I am the greatest! Go!

> Fly, weak heart, he hats won.

Ye gods! lives he for momght hat to destroy my peate?
Must my distress still last, and never, never ceate ?
[To Ehilus.
The gentle bonds of lowe thon turnest to a yoke:
A tyrant thou to me, yet I my love invoke:
With tenderness to all thy wrath have 1 replied, I ever yited to thee, yet thou'rt mot satistited.
No sacrifice I've spared. Contented ne'er art thon.
My pleasure of to-day thom edamest? Thou hast it now:
[She takes the wreuthe ont of hor luir umel fiomm her shoulder: thiours them area!, ami contimues in a restmeined colue coice.
Now say, dear Eridon? Thou luvest me better su, Than for the feast arrayed? Thine anger now foreqn. Thou wilt not look at me? liemains thy hear still hardened?

ERIDON (falling dou'n before her).
Amina, thee I love! Be my vile couduct pardoned! Go to the feast.

AMINA.
My friend, with thee I'd sooner stay;
A loving song will serve to while the time away.

## ERIDON.

## Dear child, now go 1

AMINA.
Go thou, and quiekly fetch thy Hute

ERIDON.
Thou will'st it?

## Scene VI.

AMINA.
He seems sad, yet feels rejoicings mute.
In vain wilt thou on him thy tenderness bestow.
He feels my sacrifice? He little heeds it; no,
He deems it but his due. What wouldst thou, my poor heart?
Thou murmurest in my breast. Deserved I all this smart?
Yes, thou deservest it well! Thou seest he never ceases
To torture thee, and yet thy love for him increases. I will not bear it more. Hush! Ha, I hear the din Of music there. My heart doth throb, my foot joins in. I'll go! My troubled breast my misery proclaims! How wretched do I feel! My heart with burning flames
Consumes. Off, to the feast! He will not let me move!
Unhappy maiden! See this is the bliss of love!
[She throws herself on e bank, and weeps; as the others enter, she dries her eyes and rises.
Alas, they now approach! How can I face their jeers !

Scene VII.
Amina, Egle, Lamon.

EGLE.
Make haste! The march begins! Amina! What! In tears?

## LAMON (pirting up the ureaths).

The garlands?

> EGLE.

What means this? Who tore them off? Confess!

> AMINA.

Myself.

> EGLE.

Wilt thou not go ?

## Amind.

If he will let me, yes.

Egle.
If who will let thee? Say, why talk in this mysterious And unaceustomed tone? Be not so shy and serious: Is't Eridon?

> AMINA.

Yes, he :
EGLE.
I thought that it was so.
Thou fool! and will thy wrongs ne'er make thee wiser grow?
Thou hast a promise made that thou with him wilt stay,
And pass in tears and sighs such a delightinl day?
He's flattered, child, when thon fur all his whins thus carest.
[After a pause, whilst she makios signes to Tamos.
Yet thon far better lookest when thon the garlamd wearest.

Come, put it on : and hang the other o'er thee thus: Thou'rt charming now.
[Amina stands with downeast eyes, and lets Egle hare her wey. Egle gives a sign to Lamon. But, ah! 'tis fully time for us To join the march.
LAMON.

Quite right! My dearest child, adieu !
AMINA (sorrowfully).

Farewell!

> EGLE (departing).

Amina: now, wilt thou join us, too?
[Amina lools at her sadly and is silent.
lamon (taking egle by the hand to lead her off).
O leave her to herself! With spite I'm fit to die; The charming dance she'll spoil with her perversity ! The dance both right and left, she knows it all by heart;
I fully thought that she would take her proper part. She'll stop at home now: Come, I've nothing more to say.

> EGLE.

Thou dost forego the dance: I pity thee to-day. He dances well! Good-bye!
[Egle seeks to liiss Amina. Amina falls on her neck, and weeps.

AMINA.
Complete is my dismay.
EGLE.
Thou weepest.

AM1Nへ.
My saddened heart in brief desparing sinks. I fain would . . . Eridon, I hate thee now, methinks:

$$
\text { E, } i \mathrm{I}, \mathrm{E}
$$

He merits it. But no: A lover whot e'er hated?
Love him thou shouldst, nor let thyself he subjugated. I long have told thee this. Come:

## LAMON.

Join the dance with me:

AMINA.
And Eridon?
EfiLE.

Now go: I'll stay: He'll yichl, thou'lt see, And join thee. Say, would this afford thee any pleasure?
AMINA.

Immense :
LAMON.

Now come: Dost hear the shawm's snft, dulcet measure?
The charming melody ?
[He takes Amiva hy the hand, and sings and danors.

> Eflefe (sings).

If ever a lover with jealousy vile
Annoys thee, complains of a nod or a smile.
Accuses of falsehool or other invention.
Then sing thou, and dance thou, aud pay no attention.
[Lamon carries AmiNd off with him to the dance.

> AMINA (as she gofs).

Fail not in thy persuasion!

## Scene VIII.

Egle, and presently Eridon, with a flute and songs.

## EGLE.

'Tis well! We soon shall see! I long have sought occasion
This shepherd to convert, and make his ways more courtly.
To-day's my wish fulfilled; I'll teach thee manners shortly!
I'll show thee who thou art; and at the least suggestion -
He comes! List, Eridon!

> ERIDON.
> Where is she?

EGLE.
What a question!
With Lamon yonder, where thon hearest the cornets blow.
eridon (throwing his flute on the ground and tearing the songs).
Vile infidelity !
EGLE.

Art mad?

## ERIDON.

I should be so. ${ }^{1}$

[^4]The hyporrite first tears the garlands from her hrow With smiling face, and says: I will not dance, dear, now:
Did I insist on that? And . . . Oh!
[He stumps with his foot, and throuss the torn sonys accaty.

> EGile: (in a composed roice).

Let me inquire
What right hast thou to make her from the dance retire?
Thou wishest that a heart, which with thy love is filled,
Should know no other joys than those ly thee instilled?
Dost think all impulses for pheasure are suppressed, As soon as thoughts of love pervade a maiden's treast! Enongh, if she to thee her learest homr: will give, On thee, when absent, think, with thee wond ever live. 'Tis folly, then, my frieml, in grief to make her dwell; So let her love the dance, and ganes, and thee, as well.

ERIDON (elroppiny his arms and looking "p).
Ah!

## EgLE.

Tell me, dost thou deem that any love is shown By keeping her with thee? 'Tis shaver alone.
Thou comest: at the fête no other she may see;
Thou goest: and forthwith she needs must go with thee ;
She lingers: straightway thou tost give her looks unkind;
She follows thee, but oft her heart is left behind.

> ERIDON.

Perhaps always !

## EGLE.

People hear, when bitter words are said, There where no freedom is, all joys will soon be dead. Thus are we made. A child a few words may have sung;
You bid him sing away. He starts and holds his tongue.
If thou her freedom leavest, her love thou'st forfeit ne'er;
If thou behavest too ill, she'll hate thee; so beware!

ERIDON.
She'll hate me?
EGLE.
Rightly too. Then seize a day like this, And for thyself procure love's tenderness and bliss! None but a tender heart, by its own glow impelled, Can constant be, by love incessantly upheld. Confess now, canst thou tell if any bird is true, When kept within a cage ?

ERIDON.
No !

EGLE.
If, with freedom new,
It flies o'er gardens, fields, and yet to thee returns?

ERIDON.
Quite right, I understand!

EGLE.
What rapture in thee burns, To see the little thing, which loves thee tenderly,

Its freedom know, and yet the preference give to thee: And if thy maiden err, excited hy the dance, From any fête comes back, and seeks thee, whilr each glance
Betrays that all her joys imperfect bliss supply, While thou, her lover, thou, her own one, art not he; If she will then declare one kiss of thine to be More than a thousand fetes: who would not envy thee?
ERIDOS (mover).

O Egle !

## EGLE.

Tremble lest the gods should take amiss
That one so blest as thou so little knows his hliss:
Up! Be contented, friend! Or they'll the tears that flow
From that poor maid avenge.

## ERIDON.

Could I accustomed grow.
To see how in the dance her hands so many press, While this one ogles her, she looks at that one: Yes, When I on this reflect, my heart feels like to break:

EGLE.
What nonsense! What a fuss for trifies thou dnat make!
There's nothing in a kiss !
ERIDON:
A kiss is nought, say'st thon?
EgLE.
Methinks that in his heart there is some feeling now, If thus he talks. But say, wilt thon forgive her, friend? For when thou art displeased, her sorrow knows no end

ERIDON.
Ah, friend!
EGLE (flatteringly).
This will not do! Thou also art a lover.
Farewell! [She takes him by the hand.
Thou'rt all aglow:

## ERIDON.

My blood is boiling over -

## EGLE.

With anger still? Enough! Thy pardon now has she. I'll hasten to her straight. She'll trembling ask for thee ;
I'll tell her : he is kind ; composure this will give her, Her heart will softer beat, she'll love thee more than ever. [She looks at him sentimentally. She'll surely seek thee out when ended is the feast, And by the search itself her love will be increased.
[Egle affeets still more tenderness, and leans upon his shoulder. He takes her hand and kisses it.
She'll find thee presently! $O$ what a moment this !
Press her against thy breast and feel thy perfect bliss !
A maid, when dancing, looks more fair, her cheeks are glowing,
Her mouth is wreathed with smiles, her loosened locks are flowing
Over her heaving breast, more tender charms enhance The beauties of her form, when whirling in the dance; Her throbbing pulses glow, and as her body sways, Each nerve appears to thrill and greater life displays.
[She pretends to fcel " tender rapture, and sinks upon his breast, while he places his arm around leer wuist.
The bliss of seeing this what rapture can excel ?
Thou'lt go not to the fête, and therefore canst not tell.

## ERIDON.

Dear frieud, upon thy breast I feel it all too well:
[He fulls "pene Einse's woll und lisises her. whild she offers ne iesistance. She then strpis bint a few pures, and wisk in an indiffromt tonc.
Lovest thou Amina?
ERIDON:
As myself:

EGLE.

## Yet darest thou

To kiss me? Thou shalt pay the penalty, I vow :
Thou faithless man :
Elilnosi.
But what dost thou suppose that I -

EriLE.
Yes, I suppose it all. My friend, right tenderly Thou kissedst me, 'tis true. Therewith I'm well content.
Was my kiss good? No doubt: thy hot lips prove assent,
And ask for more. Poor child! Amina, wert thou here:

ERIDON.
I would she were!

## EGLE.

How vain! She'd wretched be, poor dear!

## ERIDON.

Ay, she would scold me well: Thou must betray me not.
I've kissed thee, but that kiss will not hurt her a jot;

And if Amina gave me kisses most enchanting, May I not feel that thine in rapture are not wanting?

EGLE.
Best ask herself.

Scene IX.
Amina, Egle, Eridon.
ERIDON.
Woe's me!

AMINA.
I long to see him so!
My own dear Eridon! 'Twas Egle made me go.
Alas! I broke my word; my friend, I'll go not now.
ERIDON (aside).

Wretch that I am:
AMINA.
Thou'rt wroth? thy face avertest thou?
ERIDON (uside).

What can I say?
AMINA.
Alas! Is all this anger due
For such a little fault? Thou'rt in the right, 'tis true. And yet -

EGLE.
O let him go! He gave me such a kiss! And likes it still.

AMINA.
Kissed thee?

## EGLE.

Right tenderly !

## AMINA.

Ah, this
Too much is for my heart! Thy love is thus unsteady?
Unhappy I! My friend deserteth me alrealy :
Who kisses other maids, his own will shortly fly.
Ah! since I thee have loved, like this neer acted I;
To try to reach my lips, nu youth has beens so daring;
Even when I forfeits phayed my kisses have been sparing.
My heart as much as thine is plagned by jealousy, Yet I'll forgive thee all, if thou wilt turn to me.
And yet, poor heart, in vaiu art thou so well protected: No love for me he feels, since he thy wiles suspected.
The mighty advocate for thee in vain doth plead.

## ERIDON.

What loving tenderness : How vast my shame, indeed:

## AMINA.

My friend, oh, how couldst thou seduce away my lover?

EGLE.
Be comforted, good child! Thy woes will soon lw over.
Well know I Eridon, and know that he is true.

## AMINA.

And has -

## EGLE.

Ay, thou art right, and he has kissed me, too.
I know how it occurred : his fanlt thom masest rombone. How deeply he repents:

ERIDON (falling down before amina).
Amina! O my own!
Oh, blame her ! she appeared so pretty when I kissed Her mouth was very close, and I conld not resist.
Yet, if thou knowest me well, thon pardon must impart;
A little joy like that will not despoil my heart.

## EGLE.

A mina, kiss him, since he answers so discreetly ! Despite those little joys, ye love each other sweetly.
[To Eridon.
My friend, thou on thyself must judgment pass this time;
Although she loves the dauce, thou see'st that is no crime.
[Mocking him.
If in the dance a youth her hand may chance to press, -
While this one ogles her, she looks at that one, - yes, Of even this, thou knowest, thou oughtest not to complain.
I trust that thon wilt ne'er Amina plague again.
Methinks thou'lt with us go.

## AMINA.

Come, join the fête.

ERIDON.

> I will;

A kiss has been my cure.

$$
\text { EGLE ( } t o \text { AMINA). }
$$

Thou'lt take that kiss not ill. Should jealousy again his bosom seek to kindle,

Remind him of that kiss, and 'twill to nothing dwindle. -
And, O ye jealous ones, if maidens phague you ere,
Recall your own false trieks, and blame them, if ye dare.





[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Whenever a great soul gives utterance to its thoughts, there also is Golgotha. - Heine.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ This seems to refer to the Scriptural allusion to Satan as "Prince of the Powers of the Air."

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Mr. Bayard Taylor quotes, in an explanatory note on this passage, the following extract from a letter by Guethe in 1806 to Wolf, the author of the "Prolecomena" to Homer: "Why can I not at once, honoured friend, on receivin: your letter. sink myself for a short time in your being, like those swedenborgian spirits who sometimes receive permision to enter into the organs of sense of their master, and through the mediam of these to betold the world?"

[^3]:    1 "Mary of Esypt," says Mr. Bayard Taylor, "is described in the 'Acta Sanctorum' as an infamous woman of Alexaudria,

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ This line in the original contains the only false Alexandrine in the play. - E. A. B.

